

Safety Data Sheet: Hydrochloric Acid 20 and 22 Baume

PRODUCT IDENTITY	
Hydrochloric Acid, 20° or 22° Baume	
Section 1 - Identification	
Product Name	CAS#
Hydrochloric Acid	7647-01-0
Synonym	Chemical Formula
Muriatic Acid	HC1
Chemical Name	Chemical Family
Hydrochloric Acid Solution	Inorganic Acid
Product Use	·
Acidification, pH Adjustment	
Distributed by:	Address
Rowell Chemical Corporation	15 Salt Creek Lane, Suite 205
General Information	Country
630-920-8833	United States
Supplier's Emergency Telephone	Transportation Emergency Number
1-409-899-3400	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

GHS Classification:

HEALTH	PHYSICAL
Serious Eye Damage - Category 1	Corrosive to Metals - Category 1
Skin Corrosion - Category 1 B	

Sensitization, Respiratory - Category 1

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure) - (Respiratory System) - Category 2
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure) - (Respiratory System) - Category 2

GHS Label Elements:

SYMBOLS: corrosion, health hazard





Signal Word: DANGER



Section 2 - Hazards Identification (continued)

GHS Label ELEMENTS:

Hazard Statements

Causes severe skin burns & eye damage

May cause allergic or asthmatic symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

May cause damage to organs (respiratory system) if inhaled

May cause damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure

May be corrosive to metals

Precautionary Statements

PREVENTION

Do not breathe dusts/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Wash face, hands and exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Keep only in original container

RESPONSE

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting

IF ON SKIN(or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Immediately call emergency medical professional or Poison Control Center

Specific treatment (See Section 4)

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do.

Absorb spillage to prevent material damage

STORAGE

Store locked up

Store in corrosive resistant container/container with resistant inner liner DISPOSAL

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with federal and state regulations



Component Description		Percent		CAS#	
Hydrogen Chloride		26.00 -	36.95	7647-0)1-0
Water		63.05 -	74.00	7732-1	L8-5
EXPOSURE LIMITS/REGULATO	ORY INFORMATION				
Substance	PEL	TLV	STEL	TWA	CEILING
Hydrogen Chloride	C-7 mg/m3	C-2 ppm	50 ppm	N/D	5 ppm
Vater	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D
N/D - Not Determine		eiling Level			
Section 4 - First Aid Measures General					
If a known exposure occu	rs or is suspecte	ed, immediat	ely initiate t	he recommende	ed
procedures below. Simul	taneously contac	t a physicia	n, or the near	est Poison Co	ntrol
	son contacted of				
_					
victim's symptoms and fo					LI day or
night, Supplier's Emergenhalation	ency # (409) 899-	3400 or Chem	trec (800) 424	-9300.	
Remove from contaminated	d atmosphere. If	breathing h	as ceased, cl	ear the vict	lm's
airway and start mouth-t	to-mouth artificia	al respirati	on, which may	be supplement	ed
by the use of a bag-mask	respirator, or a	a manually-t	riggered, oxyg	en supply cap	able
of delivering 1 liter/se	econd or more. I	f the victim	is breathing,	oxygen may k	pe
administered from a dema	and-type or conti	nuous-flow i	nhalator, pref	erably with a	l
physician's advice. Cor	ntact a physician	immediately	•		
Eye Contact Immediately flush the ey				for 15 minute	. c
Hold the eyelids apart o					
the eyes and lids with w					
Obtain medical attention	n as soon as possi	ible. Oils	or ointments s	hould not be	used.
Continue the flushing fo	or an additional	15 minutes i	f the physicia	n is not ava	ilable.
Immediately remove conta	aminated clothing	under a saf	ety shower. F	lush all	
affected areas with larg	ge amounts of wate	er for 15 mi	nutes. DO NOT	attempt to	
neutralize with chemical	agents. Obtain	medical adv	ice.		
ngestion DO NOT induce vomiting.				r or mille i	=
				·	
available. If vomiting	does occur, give	tluids agai	n. Never give	anything by	mouth
to an unconscious persor Medical Conditions Generally Aggravate		ian or the n	earest Poison	Control Cente	er.
, ,					
Note to Physician	iggravate breathii	ng disorders			



Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Method

Not Applicable, use water to dilute spills and to flush them away from ignition sources. Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

Non-flammable, but Hydrochloric Acid reacts with metals.

Special Firefighting Procedures

Non-flammable, but Hydrochloric Acid reacts with all metals, except gold and

platinum, with rapid evolution of Hydrogen which is flammable and explosive in air.

Firefighters exposed to Hydrochloric Acid vapors should wear Scott Air-Pak, or

equivalent. Hydrogen Chloride vapors are extremely irritating to the respiratory

tract and may cause breathing difficulty.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled

Spills or discharges into the environment involving large quantities of Hydrochloric

Acid should be controlled and cleaned-up according to a pre-determined, affirmative

written Spill Prevention and Control Program. For assistance in developing a SPCP

contact your nearest Reagent Sales Office. Refer to Section 15 for spill/release

reporting information.

Spills should be handled immediately by neutralization and dilution of the spilled product by the use of Soda Ash (Sodium Carbonate), Lime (Calcium Hydroxide), or Limestone (Calcium Carbonate) with large amounts of water. For an interior (inside a closed space) spill be aware that the use of Soda Ash, Lime and Limestone will evolve heat and carbon dioxide and that ample ventilation must be provided. Waste Disposal

Under Federal RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of products to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product falls under RCRA as a hazardous waste.

This is because product uses, transformations, mixtures, etc. may render the

resulting end-product hazardous.

Container Disposal

Containers should be cleaned of residual product before disposal. Empty containers should be disposed of in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling

Chemical goggles and full face shield must be worn at all times by personnel exposed to or handling Hydrochloric Acid. The use of a NIOSH approved cartridge respirator or a Scott Air-Pak should be used by all personnel exposed.

Storage

Store containers in a cool, dry location away from direct sunlight, sources of intense heat, or where freezing may occur. Store material in acid-proof container.

Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep container away from incompatible materials. All loading, unloading, and storage equipment must be inspected prior to any transfer operations are initiated.



Section 7 - Handling and Storage (continued)

General Comments

Impervious clothing, gloves, footwear and head gear must be worn at all times

by personnel exposed to or handling Hydrochloric Acid.

Precautions to be Taken in Handling and Storage

Make sure all personnel involved in housekeeping and spill clean-up follow good

Industrial Hygiene practices and wear proper protective equipment.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Substance	PEL	TLV	STEL	TWA	CEILING
Hydrogen Chloride	C-7 mg/m3	C-5 ppm	50 ppm	N/D	5 ppm
Water	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D
N/D - No Data Available	C =	= Ceiling Le	vel		

Maintain airborne contaminate levels below listed guidelines. Use with adequate

ventilation. Use a mechanical fan or vent area to scrubber. Use NIOSH approved

respiratory protection if exposure limits are exceeded.

-		
Ventilation	Local Exhaust	Special
		Vent fumes to appropriate scrubber
	Mechanical (General)	Other
	If PEL exceeded	Not Applicable

Skin Protection

Wear neoprene rubber gloves to minimize skin contact. Additional protection may be necessary to prevent skin contact including use of impervious clothing, face shield,

boots or full body protection. A safety shower should be located in the work area. Eye $\operatorname{\mathsf{Protection}}$

Splash goggles or full face respirator. Face shields are recommended. Eye-wash

stations should be available where eye contact can occur.

Other Protection

Use body protection appropriate for task. An impervious clothing or other impermeable

body protection is suggested. Full body chemical protection is recommended for

emergency response procedures.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Boiling Point		Specific Gravity (H2O = 1)	
-	230 F		1.13 - 1.19
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)		Freezing Point	
	50 - 60 mm		12 F to -63 F
Vapor Density (AIR = 1)		Density	
	No Data Available		9.48 - 9.61
рН		Odor Threshold	
	< 1		0.25 - 10 ppm
Flash Point		Evaporation Rate	
	Not Flammable		No Data Available
Flammability		Flammability Limits	
	Not Flammable		Not Flammable
Auto Ignition Temperature		Partition Coefficient	
	Not Flammable		No Data Available
Viscosity (at 15 C)		Decomposition Temperature	
	2.3 mPa.s		No Data Available

Solubility in Water

miscible

Appearance and Odor

Clear/Slightly yellow with a sharp pungent odor



	0 - Stability ar	d Reactivity Conditions to Avoid	
Stability	Unstable	Hydrochloric Acid is extremely reactive. Avoid contact with	
	Stable	X metal surfaces and oxidizing agents.	
	ty (Materials to Av		
strong r	mineral aci	d and reacts with many metals and metal oxides and hydroxides	
to form	the equi	valent metal chloride. It reacts with zeolites and other silici	ous
compound	ds to form	Mydrosilicic Acid; it reacts with carbonates to form Carbon	
Dioxide	and Water.	It is oxidized by Oxygen or electrolysis to form Chlorine, a	
lethal,	poisonous	gas. It reacts with alkaline compounds to form a neutral salt.	
It is a	hydrolyzin	g agent for carbohydrates, esters and other compounds.	
It's rea	action with	most metals will produce Hydrogen, an explosive gas. Violent	
reaction	ns will res	alt when Hydrochloric Acid Reacts with acetic anhydride,	
		nonium hydroxide, calcium phosphide, chlorosulfonic acid,	
		ethylene imine, oleum (fuming sulfuric acid), perchloric acid,	
		propylene oxide, sodium hydroxide, sulfuric acid, uranium	
	de and viny Decomposition or E	acetate. This listing is not all-inclusive.	
		riodicts use the product to decompose, producing toxic fumes which may	
include	chlorine c		
Hazardous Polymerization	May Occur	Conditions to Avoid Extreme heat and contact with incompatible materials	
	Will Not Occur		
		X	
	_	cal Information	
Route(s) of E	entry:	Inhalation? Skin? Ingestion? Yes Yes Yes	
	rds (Acute and Ch		
	·	e and can cause severe and painful burns on contact with any	
			+ h o
		or if taken internally. The mucous membranes of the eyes and	
		tract are especially susceptible to the injurious effects of h	ıgh
atmosphe	eric concen	rations of Hydrogen Chloride. The gas or vapor is so	
penetrat	ting and pu	ngent that when high concentrations do occur, those exposed	
		leave the contaminated area.	
Carcinogenio	жу:	NTP? IARC Monographs? OSHA Regulated? No Data Available No Data Available No Data Available	е
Exposure	ymptoms of Expos	ploric acid may cause severe burns at the contact points	
Medical Con	ditions Generally A	ggravated by Exposure	
<u>myhosnte</u>	E CO LUMES .	may aggravate dermatitis and breathing disorders.	



Section 11 - Toxicological Information Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Experimental Specific Target Organ Toxicity	·
	cause respiratory injury/irritation -xposure)
	cause respiratory injury/irritation
Toxicology Hydrogen Chloride	Inhalation Data
nydrogen Chioride	Human LCLo - 1300 ppm/30 min
	Rat LC_{50} - 4701 ppm/30 min Oral (rabbit)
	LD ₅₀ - 900 mg/kg Oral (rat)
	$LD_{50} - 700 \text{ mg/kg}$
	Dermal (rabbit)
	LD ₅₀ - 5010 mg/kg Germ Cell Mutagenicity
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	No Data Available
Causes severe skin burns Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	and eye damage pH <1
Causes severe eye damage Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	pH <1
	tract with concentrated or repeated exposures
Section 12 - Ecological Informat	•
Ecological Toxicity	
Animals exposed to hydroc	hloric acid solution will experience tissue damage, burns and
may be killed. Plants co	ntaminated with hydrochloric acid solutions of low pH may be
adversely effected or des	troyed. High concentrations have been shown to be detrimental
Other Ecological Information	e into a body of water will kill fish and other aquatic life.
	le and found naturally in the environment. All work practices
should be aimed at eliminary Chemical Fate Information	ating environmental contamination.
Hydrochloric acid is natu Other Regulatory Information	rally occurring in the environment.
No other regulatory inform	mation is available on this product.
Section 13 - Disposal Considera	tions
As sold, this product, wh	en discarded or disposed of, is a hazardous waste according
to Federal regulations (4	O CFR 261). It is listed as Hazardous Waste Number D002,
listed due to its corrosi	vity. The transportation, treatment and disposal of this waste
material must be conducted	d in compliance with 40 CFR 262, 263, 264, 268 and 270.
Disposal can occur only i	n properly permitted facilities. Refer to state and local
statutes for any addition. Waste Disposal	al requirements, as they may differ from Federal laws.
Under Federal RCRA, it is	the responsibility of the user of products to determine,
at the time of disposal,	whether the product falls under RCRA as a hazardous waste.
This is because product u	ses, transformations, mixtures, etc. may render the
resulting end-product haz	ardous.
•	ned of residual product before disposal. Empty containers

should be disposed of in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.



Section 14 - Transport Info	rmation		
Regulated Material Hydrochloric Acid is	defined as hazardous	by the US DOT and Transport C	anada
North American Emergency Respon	se Guide Book	by the ob bot and transport to	anada
ID # 1789 Guide #1		PPING INFORMATION	
Proper Shipping Name	Dormotte ont	Hazard Classification	
UN/NA Identification	Hydrochloric Acid	Hazard Class	Corrosive
ON/NA Identification	UN 1789	Trazaru Grass	Class 8
DOT Labels Required	Common land	Packaging Group	
	Corrosive	L SHIPPING INFORMATION	II
Proper Shipping Name	INIDIMATIONAL	Hazard Classification	
UN/NA Identification	Hydrochloric Acid	Hazard Class	Corrosive
ON/NA Identification	UN 1789	nazaro Class	Class 8
Labels Required		Packaging Group	
	Corrosive		II
Section 15 - Regulatory Inf U.S. Federal Regulations	ormation		
<u> </u>	mental Response and L	iability Act of 1980 (CERCLA)	:
Chemical Nam	me: Hydrochloric Acid	d CAS # 7647-01-0 RQ	- 5000 lbs
Toxic Substances Cont	rol Act (TSCA):		
All compone	nts of this product a	re included on the TSCA invent	cory
OSHA Hazard Communica	tion Standard Classif	ication:	
Corrosive a	s defined by the OSHA	Hazard Communication Standard	d.
Clean Water Act (CWA)			
Chemical Nam	me: Hydrochloric Acid	d CAS # 7647-01-0 Lis	ted as Hazardous
No chemical	components listed as	Priority pollutants or Toxic	pollutants
Clean Air Act (CAA):			
Hydrochlori	c acid, CAS 7647-01-0	, is listed as a hazardous ai	r pollutant (HAP)
US Environmental Prot	ection Agency Risk Ma	nagement Plan (RMP) Regulated	:
No, Hydroch	loric acid solution u	nder 37% is not regulated	
Superfund Amendments	and Reauthorization A	ct (SARA) Title III Information	on:
Section 304	: Hydrochloric Acid	CAS # 7647-01-0 5000 lb 1	RQ (CERCLA)
Section 313	: Hydrochloric Acid	(Aerosols) CAS # 7647-01-0	
National Sanitation F	oundation Limits (ANS	I/NSF Standard 60):	
Maximum Dri	nking Water Use Conce	ntration - 40 mg/l	
Scale and C	orrosion Control at Ma	aximum 40 mg/l	
State Regulations California Safe Drink	ing Water Act (Prop 6	5) Listing:	
No ingredie	nts listed in this sec	ction	
California Right to K			
	me: Hydrochloric Acid	d CAS # 7647-01-0	
	-		



Section 15 - Regulatory Information (continued)	
New Jersey Right to Know Act:	
Chemical Name: Hydrochloric Acid	CAS # 7647-01-0
Chemical Name: Water	CAS # 7732-18-5
Massachusetts Right to Know Act Substance L	ist (MSL)::
Chemical Name: Hydrochloric Acid	CAS # 7647-01-0
Pennsylvania Right to Know Act Hazardous Su	bstance List:
Chemical Name: Water	CAS # 7732-18-5
Chemical Name: Hydrochloric Acid	CAS # 7647-01-0
Canadian Domestic Substance List (DSL) Inve	ntory Listing:
Chemical Name: Hydrochloric Acid	CAS # 7647-01-0
anadian Ingredient Disclosure List	
Chemical Name: Hydrochloric Acid	CAS # 7647-01-0
Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Info	rmation System (WHMIS):
Class E: Corrosive material	
This product has been classified	according to the hazard criteria of the CPR
and the SDS contains all of th	e information required by the CPR
Suropean Inventory of Existing Chemicals (E	INECS):
Chemical Name: Hydrochloric Acid	EINECS # 2315957
EU Labeling in Accordance with EC Directive	s:
Hazard Symbols: C	
EU Risk (R) and Safety (S) Phrases:	
R23/24/25: Toxic by inhalation, i	n contact with skin and if swallowed
R37/38: Irritating to respiratory	system and skin
R41: Risk of serious damage to ey	es
S36/37: Wear suitable protective	clothing and gloves
S45: In case of accident or if yo	u feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately
S53: Avoid exposure - obtain spec	ial instructions before use
S61: Avoid release to the environ	ment. Refer to safety data sheet
apanese Minister of International Trade an	d Industry (MITI) Inventory Listing:
Chemical Name: Hydrochloric Acid	SECTION STRUCTURE # 1-324
australian Inventory of Chemical Substances	(AICS) Listing:
Chemical Name: Hydrochloric Acid	CAS # 7647-01-0
JS Census Bureau - Foreign Trade Identifica	tion
Chemical Name: Hydrochloric Acid	HTS & Schedule B # 2806.10.0000



Section 16 - Other Informa	ition		
Created By		SDS Revision Date	
5/14/19		N/A	
SDS Revision Number		Revision Indicator	
N/A		SARA Information Clarification	
SDS Contact			
Kyle Kohlhaas 708-56			
Does Product Contain, or is Manuf	actured with, CFC's?	?	
No			
National Fire Protection Association	n (NFPA) Ratings:		
Health - 3 Flammal	oility - 0	Instability - 0 Other Hazard Information - ACID	
Hazardous Material Identification S	ystem (HMIS):		
Health - 3 Flammal		Physical Hazard - 0 Protective Equipment - X	
North American Emergency Response	nse Guide Book		
ID # 1789 Guide #:	.57 2016	Revision	

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