

Version number: GHS 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 Product identifier Trade name

Adam's Graphene Liquid Wax

Date of compilation: 2023-09-21

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

Vehicle wax Professional use Industrial use 3405.30.00.

HS code

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Adam's Polishes Inc. 8225 North Valley Hwy. Thornton CO 80221 720-484-5059

tips@adamspolishes.com www.adamspolishes.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service

USA 1.800.535.5053, INTL 1.352.323.3500 24 hour emergency number

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Section	Hazard class	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
A.2	skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
A.6	carcinogenicity	Carc. 2	H351
B.6	flammable liquid	Flam. Liq. 4	H227

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. The mixture contains a substance that was identified as a PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic). The mixture contains a substance that was identified as vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative).

Additional information

Contains a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- Signal word warning
- Pictograms

GHS07, GHS08



Safety Data Sheet



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

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- Hazard statements H227 H315 H351	Combustible liquid. Causes skin irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.
- Precautionary stater	nents
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P302+P352	If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
P308+P313	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P321	Specific treatment (see on this label).
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

parachlorobenzotrifluoride

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling

2.3 Other hazards

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Contains a PBT-substance in a concentration of $\ge 0.1\%$. Contains a vPvB-substance in a concentration of $\ge 0.1\%$.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Hazardous ingredients acc. to GHS

-			
Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
odorless mineral spirits	CAS No 64742-48-9	12-<20	Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 STOT SE 3 / H336 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Flam. Liq. 3 / H226
China Clay, calcined	CAS No 66402-68-4	3-<12	Acute Tox. 4 / H332
distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated, light	CAS No 64742-47-8	3-<12	Asp. Tox. 1 / H304
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	CAS No 541-02-6	3-<12	Flam. Liq. 4 / H227
parachlorobenzotrifluoride	CAS No 98-56-6	0.1 - < 1	Skin Sens. 1B / H317 Carc. 2 / H351 Flam. Liq. 3 / H226

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Hazardous ingredients acc. to GHS						
Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS			
1,2-benzothiazol-3-one	CAS No 2634-33-5	0-<0.1	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 Skin Sens. 1 / H317			

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Solvent vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

- Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapors are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.



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- Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

Control of the effects

Protect against external exposure, such as

frost

- Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occup	Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)										
Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	lden- tifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [ppm]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota tion	Sourc e
US	petroleum distil- lates (naphtha) (rubber solvent)	64742- 48-9	PEL	500	2,000						29 CFR 1910.1 000

Notation

STEL

TWA

Ceiling-C ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture							
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of expos- ure	Used in	Exposure time	
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	DNEL	16 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects	
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	97 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects	
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	24 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects	
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	97 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects	
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	24 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects	
parachlorobenzotriflu- oride	98-56-6	DNEL	1 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects	



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Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture							
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of expos- ure	Used in	Exposure time	
parachlorobenzotriflu- oride	98-56-6	DNEL	0.4 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects	
parachlorobenzotriflu- oride	98-56-6	DNEL	18 µg/cm²	human, dermal	worker (industry)	acute - local effects	
1,2-benzothiazol-3- one	2634-33-5	DNEL	6.8 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects	
1,2-benzothiazol-3- one	2634-33-5	DNEL	0.97 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects	

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	10 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	11 ^{mg} / _{kg}	benthic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	13 ^{mg} / _{kg}	(top) predators	water	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	1.1 ^{mg} / _{kg}	pelagic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	1.2 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	0.12 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	10 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	11 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	1.1 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	2.5 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
parachlorobenzotriflu- oride	98-56-6	PNEC	2 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
parachlorobenzotriflu- oride	98-56-6	PNEC	0.2 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
parachlorobenzotriflu- oride	98-56-6	PNEC	0.032 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
parachlorobenzotriflu- oride	98-56-6	PNEC	0.022 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
parachlorobenzotriflu- oride	98-56-6	PNEC	0.002 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)



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Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture							
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time	
parachlorobenzotriflu- oride	98-56-6	PNEC	0.026 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)	
1,2-benzothiazol-3- one	2634-33-5	PNEC	4 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)	
1,2-benzothiazol-3- one	2634-33-5	PNEC	0.4 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)	
1,2-benzothiazol-3- one	2634-33-5	PNEC	1 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)	
1,2-benzothiazol-3- one	2634-33-5	PNEC	50 ^{µg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)	
1,2-benzothiazol-3- one	2634-33-5	PNEC	5 ^{µg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)	
1,2-benzothiazol-3- one	2634-33-5	PNEC	3 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)	

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

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liquid
grey
not relevant (liquid)
mild sweet
not determined
not determined
>65 °C at 1 atm
65 °C at 101 kPa 149 °F at 1 atm
Not determined
not relevant, (fluid)
0.6 vol%
7.6 vol%
32 hPa at 25 °C
0.99 ^g / _{ml}
this information is not available
0.99 at 25 °C (water = 1)
not determined
this information is not available
262 °C (auto-ignition temperature (liquids and gases))
5,050 ^{mm²} / _s at 25 °C
5,000 cP at 25 °C



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Explosive properties	none
Oxidizing properties	none
Temperature class (USA, acc. to NEC 500)	T2B (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 260° C)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE			
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	inhalation: dust/mist	>2.3 ^{mg} / _/ /4h			



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Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture					
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE		
1,2-benzothiazol-3-one	2634-33-5	oral	670 ^{mg} / _{ka}		

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Contains parachlorobenzotrifluoride, 1,2-benzothiazol-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans					
Name of substance CAS No Classification Remarks Number					
parachlorobenzotrifluoride	98-56-6	2B			

Legend 2B

B Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture					
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
odorless mineral spirits	64742-48-9	LL50	8.2 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
odorless mineral spirits	64742-48-9	EL50	4.5 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
decamethylcyclopentas- iloxane	541-02-6	LC50	>16 ^{µg} / _l	fish	96 h



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Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture					
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
decamethylcyclopentas- iloxane	541-02-6	EC50	>2.9 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
parachlorobenzotrifluor- ide	98-56-6	LC50	3 ^{mg} / _l	fish	48 h
parachlorobenzotrifluor- ide	98-56-6	ErC50	>0.41 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h
parachlorobenzotrifluor- ide	98-56-6	EC50	>0.41 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h
1,2-benzothiazol-3-one	2634-33-5	LC50	17 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
1,2-benzothiazol-3-one	2634-33-5	EC50	2.9 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
1,2-benzothiazol-3-one	2634-33-5	ErC50	150 ^{µg} / _l	algae	72 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

		-	-		
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
odorless mineral spirits	64742-48-9	EL50	10 ^{mg} / _l	fish	21 d
odorless mineral spirits	64742-48-9	EC50	15 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	40 h
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	EC50	300 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	3 h
decamethylcyclopentas- iloxane	541-02-6	LC50	>16 ^{µg} / _l	fish	14 d
decamethylcyclopentas- iloxane	541-02-6	EC50	>15 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
parachlorobenzotrifluor- ide	98-56-6	LC50	6.5 ^{mg} / _l	fish	24 h
parachlorobenzotrifluor- ide	98-56-6	EC50	242 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	30 min
1,2-benzothiazol-3-one	2634-33-5	EC50	13 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	3 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

The substance fulfills the very bioaccumulative criterion.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Contains a PBT-substance in a concentration of $\ge 0.1\%$. Contains a vPvB-substance in a concentration of $\ge 0.1\%$.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of \geq 0.1%.



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

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12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SEC.	TION 14: Transport information				
14.1	UN number	not subject to transport regulations			
14.2	UN proper shipping name	not relevant			
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	none			
14.4	Packing group	not assigned			
14.5	Environmental hazards	not assigned			
14.6	Special precautions for user There is no additional information.				
14.7	Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.				
	Information for each of the UN Model Regulations				
	Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT)				

Not subject to transport regulations.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.



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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question National regulations (United States)

Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III)

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

none of the ingredients are listed

Clean Air Act

none of the ingredients are listed

Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK)			
Name of substance	CAS No	Functionality	Authoritative Lists
water	7732-18-5	solvent	
odorless mineral spirits	64742-48-9	solvents	Canada PBiTs EC Annex VI CMRs - Cat. 1B
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	abrasive	
polydimethylsiloxane	63148-62-9	surface modifier	
distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated, light	64742-47-8	solvents	
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	solvents	Canada PBiTs CECBP - Priority Chemicals EC PBTs
methyl alkyl (C25-54, branched and linear) siloxane	189378-12-9	surface modifier	
1-alkenes, C24-54 (branched and linear)	131459-42-2	solvents	
N,N-bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	surfactant	
parachlorobenzotrifluoride	98-56-6	solvents	
Cyclosilazanes, di-Me, Me Hydrogen, polymers with di-Me, Me hydrogen silazanes, and 2,4- TDI	confidential	refractory resin	
Tetrasodium EDTA, anhydrous	64-02-8	chelate / se- questrant	
coumarin	91-64-5	fragrance	EU Fragrance Allergens
2,2'-iminodiethanol	111-42-2	impurity	CA TACs IARC Carcinogens - 2B OEHHA RELs Prop 65
benzyl benzoate	120-51-4	fragrance	EU Fragrance Allergens
Alcohols, C11-15- secondary, ethoxylated	84133-50-6	surfactant	
1,2-benzothiazol-3-one	2634-33-5	preservative	



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

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- Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References	Remarks
odorless mineral spirits	64742-48-9	A, O	

Legend Ā

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American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-93", available from ACGIH Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Safety and Health Standards, Code of Federal Regulations, title 29, part 1910, subpart Z, "Toxic and Hazardous Substances, 1990." General information: Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry, Occupational Safety and Health Division

California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and **Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987**

Proposition 65 List of chemicals				
Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Wt%	Remarks	Type of the toxicity
diethanolamine	111-42-2	0.039		cancer
p-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene (para-Chloroben- zotrifluoride, PCBTF)	98-56-6	0.6		cancer

VOC content

- Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-EPA)	13 %
- Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-Cal ARB)	13 %

Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description	
Chronic	*	chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure	
Health	2	temporary or minor injury may occur	
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperat- ures before ignition can occur	
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive	
Personal protection	-		
Chronic: chronic hazard Flammability: flammability hazards Health: health hazard Personal protection: personal protective equipment (PPE) for normal use Physical hazard: reactivity			

NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).





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Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperat- ures before ignition can occur
Health	2	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
EU	REACH Reg.	not all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	not all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	not all ingredients are listed
AU	AIIC	not all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	not all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	not all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
JP	ISHA-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	not all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	not all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	not all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	not all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	not all ingredients are listed
VN	NCI	not all ingredients are listed

Legend

AIIC	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
CICR	Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
CSCL-ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL	Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ	National Inventory of Chemical Substances
ISHA-ENCS	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ISHA-ENCS)
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NCI	National Chemical Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

Safety Data Sheet



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Adam's Graphene Liquid Wax

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SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Alignment to regulation: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ("Purple book"). Restructuring: section 9, section 14

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Sub- stances (permissible exposure limits)
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
Cal ARB	California Air Resources Board
Carc.	Carcinogenicity
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
EL50	Effective Loading 50 %: the EL50 corresponds to the loading rate required to produce a response in 50% of the test organisms
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency. An agency of the federal government of the United States charged with protect- ing human health and the environment
ErC50	= EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
HS	Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (Harmonized System, drawn up by the World Customs Organisation)
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
ΙΑΤΑ	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code



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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethal- ity during a specified time interval
LL50	Lethal Loading 50 %: the LL50 corresponds to the loading rate causing 50 % lethality
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitization
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H227	Combustible liquid.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.



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Code	Text
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.