

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

# **Adam's Ceramic Liquid Wax**

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2023-09-21

## **SECTION 1: Identification**

## 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name Adam's Ceramic Liquid Wax

# 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Vehicle wax

Professional use Industrial use

HS code 3404.90.00.

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Adam's Polishes Inc. 8225 North Valley Hwy. Thornton CO 80221 720-484-5059

tips@adamspolishes.com www.adamspolishes.com

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service USA 1.800.535.5053, INTL 1.352.323.3500

24 hour emergency number

# **SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Section	Hazard class	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
B.6	flammable liquid	Flam. Liq. 4	H227

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. The mixture contains a substance that was identified as a PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic). The mixture contains a substance that was identified as vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative).

## Additional information

Contains a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of  $\geq$  0.1%.

## 2.2 Label elements

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Signal word warningPictograms not required

- Hazard statements

H227 Combustible liquid.

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- Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily. Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.

## Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Contains a PBT-substance in a concentration of  $\geq$  0.1%. Contains a vPvB-substance in a concentration of  $\geq$  0.1%.

#### Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

## Hazardous ingredients acc. to GHS

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated, light	CAS No 64742-47-8	3-<12	Asp. Tox. 1 / H304
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	CAS No 541-02-6	3-<12	Flam. Liq. 4 / H227
odorless mineral spirits	CAS No 64742-48-9	3-<12	Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 STOT SE 3 / H336 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Flam. Liq. 3 / H226
China Clay, calcined	CAS No 66402-68-4	3-<12	Acute Tox. 4 / H332
N,N-bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide CAS No 93-83-4		1-<3	Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319
ethyl alcohol CAS No 64-17-5		0.1 - < 1	Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Carc. 1A / H350 Flam. Liq. 2 / H225

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

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# **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

#### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

#### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. Provide fresh air.

#### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

#### Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Solvent vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

#### Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

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## Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

#### Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

- Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapors are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

# Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

- Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

# Control of the effects

Protect against external exposure, such as

frost

- Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

# 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

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# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Iden- tifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [ppm]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota tion	Sourc e
US	ethanol	64-17-5	TLV®			1,000					AC- GIH® 2019
US	ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	REL	1,000 (10 h)	1,900 (10 h)						NIOS H REL
US	ethyl alcohol (eth- anol)	64-17-5	PEL (CA)	1,000	1,900						Cal/ OSHA PEL
US	ethyl alcohol (eth- anol)	64-17-5	PEL	1,000	1,900						29 CFR 1910.1 000
US	petroleum distil- lates (naphtha) (rubber solvent)	64742- 48-9	PEL	500	2,000						29 CFR 1910.1 000

Notation

ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

Ceiling-C STEL

short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA

time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted

average (unless otherwise specified

# Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of expos- ure	Used in	Exposure time
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	DNEL	16 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	97 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	24 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	97 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	24 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
N,N-bis(2-Hy- droxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	DNEL	73 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
N,N-bis(2-Hy- droxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	DNEL	4.2 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

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# Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of expos- ure	Used in	Exposure time
N,N-bis(2-Hy- droxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	DNEL	31 μg/cm²	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	DNEL	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	DNEL	1,900 mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	DNEL	343 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

# Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	10 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	microorganisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	11 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	benthic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	13 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	(top) predators	water	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	1.1 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	pelagic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	1.2 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	0.12 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	10 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	11 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	1.1 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	2.5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
N,N-bis(2-Hy- droxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	PNEC	0.007 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
N,N-bis(2-Hy- droxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	PNEC	0.001 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
N,N-bis(2-Hy- droxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	PNEC	830 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
N,N-bis(2-Hy- droxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	PNEC	1.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
N,N-bis(2-Hy- droxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	PNEC	0.12 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)

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## Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
N,N-bis(2-Hy- droxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	PNEC	0.24 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	PNEC	580 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	microorganisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	PNEC	3.6 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	benthic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	PNEC	0.63 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	PNEC	2.8 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	water	intermittent release
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	PNEC	580 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	PNEC	0.79 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	PNEC	0.96 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)

# 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

## Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

#### - Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

# Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

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# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

# **Appearance**

Physical state	liquid (viscous)
Color	green
Particle	not relevant (liquid)
Odor	sweet

# Other safety parameters

pH (value)	not determined
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	>65 °C at 1 atm
Flash point	64 °C at 101 kPa 147 °F at 101 kPa
Evaporation rate	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant, (fluid)

# **Explosive limits**

- Lower explosion limit (LEL)	0.6 vol%
- Upper explosion limit (UEL)	7.6 vol%
Vapor pressure	32 hPa at 25 °C
Density	1 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>ml</sub>
Vapor density	this information is not available
Solubility(ies)	not determined

## Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available
Auto-ignition temperature	262 °C (auto-ignition temperature (liquids and gases))

Viscosity

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- Kinematic viscosity	6,000 cSt at 25 °C
- Dynamic viscosity	6,019 cP at 25 °C
Explosive properties	none
Oxidizing properties	none
Temperature class (USA, acc. to NEC 500)	T2B (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 260°C)

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

## 10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

# Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

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# Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	inhalation: dust/mist	>2.3 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

# Respiratory or skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

## Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

## Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

## IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans

Name of substance	CAS No	Classification	Remarks	Number
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	1	in alcoholic beverages	

#### Legend

1 Carcinogenic to humans

## Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

## Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

## Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

. , ,					
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
odorless mineral spirits	64742-48-9	LL50	8.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
odorless mineral spirits	64742-48-9	EL50	4.5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h

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# Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
decamethylcyclopentas- iloxane	541-02-6	LC50	>16 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	fish	96 h
decamethylcyclopentas- iloxane	541-02-6	EC50	>2.9 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
N,N-bis(2- Hydroxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	LC50	5.1 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
N,N-bis(2- Hydroxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	EC50	3.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	LC50	15,400 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	EC50	12,700 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	ErC50	22,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	96 h

# Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	EC50	300 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	microorganisms	3 h
odorless mineral spirits	64742-48-9	EL50	10 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	21 d
odorless mineral spirits	64742-48-9	EC50	15 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	microorganisms	40 h
decamethylcyclopentas- iloxane	541-02-6	LC50	>16 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	fish	14 d
decamethylcyclopentas- iloxane	541-02-6	EC50	>15 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	LC50	1,806 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	10 d
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	ErC50	675 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	algae	4 d

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

The substance fulfills the very bioaccumulative criterion.

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Contains a PBT-substance in a concentration of  $\geq$  0.1%. Contains a vPvB-substance in a concentration of  $\geq$  0.1%.

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of  $\geq$  0.1%.

# 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

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# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

#### Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1	UN number	not subject to transport regulations

**14.2 UN proper shipping name** not relevant

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) none

**14.4 Packing group** not assigned

**14.5 Environmental hazards** not assigned

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

## Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT)

Not subject to transport regulations.

**International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)** 

Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question National regulations (United States)

## Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III )

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

none of the ingredients are listed

## **Clean Air Act**

none of the ingredients are listed

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# **Right to Know Hazardous Substance List**

Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK)

Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK)			
Name of substance	CAS No	Functionality	Authoritative Lists
water	7732-18-5	solvent	
distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated, light	64742-47-8	solvents	
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	solvents	Canada PBiTs CECBP - Priority Chemicals EC PBTs
odorless mineral spirits	64742-48-9	solvents	Canada PBiTs EC Annex VI CMRs - Cat. 1B
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	abrasive	
polydimethylsiloxane	63148-62-9	surface modifier	
N,N-bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	surfactant	
organically modified hectorite	12001-31-9	viscosity modifier	
polytrimethylhydrosilylsiloxane	68988-56-7	surface modifier	
fluorine modified silicone fluid	115361-68-7	surface modifier	
methyl alkyl (C25-54, branched and linear) siloxane	189378-12-9	surface modifier	
alkyl polyether polydimethylsiloxane	212335-52-9	surfactant	
trimethylsiloxysilicate	68988-56-7	resin	
1-alkenes, C24-54 (branched and linear)	131459-42-2	solvents	
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	alcohols	
benzyl benzoate	120-51-4	fragrance	EU Fragrance Allergens
benzyl benzoate	120-51-4	fragrance	EU Fragrance Allergens
2,2'-iminodiethanol	111-42-2	impurity	CA TACs IARC Carcinogens - 2B OEHHA RELs Prop 65
Tetrasodium EDTA, anhydrous	64-02-8	chelate / se- questrant	
Ethyl vanillin	121-32-4	fragrance	
Isostearyl alcohol	27458-93-1	lubricant	
1-Dodecene	112-41-4	solvents	
Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxirane	9003-11-6	surfactant	
Vanillin	121-33-5	fragrance	
tetra(trimethylsiloxy)silane	3555-47-3	surface modifier	Canada PBiTs
linalool	78-70-6	fragrance	EU Fragrance Allergens
C.I. Acid Yellow 23, trisodium salt	1934-21-0	colorant	
anisaldehyde	123-11-5	fragrance	

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# - Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References	Remarks
odorless mineral spirits	64742-48-9	A, O	

#### Legend

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-93", available from ACGIH
Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Safety and Health Standards, Code of Federal Regulations, title 29, part 1910, subpart Z, "Toxic and Hazardous Substances, 1990." General information: Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry, Occupational 0 Safety and Health Division

## - Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Classifications
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5		CA MU TE F3

#### Legend

CA Carcinogenic

F3 MU Flammable - Third Degree

Mutagenic TF Teratogenic

## - Hazardous Substance List (RI-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	T, F

## Legend

Flammability (NFPA®) Toxicity (ACGIH®)

## California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and **Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987**

## Proposition 65 List of chemicals

Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Wt%	Remarks	Type of the toxicity
methanol	67-56-1	0.0095		developmental
ethanol (ethyl alcohol)	64-17-5	0.22	in alcoholic beverages	developmental
methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	0.0049		cancer
methyl isobutyl ketone (MIBK)	108-10-1	0.0049		developmental
diethanolamine	111-42-2	0.06		cancer

## **VOC** content

- Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-EPA)

7.1 %

- Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-Cal ARB)

7.4 %

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# Industry or sector specific available guidance(s) NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	*	chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Health	0	no significant risk to health
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperat- ures before ignition can occur
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

Chronic: chronic hazard Flammability: flammability hazards Health: health hazard

Personal protection: personal protective equipment (PPE) for normal use

Physical hazard: reactivity

## **NFPA® 704**

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperat- ures before ignition can occur
Health	0	material that, under emergency conditions, would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible material
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

#### **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status
CA	DSL	not all ingredients are listed
CA	NDSL	not all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	not all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	not all ingredients are listed
AU	AIIC	not all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	not all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	not all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
JP	ISHA-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	not all ingredients are listed

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Country	Inventory	Status
MX	INSQ	not all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	not all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	not all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	not all ingredients are listed
VN	NCI	not all ingredients are listed

Legend

AllC Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals CICR Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation

CSCL-ENCS List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)

DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL)

ECSI EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)

IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China

INSQ National Inventory of Chemical Substances

ISHA-ENCS Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ISHA-ENCS)

KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NCI National Chemical Inventory
NDSL Non-domestic Substances List (NDSL)
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)

REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

# SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

## Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Alignment to regulation: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ("Purple book"). Restructuring: section 9, section 14

## Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Substances (permissible exposure limits)
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
ACGIH®	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
ACGIH® 2019	From ACGIH®, 2019 TLVs® and BEIs® Book. Copyright 2019. Reprinted with permission. Information on the proper use of the TLVs® and BEIs®: http://www.acgih.org/tlv-bei-guidelines/policies-procedures-presentations/tlv-bei-position-statement
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
Cal/OSHA PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA): Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)
Cal ARB	California Air Resources Board
Carc.	Carcinogenicity

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number. GHS 1.0	Date of compilation. 2023-09-21
Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
EL50	Effective Loading 50 %: the EL50 corresponds to the loading rate required to produce a response in 50% of the test organisms
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency. An agency of the federal government of the United States charged with protecting human health and the environment
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
HS	Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (Harmonized System, drawn up by the World Customs Organisation)
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LL50	Lethal Loading 50 %: the LL50 corresponds to the loading rate causing 50 % lethality
NFPA®	National Fire Protection Association (United States)
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
TLV®	Threshold Limit Values
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

# Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

# Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

# List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H227	Combustible liquid.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H350	May cause cancer.

#### **Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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