SX-E 5
Art. no. 3214207en
DEAR KTM CUSTOMER

Congratulations on your decision to purchase a KTM motorcycle. You are now the owner of a state-of-the-art sports vehicle that will continue to give you and your child pleasure for a long time if you maintain it properly.

We hope your child has many safe and enjoyable rides!

Enter the serial numbers of your vehicle below.

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Read through this Owner's Manual carefully, always exercise caution when using the vehicle, and contact an authorized KTM workshop if you have any questions. This Owner's Manual serves as a technical instruction manual, explains important safety matters, and provides an overview of the main functions. This Owner's Manual is only intended for personal use. This Owner's Manual is not intended for commercial use. The Owner's Manual contained the latest information for this model series at the time of going to print. However, minor differences due to further developments in design cannot be ruled out completely.

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Issued by: TÜV Management Service

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5230 Mattighofen, Austria

This document is valid for the following models:
SX-E 5 (F3001U6)
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1.1 Symbols used

The meaning of specific symbols is described below.

- ✔ Indicates an expected reaction (e.g., of a work step or a function).

- ✗ Indicates an unexpected reaction (e.g., of a work step or a function).

- 🔧 All work marked with this symbol requires specialist knowledge and technical understanding. In the interest of the safety of your child, have these jobs performed in an authorized KTM workshop. Your motorcycle will be optimally cared for there by specially trained experts using the special tools required.

- 📚 Indicates a page reference (more information is provided on the specified page).

- 📘 Indicates information with more details or tips.

- ➘ Indicates the result of a testing step.

- ✅ Indicates the end of an activity, including potential reworking.

- 🔊 Indicates a voltage measurement.

- 🔍 Indicates a current measurement.

1.2 Formats used

The typographical formats used in this document are explained below.

- **Proprietary name** Indicates a proprietary name.

- **Name®** Indicates a protected name.

- **Brand™** Indicates a brand available on the open market.

- **Underlined terms** Refer to technical details of the vehicle or indicate technical terms, which are explained in the glossary.
2.1 Use definition – intended use

This vehicle is designed and constructed to withstand the stresses and strains of regular racing if the maximum rider weight is not exceeded.

Info

Only operate this vehicle in closed-off areas remote from public road traffic. Only use the lithium-ion battery while it is inside the vehicle.

2.2 Misuse

The vehicle must only be used as intended. Dangers can arise for people, property and the environment through use not as intended. Any use of the vehicle beyond the intended and defined use constitutes misuse. Misuse also includes the use of operating and auxiliary fluids which do not meet the required specification for the respective use.

2.3 Notes/warnings

Pay close attention to the notes/warnings.

Info

Various information and warning labels are affixed to the vehicle. Do not remove information/warning labels. If they are missing, you or others may not recognize dangers and may therefore be injured.

2.4 Grades of risks

- **Warning**
  Identifies a danger that is likely to lead to fatal or serious injury if the appropriate measures are not taken.

- **Caution**
  Identifies a danger that may lead to minor injuries if the appropriate measures are not taken.

- **Note**
  Identifies a danger that will lead to considerable machine and material damage if the appropriate measures are not taken.

- **Warning**
  Identifies a danger that will lead to environmental damage if the appropriate measures are not taken.

2.5 Tampering warning

No mechanical, electrical or electronic modifications may be made to the vehicle, since safe operation cannot be guaranteed otherwise.

Examples of inadmissible manipulation and modifications:
1. Opening the rechargeable lithium-ion battery (Powerpack LV) or the motor.
2. Using the vehicle or the rechargeable lithium-ion battery when proper maintenance has not been performed.
3. Using the vehicle or the rechargeable lithium-ion battery outside of its defined use.
4. Using a damaged lithium-ion battery.

### 2.6 Safe operation

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** A lack of physical and mental readiness on the part of the child poses a major risk.

- Your child must already be able to ride a bicycle.
- Your child must be able to put the vehicle upright independently after a fall.
- Your child must understand that regulations and instructions from you or from other guardians must be followed.
- Make it clear to your child that he or she should not, under any circumstances, operate the vehicle without supervision.
- Make sure that the ride mode is appropriate for your child’s riding ability and for the riding conditions.
- If necessary, block the ride mode by removing the magnetic switch under the seat.
- Do not ask too much of your child.
- Do not consider participation in competitive activities until your child's stamina, riding techniques and motivation are at the necessary levels.
- Only let your child ride on the vehicle if he or she is physically and mentally ready.

**Warning**

**Danger of burns** Some vehicle components become very hot when the vehicle is operated.

- Do not touch any parts such as the motor, lithium-ion battery, damper, or brake system before these vehicle parts have cooled down.
- Let the vehicle parts cool down before you perform any work on the vehicle.

This vehicle is a low-voltage electric motorcycle. For this reason, follow the safety and care instructions that apply when using an electric motor.

If the throttle grip is closed and no recuperation (page 26) is activated, the vehicle continues to roll without much delay. The vehicle speed decreases on account of rolling resistance and air resistance.

Because this vehicle does not have a manual transmission, there is no clutch.

As with a conventional drive with a combustion engine, the operating temperature rises according to use and depending on the ambient temperature and the cleanliness of the cooling surfaces. If the temperature of the motor, the lithium-ion battery, or the electronics rises above the permissible operating temperature, the power of the vehicle will be reduced considerably. This protects the system against damage from overheating. When power reduction is imminent, the active driving mode indicator flashes. When power reduction is active, all three driving mode indicators light up. When all components have returned to their normal operating temperature, full system power is restored after restarting.

Only operate the vehicle when it is in perfect technical condition, in accordance with its intended use, and in a safe and environmentally compatible manner.

Have malfunctions that impair safety promptly eliminated by an authorized KTM workshop.

Adhere to the information and warning labels on the vehicle.
2.7 Fall or accident

If the vehicle is lying on its side, it switches from ready mode to standby mode after five seconds. To return the vehicle to ready mode, place the vehicle in the upright position and close the throttle grip beyond the basic position.

After a fall or accident, check the vehicle as usual when preparing for use.

2.8 Protective clothing

**Warning**

**Risk of injury** Missing or poor protective clothing presents an increased safety risk.

- Ensure your child wears appropriate protective clothing such as helmet, boots, gloves as well as trousers and a jacket with protectors on all rides.
- Always use protective clothing for your child that is in good condition and meets the legal requirements.
- When you ride a motorcycle, set an example for your child and wear suitable protective clothing.

2.9 Work on vehicle, motor, and rechargeable lithium-ion battery

**Warning**

**Risk of injury** There is a risk of electric shock when working on live components.

Work on live components requires special training, qualifications, and tools.

- Have all work that is not described and explained performed by trained KTM mechanics only.
- Do not open the electric motor or the lithium-ion battery (Powerpack LV).

**Warning**

**Risk of injury** The vehicle runs very quietly, even when it is ready to operate.

The vehicle starts moving in an uncontrolled manner if the throttle grip is accidentally touched while work is being performed on the vehicle.

- Ensure that the vehicle is switched off with the On/Off button and remains switched off before starting any work on the vehicle.
- Remove the magnetic switch from the holder before starting any work on the vehicle.
- Protect the vehicle against access by unauthorized persons while you are performing work on the vehicle.

2.10 Environment

When you respect the rights of others and use your motorcycle legally, you will help protect the future of motorcycle sport and avoid most conflicts and problems.

When disposing of used oil, other operating and auxiliary fluids, and used components, comply with the applicable laws and regulations in your country.

When disposing of the lithium-ion battery (Powerpack LV), observe the relevant laws and guidelines of your country.

Your authorized KTM dealer can dispose of the Powerpack LV free of charge and in an environmentally compatible manner.

Because motorcycles are not subject to the EU regulations governing the disposal of used vehicles, there are no legal regulations that pertain to the disposal of an end-of-life motorcycle. Your authorized KTM dealer will be glad to assist you.

Electrical devices like the battery charger may not be disposed of with household waste. Electrical devices must be disposed of through the appropriate recycling centers. Contact your municipality or your authorized KTM dealer.
2.11 Owner's Manual

It is important that you read this Owner's Manual carefully and completely before your child makes his or her first trip. The Owner's Manual contains useful information and many tips for you and your child on how to operate, handle, and service your motorcycle. This is the only way for you to find out how to ideally tune the vehicle and how to protect your child from injury.

Keep the Owner's Manual in an accessible place to enable you to refer to it as needed.

If you would like to know more about the vehicle or have questions on the material you read, please contact an authorized KTM dealer.

The Owner's Manual is an important component of the vehicle and must be handed over to the new owner if the vehicle is sold.

The Owner's Manual is also available for download from your authorized KTM dealer and on the KTM website.

International KTM Website: http://www.ktm.com

2.12 Fire hazard

**Warning**

**Fire hazard** Damaged rechargeable lithium-ion batteries present a fire hazard.

- Massive mechanical damage may cause an internal cell short circuit and as a consequence may cause the battery to self-ignite.
- Contact KTM customer service immediately if major damage to the rechargeable lithium-ion battery has occurred.

There is no particular fire hazard for this vehicle when the rechargeable lithium-ion battery (Powerpack LV) is intact.

However, should the vehicle catch fire, inform the fire department responsible that an electric vehicle with a rechargeable lithium-ion battery is on fire.
3.1 Manufacturer warranty, implied warranty

The work prescribed in the service schedule must only be carried out in an authorized KTM workshop and confirmed in the KTM Dealer.net, as otherwise all warranty claims will be void. Damage or secondary damage caused by tampering with and/or conversions on the vehicle are not covered by the manufacturer warranty.

3.2 Fuel, auxiliary substances

Use the operating and auxiliary substances (such as oils and lubricants) specified in the Owner's Manual.

3.3 Spare parts, accessories

For the safety of your child, only use spare parts and accessory products that are approved and/or recommended by KTM and have them installed by an authorized KTM workshop. KTM accepts no liability for other products and any resulting damage or loss.

Certain spare parts and accessory products are specified in parentheses in the descriptions. Your authorized KTM dealer will be glad to advise you.

The current KTM PowerParts for your vehicle can be found on the KTM website.

3.4 Service

A prerequisite for perfect operation and prevention of premature wear is that the service, care, and tuning work is properly carried out as described in the Owner's Manual. An incorrect suspension setting can lead to damage and breakage of chassis components.

Use of the vehicle under difficult conditions, such as on sand or on wet and muddy surfaces, can result in significantly increased wear of components, such as the drive train, brake system, or suspension components. For this reason, it may be necessary to inspect or replace parts before the next scheduled service.

It is imperative that you adhere to the stipulated service intervals. If you observe these exactly, you will ensure a much longer service life for your motorcycle.

The relevant mileage or time interval is whichever occurs first.

3.5 Figures

The figures contained in the manual may depict special equipment.

In the interest of clarity, some components may be shown disassembled or may not be shown at all. It is not always necessary to disassemble the component to perform the activity in question. Please follow the instructions in the text.

3.6 Customer service

Your authorized KTM dealer will be happy to answer any questions you may have on your vehicle and KTM.

A list of authorized KTM dealers can be found on the KTM website.

International KTM Website: http://www.ktm.com
3.7 Power supply

A rechargeable lithium-ion battery 1 (Powerpack LV) is installed in the vehicle. The Powerpack LV supplies electric motor 2 and multifunctional element 3 with voltage. The Powerpack LV is firmly bolted to the frame and motor.

3.8 Operation at low temperatures

In order to protect the Powerpack LV, the motor control reduces the power at low component temperatures. If the temperature of the Powerpack LV is too low, the active ride mode indicator flashes. The vehicle can continue to be operated. The Powerpack LV is not damaged by the power reduction. The Powerpack LV heats up when the vehicle is in operation. When the temperature of the Powerpack LV exceeds a threshold value, full vehicle power is restored after the vehicle is restarted.
4.1 View of vehicle, front left (example)

1. Magnetic switch on handlebar (p. 16)
2. Quick release of seat
3. Plug-in stand holder
4. Charging socket
4.2 View of vehicle, rear right (example)

1. Quick release of seat
2. Multifunctional element (p. 19)
3. Magnetic switch on handlebar (p. 16)
4. Throttle grip (p. 16)
5. Hand brake lever (p. 16)
6. Vehicle identification number (p. 14)
7. On/Off button (p. 16)
8. Foot brake lever (p. 17)
9. Level viewer for brake fluid, rear
5 SERIAL NUMBERS

5.1 Vehicle identification number

The vehicle identification number 1 is stamped on the right side of the steering head.

5.2 Type label

The type label 1 is located on the front frame tube.

5.3 Motor number

The motor number 1 is located on the right side of the motor below the Powerpack LV.

5.4 Fork part number

The fork part number 1 is stamped on the outside of the axle clamp.
5.5 Shock absorber article number

The shock absorber article number (1) is stamped on the bottom of the shock absorber toward the right-hand side.

5.6 Battery identification number

The battery identification number (BIN) (1) is located on a sticker on the Powerpack LV.
6.1 Hand brake lever

Hand brake lever 1 is fitted on the right side of the handlebar. The hand brake lever is used to activate the front brake.

6.2 Throttle grip

The throttle grip 1 is fitted on the right side of the handlebar. After activation, the vehicle initially does not react to the throttle grip to prevent accidental acceleration. The throttle grip must be closed beyond the basic position to activate the throttle response. Only then does the vehicle switch to ready mode.

6.3 On/Off button

The On/Off button 1 is located on the right side of the Powerpack LV.

Possible states
- Vehicle switched off – In this operating state, the vehicle is deactivated.
- Vehicle in standby mode – In this operating state, the vehicle is activated.

6.4 Magnetic switch on handlebar

The holder for the red magnetic switch 1 is located on the left side of the handlebar.

Possible states
- Magnetic switch ✗ mounted on handlebar – When the magnetic switch is mounted on the handlebar, the vehicle can be activated and ridden.
- Magnetic switch ✗ removed from handlebar – When the magnetic switch is removed from the handlebar, the vehicle cannot be activated or ridden.
**Warning**

**Risk of injury** If the magnetic switch remains in the holder during a fall, the vehicle is not immediately deactivated.

- Make sure that the loop of the magnetic switch is securely attached to the user’s protective clothing or wrist so that the magnetic switch is disconnected from the holder in the event of a fall.

If the red magnetic switch on the handlebar is disconnected from the holder, e.g., in the event of a fall, the vehicle is deactivated. By removing the red magnetic switch from the handlebar, the vehicle can be quickly deactivated in any operating state. The red magnetic switch on the handlebar cannot be replaced with the gray magnetic switch under the seat (p. 17).

### 6.5 Magnetic switch under the seat

The holder for the gray magnetic switch 1 is located under the seat.
By removing the gray magnetic switch under the seat, you can prevent the ride mode from being changed.
Locking the ride mode is recommended if you have not yet gained sufficient experience for higher ride modes with more power and torque.

**Possible states**

- Magnetic switch ₁ mounted under the seat – When the magnetic switch is mounted under the seat, the ride mode can be changed.
- Magnetic switch ₁ removed – When the magnetic switch under the seat is removed, the ride mode cannot be changed.

The gray magnetic switch under the seat cannot be replaced with the red magnetic switch on the handlebar (p. 16).

### 6.6 Foot brake lever

Foot brake lever ₁ is located in front of the right footrest.
The rear brake is engaged with the foot brake lever.
6.7 Plug-in stand

The fixture for plug-in stand 1 is located on the frame on the left side of the vehicle. The plug-in stand is used to park the motorcycle.

Info
Remove the plug-in stand before riding.

6.8 Diagnostics connector

Diagnostics connector 1 is located under the seat.
### 7.1 Multifunctional element

The multifunctional element is mounted in front of the seat.

**Overview of multifunctional element**

1. Ride mode button (p. 19)
2. Ride mode display (p. 20)
3. Malfunction indicator lamp (p. 20)
4. Charging level indicator (p. 20)

### 7.2 Ride mode button

The ride mode button 1 determines the ride mode (p. 20). The ride mode button is only active if the magnetic switch under the seat 2 (p. 17) is mounted.

**Possible states**

- The vehicle is in standby mode – The ride mode button is active.
- The vehicle is in ready mode – The ride mode button is active.
- All other vehicle conditions – The ride mode button is not active.
7.3 Ride mode display

Red ride mode displays with the numbers 1, 2, or 3 show the ride mode selected. Six ride modes are available. The ride modes define how the vehicle will respond to operation of the throttle grip. The lowest torque is available in ride mode 1. The maximum speed of the vehicle is limited. This ride mode is suitable for familiarization.

In ride modes 5 and 6, the full torque is available. The maximum speed of the vehicle can be utilized. These ride modes should only be selected once sufficient riding experience has been gained and the vehicle can be handled safely.

The ride modes between 1 and 5 represent intermediate stages in terms of torque and maximum speed. In ride modes 3 and 6, an additional recuperation function (p. 26) is available.

Ride modes 1 to 3 are indicated by the illuminated single digit. When ride modes 4, 5, and 6 are activated, the activated ride mode is displayed as the sum of the illuminated digits.

Info

When the magnetic switch under the seat (p. 17) is not mounted, the ride mode cannot be changed. The ride modes are switched through in ascending order; after ride mode 6, the ride mode jumps back to 1.

7.4 Malfunction indicator lamp

The warning tones emitted by the multifunctional element are synchronized with the flashing rhythm of malfunction indicator lamp 1.

Possible states

- The malfunction indicator lamp flashes – A fault is present in the vehicle electronic system.
- The malfunction indicator lamp lights up – The system is carrying out a self-check or has been disabled during driving.

7.5 Charging level indicator

All segments 1 light up: charging level 70% - 100%.
Four segments 2 light up: charging level 50% - 70%.
Two segments 3 light up: charging level 30% - 50%.
The last segment 4 lights up in yellow: charging level 20% - 30%.
The last segment 4 lights up in red and the driving mode indicator flashes red: charging level 10%–20%.
The last segment 4 and the driving mode indicator light up in red: charging level 0%–10%.

7.6 Power reduction

If the charging level (p. 20) of the Powerpack LV is too low or the system temperature is outside of the permissible range, the power is automatically reduced. The selected ride mode and the malfunction indicator lamp flash when the power has been reduced.

Info
The blink code of malfunction indicator lamp 1 can be used to determine the reason for the power reduction (see Troubleshooting chapter).
# 8.1 Advice on preparing for first use

## Warning

**Danger of accidents**  A lack of physical and mental readiness on the part of the child poses a major risk. Children often underestimate or fail to recognize dangerous situations.

- Your child must already be able to ride a bicycle.
- Your child must be able to put the vehicle upright independently after a fall.
- Your child must understand that regulations and instructions from you or from other guardians must be followed.
- Make it clear to your child that he or she should not, under any circumstances, operate the vehicle without supervision.
- Make sure that the ride mode is appropriate for your child's riding ability and for the riding conditions.
  If necessary, block the ride mode by removing the magnetic switch under the seat.
- Do not ask too much of your child.
  Do not consider participation in competitive activities until your child's stamina, riding techniques and motivation are at the necessary levels.
- Only let your child ride on the vehicle if he or she is physically and mentally ready.

## Warning

**Risk of injury**  Missing or poor protective clothing presents an increased safety risk.

- Ensure your child wears appropriate protective clothing such as helmet, boots, gloves as well as trousers and a jacket with protectors on all rides.
- Always use protective clothing for your child that is in good condition and meets the legal requirements.
- When you ride a motorcycle, set an example for your child and wear suitable protective clothing.

## Warning

**Danger of crashing**  Different tire tread patterns on the front and rear wheel impair the handling characteristic.

Different tire tread patterns can make the vehicle significantly more difficult to control.

- Make sure that only tires with a similar tire tread pattern are fitted to the front and rear wheel.

## Warning

**Danger of accidents**  The vehicle is not designed to carry passengers.

- Make it clear to your child that he or she must not carry a passenger.

## Warning

**Danger of accidents**  The brake system fails in the event of overheating.

If the foot brake lever is not released, the brake linings drag continuously.

- Ensure that your child raises his or her foot from the foot brake lever if he or she does not want to brake.

## Warning

**Danger of accidents**  The suspension components will become damaged or destroyed if overloaded.

- Do not exceed the maximum permissible weight of the rider.
Warning
Risk of misappropriation  People who act without authorization endanger themselves and others.
– Never leave the vehicle unattended.
– Protect the vehicle against access by unauthorized persons.

– Ensure that the pre-sales inspection work has been carried out by an authorized KTM workshop.
  ✔ You will receive a delivery certificate when the vehicle is handed over.
– Read through the entire Owner's Manual together with your child before riding for the first time.

Info
Pay special attention to the safety instructions and to the risk of injury.
Explain to your child the techniques of riding and falling, e.g., how shifting weight can influence handling characteristics.

– Familiarize your child with the controls.
– Adjust the basic position of the hand brake lever. (p. 62)
– Adjust the basic position of the foot brake lever. (p. 70)
– Before using the vehicle for the first time, ensure that the basic settings of the chassis are suitable for the weight of your child.
– Allow your child to become accustomed to the handling of the motorcycle on suitable terrain, preferably on a large, open meadow.

Info
To give your child a feeling for the brake system, start by pushing your child. Do not start the motor until your child is able to apply the necessary front brake pressure.
Your child should begin by riding to another person, who can help your child stop and turn.

– Erect obstacles for your child to navigate around so that your child becomes accustomed to handling the vehicle.
– Your child should also try to ride as slowly as possible and in a standing position to get a better feeling for the motorcycle.
– Your child should not ride on terrain that exceeds your child's capabilities and experience.
– Your child should hold the handlebar firmly with both hands and keep his or her feet on the footrests when riding.
– Make sure the maximum permissible weight of the rider is not exceeded.
Guideline

| Maximum rider weight | 45 kg (99 lb.) |
| Maximum rider size   | < 130 cm (< 51.2 in) |

– Check the spoke tension. (p. 80)

Info
The spoke tension must be checked after half an hour of operation.
9.1 Checks and maintenance measures when preparing for use

Before every trip, check the condition of the vehicle and ensure that it is safe to operate. The vehicle must be in perfect technical condition when it is being operated.

- Check the throttle grip, both magnetic switches, Powerpack LV, multifunctional element, and electric motor for external damage.
- Check the front brake fluid level. (p. 64)
- Check the rear brake fluid level. (p. 71)
- Check the front brake linings. (p. 66)
- Check the brake linings of the rear brake. (p. 72)
- Check that the brake system is functioning properly.
- Check the chain for dirt. (p. 55)
- Check the chain, rear sprocket, motor sprocket, and chain guide. (p. 58)
- Check the chain tension. (p. 56)
- Check the tire condition. (p. 79)
- Check tire pressure. (p. 80)
- Check the spoke tension. (p. 80)

Info
The spoke tension must be checked regularly as incorrect spoke tension will strongly impair riding safety.

- Clean the dust boots of the fork legs. (p. 46)
- Bleed the fork legs. (p. 45)
- Check the settings of all controls and ensure that they can be operated smoothly.
- Check the tightness of the easily accessible, safety-relevant screws and nuts.
- Check the charging level of the Powerpack LV.

9.2 Starting the vehicle

- Remove plug-in stand 1.
- Press and hold the On/Off button until the multifunctional element lights up.
  ✔ The vehicle is in standby mode.
Optional:
- Press ride mode button ② to change the ride mode.

- Select one of the ride modes (p. 20).
- Close the throttle grip beyond the basic position.

✓ The vehicle emits a beep, is ready to ride, and reacts to the throttle grip.

### 9.3 Starting off

**Info**
The plug-in stand must be removed before riding.

- Open the throttle carefully.

### 9.4 Applying the brakes

**Warning**
**Danger of accidents**  Excessively forceful application of the brakes blocks the wheels.
- Explain to your child that he or she must adapt the braking to the traffic situation and the road conditions.

**Warning**
**Danger of accidents**  A spongy pressure point on the front or rear brake reduces braking efficiency.
- Check the brake system and do not allow your child to continue riding until the problem is eliminated.
(Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)
9.5 Recuperation

The Powerpack LV is charged by the electric motor in ride mode 3 and 6 (p. 20) when the throttle grip is closed beyond the basic position in overrun. The recuperation function results in an increased motor braking effect. The recuperation effect is stronger in ride mode 6 than in ride mode 3.

Info
The recuperation function is not available in the remaining ride modes.

9.6 Stop, park

Warning
Risk of misappropriation People who act without authorization endanger themselves and others.
– Never leave the vehicle unattended.
– Protect the vehicle against access by unauthorized persons.

Warning
Danger of burns Some vehicle components become very hot when the vehicle is operated.
– Do not touch any parts such as the motor, lithium-ion battery, damper, or brake system before these vehicle parts have cooled down.
– Let the vehicle parts cool down before you perform any work on the vehicle.

Note
Material damage The vehicle may be damaged by incorrect procedure when parking. Significant damage may be caused if the vehicle rolls away or falls over.
The components for parking the vehicle are designed only for the weight of the vehicle.
– Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.
– Ensure that nobody sits on the vehicle when the vehicle is parked on a stand.
– Apply the brakes on the motorcycle.
– Press and hold the On/Off button until the multifunctional element goes out.
– Remove the magnetic switch from the holder on the handlebar.
– Park the motorcycle on firm ground.
9.7 Transporting

Note
Danger of damage  The parked vehicle can roll away or fall over.
– Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.

Note
Fire hazard  Hot vehicle components pose a fire hazard and explosion risk.
– Do not park the vehicle near to materials which are highly flammable or explosive.
– Allow the vehicle to cool down before covering it.

– Press and hold the On/Off button until the multifunctional element goes out.
– Remove the magnetic switch from the holder on the handlebar.
– Use tension belts or other suitable devices to secure the motorcycle against falling over or rolling away.
### 10.1 Additional information

Any further work that results from the compulsory work or from the recommended work must be ordered separately and invoiced separately.

Different service intervals may apply in your country, depending on the local operating conditions. Individual service intervals and scopes may change in the course of technical developments. The most up-to-date service schedule can always be found on KTM Dealer.net. Your authorized KTM dealer will be happy to advise you.

Always bring the battery charger with you when having the vehicle serviced.

The use of a service hour counter is recommended in order to be able to check the mileage at any time.

Service hour counter (45412920000)

### 10.2 Required work

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Every 80 operating hours</th>
<th>Every 40 operating hours</th>
<th>Every 20 operating hours</th>
<th>After 10 operating hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Check the battery charger plug for damage and dirt.</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Read out the fault memory using the KTM diagnostics tool.</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check that the electrical system is functioning properly.</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check and charge the Powerpack LV.</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the front brake linings. (p. 66)</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the brake linings of the rear brake. (p. 72)</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the brake discs. (p. 63)</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the brake lines for damage and leakage.</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change the foot brake cylinder sealing cup.</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the rear brake fluid level. (p. 71)</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the free travel of the foot brake lever. (p. 69)</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the frame. (p. 60)</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the link fork. (p. 60)</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the fork bearing for play.</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the heim joint for play.</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the tire condition. (p. 79)</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check tire pressure. (p. 80)</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the wheel bearing for play.</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the wheel hubs.</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the rim run-out.</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the spoke tension. (p. 80)</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the chain, rear sprocket, motor sprocket, and chain guide. (p. 58)</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the chain tension. (p. 56)</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grease all moving parts (e.g., hand lever, chain, ...) and check for smooth operation.</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the front brake fluid level. (p. 64)</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the play of the handbrake lever. (p. 62)</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the steering head bearing play. (p. 51)</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check cables and wires for damage and kink-free installation.</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service the fork.</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perform the shock absorber service.</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 10.3 Recommended work

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Every 80 operating hours</th>
<th>Every 40 operating hours</th>
<th>Every 20 operating hours</th>
<th>After 10 operating hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Check the tightness of the easily accessible, safety-relevant screws and nuts.</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final check: Check the vehicle for safe operation and take a test ride.</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Read out the fault memory after the test ride using the KTM diagnostics tool.</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Make a service entry in the KTM Dealer.net.</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

○ One-time interval  
● Periodic interval

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Every 40 operating hours</th>
<th>After 20 operating hours / Every 20 operating hours</th>
<th>After 10 operating hours</th>
<th>every 12 months</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Change the front brake fluid.</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>○</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change the rear brake fluid.</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>○</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service the fork.</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>○</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perform the shock absorber service.</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>○</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lubricate the steering head bearing. (p. 52)</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the pinion shaft bearings, O-rings and the bearing seals.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change the pinion shaft bearings, the O-rings and the bearing seals.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

○ One-time interval  
● Periodic interval
11.1 Checking the basic chassis setting with the rider's weight

Info
When adjusting the basic chassis setting, first adjust the shock absorber and then the fork.

- For optimal motorcycle riding characteristics and to avoid damage to forks, shock absorbers, link fork and frame, the basic settings of the suspension components must match the rider's weight.
- This vehicle is delivered pre-set for a standard rider's weight (with full protective clothing).

Guideline

| Standard rider weight | 25 ... 35 kg (55 ... 77 lb.) |

- If the rider's weight is above or below this range, the basic setting of the suspension components must be adjusted accordingly.
- Small weight differences can be compensated by adjusting the spring preload and the fork air pressure, but in the case of larger weight differences, the springs must be replaced.

11.2 Air suspension XACT 5235

Air suspension WP Suspension XACT 5235 is used in the fork.
In this system, suspension is located in the left fork leg and damping in the right fork leg.
A significant weight advantage is achieved compared with conventional forks. The response on slightly uneven surfaces is significantly improved.
In normal driving mode, suspension is provided exclusively by an air cushion. A steel spring is located in the left fork leg as an end stop.

Info

- If the fork is frequently overloaded, then the air pressure in the fork must be increased to avoid damage to the fork and frame.

The air pressure in the fork can be quickly adjusted to the rider's weight, surface conditions and the rider's preference using a fork airpump. The fork does not have to be dismantled. The time consuming mounting of harder or softer fork springs is not required.
If the air chamber loses air due to a damaged seal, the fork will still not sag. In this case the air is retained in the fork. The suspension travel is maintained as far as possible. The damping becomes harder and the riding comfort reduces.
The rebound damping can be adjusted.
The rebound adjustment is located at the upper end of the right fork leg.
11.3 Compression damping of the shock absorber

The compression damping of the shock absorber is divided into two ranges: high-speed and low-speed. High-speed and low-speed refer to the compression speed of the rear wheel suspension and not to the vehicle speed.

The high-speed compression adjuster has an effect, for example, when landing after a jump: the rear wheel suspension compresses quickly.

The low-speed compression adjuster has an effect, for example, when riding over long ground swells: the rear wheel suspension compresses slowly.

These two ranges can be adjusted separately, although the transition between high-speed and low-speed is gradual. Thus, modifications in the high-speed range affect the compression damping in the low-speed range and vice versa.

11.4 Adjusting the low-speed compression damping of the shock absorber

**Caution**

*Risk of injury* Parts of the shock absorber will move around if the shock absorber is detached incorrectly.

The shock absorber is filled with highly compressed nitrogen.

– Please follow the description provided. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

**Info**

The effect of the low-speed compression adjuster can be seen in slow to normal compression of the shock absorber.

- Turn adjusting screw 1 clockwise with a screwdriver as far as the last perceptible click.

  **Info**

  Do not loosen fitting 2!

- Turn counterclockwise by the number of clicks corresponding to the shock absorber type.

  **Guideline**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Low-speed compression damping</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Comfort</td>
<td>18 clicks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard</td>
<td>15 clicks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sport</td>
<td>12 clicks</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

  **Info**

  Turn clockwise to increase damping; turn counterclockwise to reduce damping.
11.5 Adjusting the high-speed compression damping of the shock absorber

**Caution**

**Risk of injury**  Parts of the shock absorber will move around if the shock absorber is detached incorrectly. The shock absorber is filled with highly compressed nitrogen.

- Please follow the description provided. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

**Info**

The effect of the high-speed compression adjuster can be seen in fast compression of the shock absorber.

- Push the splash protector to the side.
- Using an open end wrench, turn adjusting screw 1 clockwise all the way.

**Info**

Do not loosen fitting 2!

- Turn counterclockwise by the number of turns corresponding to the shock absorber type.

**Guideline**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>High-speed compression damping</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Comfort</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sport</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Info**

Turn clockwise to increase damping; turn counterclockwise to reduce damping.

- Position the splash protector.

11.6 Adjusting the rebound damping of the shock absorber

**Caution**

**Risk of injury**  Parts of the shock absorber will move around if the shock absorber is detached incorrectly. The shock absorber is filled with highly compressed nitrogen.

- Please follow the description provided. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

- Turn adjusting screw 1 clockwise up to the last perceptible click.
- Turn counterclockwise by the number of clicks corresponding to the shock absorber type.

**Guideline**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rebound damping</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Comfort</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sport</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
11.7 Measuring the dimension of the rear wheel unloaded

**Preparatory work**
- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (p. 45)

**Main work**
- Measure the vertical distance between the rear axle and a fixed point, such as a marking on the side cover.
- Note the value as dimension A.

**Finishing work**
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (p. 45)

11.8 Checking the static sag of the shock absorber

- Measure dimension A of rear wheel unloaded. (p. 33)
- Hold the motorcycle upright with aid of an assistant.
- Measure the distance between rear axle and fixed point again.
- Note the value as dimension B.

**Info**
- The static sag is the difference between measurements A and B.

**Static sag** 12 mm (0.47 in)

- Check the static sag.
  - If the static sag is less or more than the specified value:
    - Adjust the spring preload of the shock absorber. (p. 34)
11.9 Checking the riding sag of the shock absorber

- Measure dimension A of rear wheel unloaded. (p. 33)
- With another person holding the motorcycle, the rider, wearing full protective clothing, sits on the seat in a normal sitting position (feet on footrests) and bounces up and down a few times.
  - The rear wheel suspension levels out.
- Another person now measures the distance between the rear axle and the fixed point.
- Note the value as dimension C.

**Info**

- The riding sag is the difference between measurements A and C.
- Check riding sag.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Riding sag</th>
<th>80 mm (3.15 in)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- If the riding sag differs from the specified measurement:
  - Adjust the riding sag. (p. 35)

11.10 Adjusting the spring preload of the shock absorber

**Caution**

Risk of injury  Parts of the shock absorber will move around if the shock absorber is detached incorrectly. The shock absorber is filled with highly compressed nitrogen.

- Please follow the description provided. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

**Preparatory work**

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (p. 45)
- Remove the shock absorber. (p. 54)
- After removing the shock absorber, clean it thoroughly.

**Main work**

- Measure the full spring length while it is under tension and note down the value.
- Loosen retaining ring 1.
- Turn adjusting ring 2 until the spring is no longer under tension.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hook wrench (T304)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- Measure the total spring length while the spring is not under tension.
- Tighten the spring to the specified measurement by turning adjusting ring 2.

**Guideline**

| Spring preload | 3 mm (0.12 in) |
Info
The spring preload is the difference between the relaxed spring length and the tensioned spring length. Depending on the static sag and/or the riding sag, it may be necessary to increase or decrease the spring preload.

- Tighten retaining ring 1.

Finishing work
- Install the shock absorber. (p. 54)
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (p. 45)

11.11 Adjusting the riding sag

Preparatory work
- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (p. 45)
- Remove the shock absorber. (p. 54)
- After removing the shock absorber, clean it thoroughly.

Main work
- Choose and mount a suitable spring.

Guideline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spring rate</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Weight of rider: 15 ... 25 kg (33 ... 55 lb.)</td>
<td>25 N/mm (143 lb/in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight of rider (standard): 25 ... 35 kg (55 ... 77 lb.)</td>
<td>30 N/mm (171 lb/in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight of rider: 35 ... 45 kg (77 ... 99 lb.)</td>
<td>35 N/mm (200 lb/in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Info
The spring rate is shown on the outside of the spring. Smaller weight differences can be compensated by changing the spring preload.

Finishing work
- Install the shock absorber. (p. 54)
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (p. 45)
- Check the static sag of the shock absorber. (p. 33)
- Check the riding sag of the shock absorber. (p. 34)
- Adjust the rebound damping of the shock absorber. (p. 32)
11.12 Checking the basic setting of the fork

**Info**
For various reasons, no exact riding sag can be determined for the fork.

- Smaller differences in the rider’s weight can be compensated for by the fork air pressure.
- However, if the fork frequently bottoms out (hard end stop on compression), the fork air pressure must be increased, within the specified values, to avoid damage to the fork and frame.

11.13 Adjusting the fork air pressure

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** Modifications to the suspension setting may seriously alter the handling characteristic.

Extreme modifications to the suspension setting may cause a serious deterioration in the handling characteristic and overload components.
- Only make adjustments within the recommended range.
- Make sure your child rides slowly to start with after making adjustments in order that he or she can assess the new handling characteristic.

**Info**
Check or adjust the air pressure 5 minutes, at the earliest, after the end of the ride and under the same conditions.
The air suspension is located in the left fork leg. The rebound damping is located in the right fork leg.

**Preparatory work**
- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (p. 45)

**Main work**
- Remove protection cap 1.
- Push together fork airpump 2 fully.

| Fork airpump (79412966100) |

**Info**
The fork airpump is included as part of the motorcycle’s accessory pack.

- Connect the fork airpump to the left fork leg.
  - The fork airpump indicator switches on automatically.
  - A little air escapes from the fork leg when connecting.
Info
This is due to the volume of the hose and not due to a defect in the fork airpump or the fork. Read the accompanying KTM PowerParts instructions.

- Adjust the air pressure as specified.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Guideline</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Air pressure</td>
<td>2 bar (29 psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gradual changing of the air</td>
<td>0.2 bar (3 psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pressure in steps of</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum air pressure</td>
<td>1.4 bar (20 psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum air pressure</td>
<td>4 bar (58 psi)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Info
Never adjust the air pressure to a value outside the stated range.

- Disconnect the fork airpump from the left fork leg.
  ✔ When disconnecting, excess pressure will escape from the hose – the fork leg itself does not lose any air.
  ✔ The fork airpump indicator switches off automatically after 80 seconds.
- Mount the protection cap.

Info
Only mount the protection cap by hand.

Finishing work
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (p. 45)

11.14 Adjusting the rebound damping of the fork

Info
The hydraulic rebound damping determines the fork suspension behavior.

- Turn adjuster 1 clockwise all the way.

Info
Adjuster 1 is located at the upper end of the right fork leg.

- Turn counterclockwise by the number of clicks corresponding to the fork type.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Guideline</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rebound damping</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comfort</td>
<td>15 clicks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard</td>
<td>12 clicks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sport</td>
<td>10 clicks</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
11.15 Handlebar position

On the upper triple clamp, there are 2 holes at a distance of \( A \) to each other.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hole distance ( A )</th>
<th>15 mm (0.59 in)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

The holes on the handlebar support are placed at a distance of \( B \) from the center.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hole distance ( B )</th>
<th>3.5 mm (0.138 in)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

The handlebar holder can be mounted in four different positions. This allows the handlebar to be mounted in the most comfortable position for the rider.

11.16 Adjusting the handlebar position

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents**  
A repaired handlebar poses a safety risk.  
If the handlebar is bent or straightened, the material becomes fatigued. The handlebar may break as a result.

- Change the handlebar if the handlebar is damaged or bent.

- Remove screws 1. Take off the handlebar clamps. Remove the handlebar and lay it to one side.

- Remove screws 2. Take off handlebar supports.

- Place handlebar supports in required position. Mount and tighten screws 2.

**Guideline**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Screw, handlebar support</th>
<th>M10</th>
<th>40 Nm (29.5 lbf ft)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Loctite® 243™

Mount the left and right handlebar supports in the same position.

- Position the handlebar.

- Position the handlebar clamps. Mount screws 1 and tighten evenly.
Guideline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Torque</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Screw, handlebar clamp</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Info**
Make sure the installed gaps are even.
12 SEAT HEIGHT

12.1 Seat height adjustment options

This vehicle offers several options for adjusting the seat height to the rider's height. The seat height can be changed with the mounting position of the fork, shock absorber, and frame.

Info

When adjusting the seat height on the fork and shock absorber, make sure that the vehicle is as straight as possible after completion of the work. If the seat height on the shock absorber is set low, the fork should be pushed through further and vice versa.

12.2 Adjusting the seat height on the shock absorber

Warning

Danger of accidents

Modifications to the suspension setting may seriously alter the handling characteristic.

– Make sure your child rides slowly to start with after making adjustments in order that he or she can assess the new handling characteristic.

Info

If the seat height is adjusted on the shock absorber, the seat height should also be adjusted on the fork.

Preparatory work

– Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. ( p. 45)

Main work

– Hold the rear wheel with the link fork and remove screw 1.
– Position the shock absorber according to the required seat height.

Guideline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>High seat position</th>
<th>A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Low seat position</td>
<td>B</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

– Mount and tighten screw 1.

Guideline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Screw, top shock absorber</th>
<th>M10</th>
<th>45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Loctite®243™</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Finishing work

– Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. ( p. 45)
# 12.3 Adjusting the seat height on the fork

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** Modifications to the suspension setting may seriously alter the handling characteristic.
- Make sure your child rides slowly to start with after making adjustments in order that he or she can assess the new handling characteristic.

**Info**

The seat height can be infinitely adjusted by pushing the fork legs through. If the seat height is adjusted on the fork, the seat height should also be adjusted on the shock absorber.

---

### Preparatory work
- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (p. 45)
- Remove the front wheel. (p. 76)

### Main work
- Loosen screw 1.
- Loosen screw 2.
- Position the fork leg according to the required seat height.

**Guideline**

**Condition**
- Seat position as low as possible, fork fully inserted
  - Minimum distance between the fork and handlebar $A$ 3 mm (0.12 in)

**Condition**
- Seat position as high as possible, fork pulled out completely
  - Bottom edge of screw cap $B$ closes flush with the upper edge of the triple clamp

Position the fork leg only within the described range.
- Tighten screw 2.

**Guideline**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Screw, bottom triple clamp</th>
<th>M8</th>
<th>15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- Tighten screw 1.

**Guideline**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Screw, top triple clamp</th>
<th>M8</th>
<th>20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- Repeat the procedure on the other fork leg.

**Guideline**

Position both fork legs equally.

### Finishing work
- Install the front wheel. (p. 76)
12.4 Adjusting the seat height on the frame

**Preparatory work**
- Remove the seat. (p. 55)

**Main work**
- Remove screw 1 and the front fairing.
- Remove screws 2 with bushings and splash protector 3.
- Remove screws 4 with bushings and rear fairing 5.
- Remove screws 6 and position subframe 7 at the drill holes at the desired seat height.

**Guideline**
Pay attention to the wiring harness.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seat Position</th>
<th>Drilled Holes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>High seat position</td>
<td>Drill holes A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low seat position</td>
<td>Drill holes B</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Mount and tighten screws 6.

**Guideline**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Screw, sub-frame</th>
<th>M8</th>
<th>30 Nm (22.1 lbf ft)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Loctite® 243™</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Position rear fairing 5, mount screws 4 with bushings, and tighten.

**Guideline**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rear fairing screw</th>
<th>M6</th>
<th>8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- Position splash protector 3, mount screws 2 with bushings, and tighten.
Guideline

| Screw, splash protector | M6 | 8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft) |

Condition
High seat position
- Make sure that thread adapter 8 is mounted and tightened.

Guideline

| Threaded adapter for front fairing | M6 | 8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft) |

Condition
Low seat position
- Make sure that the thread adapter is removed.

Info
Retain the thread adapter for later assembly.

- Position the front fairing on holders C.
  - The holding lugs of the front fairing engage in the recesses of the rear fairing on both sides.

Guideline

| Remaining screws, chassis | M6 | 10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft) |
Finishing work
– Mount the seat. (p. 55)
13.1 Raising the motorcycle with a lift stand

**Note**

**Danger of damage**  The parked vehicle can roll away or fall over.

- Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.

- Raise the motorcycle at the frame underneath the engine.

  Lift stand (78929955100)

  ✔ Neither wheel is in contact with the ground.

  ✔ Secure the motorcycle against falling over.

13.2 Removing the motorcycle from the lift stand

**Note**

**Danger of damage**  The parked vehicle can roll away or fall over.

- Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand.

- Remove the lift stand.

- To park the motorcycle, insert plug-in stand 1 into the plug-in stand bracket on the left side of the vehicle.

  **Info**

  Remove the plug-in stand before riding.

13.3 Bleeding the fork legs

**Preparatory work**

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (p. 45)

**Main work**

- Release bleeder screws 1.

  ✔ Any excess pressure escapes from the interior of the fork.

- Tighten the bleeder screws.

**Finishing work**

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (p. 45)
13.4 Cleaning the dust boots of the fork legs

Preparatory work
– Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (p. 45)
– Remove the fork protector. (p. 46)

Main work
– Push dust boots 1 of both fork legs downward.

Info
The dust boots remove dust and coarse dirt particles from the inside fork tubes. Over time, dirt can accumulate behind the dust boots. If this dirt is not removed, the seals rings behind can start to leak.

Warning
Danger of accidents Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.
– Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
– Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.

– Clean and oil the dust boots and inner fork tubes of both fork legs.

Universal oil spray (p. 99)
– Press the dust boots back into the installation position.
– Remove the excess oil.

Finishing work
– Install the fork protector. (p. 47)
– Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (p. 45)

13.5 Removing the fork protector

– Remove screws 1 and take off the clamp.
– Remove screws 2 on the left and right rear fork leg. Take off the fork protector.
13.6 Installing the fork protector

- Position the fork protector on the left and right fork leg. Mount and tighten screws 1.

  Guideline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Remaining screws, chassis</th>
<th>M6</th>
<th>10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- Position the brake line and the clamp. Mount and tighten screws 2.

  Guideline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Screw, brake line clamp on fork protector</th>
<th>EJOT PT® K60x20-AL</th>
<th>2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

13.7 Removing the fork legs

Preparatory work
- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (p. 45)
- Remove the front wheel. (p. 76)

Main work
- Remove screws 1 and take off the clamp.
- Remove screws 2 and take off the brake caliper.
- Allow the brake caliper and the brake line to hang loosely to the side.

Info
Do not kink the brake line.

- Note the installation position of the fork legs.
- Loosen screws 3. Remove the left fork leg.
- Loosen screws 4. Remove the right fork leg.

13.8 Installing the fork legs

Condition
Individual installation position
- Position the fork legs.

  Guideline

| Observe the position determined during removal. |

✔ Bleeder screws 1 are positioned toward the rear.

Condition
Standard installation position
- Position the fork legs.
13 SERVICE WORK ON THE CHASSIS

13.9 Removing the lower triple clamp

Preparatory work
- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (p. 45)
- Remove the front wheel. (p. 76)
- Remove the fork legs. (p. 47)
- Remove the start number plate. (p. 52)
- Remove front fender. (p. 53)

Main work
- Remove nut 1.
- Remove the cable tie on the magnetic switch cable from the handlebar.
- Release screw 2, take off the upper triple clamp with the handlebar and set aside.

Info
Cover the components to protect them against damage. Do not kink the cables and lines.
13.10 Installing the lower triple clamp

Main work

- Clean the bearing and sealing elements, check for damage, and grease.

| High viscosity grease (p. 99) |

- Insert the lower triple clamp with the steering stem. Mount upper steering head bearing 1.
- Check that the O-ring at the top 2 is correctly positioned.
- Push on protective ring 3.

- Position the upper triple clamp with the handlebar.
- Mount nut 4, but do not tighten it yet.
Condition
Individual installation position
– Position the fork legs.
Guideline
Observe the position determined during removal.
✓ Bleeder screws 5 are positioned toward the rear.

Condition
Standard installation position
– Position the fork legs.
✓ Bleeder screws 5 are positioned toward the rear.
✓ The second milled groove (from the top) is flush with the upper edge of the upper triple clamp.

– Tighten screws 6.
Guideline
| Screw, bottom triple clamp | M8  | 15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft) |

– Tighten nut 4.
Guideline
| Nut, steering head | M20x1.5 | 10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft) |

– Tighten screw 7.
Guideline
| Screw, top triple clamp | M8  | 20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft) |

– Using a plastic hammer, tap lightly on the upper triple clamp to avoid stresses.
– Tighten screws 8.
Guideline
| Screw, top triple clamp | M8  | 20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft) |

– Fix the magnetic switch cable to the handlebar with a new cable tie.
– Position the brake caliper, mount screw 9, and tighten.
Guideline
| Screw, front brake caliper | M8x60 | 20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft) | Loctite®243™ |

– Mount and tighten screw 10.
Guideline
| Screw, front brake caliper | M8x40 | 20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft) | Loctite®243™ |

– Position the brake line and the clamp. Mount and tighten screws 11.
Guideline

| Screw, brake line clamp on fork protector | EJOT PT® K60x20-AL | 2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft) |

Finishing work
- Install front fender. (p. 53)
- Install the start number plate. (p. 53)
- Check that the cable and brake line are routed correctly.
- Install the front wheel. (p. 76)
- Check the steering head bearing play. (p. 51)
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (p. 45)

13.11 Checking the steering head bearing play

Warning
Danger of accidents Incorrect steering head bearing play impairs the handling characteristic and damages components.
- Correct incorrect steering head bearing play immediately. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

Info
If the vehicle is operated for a lengthy period with play in the steering head bearing, the bearings and the bearing seats in the frame can become damaged over time.

Preparatory work
- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (p. 45)

Main work
- Move the handlebar to the straight-ahead position. Move the fork legs to and fro in the direction of travel.
  - Play should not be detectable on the steering head bearing.
    - If there is detectable play:
      - Adjust the steering head bearing play. (p. 52)
      - Move the handlebar to and fro over the entire steering range.
    - It must be possible to move the handlebar easily over the entire steering range. There should be no detectable detent positions.
    - If detent positions are detected:
      - Adjust the steering head bearing play. (p. 52)
      - Check the steering head bearing and replace if required.

Finishing work
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (p. 45)


13.12 Adjusting the steering head bearing play

Preparatory work
- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (p. 45)

Main work
- Loosen screws 1.
- Loosen screw 2.
- Loosen and retighten nut 3.

Guideline
| Nut, steering head | M20x1.5 | 10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft) |

- Using a plastic hammer, tap lightly on the upper triple clamp to avoid stresses.
- Tighten screw 2.

Guideline
| Screw, top triple clamp | M8 | 20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft) |

- Tighten screws 1.

Guideline
| Screw, top triple clamp | M8 | 20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft) |

Finishing work
- Check the steering head bearing play. (p. 51)
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (p. 45)

13.13 Lubricating the steering head bearing

- Remove the lower triple clamp. (p. 48)
- Install the lower triple clamp. (p. 49)

Info
The steering head bearing is cleaned and lubricated in the course of removal and installation of the lower triple clamp.

13.14 Removing the start number plate

- Remove screw 1.
- Unhook the start number plate from the brake line and remove it.
13.15 Installing the start number plate

- Attach the start number plate to the brake line.
- Position the start number plate.
  ✔ Holding lugs 1 engage in the fender.

- Mount and tighten screw 2.

Guideline

| Screw, start number plate | M6 | 4 Nm (3 lbf ft) |

13.16 Removing front fender

- Remove screws 1. Take off the front fender.

13.17 Installing front fender

- Position the fender with drill holes 1 in the holding lugs on the start number plate.
13.18 Removing the shock absorber

**Preparatory work**
- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. *(p. 45)*

**Main work**
- Note the installation position of the shock absorber.
- Pull brake line 1 out of the holder.
- Remove screw 2 and lower the link fork carefully.
- Remove screw 3, push splash protector 4 to the side, and remove the shock absorber.

13.19 Installing the shock absorber

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents**
- Modifications to the suspension setting may seriously alter the handling characteristic.
- Ride slowly to start with after making adjustments to get the feel of the new handling characteristic.

**Main work**
- Push splash protector 1 to the side.
- Mount the shock absorber with screw 2.

**Guideline**
- If necessary, observe the installation position noted during removal.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Screw, top shock absorber</th>
<th>M10</th>
<th>45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)</th>
<th>Loctite®243™</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- Lift the link fork, mount screw 3 and tighten it.

**Guideline**
- Screw, bottom shock absorber | M10 | 45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft) | Loctite®243™ |

- Attach brake line 4 to the holder.

**Finishing work**
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. *(p. 45)*
13.20 Removing the seat

- Open quick release 1 and raise the rear of the seat.
- Pull back the seat and remove it.

13.21 Mounting the seat

- Hook the seat onto holding lug 1, lower the seat at the rear, and push it forward.
  ✓ Holding lug 2 hangs on the front fairing.
- Close quick release 3.

13.22 Checking the chain for dirt

- Check the chain for coarse dirt accumulation.
  » If the chain is very dirty:
  - Clean the chain. (☞ p. 56)
13.23 Cleaning the chain

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** Lubricants on the tires reduces the road grip.
- Remove lubricants from the tires using a suitable cleaning agent.

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.
- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
- Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.

**Note**

**Environmental hazard** Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.
- Dispose of oils, grease, cleaning agents, brake fluid etc. properly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

**Info**

The service life of the chain depends largely on its maintenance.

**Preparatory work**
- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (p. 45)

**Main work**
- Rinse off loose dirt with a soft jet of water.
- Remove old grease residue with chain cleaner.
  - Chain cleaner (p. 99)
  - After drying, apply chain spray.
  - Off-road chain spray (p. 99)

**Finishing work**
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (p. 45)

13.24 Checking the chain tension

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** Incorrect chain tension damages components and results in accidents.

If the chain is tensioned too much, the chain, engine sprocket, rear sprocket, transmission and rear wheel bearings wear more quickly. Some components may break if overloaded.
If the chain is too loose, the chain may fall off the engine sprocket or the rear sprocket. As a result, the rear wheel locks or the engine will be damaged.
- Check the chain tension regularly.
- Set the chain tension in accordance with the specification.

**Preparatory work**
- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (p. 45)
13.25 Adjusting the chain tension

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** Incorrect chain tension damages components and results in accidents.

- If the chain is tensioned too much, the chain, engine sprocket, rear sprocket, transmission and rear wheel bearings wear more quickly. Some components may break if overloaded.
- If the chain is too loose, the chain may fall off the engine sprocket or the rear sprocket. As a result, the rear wheel locks or the engine will be damaged.
  - Check the chain tension regularly.
  - Set the chain tension in accordance with the specification.

**Preparatory work**

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (\(\text{p. 45}\))
- Check the chain tension. (\(\text{p. 56}\))

**Main work**

- Loosen nut 1.
- Loosen nuts 2.
- Adjust the chain tension by turning adjusting screws 3 left and right.

**Guideline**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chain tension</th>
<th>5 ... 8 mm (0.2 ... 0.31 in)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Turn the adjusting screws 3 on the left and right so that the markings on the left and right chain adjusters 4 are in the same position relative to the reference marks A. The rear wheel is then correctly aligned.

- Tighten nuts 2.
- Make sure that chain adjusters 4 are fitted correctly on adjusting screws 3.
- Tighten nut 1.

**Guideline**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nut, rear wheel spindle</th>
<th>M12x1</th>
<th>40 Nm (29.5 lbf ft)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
13 SERVICE WORK ON THE CHASSIS

13.26 Checking the chain, rear sprocket, motor sprocket, and chain guide

Finishing work
– Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (*p. 45)

Preparatory work
– Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (*p. 45)

Main work
– Check the chain, rear sprocket, and motor sprocket for wear.
  » If the chain, rear sprocket or motor sprocket is worn:
    – Change the drivetrain kit.

Info
The motor sprocket, rear sprocket, and chain should always be replaced together. When fitting the chain joint, always make sure that the closed side of the joint faces forward (riding direction).

– Check the chain for wear.
  » If the chain is worn:
    – Change the drivetrain kit.

Info
When a new chain is mounted, the rear sprocket and motor sprocket should also be changed. New chains wear out faster on old, worn sprockets.

– Check the chain sliding guard for wear.
  » If the ridge is worn down to the level of the main corpus:
    – Change the chain sliding guard.

– Check that the chain sliding guard is firmly seated.
  » If the chain sliding guard is loose:
    – Tighten the screw of the chain sliding guard.

Guideline

| Screw, chain sliding guard | M6 | 3 Nm (2.2 lbf ft) |
Check the chain sliding piece for wear.

» If the lower edge of the chain pins is in line with or below the chain sliding piece:
  - Change the chain sliding piece.

» Check that the chain sliding piece is firmly seated.
  » If the chain sliding piece is loose:
    - Tighten screw on the chain sliding piece.

  **Guideline**

| Screw, chain sliding piece | M8 | 15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft) |

Check the chain guide for wear.

**Info**

Wear can be seen on the front of the chain guide.

» If the light part of the chain guide is worn:
  - Change the chain guide.

Check that the chain guide is firmly seated.

» If the chain guide is loose:
  - Tighten the screws on the chain guide.

  **Guideline**

| Remaining screws, chassis | M6 | 10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft) |

**Finishing work**

» Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (p. 45)
13.27 Adjusting the chain guide

---

**Info**
The size of the chain wheel varies with the number of teeth. The chain guide can be adjusted on small sprockets.

---

- Remove screw 1.
- Position the chain guide.
- Mount and tighten the screw.

**Guideline**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Remaining screws, chassis</th>
<th>M6</th>
<th>10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

---

13.28 Checking the frame

---

- Check the frame for cracks and deformation.
  - If the frame exhibits cracks or deformation due to a mechanical impact:
    - Change the frame.

**Info**
Always replace a frame that has been damaged due to a mechanical impact. Repair of the frame is not authorized by KTM.

---

13.29 Checking the link fork

---

- Check the link fork for damage, cracking, and deformation.
  - If the link fork shows signs of damage, cracking, or deformation:
    - Change the link fork.

**Info**
Always replace a damaged link fork. Repairing the link fork is not authorized by KTM.

---
13.30 Checking the rubber grip

- Check the rubber grips on the handlebar for damage, wear, and looseness.

**Info**
The rubber grips are vulcanized onto a sleeve on the left and onto the handle tube of the throttle grip on the right. The left sleeve is clamped onto the handlebar. The rubber grip can only be replaced with the sleeve or the throttle tube.

- If a rubber grip is damaged, worn, or loose:
  - Change the rubber grip.
- Check that screw 1 is firmly seated.

**Guideline**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Screw, fixed grip</th>
<th>M4</th>
<th>5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)</th>
<th>Loctite® 243™</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diamond 2 must be located at the top.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
14.1 Checking play of handbrake lever

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** The brake system fails in the event of overheating.

If there is no free travel on the hand brake lever, pressure builds up on the front brake circuit.

- Set the free travel on the hand brake lever in accordance with the specification.

- Push the handbrake lever forwards and check play A.

  | Play of hand brake lever | 3 ... 5 mm (0.12 ... 0.2 in) |

- If the play does not meet specifications:
  - Adjust the play of the hand brake lever. (p. 62)

14.2 Adjusting the play of the hand brake lever

- Check the play of the handbrake lever. (p. 62)

- Adjust the play of the hand brake lever using adjusting screw 1.

  **Guideline**

  | Play of hand brake lever | 3 ... 5 mm (0.12 ... 0.2 in) |

14.3 Adjusting the basic position of the hand brake lever

- Remove screw 1. Take off cover 2.

- Check the play of the handbrake lever. (p. 62)

- Adjust the basic position of the hand brake lever with adjusting screw 3 to the rider's hand size.
14.4 Checking the brake discs

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents**  Worn-out brake discs reduce the braking effect.

- Make sure that worn-out brake discs are replaced immediately. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

- Check the front and rear brake disc thickness at multiple points for the dimension A.

**Info**

Wear reduces the thickness of the brake disc around the contact surface of the brake linings.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Brake discs - wear limits</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>front</td>
<td>2.2 mm (0.087 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rear</td>
<td>2.2 mm (0.087 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- If the brake disc thickness is less than the specified value:
  - Change the front brake disc.
  - Change the rear brake disc.

- Check the front and rear brake discs for damage, cracking, and deformation.

  - If the brake disc exhibits damage, cracking, or deformation:
    - Change the front brake disc.
    - Change the rear brake disc.
14.5 Checking the front brake fluid level

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents**  An insufficient brake fluid level will cause the brake system to fail. If the brake fluid level drops below the specified marking or the specified value, the brake system is leaking or the brake linings are worn down.

- Check the brake system and do not continue riding until the problem is eliminated. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

**Warning**

**Skin irritation**  Brake fluid causes skin irritation.

- Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
- Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
- If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents**  Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.

- Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

**Note**

**Environmental hazard**  Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

- Dispose of oils, grease, cleaning agents, brake fluid etc. properly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

**Info**

Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and brake lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid. Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint. Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.

- Move the brake fluid reservoir mounted on the handlebar to a horizontal position.
- Remove screws 1.
- Take off cover 2 with membrane 3.
- Check the brake fluid level.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Brake fluid level below reservoir rim</th>
<th>5 mm (0.2 in)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- If the brake fluid level does not meet specifications:
  - Add front brake fluid. (p. 65)
  - Position the cover with the membrane. Mount and tighten the screws.
14.6 Adding front brake fluid

Warning
Danger of accidents  An insufficient brake fluid level will cause the brake system to fail.
If the brake fluid level drops below the specified marking or the specified value, the brake system is leaking or the brake linings are worn down.
– Check the brake system and do not continue riding until the problem is eliminated. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

Warning
Skin irritation  Brake fluid causes skin irritation.
– Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
– Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
– Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
– Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
– Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
– Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
– If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.

Warning
Danger of accidents  Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.
– Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

Note
Environmental hazard  Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.
– Dispose of oils, grease, cleaning agents, brake fluid etc. properly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Info
Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and brake lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.
Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint.
Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.

Preparatory work
– Check the front brake linings. (☞ p. 66)
14 BRAKE SYSTEM

Main work
– Move the brake fluid reservoir mounted on the handlebar to a horizontal position.
– Remove screws 1.
– Take off cover 2 with membrane 3.
– Correct the brake fluid level.

Guideline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Brake fluid level below reservoir rim</th>
<th>5 mm (0.2 in)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (p. 98)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
– Position the cover with the membrane. Mount and tighten the screws.

Info
Immediately clean up any brake fluid that has overflowed or spilled using water.

14.7 Checking the front brake linings

Warning
Danger of accidents Worn-out brake linings reduce the braking effect.
– Ensure that worn-out brake linings are replaced immediately. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

– Check the brake linings for minimum thickness A.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum thickness A</th>
<th>≥ 1 mm (≥ 0.04 in)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
> If the minimum thickness is less than specified:
  – Change the brake linings of the front brake. (p. 66)
> Check the brake linings for damage and cracking.
  > If damage or wear is encountered:
    – Change the brake linings of the front brake. (p. 66)

14.8 Changing the brake linings of the front brake

Warning
Danger of accidents Incorrect servicing will cause the brake system to fail.
– Ensure that service work and repairs are performed professionally. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)
Warning
Skin irritation  Brake fluid causes skin irritation.
–  Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
–  Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
–  Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
–  Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
–  Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
–  Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
–  If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.

Warning
Danger of accidents  Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.
–  Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

Warning
Danger of accidents  Brake linings which have not been approved alter the braking efficiency.
Not all brake linings are tested and approved for KTM motorcycles. The structure and friction coefficient of the brake linings, and thus their brake power, may vary greatly from that of original brake linings. If brake linings are used that differ from the original equipment, compliance with the original homologation is not guaranteed. In this case, the vehicle no longer corresponds to its condition at delivery and the manufacturer warranty shall be void.
–  Only use brake linings approved and recommended by KTM.

Note
Environmental hazard  Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.
–  Dispose of oils, grease, cleaning agents, brake fluid etc. properly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Info
Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and brake lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.
Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint.
Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.

Preparatory work
–  Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (p. 45)

Main work
–  Move the brake fluid reservoir mounted on the handlebar to a horizontal position.
–  Remove screws 1.
–  Take off cover 2 with membrane 3.

Warning
Danger of accidents  Brake linings which have not been approved alter the braking efficiency.
- Remove screw 4 and 5.
- Press back the brake linings by slightly tilting the brake caliper laterally on the brake disc. Carefully pull the brake caliper backward from the brake disc.
- Press the brake piston back into the basic position and ensure that brake fluid does not flow out of the brake fluid reservoir, extracting some if necessary.

- Remove lock ring 6.
- Remove screw 7.
- Remove the brake linings.
- Clean the brake caliper and the brake caliper bracket.
- Position the new brake linings.

**Info**
Always change the brake linings in pairs. Ensure that the brake linings are correctly positioned in the holding spring.

- Mount and tighten screw 7.

**Guideline**

| Screw, brake linings | M5 | 8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft) |

- Mount lock ring 6.

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.
- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
- Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.

- Check the brake discs. (p. 63)
- Position the brake caliper, mount screw 4, and tighten.

**Guideline**

| Screw, front brake caliper | M8x60 | 20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft) | Loctite®243™ |

- Mount and tighten screw 5.

**Guideline**

| Screw, front brake caliper | M8x40 | 20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft) | Loctite®243™ |
– Check the brake fluid level and correct if necessary.

Guideline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Brake fluid level below reservoir rim</th>
<th>5 mm (0.2 in)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (p. 98)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

– Position cover 2 with membrane 3.
– Mount and tighten screws 1.

Info

Immediately clean up any brake fluid that has overflowed or spilled using water.

Finishing work

– Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (p. 45)

### 14.9 Checking the free travel of the foot brake lever

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents**  The brake system fails in the event of overheating.

If there is no free travel on the foot brake lever, pressure builds up in the brake system on the rear brake.

– Set the free travel on the foot brake lever in accordance with the specification.

– Disconnect spring 1.
– Move the foot brake lever back and forth between the end stop and the foot brake cylinder piston bracket and check free travel A.

Guideline

| Free travel of foot brake lever | 3 ... 5 mm (0.12 ... 0.2 in) |

» If the free travel does not meet specifications:

– Adjust the free travel of the hand brake lever. (p. 69)
– Attach spring 1.

### 14.10 Adjusting the free travel of the foot brake lever

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents**  The brake system fails in the event of overheating.

If there is no free travel on the foot brake lever, pressure builds up in the brake system on the rear brake.

– Set the free travel on the foot brake lever in accordance with the specification.
14 BRAKE SYSTEM

14.11 Adjusting the basic position of the foot brake lever

Warning

Danger of accidents  The brake system fails in the event of overheating.

If there is no free travel on the foot brake lever, pressure builds up in the brake system on the rear brake.

– Set the free travel on the foot brake lever in accordance with the specification.

– Detach the foot brake lever spring.
– Loosen nut 1.
– Turn back push rod 2 until free travel is at a maximum.
– For an individual adjustment of the basic position of the foot brake lever, loosen the screw 3 and turn the eccentric brake lever stop 4 accordingly.
– Tighten screw 3.

Guideline

Remaining screws, chassis M6 10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)

– Turn push rod 2 accordingly until you have free travel A.

Guideline

Free travel of foot brake lever 3 … 5 mm (0.12 … 0.2 in)

– Hold push rod 2 and tighten nut 1.
– Attach the foot brake lever spring.
– Check whether the basic position of the foot brake lever is suitable for the rider.

» When the basic position of the foot brake lever needs to be adjusted:
– Adjust the basic position of the foot brake lever. ️ (p. 70)
14.12 Checking the rear brake fluid level

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** An insufficient brake fluid level will cause the brake system to fail.

If the brake fluid level drops below the specified marking or the specified value, the brake system is leaking or the brake linings are worn down.

- Check the brake system and ensure that nobody drives the vehicle before the problem is eliminated.  
  (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.

- Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule.  
  (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

14.13 Adding rear brake fluid

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** An insufficient brake fluid level will cause the brake system to fail.

If the brake fluid level drops below the specified marking or the specified value, the brake system is leaking or the brake linings are worn down.

- Check the brake system and ensure that nobody drives the vehicle before the problem is eliminated.  
  (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

**Warning**

**Skin irritation** Brake fluid causes skin irritation.

- Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
- Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
- If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.

- Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule.  
  (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)
Note

Environmental hazard  Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.
  – Dispose of oils, grease, cleaning agents, brake fluid etc. properly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Info

Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and brake lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.
Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint.
Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.

Preparatory work
  – Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (p. 45)
  – Check the brake linings of the rear brake. (p. 72)

Main work
  – Remove screws 1.
  – Take off cover 2 with washer 3 and membrane 4.
  – Add brake fluid up to level A.

Guideline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level A (brake fluid level below reservoir rim)</th>
<th>10 mm (0.39 in)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (p. 98)
  – Position cover with washer and membrane.
  – Mount and tighten the screws.

Info

Immediately clean up any brake fluid that has overflowed or spilled using water.

Finishing work
  – Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (p. 45)

14.14 Checking the brake linings of the rear brake

Warning

Danger of accidents  Worn-out brake linings reduce the braking effect.
  – Ensure that worn-out brake linings are replaced immediately. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)
14.15 Changing the rear brake linings

Warning
Danger of accidents Incorrect servicing will cause the brake system to fail.
– Ensure that service work and repairs are performed professionally. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

Warning
Skin irritation Brake fluid causes skin irritation.
– Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
– Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
– Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
– Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
– Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
– Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
– If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.

Warning
Danger of accidents Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.
– Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

Warning
Danger of accidents Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.
– Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
– Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.

Warning
Danger of accidents Brake linings which have not been approved alter the braking efficiency.
Not all brake linings are tested and approved for KTM motorcycles. The structure and friction coefficient of the brake linings, and thus their brake power, may vary greatly from that of original brake linings. If brake linings are used that differ from the original equipment, compliance with the original homologation is not guaranteed. In this case, the vehicle no longer corresponds to its condition at delivery and the manufacturer warranty shall be void.
– Only use brake linings approved and recommended by KTM.

– Check the brake linings for minimum thickness \( A \).

| Minimum thickness \( A \) | \( \geq 1 \text{ mm} \) (\( \geq 0.04 \text{ in} \)) |

– If the minimum thickness is less than specified:
  – Change the rear brake linings. (\( \rightarrow \) p. 73)
– Check the brake linings for damage and cracking.
  – If damage or wear is encountered:
    – Change the rear brake linings. (\( \rightarrow \) p. 73)
Note

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.
- Dispose of oils, grease, cleaning agents, brake fluid etc. properly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Info

Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and brake lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.
Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint.
Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.

Preparatory work
- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (p. 45)

Main work
- Remove lock ring 1.
- Remove screw 2.
- Remove screw 3 and screw 4.
- Take off the brake caliper.

Info
- Do not kink or damage the brake line.
- Remove the brake linings.
- Clean the brake caliper and the brake caliper bracket.
- Allow the brake caliper and the brake line to hang loosely to the side.
- Check the brake discs. (p. 63)
- Remove screws 5.
- Take off cover 6 with washer 7 and membrane 8.
- Press the brake piston back into the basic position and ensure that brake fluid does not flow out of the brake fluid reservoir, extracting some if necessary.

- Position the new brake linings.

Info
- Always change the brake linings in pairs.
  Ensure that the brake linings are correctly positioned in the holding spring.
- Position the brake caliper on the brake disc.
  The brake linings are correctly positioned.
- Mount and tighten screw 3.  
  Guideline  
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Screw, rear brake caliper</th>
<th>M6x16</th>
<th>10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Loctite®243™</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Mount and tighten screw 4.  
  Guideline  
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Screw, rear brake caliper</th>
<th>M6x40</th>
<th>10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Loctite®243™</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Mount and tighten screw 2.  
  Guideline  
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Screw, brake linings</th>
<th>M5</th>
<th>8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- Mount lock ring 1.  

- Operate the foot brake lever repeatedly until the brake linings are in contact with the brake disc and there is a pressure point.

- Add brake fluid up to level A.  
  Guideline  
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level A (brake fluid level below reservoir rim)</th>
<th>10 mm (0.39 in)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

  Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (p. 98)

- Position cover with washer and membrane.
- Mount and tighten the screws.

---

**Info**

Immediately clean up any brake fluid that has overflowed or spilled using water.

---

**Finishing work**

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (p. 45)
15.1 Removing the front wheel

Preparatory work
– Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (p. 45)

Main work
– Remove screw 1.
– Loosen screws 2.

Warning
Danger of accidents Damaged brake discs reduce the braking effect.
– Always lay the wheel down in such a way that the brake disc is not damaged.
– Hold the front wheel and remove the wheel spindle. Take the front wheel out of the fork.

Info
Do not actuate the hand brake lever when the front wheel is removed.
– Remove spacers 3.

15.2 Installing the front wheel

Warning
Danger of accidents Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.
– Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
– Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.
Check the wheel bearing for damage and wear.

- If the wheel bearing is damaged or worn:
  - Change front wheel bearing.
- Clean and grease the contact surfaces A of the spacers.

**Long-life grease (p. 99)**

- Insert the spacers.

- Clean and grease the wheel spindle.

**Long-life grease (p. 99)**

- Position the front wheel.
  - The brake linings are correctly positioned.
- Insert the wheel spindle.

- Mount and tighten screw 1.

**Guideline**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Screw, front wheel spindle</th>
<th>M10</th>
<th>40 Nm (29.5 lbf ft)</th>
<th>Loctite® 243™</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- Operate the hand brake lever several times until the brake linings are seated correctly against the brake disc.
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (p. 45)
- Operate the front brake and compress the fork a few times firmly.
  - The fork legs straighten.
- Tighten screws 2.

**Guideline**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Screw, fork stub</th>
<th>M6</th>
<th>10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### 15.3 Removing the rear wheel

**Preparatory work**

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (p. 45)

**Main work**

- Remove nut 1.
- Take off chain adjuster 2.
15 WHEELS, TIRES

- Pull out wheel spindle 3 far enough to allow the rear wheel to be pushed forward.
- Push the rear wheel forward as far as possible. Remove the chain from the rear sprocket.

**Info**
Cover the components to protect them against damage.

**Warning**
*Danger of accidents* Damaged brake discs reduce the braking effect.
- Always lay the wheel down in such a way that the brake disc is not damaged.

- Hold the rear wheel and remove the wheel spindle. Take the rear wheel out of the link fork.

**Info**
Do not operate the foot brake lever when the rear wheel is removed.

- Remove spacers 4.

15.4 Installing the rear wheel

**Warning**
*Danger of accidents* Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.
- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
- Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.

**Main work**
- Check the wheel bearing for damage and wear.
  - If the wheel bearing is damaged or worn:
    - Change the rear wheel bearing.
- Clean and grease the contact surfaces A of the spacers. Long-life grease (p. 99)
- Insert the spacers.

**Info**
Insert the wide spacer on the left in the direction of travel.
– Clean and grease wheel spindle 1

**Long-life grease (p. 99)**

– Position the rear wheel and insert wheel spindle.
  ✔ The brake linings are correctly positioned.
– Mount the chain.
– Position chain adjuster 2 on both sides and push the wheel spindle in all the way.

– Mount nut 3, but do not tighten it yet.

– Make sure that the chain adjusters are fitted correctly on the adjusting screws.
– Check the chain tension. (p. 56)
– Tighten nut 3.

**Guideline**

| Nut, rear wheel spindle | M12x1 | 40 Nm (29.5 lbf ft) |

– Operate the foot brake lever repeatedly until the brake linings are in contact with the brake disc and there is a pressure point.

**Finishing work**
– Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (p. 45)

## 15.5 Checking the tire condition

**Info**

Only mount tires approved and/or recommended by KTM. Other tires could have a negative effect on handling characteristics.
The type, condition, and pressure of the tires all have a major impact on the handling characteristic of the motorcycle.

The tires mounted on the front and rear wheels must have a similar profile.
Worn tires have a negative effect on handling characteristics, especially on wet surfaces.

– Check the front and rear tires for cuts, embedded objects, and other damage.
  » If the tires have cuts, run-in objects, or other damage:
    – Change the tires.
15.6 Checking tire pressure

**Info**

Low tire pressure leads to abnormal wear and overheating of the tire. Correct tire pressure ensures optimal riding comfort and maximum tire service life.

- Remove protection cap.
- Check tire pressure when the tires are cold.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Offroad tire pressure</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>front</td>
<td>1.0 bar (15 psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rear</td>
<td>1.0 bar (15 psi)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- If the tire pressure does not meet specifications:
  - Correct tire pressure.
  - Mount the protection cap.

15.7 Checking spoke tension

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** Incorrectly tensioned spokes impair the handling characteristic and result in secondary damage.

The spokes break due to being overloaded if they are too tightly tensioned. If the tension in the spokes is too low, then lateral and radial run-out will form in the wheel. Other spokes will become looser as a result.

- Check spoke tension regularly, and in particular on a new vehicle. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)
- Strike each spoke briefly using a screwdriver blade.

**Info**
The frequency of the sound depends on the spoke length and spoke diameter. If you hear different tone frequencies from different spokes of equal length and diameter, this is an indication of different spoke tensions.

You should hear a high note.

» If the spoke tension differs:
  - Correct the spoke tension.

- Check the spoke torque.

**Guideline**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spoke nipple</th>
<th>M3.5</th>
<th>3 Nm (2.2 lbf ft)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Torque wrench kit (58429094000)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
16.1 Overview of battery charger

1 Battery charger
2 Carrying handle
3 Power cord
4 Charging cable

16.2 Positioning the battery charger

**Warning**

**Risk of injury** If the battery charger is used incorrectly, its intrinsic safety cannot be guaranteed.

The battery charger is only suitable for use with a Powerpack HV.
- Only use the battery charger with a Powerpack HV.
- Only operate the battery charger using household sockets with a ground conductor.
- Do not use any additional adapters or extensions.
- Follow the applicable safety instructions of the power connection.

**Warning**

**Risk of injury** There is a risk of electric shock if the battery charger or the cables have been manipulated or damaged.

The battery charger does not contain any parts which require maintenance.
- Do not modify the battery charger or the cables.
- Only use original cables.
- Never open the battery charger housing.
- Do not insert any objects into the battery charger housing from the outside.
- Do not use the battery charger if cables, plugs, or parts of the battery charger have been damaged or are soiled.

**Info**

The battery charger contains sensitive electronics and must be handled with appropriate care.
The battery charger may be damaged or destroyed if it is dropped, knocked or otherwise subject to mechanical overload.
When transporting the battery charger, ensure appropriate means of securing the cargo.
Damage caused due to improper handling or improper transport is excluded from the manufacturer warranty.
The battery charger only meets **IP66** when the original power cord is being used.
Place the battery charger on a firm, level, and horizontal surface.

**Info**
Despite IP66, the battery charger should only be used in a dry environment, as moisture may penetrate into the interior when connecting and disconnecting the connections.

Check the battery charger and mains cable for external damage.

Ensure the battery charger is adequately ventilated.

Use the battery charger in the temperature range permitted.

**Guideline**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ambient temperature</th>
<th>~20 ... 50 °C (~4 ... 122 °F)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Temperature range of the Powerpack LV</td>
<td>0 ... 50 °C (32 ... 122 °F)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Do not operate the battery charger directly in a warm environment if it has previously been stored in a cold environment.

**Info**
The change in temperature can cause moisture to condense on the battery charger.

Ensure that the power plug for the battery charger always remains easily accessible.

### 16.3 Charging the Powerpack LV

**Caution**

**Danger of burns** The metal housing of the battery charger becomes hot during operation.

- Only touch the battery charger by the carrying handle.
- After charging, allow the battery charger to cool before stowing it away.

**Note**

**Material damage** The power supply will be damaged in the event of an overload.

- Ensure that the power outlet can supply the steady current required and is protected by a suitable fuse.
  
  | Fuse protection at mains voltage 100 V minimum | 15 A |
  | Fuse protection at mains voltage 120 V minimum | 13 A |
  | Fuse protection at mains voltage 230 V minimum | 10 A |

**Note**

**Environmental hazard** A lithium-ion battery (Powerpack HV) contains components and elements that are harmful to the environment.

- Never throw a Powerpack HV into the household trash.
- Dispose of the Powerpack HV properly and in compliance with the applicable regulations. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)
Info
Do not activate the vehicle while the battery charger is connected to the Powerpack LV. If the vehicle is activated during the charging process, the vehicle switches to the fault state.

Info
If the temperature of the Powerpack LV exceeds the permissible value while it is being charged, the battery charger stops charging. The fault is displayed on the multifunctional element. After the temperature of the Powerpack LV returns to the permissible range, charging is resumed automatically.

Preparatory work
– Position the battery charger. ([p. 82])
– Press and hold the On/Off button until the multifunctional element goes out.
– Remove the magnetic switch from the holder on the handlebar.

Main work
– Remove charging socket protection cap 1.

– Remove charging plug protection cap 2.

– Make sure that all plugs, bushings, and cables are dry.

Warning
Risk of injury The intrinsic safety of the Powerpack HV can only be guaranteed if the original battery charger is used. The Powerpack HV may only be charged with the original battery charger.
– Only use the original battery charger to charge the Powerpack HV.

– Connect the battery charger to the Powerpack LV.

Guideline
Observe plug marking A.
Insert the plug straight so that the contacts are not bent.
– Connect the power plug for the battery charger to the mains connection.
  ✔ Charging starts automatically.
  ✔ The multifunctional element indicates the charging level.
– Monitor the charging level of the Powerpack LV on the multifunctional element (p. 20).

**Info**

It is recommended not to leave the vehicle unattended for long periods during charging. When charging is complete, three beeps are emitted and all segments of the charging level indicator light up continuously.

– Press and hold the On/Off button until the multifunctional element goes out.

– Make sure that all plugs, bushings, and cables are dry.

– Disconnect the battery charger power plug from the mains connection.

– Unlock the charging plug lock counterclockwise and disconnect the charging cable from the Powerpack LV.

**Guideline**

Pull on the structured part of the plug. Do not pull on the cable.

– Mount charging plug protection cap 2.
– Check charging socket protection cap 1.
  » If the charging socket protection cap is dirty:
    – Clean the charging socket protection cap without water or compressed air.
  » If the charging socket protection cap is damaged or worn:
    – Change the charging socket protection cap.
– Mount the charging socket protection cap.
17.1 Cooling

The Powerpack LV 1 and the electric motor 2 are air-cooled. Cooling is effected by the air stream. The lower the speed, the less the cooling effect. Dirty cooling fins also reduce the cooling effect.
18.1 Cleaning the motorcycle

Note
Material damage Components become damaged or destroyed if a pressure cleaner is used incorrectly. The high pressure forces water into the electrical components, connectors, throttle cables, and bearings, etc. Pressure which is too high causes malfunctions and destroys components.
- Do not direct the water jet directly on to electrical components, connectors, throttle cables or bearings.
- Maintain a minimum distance between the nozzle of the pressure cleaner and the component.
  Minimum clearance 60 cm (23.6 in)

Note
Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.
- Dispose of oils, grease, cleaning agents, brake fluid etc. properly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Info
Clean the motorcycle regularly to maintain its value and appearance over a long period. Avoid direct sunshine when cleaning the motorcycle.

- Remove the coarse dirt particles with a gentle water jet.
- Spray the heavily soiled parts with a normal commercial motorcycle cleaner and clean using a brush.

Motorcycle cleaner (p. 99)

Info
Use warm water containing normal motorcycle cleaner and a soft sponge. Never apply motorcycle cleaner to the dry motorcycle. Always rinse the motorcycle with water before use.

- After rinsing the motorcycle with a gentle spray of water, allow it to dry thoroughly.

Warning
Danger of accidents Moisture and dirt impair the brake system.
- Explain to your child that he or she must brake carefully several times to dry out and remove dirt from the brake linings and the brake discs.
- After cleaning, your child should ride a short distance until the brake system has dried through careful braking.

Info
The heat causes the water to evaporate even in inaccessible parts of the vehicle.

- After the motorcycle has cooled down, lubricate all moving parts and pivot points.
- Clean the chain. (p. 56)
- Treat bare metal (except for brake discs) with a corrosion inhibitor.

  Preserving materials for paints, metal and rubber (p. 99)

- Treat all plastic parts and powder-coated parts with a mild cleaning and care product.

  Special cleaner for glossy and matte paint finishes, metal and plastic surfaces (p. 99)
19.1 Storage

**Info**
If you plan to garage the motorcycle for a longer period, perform the following steps or have them performed.

Before storing the motorcycle, check all parts for function and wear. If service, repairs, or replacements are necessary, you should do this during the storage period (less workshop overload). In this way, you can avoid long workshop waiting times at the start of the new season.

- Clean the motorcycle. (p. 88)
- Check tire pressure. (p. 80)
- Charge the Powerpack LV. (p. 83)

**Guideline**

- Stop charging at 30%.
- The last segment lights up yellow.

**Tip**

- If necessary, ride the vehicle to deplete the Powerpack LV sufficiently.

- Store the vehicle in a dry location that is not subject to large fluctuations in temperature.

**Guideline**

| Ideal storage temperature | 10 ... 20 °C (50 ... 68 °F) |

**Info**

- KTM recommends jacking up the motorcycle.

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (p. 45)

- Cover the motorcycle with a tarp or cover that is permeable to air.

**Info**

- Do not use non-porous materials since they prevent humidity from escaping, thus causing corrosion.

19.2 Preparing for use after storage

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (p. 45)
- Charge the Powerpack LV. (p. 83)
- Perform checks and maintenance measures when preparing for use. (p. 24)
- Take a test ride.
Faults are indicated by malfunction indicator lamp 1 and by acoustic signals that sound at the same time.

**Tip**
As a first measure for all faults, switch off the vehicle using the On/Off button, wait 1 minute, and switch it on again. If a fault is not eliminated by the measures specified here, or a blink code is not listed, an authorized KTM workshop will be happy to help you.

**Info**
The pause between the signals of the 1st digit is 0.25 seconds.
The pause between the 1st and 2nd digits is 1 second.
The pause between the signals of the 2nd digit is also 0.25 seconds.
The pause until the blink code repeats is 3 seconds.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Faults</th>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Blink code 11</td>
<td>Fault in the throttle grip</td>
<td>– Check the throttle grip for damage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blink code 12</td>
<td>Fault in the throttle grip</td>
<td>– Check the throttle grip for damage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blink code 14</td>
<td>Throttle grip actuated during activation</td>
<td>– Do not operate the throttle grip during activation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blink code 24</td>
<td>System temperature too high</td>
<td>– Allow the vehicle to cool down, clean the cooling surfaces.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blink code 31</td>
<td>Fault during charging</td>
<td>– Disconnect the battery charger from the vehicle and mains connection, wait 1 minute, restart the charging process.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blink code 33</td>
<td>System temperature too high</td>
<td>– Allow the vehicle to cool down, clean the cooling surfaces.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blink code 34</td>
<td>System temperature too low</td>
<td>– Park the vehicle in a warmer environment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blink code 41</td>
<td>Vehicle moved during activation</td>
<td>– Do not move the vehicle during activation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blink code 42</td>
<td>Motor speed outside the permissible range</td>
<td>– Do not roll backward with the vehicle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blink code 43</td>
<td>System temperature too high</td>
<td>– Allow the vehicle to cool down, clean the cooling surfaces.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blink code 71</td>
<td>Fault during charging</td>
<td>– Disconnect the battery charger from the vehicle and mains connection, wait 1 minute, restart the charging process.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>– Replace the charging cable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blink code 73</td>
<td>Fault during charging</td>
<td>– Disconnect the battery charger from the vehicle and mains connection, wait 1 minute, restart the charging process.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>– Replace the charging cable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blink code 83</td>
<td>Transport mode activated</td>
<td>– Deactivate transport mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blink code 85</td>
<td>Fault during charging</td>
<td>– Disconnect the battery charger from the vehicle and mains connection, wait 1 minute, restart the charging process.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>– Replace the charging cable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faults</td>
<td>Possible cause</td>
<td>Action</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>-------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Blink code 88 | Fault in the On/Off button | – Deactivate the vehicle, wait 4 minutes, reactivate the vehicle.  
|               |                         | – Check the On/Off button for damage.          |
## 21.1 Engine

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Design</th>
<th>Brushless DC motor</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nominal power</td>
<td>2 kW (3 hp)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum electric power</td>
<td>5 kW (7 hp)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recuperation</td>
<td>available in ride modes 3 &amp; 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum torque depending on ride mode approx.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ride mode 1</td>
<td>6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ride mode 2</td>
<td>9 Nm (6.6 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ride mode 3</td>
<td>10.5 Nm (7.74 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ride mode 4</td>
<td>12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ride mode 5</td>
<td>13.8 Nm (10.18 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ride mode 6</td>
<td>13.8 Nm (10.18 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Theoretical maximum speed (unloaded)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ride mode 1</td>
<td>12 km/h (7.5 mph)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ride mode 2</td>
<td>21 km/h (13 mph)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ride mode 3</td>
<td>50 km/h (31.1 mph)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ride mode 4</td>
<td>71 km/h (44.1 mph)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ride mode 5</td>
<td>73 km/h (45.4 mph)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ride mode 6</td>
<td>73 km/h (45.4 mph)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum motor speed</td>
<td>6,000 rpm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooling</td>
<td>Air cooling</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## 21.2 Chassis

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frame</th>
<th>Central tube frame of chrome molybdenum steel tubing, powder-coated</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fork</td>
<td>WP XACT 5235</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shock absorber</td>
<td>WP XACT 5735</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suspension travel</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>front</td>
<td>205 mm (8.07 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rear</td>
<td>185 mm (7.28 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fork offset</td>
<td>22 mm (0.87 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brake system</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>front</td>
<td>Disc brake with 4-piston brake caliper</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rear</td>
<td>Disc brake with 2-piston brake caliper</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brake disc diameters</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>front</td>
<td>160 mm (6.3 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rear</td>
<td>160 mm (6.3 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brake discs - wear limits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>front</td>
<td>2.2 mm (0.087 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rear</td>
<td>2.2 mm (0.087 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Offroad tire pressure</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>front</td>
<td>1.0 bar (15 psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rear</td>
<td>1.0 bar (15 psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary drive ratio</td>
<td>08:46</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Chain

1/2 x 3/16”

## Rear sprockets available

45, 46, 47

## Steering head angle

66°

## Wheelbase

1,032 ± 10 mm (40.63 ± 0.39 in)

## Seat height unloaded

615 ... 665 mm (24.21 ... 26.18 in)

## Ground clearance unloaded

207 ... 252 mm (8.15 ... 9.92 in)

## Ready-to-ride weight approx.

40.5 kg (89.3 lb.)

## 21.3 Electrical system

| Air-cooled lithium-ion battery (Powerpack LV) | 45445053200 | Voltage (nominal): 43.2 V
| | | Capacity: 907 Wh
| | | Approx. charging time, 0% to 80%: 45 min
| | | Approx. charging time, 0% to 100%: 70 min
| | | Maintenance-free
| Battery charger for Powerpack LV 45429074000 | Nominal voltage: 100 ... 240 V
| | | Grid frequency: 50 ... 60 Hz
| | | Power: 900 W

## 21.4 Tires

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Front tire</th>
<th>Rear tire</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>60/100 - 12 36M TT MAXXIS MAXX CROSS SI</td>
<td>2.75 - 10 38J TT MAXXIS MAXX CROSS SI</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The tires specified represent one of the possible series production tires. Additional information is available in the Service section under: http://www.ktm.com

## 21.5 Fork

| Fork article number | 07.18.6U.02 |
| Fork | WP XACT 5235 |

| Rebound damping |
| Comfort | 15 clicks |
| Standard | 12 clicks |
| Sport | 10 clicks |

| Air pressure | 2 bar (29 psi) |
| Fork length | 685 mm (26.97 in) |
| Spring length with preload spacer(s) | 337.5 mm (13.287 in) |

| Oil capacity external mechanism left | 25 ± 5 ml (0.85 ± 0.17 fl. oz.) |
| Oil capacity, right cartridge | 225 ml (7.61 fl. oz.) |
| Grease capacity, left cartridge | 6 g (0.21 oz) |
### 21.6 Shock absorber

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Specification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Shock absorber article number</td>
<td>03.18.7U.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shock absorber</td>
<td>WP XACT 5735</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low-speed compression damping</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comfort</td>
<td>18 clicks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard</td>
<td>15 clicks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sport</td>
<td>12 clicks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High-speed compression damping</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comfort</td>
<td>2.5 turns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard</td>
<td>2 turns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sport</td>
<td>1.5 turns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rebound damping</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comfort</td>
<td>17 clicks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard</td>
<td>15 clicks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sport</td>
<td>13 clicks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring preload</td>
<td>3 mm (0.12 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring rate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight of rider: 15 ... 25 kg (33 ... 55 lb.)</td>
<td>25 N/mm (143 lb/in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight of rider (standard): 25 ... 35 kg (55 ... 77 lb.)</td>
<td>30 N/mm (171 lb/in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight of rider: 35 ... 45 kg (77 ... 99 lb.)</td>
<td>35 N/mm (200 lb/in)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Spring length</td>
<td>130 mm (5.12 in)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gas pressure</td>
<td>10 bar (145 psi)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Static sag</td>
<td>12 mm (0.47 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Riding sag</td>
<td>80 mm (3.15 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fitted length</td>
<td>275 mm (10.83 in)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Shock absorber fluid</td>
<td>(50180751S1)</td>
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### 21.7 Chassis tightening torques

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<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Torque Specification</th>
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<tr>
<td>Screw, brake line clamp on fork protector</td>
<td>EJOT PT®K60x20-AL</td>
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<tr>
<td>Screw, brake line clamp on link fork</td>
<td>EJOT SF®M5x10-K</td>
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<tr>
<td>Screw, magnetic switch on handlebar</td>
<td>M3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Spoke nipple</td>
<td>M3.5</td>
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<tr>
<td>Screw, fixed grip</td>
<td>M4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, throttle grip</td>
<td>M4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remaining nuts, chassis</td>
<td>M5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remaining screws, chassis</td>
<td>M5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, brake linings</td>
<td>M5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nut, push rod ball joint on foot brake cylinder</td>
<td>M6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Loctite®243™
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Description</th>
<th>Thread Size</th>
<th>Torque (Nm)</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nut, push rod, foot brake lever</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rear fairing screw</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remaining nuts, chassis</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remaining screws, chassis</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, chain sliding guard</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>3 Nm (2.2 lbf ft)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, fender</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, fork stub</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, front brake disc</td>
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<tr>
<td>Screw, rear brake caliper</td>
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<td>Screw, subframe connection</td>
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<td>Threaded adapter for front fairing</td>
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<td>8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)</td>
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<td>Nut, foot brake lever</td>
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<td>Nut, rim lock</td>
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</tr>
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<td>Remaining nuts, chassis</td>
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<td>25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)</td>
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<td>Remaining screws, chassis</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, bottom triple clamp</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, chain sliding piece</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Screw, engine bracket</td>
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<td>Screw, front brake caliper</td>
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<td>Screw, front brake caliper</td>
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<td>20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)</td>
<td>Loctite® 243™</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, handlebar clamp</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)</td>
<td>Loctite® 243™</td>
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<tr>
<td>Screw, Powerpack LV front</td>
<td>M8x25</td>
<td>20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)</td>
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<td>Screw, Powerpack LV rear</td>
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<td>Screw, rear sprocket</td>
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<td>25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)</td>
<td>Loctite® 243™</td>
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<tr>
<td>Screw, steering stem</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)</td>
<td>Loctite® 243™</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, subframe</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>30 Nm (22.1 lbf ft)</td>
<td>Loctite® 243™</td>
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<tr>
<td>Screw, top triple clamp</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)</td>
<td>Loctite® 243™</td>
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<tr>
<td>Remaining nuts, chassis</td>
<td>M10</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Remaining screws, chassis</td>
<td>M10</td>
<td>45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, bottom shock absorber</td>
<td>M10</td>
<td>45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)</td>
<td>Loctite® 243™</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, front wheel spindle</td>
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<tr>
<td>Component</td>
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<td>Torque (Nm)</td>
<td>Torque (lbf ft)</td>
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<td>-------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>Screw, handlebar support</td>
<td>M10</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>29.5</td>
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<tr>
<td>Screw, top shock absorber</td>
<td>M10</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>33.2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nut, rear wheel spindle</td>
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<td>Nut, swingarm pivot</td>
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<td>Nut, steering head</td>
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*Loctite®243™*
Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard/classification</th>
<th>DOT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Guideline**
- Use only brake fluid that complies with the specified standard (see specifications on the container) and that exhibits the corresponding properties.

**Recommended supplier**
- Castrol
- REACT PERFORMANCE DOT 4
- MOTOREX®
- Brake Fluid DOT 5.1

Fork oil (SAE 4) (48601166S1)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard/classification</th>
<th>SAE (p. 100) (SAE 4)</th>
</tr>
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**Guideline**
- Use only oils that comply with the specified standards (see specifications on the container) and that exhibit the corresponding properties.

Shock absorber fluid (SAE 2.5) (50180751S1)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard/classification</th>
<th>SAE (p. 100) (SAE 2.5)</th>
</tr>
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</table>

**Guideline**
- Use only oils that comply with the specified standards (see specifications on the container) and that exhibit the corresponding properties.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Chain cleaner</strong></th>
<th><strong>Recommended supplier</strong></th>
<th><strong>MOTOREX®</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>– Chain Clean</strong></td>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>High viscosity grease</strong></th>
<th><strong>Recommended supplier</strong></th>
<th><strong>SKF®</strong></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td><strong>– LGHB 2</strong></td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Long-life grease</strong></th>
<th><strong>Recommended supplier</strong></th>
<th><strong>MOTOREX®</strong></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>– Bike Grease 2000</strong></td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Motorcycle cleaner</strong></th>
<th><strong>Recommended supplier</strong></th>
<th><strong>MOTOREX®</strong></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>– Moto Clean</strong></td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Off-road chain spray</strong></th>
<th><strong>Recommended supplier</strong></th>
<th><strong>MOTOREX®</strong></th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>– Chainlube Offroad</strong></td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Preserving materials for paints, metal and rubber</strong></th>
<th><strong>Recommended supplier</strong></th>
<th><strong>MOTOREX®</strong></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>– Moto Protect</strong></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Special cleaner for glossy and matte paint finishes, metal and plastic surfaces</strong></th>
<th><strong>Recommended supplier</strong></th>
<th><strong>MOTOREX®</strong></th>
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</thead>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>– Quick Cleaner</strong></td>
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<tr>
<th><strong>Special grease (00062010053)</strong></th>
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<th><strong>Klüber Lubrication®</strong></th>
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<td><strong>– KLÜBERFOOD NH1 34-401</strong></td>
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<th><strong>Universal oil spray</strong></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>– Joker 440 Synthetic</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAE</td>
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<td>-----</td>
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<tr>
<td>The SAE viscosity classes were defined by the Society of Automotive Engineers and are used for classifying oils according to their viscosity. The viscosity describes only one property of oil and says nothing about quality.</td>
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<td>BIN</td>
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<td>Serial number of the Powerpack HV; this is linked to the vehicle's identification number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abbreviation</td>
<td>Meaning</td>
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</table>
### 27.1 Yellow and orange symbols

Yellow and orange symbols indicate an error condition that requires prompt intervention. Active driving aids are also represented by yellow or orange symbols.

<p>| ![Yellow and orange symbol] | The malfunction indicator lamp flashes – A fault is present in the vehicle electronic system. |</p>
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<td>Accessories</td>
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<td>Air suspension</td>
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<td>Basic chassis setting</td>
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<td>Brake fluid</td>
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<td>of front brake, adding</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>of rear brake, adding</td>
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<tr>
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<td>of the rear brake, checking</td>
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