

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

SAMPLE NAME		Organic Reishi Powder - Evolution Botanicals	
FORM		Powder	
CUSTOMER NAME		Evolution Botanicals Australia PTY LTD	
CERTIFICATION DATE		11 April 2023	
CUSTOMER REFERENCE		Batch Evolution Botanicals	
ARL JOB #	A230611	LAB REF. #	ARL2301976
ANALYSIS	Herb Authentication	METHOD	ARL-TM125
TEST PROFILE (below)		Organic Reishi Powder - Evolution Botanicals Batch Evolution	

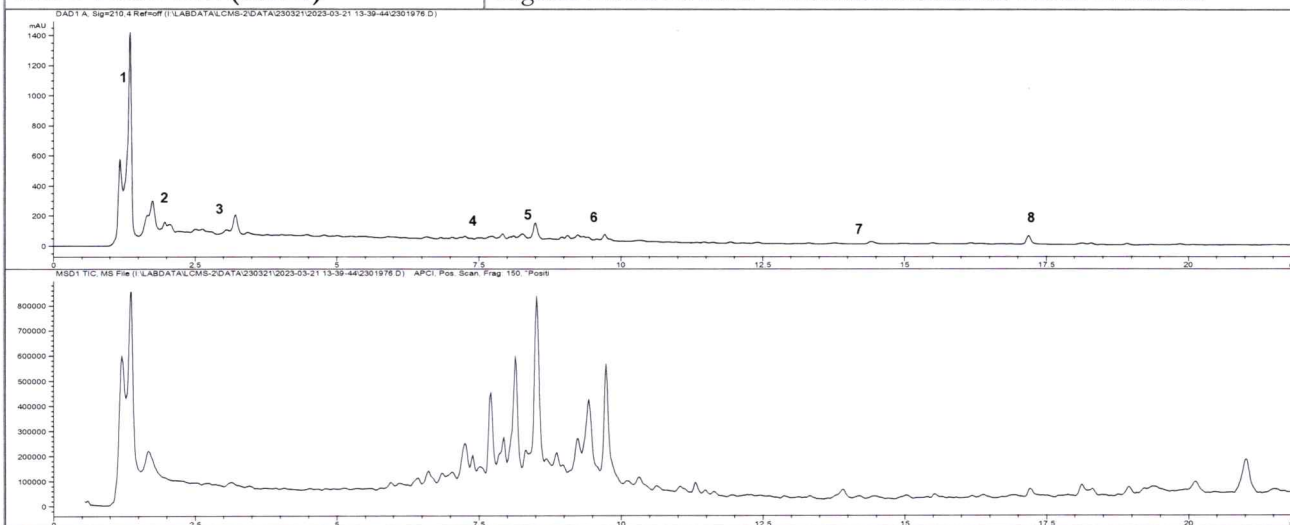



TABLE 1. PEAK IDENTIFICATION

Peak #	RT (min)	Fragment ions [M+H]	Tentative ID (MW)
1	1.2 - 1.4	126, 162, 204, 294, 360, 136, 268	mixed peaks - polysaccharides, nucleoside -
2	1.6 - 2.1	126, 268, 127	nucleoside - adenosine, maltol derivative - hydroxy-methyl furfural
3	2.5 - 3.2	344, 377	phenolic derivatives
4	7.2 - 7.7	573, 589, 531	lanostane triterpene derivatives - ganoderic acids
5	7.9 - 8.5	497, 515, 517, 573	lanostane triterpene derivatives - ganoderic acids
6	9.0 - 9.7	457, 497, 513, 571	lanostane triterpene derivatives - ganoderic acids
7	14.0, 14.4	457, 469	lanostane triterpene derivatives - ganoderic acids
8	17.2	953	fatty acid derivative

COMMENTS

The HPLC-MS profile of the test sample is given above with some major components from the plant extracts indicated. The main peaks identified are consistent with a large range of the lanostane triterpene poly-hydroxy and ketone derivatives, identified as ganoderic acids, previously reported and characteristic of *Ganoderma lucidum* and other spp. With some phenolic, nucleoside and polysaccharides also present. Spectral data in support of peak identification is attached.

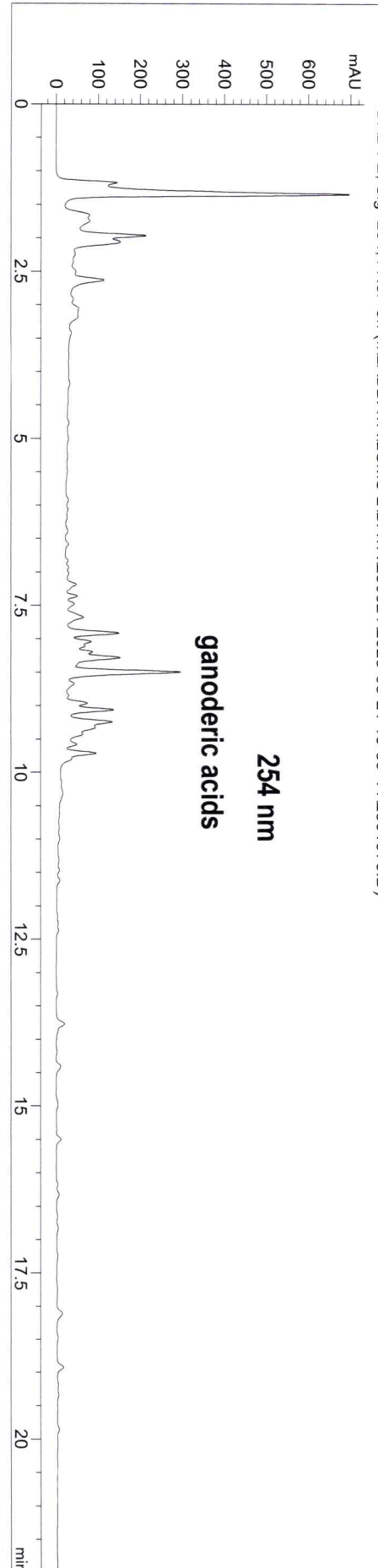
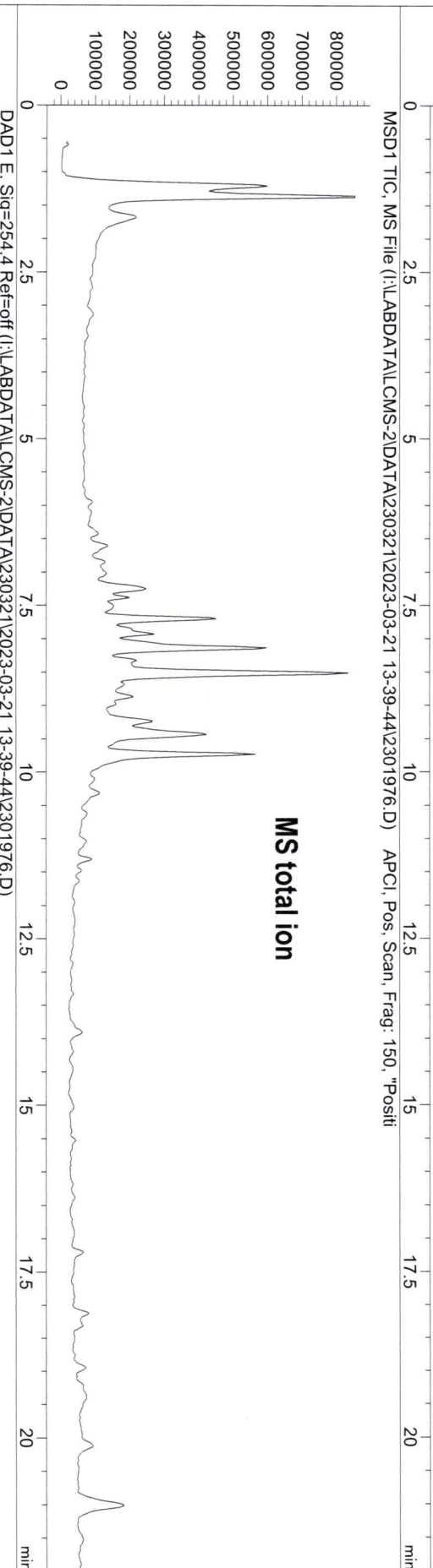
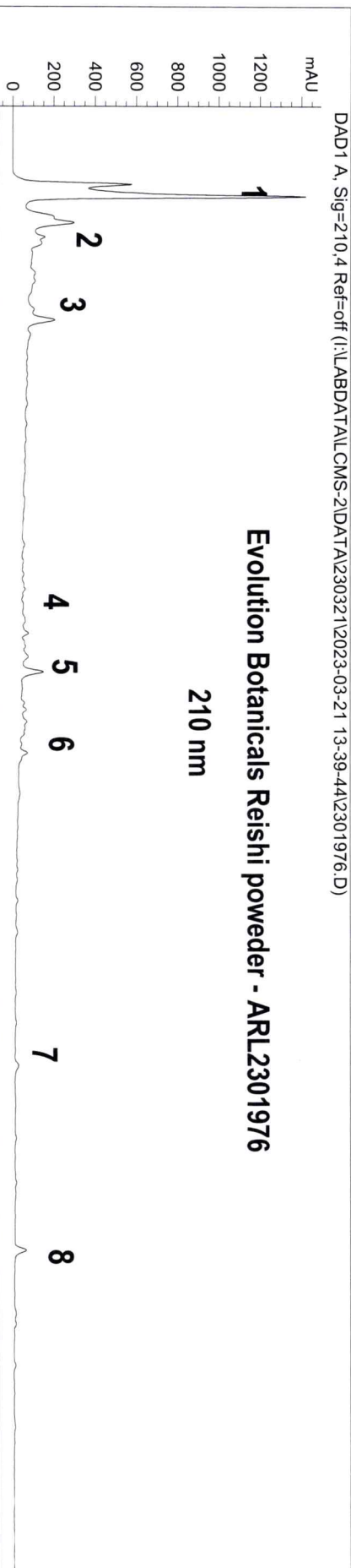


QC AUTHORISED

Reference: Dictionary of Natural Products, CRC Press, 2020

Screening and Analysis of the Marker Components in Ganoderma lucidum by HPLC and HPLC-MSn with the Aid of Chemometrics, **Molecules** 2017, 22, 584

Current Chromatogram (s)



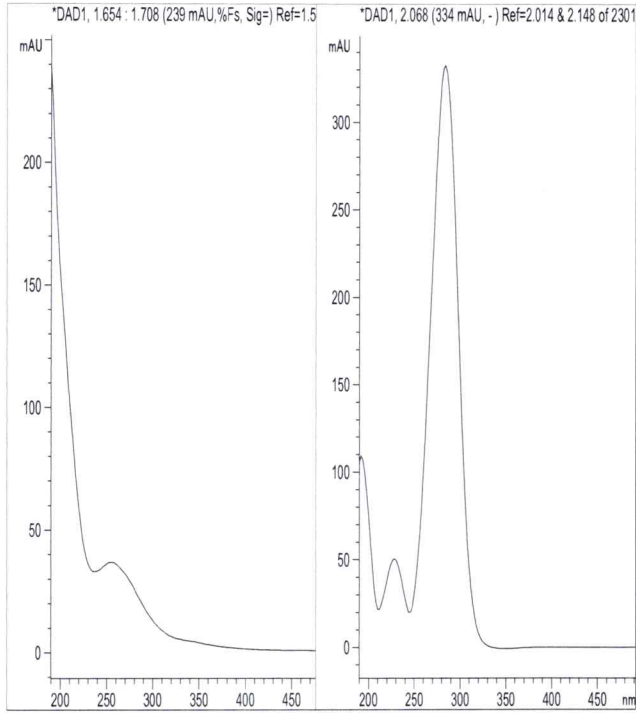


Figure 1. UV-Vis spectra from peaks #2 identified as nucleoside adenosine and maltol derivative hydroxy-methyl furfural based on characteristic UV-Vis and MS spectra

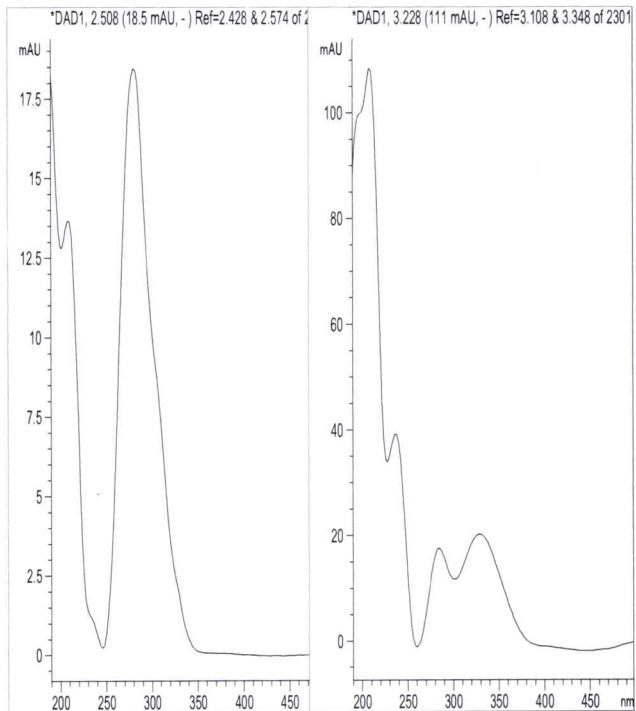


Figure 2. UV-Vis spectra from peaks #3 identified as likely phenolic derivatives based on characteristic spectra and elution time

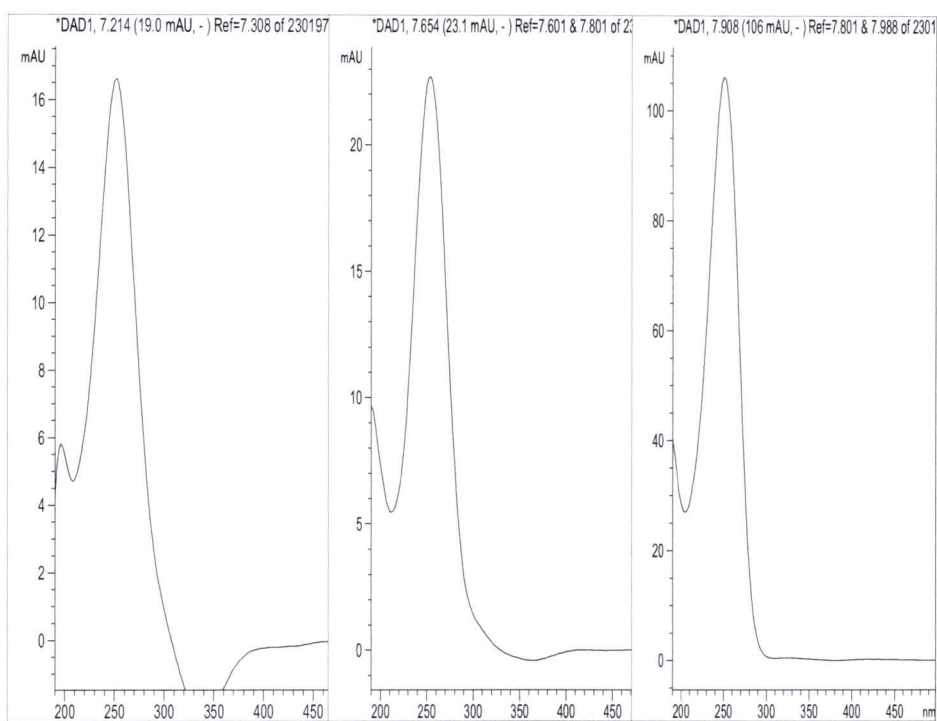


Figure 3. UV-Vis spectra from peaks #4 identified as lanostane triterpene derivatives, ganoderic acids, based on characteristic UV-Vis and MS spectra with absorption maxima \sim 250

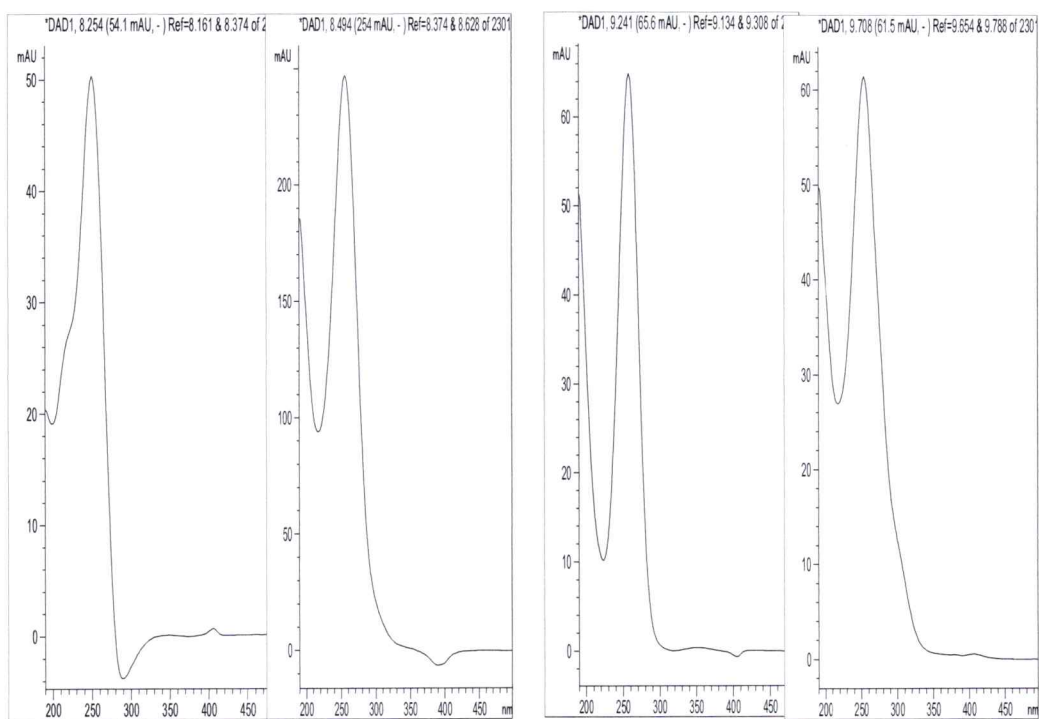


Figure 4. UV-Vis spectra from peaks #5 and #6 identified as lanostane triterpene derivatives, ganoderic acids, based on characteristic UV-Vis and MS spectra with absorption maxima \sim 250 to 260 nm