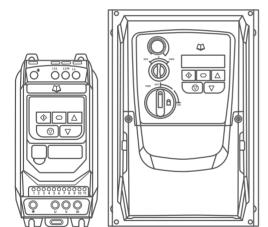
Honeywell | Motor & Control



General Purpose

Honeywell HD680 Series Motor Drivers

Contents

1. Quick Start Up	6
1.1. Important Safety Information	6
1.2. Quick Start Process	
1.3. Installation Following a Period of Storage	9
1.4. Quick Start Overview	9
2. General Information and Ratings	11
2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number	1
2.2. Drive Model Numbers	12
3. Mechanical Installation	14
3.1. General	14
3.2. UL Compliant Installation	14
3.3. Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting – IP20 Open Units	14
3.4. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting – IP20 Units	15
3.5. Mechanical Dimensions – IP66 Enclosed Units	16
3.6. Guidelines for mounting (IP66 Units)	17
3.7. Gland Plate and Lock Off	18
3.8. Removing the Terminal Cover	19
3.9. Routine Maintenance	19
4. Power & Control Wiring	20
4.1. Connection Diagram	
4.2. Protective Earth (PE) Connection	2
4.3. Incoming Power Connection	22
4.4. Motor Connection	23
4.5. Motor Terminal Box Connections	23
4.6. Control Terminal Wiring	23
4.7. Using the REV/O/FWD Selector Switch (Switched Version On	ly)24
4.8. Control Terminal Connections	25
4.9. Motor Thermal Overload Protection	26
4.10. EMC Compliant Installation	27
4.11. Optional Brake Resistor	27
5. Operation	28
5.1. Managing the Keypad	
5.2. Operating Displays	28
5.3. Changing Parameters	29
5.4. Read Only Parameter Access	29
5.5. Resetting Parameters	30
5.6. Resetting a Fault	30

Contents

6. Parameters	31
6.1. Standard Parameters	31
6.2. Extended Parameters	34
6.3. Advanced Parameters	42
6.4. POO Read Only Status Parameters	43
7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations	45
7.1. Overview	
7.2. Macro Functions Guide Key	45
7.3. Macro Functions – Terminal Mode (P12 = 0)	46
7.4. Macro Functions - Keypad Mode (P12 = 1 or 2)	48
7.5. Macro Functions - Fieldbus Control Mode (P12 = 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9)	49
7.6. Macro Functions - User PI Control Mode (P12 = 5 or 6)	50
7.7. Fire Mode	50
7.8. Example Connection Diagrams	51
8. Modbus RTU Communications	53
8.1. Introduction	53
8.2. Modbus RTU Specification	53
8.3. RJ45 Connector Configuration	53
8.4. Modbus Register Map	54
9. Technical Data	55
9.1. Environmental	55
9.2. Rating Tables	55
9.3. Single Phase Operation of Three Phase Drives	56
9.4. Additional Information for UL Compliance	56
9.5. EMC Filter Disconnect	57
10. Troubleshooting	58
10.1 Fault Code Mossages	

Declaration of Conformity

Honeywell hereby states HD680 motor drives product range conforms to the relevant safety provisions of the following council directives:

2014/30/EU (EMC) and 2014/35/EU (LVD)

Designed and manufacture is in accordance with the following harmonised European standards:

EN 61800-5-1: 2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Safety requirements.
	Electrical, thermal and energy.
EN 61800-3: 2004 /A1 2012	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. EMC requirements and
	specific test methods
EN 55011: 2007	Limits and Methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of
	industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment (EMC)
EN60529: 1992	Specifications for degrees of protection provided by enclosures

Electromagnetic Compatibility

All HD680- □□□□-F□□ motor drivess are designed with high standards of EMC in mind. All versions suitable for operation on Single Phase 230 volt and Three Phase 400 volt supplies and intended for use within the European Union are fitted with an internal EMC filter. This EMC filter is designed to reduce the conducted emissions back into the mains supply via the power cables for compliance with the above harmonised European standards.

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the EMC legislation of the country of use, and the relevant category. Within the European Union, equipment into which this product is incorporated must comply with the EMC Directive 2004/108/EC. This User Guide provides guidance to ensure that the applicable standards may be achieved.

2 Year Warranty

All HD680 motor drives units carry a 2 year warranty against manufacturing defects from the date of manufacture. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any damage caused during or resulting from transport, receipt of delivery, installation or commissioning. The manufacturer also accepts no liability for damage or consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation, incorrect adjustment of the operating parameters of the drive, incorrect matching of the drive to the motor, incorrect installation, unacceptable dust, moisture, corrosive substances, excessive vibration or ambient temperatures outside of the design specification.

The local distributor may offer different terms and conditions at their discretion, and in all cases concerning warranty, the local distributor should be contacted first.

This user guide is the "original instructions" document. All non-English versions are translations of the "original instructions" .

The contents of this User Guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interest of a commitment to a policy of continuous improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance or the contents of the User Guide without notice.

This User Guide is for use with version 3.05 Firmware

User Guide Revision 2.01

Honeywell adopts a policy of continuous improvement and whilst every effort has been made to provide accurate and up to date information, the information contained in this User Guide should be used for guidance purposes only and does not form the part of any contract.



This manual is intended as a guide for proper installation. Honeywell cannot assume responsibility for the compliance or the non-compliance to any code, national, local or otherwise, for the proper installation of this drive or associated equipment. A hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.



This HD680 motor drives contains high voltage capacitors that take time to discharge after removal of the main supply. Before working on the drive, ensure isolation of the main supply from line inputs. Wait ten (10) minutes for the capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.



Only qualified electrical personnel familiar with the construction and operation of this equipment and the hazards involved should install, adjust, operate, or service this equipment. Read and understand this manual and other applicable manuals in their entirety before proceeding. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

1. Quick Start Up

1.1. Important Safety Information

Please read the IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION below, and all Warning and Caution information elsewhere.



Danger: Indicates a risk of electric shock, which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the equipment and possible injury or death.

This variable speed drive product (HD680 motor drives) is intended for professional incorporation into complete equipment or systems as part of a fixed installation. If installed incorrectly it may present a safety hazard. The HD680 motor drives uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control mechanical plant that may cause injury. Close attention is required to system design and electrical installation to avoid hazards in either normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. Only qualified electricians are allowed to install and maintain this product.

System design, installation, commissioning and maintenance must be carried out only by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must carefully read this safety information and the instructions in this Guide and follow all information regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the HD680 motor drives, including the specified environmental limitations.

Do not perform any flash test or voltage withstand test on the HD680 motor drives. Any electrical measurements required should be carried out with the HD680 motor drives disconnected.

Electric shock hazard! Disconnect and ISOLATE the HD680 motor drives before attempting any work on it. High voltages are present at the terminals and within the drive for up to 10 minutes after disconnection of the electrical supply. Always ensure by using a suitable multimeter that no voltage is present on any drive power terminals prior to commencing any work.

Where supply to the drive is through a plug and socket connector, do not disconnect until 10 minutes have elapsed after turning off the supply.

Ensure correct earthing connections. The earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Ensure correct earthing connections and cable selection as per defined by local legislation or codes. The drive may have a leakage current of greater than 3.5mA; furthermore the earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Do not carry out any work on the drive control cables whilst power is applied to the drive or to the external control circuits



Danger: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation other than electrical, which if not avoided, could result in damage to property.

Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with Directive 2006/42/EC, Safety of Machinery. In particular, the machine manufacturer is responsible for providing a main switch and ensuring the electrical equipment complies with EN60204-1.

The level of integrity offered by the HD680 motor drives control input functions – for example stop/start, forward/reverse and maximum speed is not sufficient for use in safety-critical applications without independent channels of protection. All applications where malfunction could cause injury or loss of life must be subject to a risk assessment and further protection provided where needed.

The driven motor can start at power up if the enable input signal is present.

The STOP function does not remove potentially lethal high voltages. ISOLATE the drive and wait 10 minutes before starting any work on it. Never carry out any work on the Drive, Motor or Motor cable whilst the input power is still applied.

The HD680 motor drives can be programmed to operate the driven motor at speeds above or below the speed achieved when connecting the motor directly to the mains supply. Obtain confirmation from the manufacturers of the motor and the driven machine about suitability for operation over the intended speed range prior to machine start up.

Do not activate the automatic fault reset function on any systems whereby this may cause a potentially dangerous situation.

IP20 drives must be installed in a pollution degree 2 environment, mounted in a cabinet with IP54 or better.

HD680 motor drivess are intended for indoor use only.

When mounting the drive, ensure that sufficient cooling is provided. Do not carry out drilling operations with the drive in place, dust and swarf from drilling may lead to damage.

The entry of conductive or flammable foreign bodies should be prevented. Flammable material should not be placed close to the drive

Relative humidity must be less than 95% (non-condensing).

Ensure that the supply voltage, frequency and no. of phases (1 or 3 phase) correspond to the rating of the $\rm HD680$ motor drives as delivered.

Never connect the mains power supply to the Output terminals U, V, W.

Do not install any type of automatic switchgear between the drive and the motor.

Wherever control cabling is close to power cabling, maintain a minimum separation of 100 mm and arrange crossings at 90 degrees. Ensure that all terminals are tightened to the appropriate torque setting.

Do not attempt to carry out any repair of the HD680 motor drives. In the case of suspected fault or malfunction, contact your local Honeywell Sales Partner for further assistance.

1. Quick Start Up (continuous)

1.2. Quick Start Process

Step	Action	See section	Page
1	Identify the Enclosure Type, Model Type and ratings of your drive from the model code on the label. In particular - Check the voltage rating suits the incoming supply - Check the output current capacity meets or exceeds the full load current for the intended motor	2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number	11
2	Unpack and check the drive. Notify the supplier and shipper immediately of any damage.		
3	Ensure correct ambient and environmental conditions for the drive are met by the proposed mounting location.	9.1. Environmental	54
4	Install the drive in a suitable cabinet (IP20 Units) ensuring suitable cooling air is available. Mount the drive to the wall or machine (IP66).	3.1. General 3.3. Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting – IP20 Open Units 3.4. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting – IP20	13 13
	mount the dive to the wat of machine (ii oo).	Units 3.5. Mechanical Dimensions – IP66 Enclosed Units 3.6. Guidelines for mounting (IP66 Units)	15
5	Select the correct power and motor cables according to local wiring regulations or code, noting the maximum permissible sizes	9.2. Rating Tables	54
6	If the supply type is IT or corner grounded, disconnect the EMC filter before connecting the supply.	9.5. EMC Filter Disconnect	56
7	Check the supply cable and motor cable for faults or short circuits.		
8	Route the cables		
9	Check that the intended motor is suitable for use, noting any precautions recommended by the supplier or manufacturer.	4.10. EMC Compliant Installation	26
10	Check the motor terminal box for correct Star or Delta configuration where applicable	4.5. Motor Terminal Box Connections	22
11	Ensure wiring protection is providing, by installing a suitable circuit breaker or fuses in the incoming supply line	4.3.2. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection 9.2. Rating Tables	21 54

Step	Action	See section	Page
12	Connect the power cables, especially ensuring the protective earth connection is made	4.1. Connection Diagram4.2. Protective Earth (PE) Connection4.3. Incoming Power Connection4.4. Motor Connection	19 20 21 22
13	Connect the control cables as required for the application	4.6. Control Terminal Wiring 4.10. EMC Compliant Installation 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations 7.8. Example Connection Diagrams	22 26 44 50
14	Thoroughly check the installation and wiring		
15	Commission the drive parameters	5.1. Managing the Keypad 6. Parameters	27 30

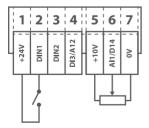
1.3. Installation Following a Period of Storage

If the drive has not been powered, either unused or in storage, the DC Link Capacitors require reforming before power may be connected to the drive. Refer to your local sales partner for information regarding the correct procedure.

1.4. Quick Start Overview

Quick Start - IP20 & IP66 Non Switched

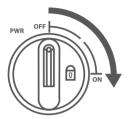
- Connect a Start / Stop switch between control terminals 1 & 2
 - O Close the Switch to Start
 - O Open to Stop
- ullet Connect a potentiometer (5k 10k Ω) between terminals 5, 6 and 7 as shown
 - O Adjust the potentiometer to vary the speed from P-02 (OHz default) to P-01 (50 / 60 Hz default)



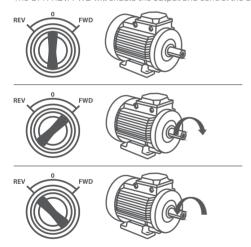
1. Quick Start Up (continuous)

Quick Start - IP66 Switched

Switch the mains power on to the unit using the built in isolator switch on the front panel.



The OFF/REV/FWD will enable the output and control the direction of rotation of the motor.



The potentiometer will control the motor shaft rotational speed.

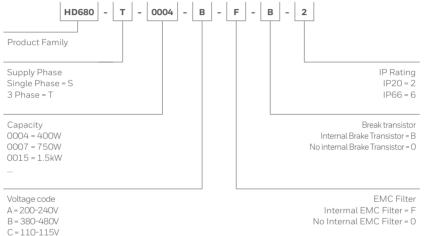


2. General Information and Ratings

This chapter contains information about the HD680 motor drives including how to identify the drive.

2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number

Each drive can be identified by its model number, as shown in the table below. The model number is on the shipping label and the drive nameplate. The model number includes the drive and any options.



2. General Information and Ratings (continuous)

2.2. Drive Model Numbers

Modle Number		kW	HP	Output	Frame
With Filter	Without Filter			Current (A)	Size
N/A	HD680-S-0004-C-002	0.37	0.5	2.3	1
N/A	HD680-S-0007-C-002	0.75	1	4.3	1
N/A	HD680-S-0011-C-002	1.1	1.5	5.8	2
110 - 115V ±10% - 1 Pha	ise Input, 3 phase 240V outpu	ıt IP66 Nor	Switched		
Modle Number		kW	HP	Output	Frame
With Filter	Without Filter			Current (A)	Size
N/A	HD680-S-0004-C-006	0.37	0.5	2.3	1
N/A	HD680-S-0007-C-006	0.75	1	4.3	1
N/A	HD680-S-0011-C-0B6	1.1	1.5	5.8	2
110 - 115V ±10% - 1 Pha	se Input, 3 phase 240V outpu	ıt IP66 Swi	tched		
Modle Number		kW	HP	Output	Frame
With Filter	Without Filter			Current (A)	Size
N/A	HD680-S-0004-C-006Y	0.37	0.5	2.3	1
N/A	HD680-S-0007-C-006Y	0.75	1	4.3	1
N/A	HD680-S-0011-C-0B6Y	1.1	1.5	5.8	2
200 - 240V ± 10% - 1 Ph	ase Input - 3 Phase Output				
Model Number		kW	HP	Output	Frame
With Filter	Without Filter			Current (A)	Size
HD680-S-0004-A-F02	HD680-S-0004-A-002	0.37	0.5	2.3	1
HD680-S-0007-A-F02	HD680-S-0007-A-002	0.75	1	4.3	1
HD680-S-0015-A-F02	HD680-S-0015-A-002	1.5	2	7	1
HD680-S-0015-A-FB2	HD680-S-0015-A-0B2	1.5	2	7	2
HD680-S-0022-A-FB2	HD680-S-0022-A-0B2	2.2	3	10.5	2
N/A	HD680-S-0040-A-0B2	4.0	5	15.3	3
200 - 240V ±10% - 1 Pha	se Input - 3 Phase Output IP	66 Non Swi	tched		
Model Number		kW	HP	Output	Frame
With Filter	Without Filter			Current (A)	Size
HD680-S-0004-A-F06	N/A	0.37	0.5	2.3	1
HD680-S-0007-A-F06	N/A	0.75	1	4.3	1
HD680-S-0015-A-F06	N/A	1.5	2	7	2
HD680-S-0022-A-F06	N/A	2.2	3	10.5	2

Model Number		kW	HP	Output	Frame
With Filter	Without Filter			Current (A)	Size
HD680-T-0004-A-F06	N/A	0.37	0.5	2.3	1
HD680-T-0007-A-F06	N/A	0.75	1	4.3	1
HD680-T-0015-A-F06	N/A	1.5	2	7	2
HD680-T-0022-A-FB6	N/A	2.2	3	10.5	2
HD680-T-0040-A-FB6	N/A	4	5	20.9	3
200 - 240V ± 10% - 3 Ph	ase Input - 3 Phase Output				
Model Number		kW	HP	Output	Frame
With Filter	Without Filter			Current (A)	Size
N/A	HD680-T-0004-A-002	0.37	0.5	2.3	1
N/A	HD680-T-0007-A-002	0.75	1	4.3	1
N/A	HD680-T-0015-A-002	1.5	2	7	1
HD680-T-0015-A-FB2	HD680-T-0015-A-0B2	1.5	2	7	2
HD680-T-0022-A-FB2	HD680-T-0022-A-0B2	2.2	3	10.5	2
HD680-T-0040-A-FB2	HD680-T-0040-A-0B2	4.0	5	18	3
HD680-T-0055-A-FB2	HD680-T-0055-A-0B2	5.5	7.5	24	3
HD680-T-0075-A-FB2	HD680-T-0075-A-0B2	7.5	10	30	4
HD680-T-0110-A-FB2	HD680-T-0110-A-0B2	11	15	46	4
380 - 480V ± 10% - 3 Ph	ase Input - 3 Phase Output				
Model Number		kW	HP	Output	Frame
With Filter	Without Filter			Current (A)	Size
HD680-T-0007-B-F02	HD680-T-0007-B-002	0.75	1	2.2	1
HD680-T-0015-B-F02	HD680-T-0015-B-002	1.5	2	4.1	1
HD680-T-0015-B-FB2	HD680-T-0015-B-0B2	1.5	2	4.1	2
HD680-T-0022-B-FB2	HD680-T-0022-B-0B2	2.2	3	5.8	2
HD680-T-0040-B-FB2	HD680-T-0040-B-0B2	4	5	9.5	2
HD680-T-0055-B-FB2	HD680-T-0055-B-0B2	5.5	7.5	14	3
HD680-T-0075-B-FB2	HD680-T-0075-B-0B2	7.5	10	18	3
HD680-T-0110-B-FB2	HD680-T-0110-B-0B2	11	15	24	3
HD680-T-0150-B-FB2	HD680-T-0150-B-0B2	15	20	30	4
HD680-T-0185-B-FB2	HD680-T-0185-B-0B2	18.5	25	39	4
HD680-T-0220-B-FB2	HD680-T-0220-B-0B2	22	30	46	4

3. Mechanical Installation

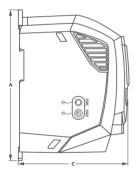
3.1. General

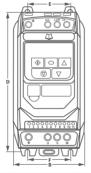
- The HD680 motor drives should be mounted in a vertical position only, on a flat, flame resistant, vibration free mounting using the integral mounting holes or DIN Rail clip (Frame Sizes 1 and 2 only).
- IP20 HD680 motor drives must be installed in a pollution degree 1 or 2 environment only.
- Do not mount flammable material close to the HD680 motor drives.
- Ensure that the minimum cooling air gaps, as detailed in section 3.5. Mechanical Dimensions IP66 Enclosed Units and 3.7. Gland Plate and Lock Off are left clear.
- Ensure that the ambient temperature range does not exceed the permissible limits for the HD680 motor drives given in section 9.1. Environmental.
- Provide suitable clean, moisture and contaminant free cooling air sufficient to fulfil the cooling requirements of the HD680 motor drives.

3.2. UL Compliant Installation

Refer to section 9.4. Additional Information for UL Compliance on page 38 for Additional Information for UL Compliance.

3.3. Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting - IP20 Open Units





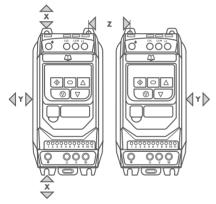
Drive	Α		В		С		D		E		F		Weight	
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	Kg	lb
1	173	6.81	83	3.27	123	4.84	162	6.38	50	1.97	50	1.97	1.0	2.2
2	221	8.70	110	4.33	150	5.91	209	8.23	63	2.48	63	2.48	1.7	3.8
3	261	10.28	131	5.16	175	6.89	247	9.72	80	3.15	80	3.15	3.2	7.1
4	420	16.54	171	6.73	212	8.35	400	15.75	125	4.92	125	4.92	9.1	20.1

ts
4 x M5 (#8)
4 x M8

Tightening To	rques	
Frame Size	Control Terminals	Power Terminals
1 - 3	0.5 Nm (4.5 lb-in)	1 Nm (9 lb-in)
4	0.5 Nm (4.5 lb-in)	2 Nm (18 lb-in)

3.4. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting - IP20 Units

- IP20 drives are suitable for use in pollution degree 1 environments, according to IEC-664-1. For pollution degree 2 or higher environments, drives should be mounted in a suitable control cabinet with sufficient ingress protection to maintain a pollution degree 1 environment around the drive.
- Enclosures should be made from a thermally conductive material.
- Ensure the minimum air gap clearances around the drive as shown below are observed when mounting the drive.
- Where ventilated enclosures are used, there should be venting above the drive and below the drive to ensure good air circulation. Air should be drawn in below the drive and expelled above the drive.
- In any environments where the conditions require it, the enclosure must be designed to protect the HD680
 motor drives against ingress of airborne dust, corrosive gases or liquids, conductive contaminants (such as
 condensation, carbon dust, and metallic particles) and sprays or splashing water from all directions.
- High moisture, salt or chemical content environments should use a suitably sealed (non-vented) enclosure.
- The enclosure design and layout should ensure that the adequate ventilation paths and clearances are left to allow air to circulate through the drive heatsink. Honeywell recommend the following minimum sizes for drives mounted in non-ventilated metallic enclosures:



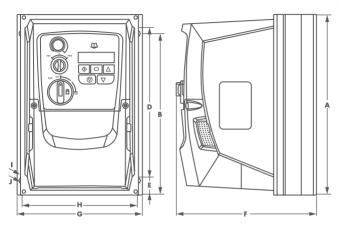
Drive Size	X Above &	X Above & Below		ide	Z Between	n	Recommended airflow
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	CFM (ft3/min)
1	50	1.97	50	1.97	33	1.30	11
2	75	2.95	50	1.97	46	1.81	22
3	100	3.94	50	1.97	52	2.05	60
4	100	3.94	50	1.97	52	2.05	120

NOTE Dimension Z assumes that the drives are mounted side-by-side with no clearance. Typical drive heat losses are 3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times

3. Mechanical Installation (continuous)

3.5. Mechanical Dimensions - IP66 Enclosed Units

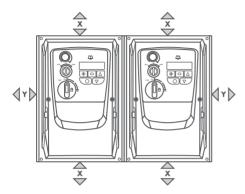


Drive	Α		В		D		E F		F		G		Н		I		J		Weight	
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	lb
1	232.0	9.13	207.0	8.15	189.0	7.44	25.0	0.98	179.0	7.05	161.0	6.34	148.5	5.85	4.0	0.16	8.0	0.31	3.1	6.8
2	257.0	10.12	220.0	8.67	200.0	7.87	28.5	1.12	187.0	7.36	188.0	7.40	176.0	6.93	4.2	0.17	8.5	0.33	4.1	9.0
3	310.0	12.20	276.5	10.89	251.5	9.90	33.4	1.31	252	9.92	211.0	8.30	197.5	7.78	4.2	0.17	8.5	0.33	7.6	16.7

Mounting Bolts					
Frame Size					
All Frame Sizes	4 × M4 (#8)				

Tightening Torques					
Frame Size Control Terminals		Power Terminals			
All Frame Sizes	0.5 Nm (4.5 lb-in)	1 Nm (9 lb-in)			





- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section 9.1. Environmental.
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface.
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed.
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives.
- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations required for drilling.
- Suitable cable glands to maintain the ingress protection of the drive are required. Gland holes for power and motor cables are pre-moulded into the drive enclosure, recommended gland sizes are shown above. Gland holes for control cables

may be cut as required.

	X Above	& Below	Y Either	Side
Size	mm	in	mm	in
1	200	7.87	10	0.39
2	200	7.87	10	0.39
3	200	7.87	10	0.39

Drive	Cable Gland Sizes					
Size	Power Cable	Motor Cable	Control Cables			
1	M20 (PG13.5)	M20 (PG13.5)	M20 (PG13.5)			
2	M25 (PG21)	M25 (PG21)	M20 (PG13.5)			
3	M25 (PG21)	M25 (PG21)	M20 (PG13.5)			

NOTE Typical drive heat losses are approximately 3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

3. Mechanical Installation (continuous)

3.7. Gland Plate and Lock Off

The use of a suitable gland system is required to maintain the appropriate IP / Nema rating. The gland plate has pre moulded cable entry holes for power and motor connections suitable for use with glands as shown in the following table. Where additional holes are required, these can be drilled to suitable size. Please take care when drilling to avoid leaving any particles within the product.

Cable Gland recommended Hole Sizes & types:

Drive Size	Power & Motor Cables		Control & Signal Cables			
	Power Cable	Motor Cable	Control Cables	Power Cable	Motor Cable	Control Cables
Size 1	22mm	PG13.5	M20	22mm	PG13.5	M20
Size 2 & 3	27mm	PG21	M25	22mm	PG13.5	M20

Flexible Conduit Hole Sizes:

Drive Size	Drill Size	Trade Size	Metric
Size 1	28mm	³ / ₄ in	21
Size 2 & 3	35mm	1 in	27

- UL rated ingress protection ("Type") is only met when cables are installed using a UL recognized bushing or fitting for a flexible-conduit system which meets the required level of protection ("Type").
- For conduit installations the conduit entry holes require standard opening to the required sizes specified per the NFC
- Not intended for installation using rigid conduit system.

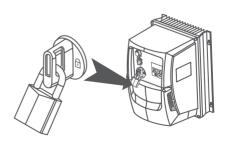
Power Isolator Lock Off

On the switched models the main power isolator switch can be locked in the "Off" position using a 20mm standard shackle padlock (not supplied).

IP66 / Gland Plate



IP66 / Unit Lock Off

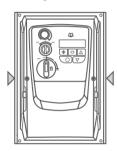


3.8. Removing the Terminal Cover

To access the connection terminals, the drive front cover needs to be removed as shown.

IP66 / Units

Removing the 2 screws on the front of the product allows access to the connection terminals, as shown below.



3.9. Routine Maintenance

The drive should be included within the scheduled maintenance program so that the installation maintains a suitable operating environment, this should include:

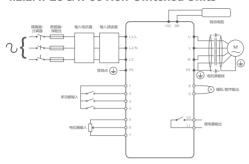
- Ambient temperature is at or below that set out in section 9.1. Environmental.
- · Heat sink fans freely rotating and dust free.
- The Enclosure in which the drive is installed should be free from dust and condensation; furthermore
 ventilation fans and air filters should be checked for correct air flow.

Checks should also be made on all electrical connections, ensuring screw terminals are correctly torqued; and that power cables have no signs of heat damage.

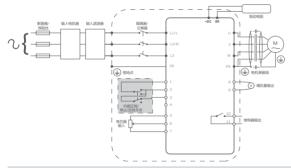
4. Power & Control Wiring

4.1. Connection Diagram

4.1.1. IP20 & IP66 Non-Switched Units



4.1.2. IP66 Switched Units



	Key	Sec.	Page
Α	Protective Earth (PE) Connection	4.2	20
В	Incoming Power Connection	4.3	21
С	Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection	4.3.2	21
D	Optional Input Choke	4.3.3	21
E	Optional External EMC Filter	4.10	26
F	Internal Disconnect / Isolator	4.3	21
G	Optional Brake Resistor	4.11	26
Н	Motor Connection		
- 1	Analog Output	4.8.1	24
J	Relay Output	4.8.2	24
K	Using the REV/O/FWD Selector Switch (Switched Version Only)	4.7	23
L	Analog Inputs	4.8.3	25
M	Digital Inputs	4.8.4	25

4.2. Protective Earth (PE) Connection

Grounding Guidelines

The ground terminal of each HD680 motor drives should be individually connected DIRECTLY to the site ground bus bar (through the filter if installed). HD680 motor drives ground connections should not loop from one drive to another, or to, or from any other equipment. Ground loop impedance must confirm to local industrial safety regulations. To meet UL regulations, UL approved ring crimp terminals should be used for all ground wiring connections.

The drive Safety Ground must be connected to system ground. Ground impedance must conform to the requirements of national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes. The integrity of all ground connections should be checked periodically.

Protective Farth Conductor

The Cross sectional area of the PE Conductor must be at least equal to that of the incoming supply conductor.

Safety Ground

This is the safety ground for the drive that is required by code. One of these points must be connected to adjacent building steel (girder, joist), a floor ground rod, or bus bar. Grounding points must comply with national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes.

Motor Ground

The motor ground must be connected to one of the ground terminals on the drive.

Ground Fault Monitoring

As with all motor drives, a leakage current to earth can exist. The HD680 motor drives is designed to produce the minimum possible leakage current whilst complying with worldwide standards. The level of current is affected by motor cable length and type, the effective switching frequency, the earth connections used and the type of RFI filter installed. If an ELCB (Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker) is to be used, the following conditions apply:

- A Type B Device must be used.
- The device must be suitable for protecting equipment with a DC component in the leakage current.
- Individual FLCBs should be used for each HD680 motor drives.

Shield Termination (Cable Screen)

The safety ground terminal provides a grounding point for the motor cable shield. The motor cable shield connected to this terminal (drive end) should also be connected to the motor frame (motor end). Use a shield terminating or EMI clamp to connect the shield to the safety ground terminal.

4. Power & Control Wiring (continuous)

4.3. Incoming Power Connection

4.3.1. Cable Selection

- For 1 phase supply, the mains power cables should be connected to L1/L, L2/N.
- For 3 phase supplies, the mains power cables should be connected to L1, L2, and L3. Phase sequence is not important.
- For compliance with CE and C Tick EMC requirements, refer to section 4.10 EMC Compliant Installation on page 14.
- A fixed installation is required according to IEC61800-5-1 with a suitable disconnecting device installed between the HD680 motor drives and the AC Power Source. The disconnecting device must conform to the local safety code / regulations (e.g. within Europe, EN60204-1, Safety of machinery).
- The cables should be dimensioned according to any local codes or regulations. Maximum dimensions are given in section 9.2. Rating Tables.

4.3.2. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection

- Suitable fuses to provide wiring protection of the input power cable should be installed in the incoming supply line, according to the data in section 9.2. Rating Tables. The fuses must comply with any local codes or regulations in place. In general, type gG (IEC 60269) or UL type J fuses are suitable; however in some cases type aR fuses may be required. The operating time of the fuses must be below 0.5 seconds.
- Where allowed by local regulations, suitably dimensioned type B MCB circuit breakers of equivalent rating may be utilised in place of fuses, providing that the clearing capacity is sufficient for the installation.
- The maximum permissible short circuit current at the HD680 motor drives Power terminals as defined in IEC60439-1 is 100kA.

4.4. Motor Connection

- The drive inherently produces fast switching of the output voltage (PWM) to the motor compared to the
 mains supply, for motors which have been wound for operation with a variable speed drive then there is no
 preventative measures required, however if the quality of insulation is unknown then the motor manufacturer
 should be consulted and preventative measures may be required.
- The motor should be connected to the HD680 motor drives U, V, and W terminals using a suitable 3 or 4 core cable. Where a 3 core cable is utilised, with the shield operating as an earth conductor, the shield must have a cross sectional area at least equal to the phase conductors when they are made from the same material. Where a 4 core cable is utilised, the earth conductor must be of at least equal cross sectional area and manufactured from the same material as the phase conductors.
- The motor earth must be connected to one of the HD680 motor drives earth terminals.
- Maximum permitted motor cable length for all models: 100 metres shielded, 150 metres unshielded.
- Where multiple motors are connected to a single drive using parallel cables, an output choke must be installed.

4.5. Motor Terminal Box Connections

Most general purpose motors are wound for operation on dual voltage supplies. This is indicated on the nameplate of the motor. This operational voltage is normally selected when installing the motor by selecting either STAR or DELTA connection. STAR always gives the higher of the two voltage ratings.

Incoming Supply Voltage	Motor Nameplate Voltages	Connection	
230	230 / 400		DELTA 🛆
400	400 / 690	Delta	U V W
400	230 / 400	Star	STAR A

4.6. Control Terminal Wiring

- All analog signal cables should be suitably shielded. Twisted pair cables are recommended.
- Power and Control Signal cables should be routed separately where possible, and must not be routed parallel to each other.
- Signal levels of different voltages e.g. 24 Volt DC and 110 Volt AC, should not be routed in the same cable.
- Maximum control terminal tightening torque is 0.5Nm.
- Control Cable entry conductor size: 0.05 2.5mm2 / 30 12 AWG.

4. Power & Control Wiring (continuous)

4.7. Using the REV/O/FWD Selector Switch (Switched Version Only)

By adjusting the parameter settings the HD680 motor drives can be configured for multiple applications and not just for Forward or Reverse.

This could typically be for Hand/Off/Auto applications (also known and Local/Remote) for HVAC and pumping industries.







Switch Position		Parameters to Set		Notes	
			P-12	P-15	
Run Reverse	STOP	Run Forward	0	0	Factory Default Configuration
					Run Forward or Reverse with speed controlled from the Local POT
STOP	STOP	Run Forward	0	5, 7	Run forward with speed controlled form the local POT
					Run Reverse – Disabled
Preset Speed 1	STOP	Run Forward	0	1	Run Forward with speed controlled from the Local POT
					Preset Speed 1 provides a 'Jog' Speed set in P-20
Run Reverse	STOP	Run Forward	0	6, 8	Run Forward or Reverse with speed controlled from the Local POT
Run in Auto	STOP	Run in Hand	0	4	Run in Hand – Speed controlled from the Local POT
					Run in Auto O Speed controlled using Analog input 2 e.g. from PLC with 4-20mA signal.
Run in Speed Control	STOP	Run in PI Control	5	1	In Speed Control the speed is controlled from the Local POT
					In PI Control, Local POT controls PI set point
Run in Preset Speed	STOP	Run in PI Control	5	0, 2, 4, 5, 812	In Preset Speed Control, P-20 sets the Preset Speed
Control					In PI Control, POT can control the PI set point (P-44=1)
Run in Hand	STOP	Run in Auto	3	6	Hand – Speed controlled from the Local POT
					Auto – Speed Reference from Modbus
Run in Hand	STOP	Run in Auto	3	3	Hand – Speed reference from Preset Speed 1 (P-20)
					Auto – Speed Reference from Modbus

NOTE

To be able to adjust parameter P-15, extended menu access must be set in P-14 (default value is 101).

4.8. Control Terminal Connections

Default Connections	Control Terminal	Signal	Description
1	1	+24Vdc User Output	+24Vdc user output, 100mA. Do not connect an external voltage source to this terminal.
3	2	Digital Input 1	Positive logic
4	3	Digital Input 2	"Logic 1" input voltage range: 8V 30V DC "Logic 0" input voltage range: 0V 4V DC
5	4	Digital Input 3 / Analog Input 2	Digital: 8 to 30V Analog: 0 to 10V, 0 to 20mA or 4 to 20mA
<u> </u>	5	+10V User Output	+10V, 10mA, 1k Ω minimum
8	6	Analog Input 1 / Digital Input 4	Analog: 0 to 10V, 0 to 20mA or 4 to 20mA Digital: 8 to 30V
9	7	OV	0 Volt Common, internally connected to terminal 9
	8	Analog Output / Digital Output	Analog: 0 to 10V, 20mA maximum Digital: 0 to 24V
	9	OV	0 Volt Common, internally connected to terminal 7
	10	Relay Common	
	11	Relay NO Contact	Contact 250Vac, 6A / 30Vdc, 5A

4.8.1. Analog Output

The analog output function may be configured using parameter P-25, which is described in section 6.2. Extended Parameters on page 24.

The output has two operating modes, dependent on the parameter selection:

- Analog Mode
 - O The output is a 0-10 volt DC signal, 20mA max load current.
- Digital Mode
 - O The output is 24 volt DC, 20mA max load current.

4.8.2. Relay Output

The relay output function may be configured using parameter P-18, which is described in section 6.2. Extended Parameters on page 24.

4. Power & Control Wiring (continuous)

4.8.3. Analog Inputs

Two analog inputs are available, which may also be used as Digital Inputs if required. The signal formats are selected by parameters as follows:

- Analog Input 1 Format Selection Parameter P-16.
- Analog Input 2 Format Selection Parameter P-47.

These parameters are described more fully in section 6.2. Extended Parameters on page 24. The function of the analog input, e.g. for speed reference or PID feedback for example is defined by parameters P-15. The function of these parameters and available options is described in section 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations on page 31.

4.8.4. Digital Inputs

Up to four digital inputs are available. The function of the inputs is defined by parameters P-12 and P-15, which are explained in section 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations on page 31.

4.9. Motor Thermal Overload Protection

4.9.1. Internal Thermal Overload Protection

The drive has an in-built motor thermal overload function; this is in the form of an "l.t-trP" trip after delivering >100% of the value set in P-08 for a sustained period of time (e.g. 150% for 60 seconds).

4.9.2. Motor Thermistor Connection

Where a motor thermistor is to be used, it should be connected as follows:

Additional Information Compatible Thermistor: PTC Type, 2.5kΩ trip level. Use a setting of P-15 that has Input 3 function as External Trip, e.g. P-15 = 3. Refer to section 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations on page 31 for further details. Set P-47 = "Pեc-th"

4.10. EMC Compliant Installation

Category	Supply Cable Type	Motor Cable Type	Control Cables	Maximum Permissible Motor Cable Length
C16	Shielded ¹	Shielded ^{1,5}	Shielded ⁴	1M / 5M ⁷
C2	Shielded ²	Shielded ^{1,5}		5M / 25M ⁷
C3	Unshielded ³	Shielded ²		25M / 100M ⁷

- A screened (shielded) cable suitable for fixed installation with the relevant mains voltage in use. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage with a concentric protection wire. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- ³ A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage. A shielded type cable is not necessary.
- ⁴ A shielded cable with low impedance shield. Twisted pair cable is recommended for analog signals.
- The cable screen should be terminated at the motor end using an EMC type gland allowing connection to the motor body through the largest possible surface area. Where drives are mounted in a steel control panel enclosure, the cable screen may be terminated directly to the control panel using a suitable EMC clamp or gland, as close to the drive as possible. For IP66 drives, connect the motor cable screen to the internal ground clamp.
- Compliance with category C1 conducted emissions only is achieved. For compliance with category C1 radiated emissions, additional measures may be required, contact your Sales Partner for further assistance.
- Permissible cable length with additional external EMC filter.

4.11. Optional Brake Resistor

HD680 motor drives Frame Size 2 and above units have a built in Brake Transistor. This allows an external resistor to be connected to the drive to provide improved braking torque in applications that require this. The brake resistor should be connected to the "+" and "BR" terminals as shown.



The voltage level at these terminals may exceed 800VDC.

Stored charge may be present after disconnecting the mains power.

Allow a minimum of 10 minutes discharge after power off before attempting any connection to these terminals.

Suitable resistors and guidance on selection can be obtained from your motor drives Sales Partner.

5. Operation

5.1. Managing the Keypad

The drive is configured and its operation monitored via the keypad and display.

NAVIGATE	Used to display real-time information, to access and exit parameter edit mode and to store parameter changes.	
UP	Used to increase speed in real-time mode or to increase parameter values in parameter edit mode.	
DOWN	Used to decrease speed in real-time mode or to decrease parameter values in parameter edit mode.	
RESET/STOP	Used to reset a tripped drive. When in Keypad mode is used to Stop a running drive.	
START	When in keypad mode, used to Start a stopped drive or to reverse the direction of rotation if bi-directional keypad mode is enabled.	

5.2. Operating Displays

SEOP	H 50 0	R 23	P 150	1500
Drive Stopped / Disabled	Drive is enabled / running, display shows the output frequency (Hz)	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second. The display will show the motor current (Amps)	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second. The display will show the motor power (kW)	If P-10 > 0, pressing the Navigate key for < 1 second will display the motor speed (RPM)

5.3. Changing Parameters

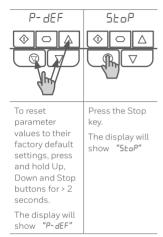
5LoP	P-01	P-08	10	P- 08	P-08
(1) P (1)	O	(P A		(A) P(\(\Delta \)	(1) P (1)
					(S) 7
Press and hold	Use the up	Press the	Adjust the value	Press for <	Press for > 2
the Navigate	and down	Navigate key for	using the Up	1 second to	seconds to
key > 2 seconds	keys to select	< 1 second	and Down keys	return to the	return to the
	the required			parameter	operating
	parameter			menu	display

5.4. Read Only Parameter Access

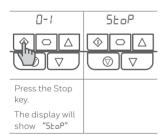
5toP	P-00	P00-0 I	P00-08	330	5toP
Press and hold the Navigate key > 2 seconds	Use the up and down keys to select P-00	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second	Use the up and down keys to select the required Read Only parameter	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second to display the value	Press and hold the Navigate key > 2 seconds to return to the operating display

5. Operation (continuous)

5.5. Resetting Parameters



5.6. Resetting a Fault



Minimum Maximum Default

Fast Ramp to Stop (P-24), Coast if P-24 = 0

0

Units

6. Parameters

Description

Par.

P-06

6.1. Standard Parameters

P-01	Maximum Frequency / Speed Limit P-02 500.0 50.0 (60.0) Hz / RPM							
Maximum output frequency or motor speed limit – Hz or RPM. If P-10 >0, the value en RPM.						ered / display	/ed is in	
P-02	Minimu	n Frequency / Speed Limit		0.0	P-01	20.0	Hz / RPM	
	Minimun	n speed limit – Hz or RPM. If P-10 >C	, the value e	ntered / dis	played is ir	RPM.		
P-03	Accelera	tion Ramp Time		0.00	600.0	5.0	s	
	Accelerat	tion ramp time from zero Hz / RPM t	o base frequ	ency (P-09) in second	S.		
P-04	Deceleration Ramp Time 0.00 600.0 5.0 s						s	
	Decelerati is used.	ion ramp time from base frequency (P-0	9) to standstil	l in seconds.	When set to	0.00, the valu	ue of P-24	
P-05	Stopping	Stopping Mode / Mains Loss Response			3	0	-	
	Selects th operation.	e stopping mode of the drive, and the bel	naviour in resp	oonse to a los	ss of mains p	ower supply o	during	
	Setting	On Disable	On Main	s Loss				
	0	Ramp to Stop (P-04)		Ride Through (Recover energy from load to maintain operation)				
	1	Coast	Coast					
	2	Ramp to Stop (P-04)	Fast Ram	np to Stop (P-24), Coast if P-24 = 0				

Motor Energy Optimisation is intended for use in applications where the motor operates for extended time periods at constant speed with light load. It should not be used in applications with large, sudden step changes in load or for PI control applications.

No action

Ramp to Stop (P-04) with AC Flux

Braking

Energy Optimiser

Ramp to Stop (P-04)

HD680 motor drives Energy Optimisation reduces the drive internal heat losses increasing efficiency however it may result in some vibration in the motor during light load operation. In general, this function is suited to Fan, Pump and Compressor applications.

Setting	Motor Energy Optimisation	HD680 motor drives Energy Optimisation
0	Disabled	Disabled
1	Enabled	Disabled
2	Disabled	Enabled
3	Enabled	Enabled

6. Parameters (continuous)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-07	Motor Rated Voltage / Back EMF at rated speed (PM / BLDC)	0	250 / 500	230 / 400	V
			1 . 5 . 1.	6.1	

For Induction Motors, this parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor (Volts).

For Permanent Magnet or Brushless DC Motors, it should be set to the Back EMF at rated speed.

P-08	Motor Rated Current	Drive Rating Dependent			Α			
	This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current of the motor.							
P-09	Motor Rated Frequency	10	500	50 (60)	Hz			
	This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the motor.							
		_		_				

P-10 Motor Rated Speed 0 30000 0 RPM
This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) RPM of the motor. When set to the

This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) RPM of the motor. When set to the default value of zero, all speed related parameters are displayed in Hz and the slip compensation (where motor speed is maintained at a constant value regardless of applied load) for the motor is disabled. Entering the value from the motor nameplate enables the slip compensation function, and the HD680 motor drives display will now show motor speed in RPM. All speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Speeds etc. will also be displayed in RPM.

NOTE If P-09 value is changed, P-10 value is reset to 0.

P-11 Low Frequency Torque Boost 0.0 Drive Dependent % Dependent %

Low frequency torque can be improved by increasing this parameter. Excessive boost levels may however result in high motor current and increased risk of tripping on Over Current or Motor Overload (refer to section 10.1. Fault Code Messages).

This parameter operates in conjunction with P-51 (Motor Control Mode) as follows:

P-51	P-11	
0	0	Boost is automatically calculated according to autotune data.
	>0	Voltage boost = P-11 x P-07. This voltage is applied at 0.0Hz, and linearly reduced until P-09 $$ / 2.
1	All	Voltage boost = P-11 x P-07.This voltage is applied at 0.0Hz, and linearly reduced until P-09 $/$ 2.
2, 3, 4	All	Boost current level = 4*P-11*P-08.

For IM motors, when P-51=0 or 1, a suitable setting can usually be found by operating the motor under very low or no load conditions at approximately 5Hz, and adjusting P-11 until the motor current is approximately the magnetising current (if known) or in the range shown below.

Frame Size 1:60 - 80% of motor rated current.

Frame Size 2: 50 - 60% of motor rated current.

Frame Size 3: 40 - 50% of motor rated current.

Frame Size 4: 35 - 45% of motor rated current.

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-12	Primary Command Source	0	9	0	-

- 0: Terminal Control. The drive responds directly to signals applied to the control terminals.
- **1:** Uni-directional Keypad Control. The drive can be controlled in the forward direction only using the internal keypad, or an external remote Keypad.
- 2: Bi-directional Keypad Control. The drive can be controlled in the forward and reverse directions u using the internal keypad, or an external remote Keypad. Pressing the keypad START button toggles between forward and reverse.
- **3: Modbus Network Control.** Control via Modbus RTU (RS485) using the internal Accel / Decel ramps.
- **4: Modbus Network Control.** Control via Modbus RTU (RS485) interface with Accel / Decel ramps updated via Modbus.
- 5: PI Control. User PI control with external feedback signal.
- $6 \cdot \text{Pl}$ Analog Summation Control. PI control with external feedback signal and summation with analog input 1.
- 7: CAN Control. Control via CAN (RS485) using the internal Accel / Decel ramps.
- 8: CAN Control. Control via CAN (RS485) interface with Accel / Decel ramps updated via CAN.
- 9: Slave Mode. Control via a connected motor drive in Master Mode. Slave drive address must be > 1.
- **NOTE** When P-12 = 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9, an enable signal must still be provided at the control terminals, digital input 1.

P-13 Operating Mode Select 0 2

Provides a quick set up to configure key parameters according to the intended application of the drive. Parameters are preset according to the table.

- O: Industrial Mode. Intended for general purpose applications.
- 1: Pump Mode. Intended for centrifugal pump applications.
- 2: Fan Mode. Intended for Fan applications.

Setting	Application	Current Limit (P-54)	Torque Characteristic	Spin Start (P-33)	Thermal Overload Limit Reaction (P-60 Index 2)
0	General	150%	Constant	O: Off	0: Trip
1	Pump	110%	Variable	O: Off	1: Current Limit Reduction
2	Fan	110%	Variable	2: On	1: Current Limit Reduction

P-14 Extended Menu Access code 0 65535 0 -

Enables access to Extended and Advanced Parameter Groups. This parameter must be set to the value programmed in P-37 (default: 101) to view and adjust Extended Parameters and value of P-37 + 100 to view and adjust Advanced Parameters. The code may be changed by the user in P-37 if desired.

6. Parameters (continuous)

6.2. Extended Parameters

heatsink temperature.

Par Description

			Detault	Units			
Digital Input Function Select	0	17	0	-			
Analog Input 1 Signal Format	See E	Below	U0-10	-			
$\ U = U = U = U = U = U = U = U = U = U $							
b \mathcal{D} - \mathcal{U} = Uni-polar 0 to 10 Volt Signal, bi-directional operation. The drive will operate the motor in the reverse direction of rotation if the analog reference after scaling and offset are applied is <0.0%. E.g. for bidirectional control from a 0 – 10 volt signal, set P-35 = 200.0%, P-39 = 50.0%.							
R 0-20 = 0 to 20mA Signal.							
t ५-२० = 4 to 20mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will trip and show the fault code ५-२० f if the signal level falls below 3mA.							
r 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-20 if the signal level falls below 3mA.							
k ਟੋਹ-ਖ = 20 to 4mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will trip and show the fault code ਖ-ਟੋਹਿ if the signa level falls below 3mA.							
r 2D-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-20 if the signal level falls below 3mA.							
บ เอ-อ = 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar). The drive will operate at Maximum Frequency / Speed if the analog reference after scaling and offset are applied is =<0.0%.							
Maximum Effective Switching Frequency	4	32	8	kHz			
	Defines the function of the digital inputs depending on the 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations for mor Analog Input 1 Signal Format U D- ID = Uni-polar O to 10 Volt Signal. The drive will remain reference after scaling and offset are applied is =<0.0%. 1 speed will be the value set in P-01. b D- ID = Uni-polar O to 10 Volt Signal, bi-directional operareverse direction of rotation if the analog reference after scaling a bidirection of rotation if the analog reference after scaling a bidirectional control from a 0 – 10 volt signal, set P-35 = 2 P D-2D = 0 to 20mA Signal. b H-2D = 4 to 20mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will the signal level falls below 3mA. c H-2D-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will the level falls below 3mA. c 2D-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will the level falls below 3mA. c 2D-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will refalls below 3mA. c 2D-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will refalls below 3mA. c 2D-6 = 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar). The drive will operanalog reference after scaling and offset are applied is =<0.0%.	Defines the function of the digital inputs depending on the control model. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations for more information and Digital Input Macro Configurations for more information. Analog Input 1 Signal Format See E U B - 10 = Uni-polar 0 to 10 Volt Signal. The drive will remain at minimure reference after scaling and offset are applied is =<0.0%. 100% signal speed will be the value set in P-01. b D - 10 = Uni-polar 0 to 10 Volt Signal, bi-directional operation. The direverse direction of rotation if the analog reference after scaling and offset a bidirectional control from a 0 – 10 volt signal, set P-35 = 200.0%, P-3 P D-20 = 0 to 20mA Signal. b 4 - 20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will trip and show signal level falls below 3mA. c 4 - 20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will run at Preset falls below 3mA. c 20 - 4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will run at Preset falls below 3mA. c 20 - 4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will run at Preset falls below 3mA. c 20 - 4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will run at Preset falls below 3mA. c 10 - 9 = 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar). The drive will operate at Maxianalog reference after scaling and offset are applied is =<0.0%.	Defines the function of the digital inputs depending on the control mode setting 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations for more information. Analog Input 1 Signal Format U D- 10 = Uni-polar 0 to 10 Volt Signal. The drive will remain at minimum speed (Freference after scaling and offset are applied is =<0.0%. 100% signal means the speed will be the value set in P-01. b D- 10 = Uni-polar 0 to 10 Volt Signal, bi-directional operation. The drive will opereverse direction of rotation if the analog reference after scaling and offset are applied is bidirectional control from a 0 – 10 volt signal, set P-35 = 200.0%, P-39 = 50.0%. A D-20 = 0 to 20mA Signal. E 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will trip and show the fault of signal level falls below 3mA. F 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will run at Preset Speed 1 (Pfalls below 3mA. E 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will trip and show the fault of level falls below 3mA. F 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will run at Preset Speed 1 (Pfalls below 3mA. F 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will run at Preset Speed 1 (Pfalls below 3mA. F 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will run at Preset Speed 1 (Pfalls below 3mA. F 20-10 = 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar). The drive will operate at Maximum Frequence after scaling and offset are applied is =<0.0%.	Defines the function of the digital inputs depending on the control mode setting in P-12. Se 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations for more information. Analog Input 1 Signal Format See Below U0-10 U B- IB = Uni-polar 0 to 10 Volt Signal. The drive will remain at minimum speed (P-02) if the a reference after scaling and offset are applied is <0.0%. 100% signal means the output freq speed will be the value set in P-01. b B- IB = Uni-polar 0 to 10 Volt Signal, bi-directional operation. The drive will operate the moreverse direction of rotation if the analog reference after scaling and offset are applied is <0.0%. E.g bidirectional control from a 0 – 10 volt signal, set P-35 = 200.0%, P-39 = 50.0%. R B-2B = 0 to 20mA Signal. E 4-2B = 4 to 20mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will trip and show the fault code 4-2BF if signal level falls below 3mA. F 4-2B = 4 to 20mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-20 if the signals below 3mA. E 2B-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will trip and show the fault code 4-2BF if level falls below 3mA. E 2B-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-20 if the signals below 3mA. E 2B-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-20 if the signals below 3mA. E 2B-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-20 if the signals below 3mA. E 2B-1 = 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar). The drive will operate at Maximum Frequency / Speed analog reference after scaling and offset are applied is <0.0%.			

Minimum Maximum Default Units

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-18	Output Relay Function Select	0	9	1	_

Selects the function assigned to the relay output. The relay has two output terminals, Logic 1 indicates the relay is active, and therefore terminals 10 and 11 will be connected.

- 0: Drive Enabled (Running). Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.
- 1: Drive Healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the drive and no fault exists.
- 2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the setpoint frequency.
- 3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition.
- **4: Output Frequency >= Limit.** Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the adjustable limit set in P-19.
- 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjustable limit set in P-19.
- **6: Output Frequency < Limit.** Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the adjustable limit set in P-19.
- 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the adjustable limit set in P-19.
- 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog input 2 exceeds the adjustable limit set in P-19.
- 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no trip present.

P-19	Relay Threshold Level	0.0	200.0	100.0	%
	Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settin	gs 4 to 8 of	P-18.		

P-20 Preset Frequency / Speed 1 -P-01 P-01 5.0 Hz / RPM P-21 Preset Frequency / Speed 2 -P-01 P-01 25.0 Hz / RPM P-22 Preset Frequency / Speed 3 -P-01 P-01 40.0 Hz / RPM

Preset Speeds / Frequencies selected by digital inputs depending on the setting of P-15.

If P-10 = 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P-10 > 0, the values are entered as RPM.

NOTE Changing the value of P-09 will reset all values to factory default settings.

P-24 2nd Ramp Time (Fast Stop) 0.00 600.0 0.00 s

This parameter allows a 2nd ramp time to be programmed into the drive.

P-23

Preset Frequency / Speed 4

This ramp time is automatically selected in the case of a mains power loss if P-05 = 2 or 3. When set to 0.00, the drive will coast to stop.

-P-01

P-01

P-09

Hz / RPM

When using a setting of P-15 that provides a "Fast Stop" function, this ramp time is also used.

In addition, if P-24 > 0, P-02 > 0, P-26=0 and P-27 = P-02, this ramp time is applied to both acceleration and deceleration when operating below minimum speed, allowing selection of an alternative ramp when operating outside of the normal speed range, which may be useful in pump and compressor applications.

6. Parameters (continuous)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-25	Analog Output Function Select	0	11	8	-

Digital Output Mode. Logic 1 = +24V DC

- 0: Drive Enabled (Running). Logic 1 when the HD680 motor drives is enabled (Running).
- 1: Drive Healthy. Logic 1 When no Fault condition exists on the drive.
- 2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the setpoint frequency.
- 3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition.
- **4: Output Frequency >= Limit.** Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the adjustable limit set in P-19.
- 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjustable limit set in P-19.
- **6: Output Frequency < Limit.** Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the adjustable limit set in P-19.
- 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the adjustable limit set in P-19.

 Analog Output Mode
- 8: Output Frequency (Motor Speed). 0 to P-01, resolution 0.1 Hz.
- 9: Output (Motor) Current. 0 to 200% of P-08, resolution 0.1A.
- 10: Output Power. 0 200% of drive rated power.
- 11: Load Current. 0 200% of P-08, resolution 0.1A.

P-26	Skip Frequency Hysteresis Band	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz/RPM
P-27	Skip Frequency Centre Point	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPM

The Skip Frequency function is used to avoid the HD680 motor drives operating at a certain output frequency, for example at a frequency which causes mechanical resonance in a particular machine. Parameter P-27 defines the centre point of the skip frequency band, and is used in conjunction with P-26. The HD680 motor drives output frequency will ramp through the defined band at the rates set in P-03 and P-04 respectively, and will not hold any output frequency within the defined band. If the frequency reference applied to the drive is within the band, the HD680 motor drives output frequency will remain at the upper or lower limit of the band.

P-28	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage	0	P-07	0	V
P-29	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage	0.0	P-09	0.0	Hz

This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the voltage set in P-29 is applied to the motor. Care must be taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this feature.

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-30	Start Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation				
	Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart	N/A	N/A	Edge-r	-

Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable input is present and latched during power on.

Also configures the Automatic Restart function.

Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digital Input 1 remains closed. The Input must be closed after a power on or reset to start the drive.

#ULD- 1: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically start if Digital Input 1 is closed.

RULo- ITO RULo-5: Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 attempts to restart at 20 second intervals. The numbers of restart attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to start on the final attempt, the drive will trip with a fault, and will require the user to manually reset the fault. The drive must be powered down to reset the counter.

Index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic

) 1 0 -

Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which includes Fire Mode, e.g. settings 15, 16 & 17.

- 0: Normally Closed (NC) Input. Fire Mode active if input is open.
- 1: Normally Open (NO) Input. Fire Mode active if input is closed.

Index 3: Fire Mode Input Type	0	1	0	-
-------------------------------	---	---	---	---

Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes Fire Mode, e.g. settings 15, 16 & 17.

0: Maintained Input. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as long the fire mode input signal remains

(Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported depending on Index 2 setting).

1: Momentary Input. Fire Mode is activated by a momentary signal on the input. Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported depending on Index 2 setting. The drive will remain in Fire Mode until disabled or powered off.

P-31 Keypad Start Mode Select

7 1 -

This parameter is active only when operating in Keypad Control Mode (P-12=1 or 2) or Modbus Mode (P-12=3 or 4). When settings 0, 1, 4 or 5 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active, and control terminals 1 and 2 must be linked together. Settings 2, 3, 6 and 7 allow the drive to be started from the control terminals directly, and the keypad Start and Stop keys are ignored.

O

- 0: Minimum Speed, Keypad Start
- 1: Previous Speed, Keypad Start
- 2: Minimum Speed, Terminal Enable
- 3: Previous Speed, Terminal Enable
- 4: Current Speed, Keypad Start
- 5: Preset Speed 4, Keypad Start
- 6: Current Speed, Terminal Start
- 7: Preset Speed 4, Terminal Start

6. Parameters (continuous)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-32	Index 1: Duration	0.0	25.0	0.0	s
	Index 2: DC Injection Mode	0	2	0	-

Index 1: Defines the time for which a DC current is injected into the motor. DC Injection current level may be adjusted in P-59.

Index 2: Configures the DC Injection Function as follows:

0: DC Injection on Stop. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 following a stop command, after the output frequency has reduced to P-58 for the time set in Index 1.

NOTE If the drive is in Standby Mode prior to disable, the DC injection is disabled

1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 for the time set in Index 1 immediately after the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output stage remains active during this phase. This can be used to ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting.

2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both settings 0 and 1 above.

P-33 | Spin Start | 0 | 2 | 0 | -

0: Disabled

- 1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determine if the motor is already rotating, and will begin to control the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starting motors which are not turning.
- **2:** Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is only activated following the events listed, otherwise it is disabled.

P-34 Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1) 0 4 0 -

0: Disabled

- 1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled with software protection for a 200W continuous rated resistor.
- **2: Enabled Without Software Protection.** Enables the internal brake chopper without software protection. An external thermal protection device should be fitted.
- **3: Enabled With Software Protection.** As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.
- **4: Enabled Without Software Protection.** As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.

P-35 | Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling | 0.0 | 2000.0 | 100.0 | %

Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied by this factor, e.g. if P-16 is set for a 0-10V signal, and the scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running at maximum frequency / speed (P-01).

Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the operating speed of the drive will be the Master speed multiplied by this factor, limited by the minimum and maximum speeds.

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-36	Serial Communications Configuration		See E	Below	
	Index 1: Address	0	63	1	-
	Index 2: Baud Rate	9.6	1000	115.2	kbps
	Index 3: Communication loss protection	0	3000	t 3000	ms

This parameter has three sub settings used to configure the Modbus RTU Serial Communications. The Sub Parameters are:

1st Index: Drive Address: Range: 0 - 63, default: 1.

2nd Index: Baud Rate & Network type: Selects the baud rate and network type for the internal RS485

communication port.

For Modbus RTU: Baud rates 9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 57.6, 115.2 kbps are available.

For CAN: Baud rates 125, 250, 500 & 1000 kbps are available.

3rd Index: Watchdog Timeout: Defines the time for which the drive will operate without receiving a valid command telegram to Register 1 (Drive Control Word) after the drive has been enabled. Setting 0 disables the Watchdog timer. Setting a value of 30, 100, 1000, or 3000 defines the time limit in milliseconds for operation. A 't' suffix selects trip on loss of communication. An 'r' suffix means that the drive will coast stop (output immediately disabled) but will not trip.

P-37	Access Code Definition	0	9999	101	_
	Defines the access code which must be entered in P-14 to access parameters above P-14.				
P-38	Parameter Access Lock	0	1	0	-
	O. Halada d. All a succession and be a second and all and a				

O: Unlocked. All parameters can be accessed and changed.

1: Locked. Parameter values can be displayed, but cannot be changed except P-38.

P-39	Analog Input 1 Offset	-500.0	500.0	0.0	%
------	-----------------------	--------	-------	-----	---

Sets an offset, as a percentage of the full scale range of the input, which is applied to the analog input signal. This parameter operates in conjunction with P-35, and the resultant value can be displayed in P00-01.

The resultant value is defined as a percentage, according to the following:

P00-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) x P-35).

6. Parameters (continuous)

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P-40							
	Index 2: Display Scaling Source	0	3	0	-		
	Allows the user to program the HD680 motor drives to diseither output frequency (Hz), Motor Speed (RPM) or the sPI Mode.						
	Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen so	urce value i	is multiplied	by this fac	tor.		
	Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows:						
	0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if	P-10 = 0, or	motor RPM i	if P-10 > 0.			
	1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value	ue (Amps).					
	2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog in 100.0%.	nput 2 signal	level, interna	lly represent	ed as 0 –		
	3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected	d by P-46, in	ternally repre	esented as C	- 100.0%.		
P-41	PI Controller Proportional Gain	0.0	30.0	1.0	-		
	PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a gin response to small changes in the feedback signal. Too				requency		
P-42	PI Controller Integral Time	0.0	30.0	1.0	s		
	PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more overall process responds slowly.	damped res	ponse for sy	ystems whe	re the		
P-43	PI Controller Operating Mode	0	1	0	-		
	O: Direct Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal drops, the motor speed should increase. 1: Inverse Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal drops, the motor speed should						
	decrease.						
	2: Direct Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, but on restart from Standby, PI Output is set to 100%.						
	3: Reverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, to 100%.	but on rest	art from Sta	ndby, PI Ou	tput is set		
P-44	PI Reference (Setpoint) Source Select	0	1	0	-		
	Selects the source for the PID Reference / Setpoint.						
	0: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used.						
	0: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used.						
	0: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used. 1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, r	eadable in I	P00-01 is u	sed for the	setpoint.		
P-45		readable in I	P00-01 is us	sed for the s	setpoint.		

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-46	PI Feedback Source Select	0	5	0	-
	Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by th	ne PI control	ller.		
	0: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in PC	00-02.			
	1: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Signal level readable in PC	00-01.			
	2: Motor Current Scaled as % of P-08.				
	3: DC Bus Voltage Scaled 0 – 1000 Volts = 0 – 100%.				
	4: Analog 1 – Analog 2 The value of Analog Input 2 is subsignal. The value is limited to 0.	otracted fro	m Analog 1	to give a dif	ferential
	5: Largest (Analog 1, Analog 2) The larger of the two and feedback.	alog input v	alues is alw	ays used fo	r PI
P-47	Analog Input 2 Signal Format	-	-	-	U0-10
	U 0- 10 = 0 to 10 Volt Signal.				
	# 0-20 = 0 to 20mA Signal.				
	k 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will trip an below 3mA.	d show the fa	ault code 4- ā	™ if the sign	al level falls
	r $$ 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will run at lelow 3mA.	Preset Speed	l 1 (P-20) if t	he signal leve	el falls
	Ł 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will trip and below 3mA.	d show the fa	ult code 4-2	OF if the sign	al level falls
	$\it r$ - 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the HD680 motor drives will run at l below 3mA.	Preset Speed	l 1 (P-20) if t	he signal leve	el falls
	PEc-Eh = Use for motor thermistor measurement, valid with any level: $1.5k\Omega$, reset $1k\Omega$.	setting of P-	15 that has I	nput 3 as E-	Trip. Trip
P-48	Standby Mode Timer	0.0	25.0	0.0	s
	When standby mode is enabled by setting P-48 > 0.0, the operating at minimum speed (P-02) for the time set in P-4 shows 5 Endby, and the output to the motor is disabled.				
P-49	PI Control Wake Up Error Level	0.0	100.0	5.0	%
	When the drive is operating in PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 of 0.0), P-49 can be used to define the PI Error Level (E.g. diffequired before the drive restarts after entering Standby Meedback errors and remain in Standby mode until the fee	ference bet lode. This al	ween the se llows the dri	tpoint and f ve to ignore	eedback)
P-50	User Output Relay Hysteresis	0.0	100.0	0.0	%

Sets the hysteresis level for P-19 to prevent the output relay chattering when close to the threshold.

6. Parameters (continuous)

6.3. Advanced Parameters

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-51	Motor Control Mode	0	5	0	-
	0: Vector speed control mode				
	1: V/f mode				
	2: PM motor vector speed control				
	3: BLDC motor vector speed control				
	4: Synchronous Reluctance motor vector speed contro	ol			
	5: LSPM motor vector speed control				
P-52	Motor Parameter Autotune	0	1	0	-
	0: Disabled				
	1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive immediately measur operation. Ensure all motor related parameters are correct				
	This parameter can be used to optimise the performance	when P-51	= 0.		
	Autotune is not required if P-51 = 1.				
	For settings $2-5$ of P-51, autotune MUST be carried out entered.	AFTER all c	ther require	ed motor se	ttings are
P-53	Vector Mode Gain	0.0	200.0	50.0	%
	Single Parameter for Vector speed loop tuning. Affects P P-51 = 1.	& I terms sir	multaneous	ly. Not activ	e when
P-54	Maximum Current Limit	0.0	175.0	150.0	%
	Defines the max current limit in vector control modes				
P-55	Motor Stator Resistance	0.00	655.35	-	Ω
	Motor stator resistance in Ohms. Determined by Autotun	e, adjustme	nt is not nor	mally requ	ired.
P-56	Motor Stator d-axis Inductance (Lsd)	0.00	655.35	-	mH
	Determined by Autotune, adjustment is not normally requ	ired.			
P-57	Motor Stator q-axis Inductance (Lsq)	0.00	655.35	-	mH
	Determined by Autotune, adjustment is not normally requ	ired.			
P-58	DC Injection Speed	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz/RPM
	Sets the speed at which DC injection current is applied du injected before the drive reaches zero speed if desired.	uring brakin	g to Stop, al	llowing DC	to be
P-59	DC Injection Current	0.0	100.0	20.0	%
	Sets the level of DC injection braking current applied accep-58.	ording to th	e conditions	s set in P-3	2 and

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-60	Motor Overload Management	-	-	-	-
	Index 1: Thermal Overload Retention	0	1	0	1

0: Disabled

1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive calculated motor overload protection information is retained after the mains power is removed from the drive.

Index 2: Thermal Overload Limit Reaction	0	1	0	1	
--	---	---	---	---	--

- **0: It.trp.** When the overload accumulator reaches the limit, the drive will trip on lt.trp to prevent damage to the motor.
- 1: Current Limit Reduction. When the overload accumulator reaches 90% of, the output current limit is internally reduced to 100% of P-08 in order to avoid an lt.trp. The current limit will return to the setting in P-54 when the overload accumulator reaches 10%.

6.4. P-00 Read Only Status Parameters

Par.	Description	Explanation
P00-01	1st Analog input value (%)	100% = max input voltage
P00-02	2nd Analog input value (%)	100% = max input voltage
P00-03	Speed reference input (Hz / RPM)	Displayed in Hz if P-10 = 0, otherwise RPM
P00-04	Digital input status	Drive digital input status
P00-05	User PI output (%)	Displays value of the User PI output
P00-06	DC bus ripple (V)	Measured DC bus ripple
P00-07	Applied motor voltage (V)	Value of RMS voltage applied to motor
P00-08	DC bus voltage (V)	Internal DC bus voltage
P00-09	Heatsink temperature (°C)	Temperature of heatsink in °C
P00-10	Run time since date of manuf. (Hours)	Not affected by resetting factory default parameters
P00-11	Run time since last trip (1) (Hours)	Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or trip), reset on next enable only if a trip occurred. Reset also on next enable after a drive power down
P00-12	Run time since last trip (2) (Hours)	Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or trip), reset on next enable only if a trip occurred (under-volts not considered a trip) — not reset by power down / power up cycling unless a trip occurred prior to power down
P00-13	Trip Log	Displays most recent 4 trips with time stamp
P00-14	Run time since last disable (Hours)	Run-time clock stopped on drive disable, value reset on next enable
P00-15	DC bus voltage log (V)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 256ms sample time
P00-16	Heatsink temperature log (°C)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 30s sample time
P00-17	Motor current log (A)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 256ms sample time
P00-18	DC bus ripple log (V)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 22ms sample time
P00-19	Internal drive temperature log (°C)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 30 s sample time

6. Parameters (continuous)

Par.	Description	Explanation					
P00-20	Internal drive temperature (°C)	Actual internal ambient temperature in °C					
P00-21	CAN process data input	Incoming process data (RX PDO1) for CAN: PI1, PI2, PI3, PI4					
P00-22	CAN process data output	Outgoing process data (TX PDO1) for CAN: PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4					
P00-23	Accumulated time with heatsink > 85 °C (Hours)	Total accumulated hours and minutes of operation above heatsink temp of 85 ° C					
P00-24	Accumulated time with drive internal temp > 80 ° C (Hours)	Total accumulated hours and minutes of operation with drive internal ambient above 80 ° C					
P00-25	Estimated rotor speed (Hz)	In vector control modes, estimated rotor speed in Hz					
P00-26	kWh meter / MWh meter	Total number of kWh / MWh consumed by the drive					
P00-27	Total run time of drive fans (Hours)	Time displayed in hh:mm:ss. First value displays time in hrs, press up to display mm:ss					
P00-28	Software version and checksum	Version number and checksum. "1" on LH side indicates I/O processor, "2" indicates power stage					
P00-29	Drive type identifier	Drive rating, drive type and software version codes					
P00-30	Drive serial number	Unique drive serial number					
P00-31	Motor current Id / Iq	Displays the magnetising current (Id) and torque current (Iq). Press UP to show Iq					
P00-32	Actual PWM switching frequency (kHz)	Actual switching frequency used by drive					
P00-33	Critical fault counter – O-I	These parameters log the number of times specific					
P00-34	Critical fault counter – O-Volts	faults or errors occur, and are useful for diagnostic purposes					
P00-35	Critical fault counter – U-Volts	purposes					
P00-36	Critical fault counter – O-temp (h/sink)						
P00-37	Critical fault counter – b O-I (chopper)						
P00-38	Critical fault counter – O-hEAt (control)						
P00-39	Modbus comms error counter						
P00-40	CANbus comms error counter	_					
P00-41	I/O processor comms errors	_					
P00-42	Power stage uC comms errors						
P00-43	Drive power up time (life time) (Hours)	Total lifetime of drive with power applied					
P00-44	Phase U current offset & ref	Internal value					
P00-45	Phase V current offset & ref	Internal value					
P00-46	Phase W current offset & ref	Internal value					
P00-47	Index 1: Fire mode total active time Index 2: Fire Mode Activation Count	Total activation time of Fire Mode Displays the number of times Fire Mode has been activated					
P00-48	Scope channel 1 & 2	Displays signals for first scope channels 1 & 2					
P00-49	Scope channel 3 & 4	Displays signals for first scope channels 3 & 4					
P00-50	Bootloader and motor control	Internal value					

7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations

7.1. Overview

HD680 motor drives uses a Macro approach to simplify the configuration of the Analog and Digital Inputs. There are two key parameters which determine the input functions and drive behaviour:

- P-12 Selects the main drive control source and determines how the output frequency of the drive is primarily controlled.
- P-15 Assigns the Macro function to the analog and digital inputs.

 Additional parameters can then be used to further adapt the settings, e.g.
- P-16 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 1, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 20mA
- **P-30** Determines whether the drive should automatically start following a power on if the Enable Input is present.
- P-31 When Keypad Mode is selected, determines at what output frequency / speed the drive should start following the enable command, and also whether the keypad start key must be pressed or if the Enable input alone should start the drive.
- P-47 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 2, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 20mA.

The diagrams below provide an overview of the functions of each terminal macro function, and a simplified connection diagram for each.

7.2. Macro Functions Guide Key

The table below should be used as a key for pages 32 to 34.

STOP / RUN	Latched input, Close to Run, Open to Stop.
Forward Rotation / Reverse Rotation	Selects the direction of motor operation.
AI1 REF	Analog Input 1 is the selected speed reference.
P-xx REF	Speed setpoint from the selected preset speed.
PR-REF	Preset speeds P-20 – P-23 are used for the speed reference, selected according to other digital input status.
^-FAST STOP (P-24)-^	When both inputs are active simultaneously, the drive stops using Fast Stop Ramp Time P-24.
E-TRIP	External Trip input, which must be Normally Closed. When the input opens, the drive trips showing E-Er iP or PEc-Eh depending on P-47 setting.
(NO)	Normally Open Contact, Momentarily Close to Start.
(NC)	Normally Closed Contact, momentary Open to Stop.
Fire Mode	Activates Fire Mode, see section 7.7. Fire Mode.
ENABLE	Hardware Enable Input. In Keypad Mode, P-31 determines whether the drive immediately starts, or the keypad start key must be pressed. In other modes, this input must be present before the start signal via the fieldbus interface.
INC SPD	Normally Open, Close the input to Increase the motor speed.
DEC SPD	Normally Open, Close input to Decrease motor speed.
KPD REF	Keypad Speed Reference selected.
FB REF	Selected speed reference from Fieldbus (Modbus RTU / CAN / Master depending on P-12 setting).

7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations (continuous)

7.3. Macro Functions - Terminal Mode (P-12 = 0)

P-15	D	11	D	12	DI3	/ AI2	DI4 / AI1		Diagram
	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	
0	STOP	RUN	FWDひ	REV び	AI1 REF	P-20 REF	Analog Input	AI1	1
1	STOP	RUN	AI1 REF	PR-REF	P-20	P-21	Analog Input	AI1	1
2	STOP	RUN	DI2	DI3	P	R	P-20 - P-23 P-01		2
			0	0	P-	20			
			1	0	P-	21			
			0	1	P-	22			
			1	1	P-	23			
3	STOP	RUN	AI1	P-20 REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog Input	AI1	3
4	STOP	RUN	AI1	AI2	Analog I	nput Al2	Analog Input	AI1	4
5	STOP	RUN FWD 🖔	STOP	RUN REV ೮	AI1	P-20 REF	Analog Input	AI1	1
		^FAS	T STOP (P	-24)^					
6	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	E-TRIP	OK	Analog Input AI1		3
7	STOP	RUN FWD &	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	E-TRIP	OK	Analog Input AI1		3
		^FAS	T STOP (P	-24)^					
8	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV	DI3	DI4	PR		2
					0	0	P-20		
					1	0	P-21		
					0	1	P-22		
					1	1	P-23		
9	STOP	START FWD O	STOP	START REV 🗸	DI3	DI4	PR		2
		^FAS	T STOP (P	-24)^	0	0	P-20		1
					1	0	P-21		1
					0	1	P-22		
					1	1	P-23		1
10	(NO)	START 1	STOP	(NC)	AI1 REF	P-20 REF	Analog Input	Al1	5
11	(NO)	START 1 FWD 0	STOP	(NC)	(NO)	START J REV U	Analog Input	Al1	6
		^	FAS	ST STOP (P-	24)	^			

P-15	D	11	D	12	DI3	/ AI2		DI4/AI1		Diagram	
	0	1	0	1	0	1	()	1		
12	STOP	RUN	FAST STOP (P-24)	OK	AI1 REF	P-20 REF	Ana	Analog Input AI1		7	
13	(NO)	START FWD O	STOP	(NC)	(NO)	START REV び	KPD	REF	P-20 REF	13	
		^	FAS	ST STOP (P-	24)	^					
14	STOP	RUN	D	12	E-TRIP	OK	DI2	DI4	PR	11	
							0	0	P-20		
							1	0	P-21		
							0	1	P-22		
							1	1	P-23		
15	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	AI1	Fire N	Vode	Ana	alog Input	AI1	1	
16	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	P-21 REF	Fire N	Mode	FV	VD	REV	2	
17	STOP	RUN	D	12	Fire N	Mode	DI2	DI4	PR	2	
							0	0	P-20		
							1	0	P-21		
							0	1	P-22		
							1	1	P-23		
18	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	Fire N	Mode	Ana	alog Input	Al1	1	

7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations (continuous)

7.4. Macro Functions - Keypad Mode (P-12 = 1 or 2)

	1 ENABLE ENABLE	0	1 INC SPD ↑	0	1 DEC	0 FWD ひ	1	
		-		-		EW/D &		
	ENIADLE		^		SPD↓	TWDO	REV O	8
	ENIADIE							
1 STOP E	ENABLE			PI Speed I	Reference			
2 STOP E	ENABLE	-	INC SPD ↑	-	DEC SPD↓	KPD REF	P-20 REF	8
				·				
3 STOP E	ENABLE	-	INC SPD 1	E-TRIP	OK	-	DEC SPD↓	9
			^ RT^					
4 STOP E	ENABLE	-	INC SPD↑	KPD REF	AI1 REF	А	10	
5 STOP E	ENABLE	りDMA	REV び	KPD REF	AI1 REF	А	11	1
6 STOP E	ENABLE	りdWA	REV び	E-TRIP	OK	KPD REF	P-20 REF	11
7 STOP R	RUN FWD	STOP	RUN REV び	E-TRIP	OK	KPD REF	P-20 REF	11
	^F	FAST STOP	(P-24)					
8 STOP R	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV び	KPD REF	AI1 REF	А	11	
14 STOP	RUN	-	-	E-TRIP	OK	-	-	
15 STOP	RUN	PR REF	KPD REF	Fire N	Лode	P-23	P-21	2
16 STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	KPD REF	Fire N	Лode	び DWヲ	REV 🗸	2
17 STOP	RUN	KPD REF	P-23 REF	Fire N	Лode	FWDひ	REV 🗸	2
18 STOP	RUN	AI1 REF	KPD REF	Fire N	Лode	А	11	1

9,10,11,12, 13 = 0

7.5. Macro Functions - Fieldbus Control Mode (P-12 = 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9)

P-15	D	l1	D	DI3 / AI2		DI4	/ AI1	Diagram		
	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1		
0	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF (F	FB REF (Fieldbus Speed Reference, Modbus RTU / CAN / Master- Slave defined by P-12)						
1	STOP	ENABLE		PI Speed Reference						
3	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	P-20 REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	nput Al1	3	
5	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	PR REF	P-20	P-21	Analog I	nput Al1	1	
			^START (P-12 = 3 or 4 Only)^							
6	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	AI1 REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog Input AI1		3	
		^START	(P-12 = 3 or	4 Only)^						
7	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	KPD REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	nput Al1	3	
		^START	(P-12 = 3 or	4 Only)^						
14	STOP	ENABLE	-	-	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	nput Al1	16	
15	STOP	ENABLE	PR REF	FB REF	Fire N	Vode	P-23	P-21	2	
16	STOP	ENABLE	P-23 REF	FB REF	Fire N	Vode	Analog I	1		
17	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	P-23 REF	Fire Mode Analog Input AI1		nput Al1	1		
18	STOP	ENABLE	AI1 REF	FB REF	Fire N	Mode	Analog I	nput Al1	1	

2,4,8,9,10,11,12,13 = 0

7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations (continuous)

7.6. Macro Functions - User PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6)

P-15	DI1		D	12	DI3	/ AI2	DI4	/ AI1	Diagram
	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	
0	STOP	ENABLE	PIREF	P-20 REF	А	12	Al	1	4
1	STOP	ENABLE	PIREF	AI1 REF	AI2 (I	PI FB)	Al	1	4
3, 7	STOP	ENABLE	PIREF	P-20	E-TRIP	OK	AI1 (F	PLFB)	3
4	(NO)	START	(NC)	STOP	AI2 (PI FB)		AI1		12
5	(NO)	START	(NC)	STOP	PIREF	P-20 REF	AI1 (PI FB)		5
6	(NO)	START	(NC)	STOP	E-TRIP	OK	AI1 (PI FB)		
8	STOP	RUN	りdWP	REV 🗸	AI2 (I	PLFB)	Al1		4
14	STOP	RUN	-	-	E-TRIP	OK	AI1 (F	PI FB)	16
15	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	PIREF	Fire I	Mode	AI1 (F	PI FB)	1
16	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	P-21 REF	Fire Mode		Al1 (PI FB)		1
17	STOP	RUN	P-21 REF	P-23 REF	Fire Mode		AI1 (PI FB)		1
18	STOP	RUN	AI1 REF	PI REF	Fire I	Mode	Al1 (F	AI1 (PI FB)	

2.9.10.11.12.13 = 0

NOTE P1 Setpoint source is selected by P-44 (default is fixed value in P-45, A11 may also be selected). P1 Feedback source is selected by P-46 (default is A12, other options may be selected).

7.7. Fire Mode

The Fire Mode function is designed to ensure continuous operation of the drive in emergency conditions until the drive is no longer capable of sustaining operation. The Fire Mode input may be a normally open (Close to Activate Fire Mode) or Normally Closed (Open to Activate Fire Mode) according to the setting of P-30 Index 2. In addition, the input may be momentary or maintained type, selected by P-30 Index 3.

This input may be linked to a fire control system to allow maintained operation in emergency conditions, e.g. to clear smoke or maintain air quality within that building.

The fire mode function is enabled when P-15 = 15, 16 or 17, with Digital Input 3 assigned to activate fire mode. Fire Mode disables the following protection features in the drive:

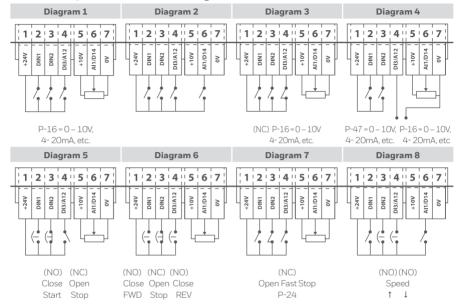
O-t (Heat-sink Over-Temperature), U-t (Drive Under Temperature), Th-FLt (Faulty Thermistor on Heat-sink), E-trip (External Trip),

4-20 F (4-20mA fault), Ph-Ib (Phase Imbalance), P-Loss (Input Phase Loss Trip), SC-trp (Communications Loss Trip), I.t-trp (Accumulated overload Trip).

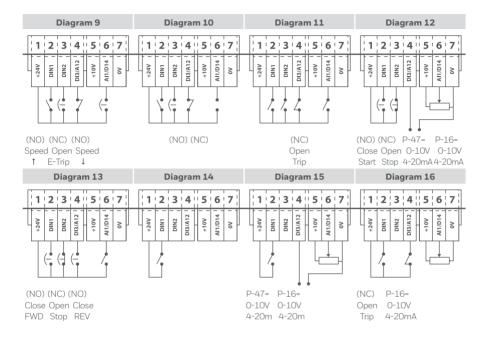
The following faults will result in a drive trip, auto reset and restart:

O-Volt (Over Voltage on DC Bus), U-Volt (Under Voltage on DC Bus), h O-I (Fast Over-current Trip), O-I (Instantaneous over current on drive output), Out-F (Drive output fault, Output stage trip).

7.8. Example Connection Diagrams



7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations (continuous)



8. Modbus RTU Communications

8.1. Introduction

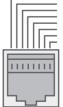
The HD680 motor drives can be connected to a Modbus RTU network via the RJ45 connector on the front of the drive.

8.2. Modbus RTU Specification

Protocol	Modbus RTU				
Error check	CRC				
Baud rate	9600bps, 19200bps, 38400bps, 57600bps, 115200bps (default)				
Data format	1 start bit, 8 data bits, 1 stop bits, no parity				
Physical signal	RS 485 (2-wire)				
User interface	RJ45				
Supported Function Codes	03 Read Multiple Holding Registers				
	06 Write Single Holding Register				
	16 Write Multiple Holding Registers (Supported for registers 1 – 4 only)				

8.3. RJ45 Connector Configuration

For full MODBUS RTU register map information please refer to your motor Drives Sales Partner. Local contacts can be found by visiting our website. When using MODBUS control the Analog and Digital Inputs can be configured as shown in section 7.5. Macro Functions - Fieldbus Control Mode (P-12 = 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9).



1	CAN -
2	CAN+
3	O Volts
4	-RS485 (PC)
5	+RS485 (PC)
6	+24 Volt
7	-RS485 (Modbus RTU)
8	+RS485 (Modbus RTU)

Warning: This is not an Ethernet connection. Do not connect directly to an Ethernet port.

8. Modbus RTU Communications (continuous)

8.4. Modbus Register Map

Register Number	Par.	Туре		ipporte		Function		Range	Explanation	
			03	06	16	Low Byte	High Byte			
1	-	R/W	~	V	~	Drive Control Command		03	16 Bit Word. Bit O: Low = Stop, High = Run Enable Bit 1: Low = Decel Ramp 1 (P-O4), High = Decel Ramp 2 (P-24) Bit 2: Low = No Function, High = Fault Reset Bit 3: Low = No Function, High = Coast Stop Request	
2	-	R/W	~	~	V		s Speed e setpoint	05000	Setpoint frequency x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz	
4	-	R/W	~	~	V		ition and tion Time	060000	Ramp time in seconds x 100, e.g. 250 = 2.5 seconds	
6	-	R	~			Error code	Drive status		Low Byte = Drive Error Code, see section 10.1. Fault Code Messages High Byte = Drive Status as follows: 0: Drive Stopped 1: Drive Running 2: Drive Tripped	
7		R	~				t Motor uency	020000	Output frequency in Hz x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz	
8		R	V				t Motor rent	0480	Output Motor Current in Amps x10, e.g. 10 = 1.0 Amps	
11	-	R	V			Digital in	out status	015	Indicates the status of the 4 digital inputs Lowest Bit = 1 Input 1	
20	P00-01	R	V			Analog Inp	out 1 value	01000	Analog input % of full scale x10, e.g. 1000 = 100%	
21	P00-02	R	V			Analog Input 2 value		01000	Analog input % of full scale x10, e.g. 1000 = 100%	
22	P00-03	R	V			Speed Reference Value		01000	Displays the setpoint frequency x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz	
23	P00-08	R	~			DC bus	voltage	01000	DC Bus Voltage in Volts	
24	P00-09	R	~			Drive ten	nperature	0100	Drive heatsink temperature in °C	

All user configurable parameters are accessible as Holding Registers, and can be Read from or Written to using the appropriate Modbus command. The Register number for each parameter P-04 to P-60 is defined as 128 + Parameter number, e.g. for parameter P-15, the register number is 128 + 15 = 143. Internal scaling is used on some parameters, for further details please contact your motor Drives Sales Partner.

9. Technical Data

9.1. Environmental

Operational ambient temperature range Open Drives : $-10 ... 50^{\circ}$ C (frost and condensation free) Enclosed Drives : $-10 ... 40^{\circ}$ C (frost and condensation free)

Storage ambient temperature range : -40 ... 60°C

Maximum altitude : 2000m. Derate above 1000m: 1% / 100m

Maximum humidity : 95%, non-condensing

NOTE For UL compliance: the average ambient temperature over a 24 hour period for 200-240V, 2.2kW and 3HP, IP20 drives is 45° C.

9.2. Rating Tables

Frame Size	kW	HP	Input Current	Fuse /	/ MCB ne B)		Maximum Cable Size		Recommended Brake Resistance
				Non UL	UL	mm	AWG	Α	Ω
200 - 240	(+/-10%	6) V 1 Pha	se Input,	3 Phase O	utput				
1	0.37	0.5	3.7	10	6	8	8	2.3	-
1	0.75	1	7.5	10	10	8	8	4.3	-
1	1.5	2	12.9	16	17.5	8	8	7	-
2	1.5	2	12.9	16	17.5	8	8	7	100
2	2.2	3	19.2	25	25	8	8	10.5	50
3	4	5	29.2	40	40	8	8	15.3	25
200 - 240	(+/-10%	6) V 3 Pha	se Input,	3 Phase O	utput				
1	0.37	0.5	3.4	6	6	8	8	2.3	-
1	0.75	1	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.3	-
1	1.5	2	9.5	16	15	8	8	7	-
2	1.5	2	8.9	16	15	8	8	7	100
2	2.2	3	12.1	16	17.5	8	8	10.5	50
3	4	5	20.9	32	30	8	8	18	25
3	5.5	7.5	26.4	40	35	8	8	24	20
4	7.5	10	33.3	40	45	16	5	30	15
4	11	15	50.1	63	70	16	5	46	10
380 - 480	(+/-10%	6)V 3 Pha	se Input, 3	Phase Ou	itput				
1	0.75	1	3.5	6	6	8	8	2.2	-
1	1.5	2	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.1	-
2	1.5	2	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.1	250
2	2.2	3	7.5	16	10	8	8	5.8	200
2	4	5	11.5	16	15	8	8	9.5	120
3	5.5	7.5	17.2	25	25	8	8	14	100
3	7.5	10	21.2	32	30	8	8	18	80
3	11	15	27.5	40	35	8	8	24	50
4	15	20	34.2	40	45	16	5	30	30
4	18.5	25	44.1	50	60	16	5	39	22
4	22	30	51.9	63	70	16	5	46	22

NOTE Cable sizes shown are the maximum possible that may be connected to the drive. Cables should be selected according to local wiring codes or regulations at the point of installation.

9. Technical Data (continuous)

9.3. Single Phase Operation of Three Phase Drives

All drive models intended for operation from three phase mains power supply may be operated from a single phase supply at up to 50% of maximum rated output current capacity.

In this case, the AC power supply should be connected to L1 (L) and L2 (N) power connection terminals only.

9.4. Additional Information for UL Compliance

HD680 motor drives is designed to meet the UL requirements. For an up to date list of UL compliant products, please refer to UL listing. In order to ensure full compliance, the following must be fully observed.

Input Power Supply Requirements									
Supply Voltage	200 – 240 RMS Volts for 230 Volt rated units, + /- 10% variation allowed. 240 Volt RMS Maximum.								
	– 10% variation allov	wed, Maximum 500							
Imbalance Maximum 3% voltage variation between phase – phase voltages allowed.									
	All HD680 motor drives units have phase imbalance monitoring. A phase imbalance of > 3% will result in the drive tripping. For input supplies which have supply imbalance greater than 3% (typically the Indian sub-continent & parts of Asia Pacific including China) motor Drives recommends the installation of input line reactors.								
Frequency	50 - 60Hz + / - 5% Va	ariation							
Short Circuit Capacity	Voltage Rating	Min kW (HP)	Max kW (HP)	Maximum supply short-circuit current					
	230V	0.37 (0.5)	11 (15)	100kA rms (AC)					
	400 / 460V 0.75 (1) 22 (30) 100kA rms (AC)								
	All the drives in the above table are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than the above specified maximum short-circuit Amperes symmetrical with								

Mechanical Installation Requirements

All HD680 motor drives units are intended for indoor installation within controlled environments which meet the condition limits shown in section 9.1. Environmental.

the specified maximum supply voltage when protected by Class J fuses.

The drive can be operated within an ambient temperature range as stated in section 9.1. Environmental.

For IP20 units, installation is required in a pollution degree 1 environment.

For IP66 (Nema 4X) units, installation in a pollution degree 2 environment is permissible.

Frame size 4 drives must be mounted in an enclosure in a manner that ensures the drive is protected from 12.7mm (1/2 inch) of deformation of the enclosure if the enclosure impacted.

Electrical Installation Requirements

Incoming power supply connection must be according to section 4.3. Incoming Power Connection.

Suitable Power and motor cables should be selected according to the data shown in section 9.2. Rating Tables and the National Electrical Code or other applicable local codes.

Motor Cable 75°C Copper must be used.

Power cable connections and tightening torques are shown in sections 3.3. Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting – IP20 Open Units and 3.5. Mechanical Dimensions – IP66 (Nema 4X) Enclosed Units.

Integral Solid Sate short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the national electrical code and any additional local codes. Ratings are shown in section 9.2. Rating Tables.

Transient surge suppression must be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall be rated 480Volt (phase to ground), 480 Volt (phase to phase), suitable for over voltage category iii and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak of 4kV.

UL Listed ring terminals / lugs must be used for all bus bar and grounding connections.

General Requirements

HD680 motor drives provides motor overload protection in accordance with the National Electrical Code (US).

- Where a motor thermistor is not fitted, or not utilised, Thermal Overload Memory Retention must be enabled by setting P-50 = 1.
- Where a motor thermistor is fitted and connected to the drive, connection must be carried out according to the information shown in section 4.9.2. Motor Thermistor Connection.

9.5. EMC Filter Disconnect

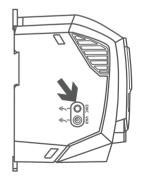
Drives with an EMC filter have an inherently higher leakage current to Ground (Earth).

For applications where tripping occurs the EMC filter can be disconnected (on IP20 units only) by completely removing the EMC screw on the side of the product.

Remove the screw as indicated right.

The HD680 motor drives product range has input supply voltage surge suppression components fitted to protect the drive from line voltage transients, typically originating from lightning strikes or switching of high power equipment on the same supply.

When carrying out a HiPot (Flash) test on an installation in which the drive is built, the voltage surge suppression components may cause the test to fail. To accommodate this type of system HiPot test, the voltage surge suppression components can be disconnected by removing the VAR screw After completing the HiPot test, the screw should be replaced and the HiPot test repeated. The test should then fail, indicating that the voltage surge suppression components are once again in circuit.



10. Troubleshooting

10.1. Fault Code Messages

Fault Code	No.	Description	Suggested Remedy
no-FLE	00	No Fault	Not required.
01 - 6	01	Brake channel over current	Check external brake resistor condition and connection wiring.
OL-br	02	Brake resistor overload	The drive has tripped to prevent damage to the brake resistor.
0-1	03	Output Over Current	Instantaneous Over current on the drive output. Excess load or shock load on the motor.
			NOTE Following a trip, the drive cannot be immediately reset. A delay time is inbuilt, which allows the power components of the drive time to recover to avoid damage.
I_E-ErP	04	Motor Thermal Overload (I2t)	The drive has tripped after delivering >100% of value in P-08 for a period of time to prevent damage to the motor.
0-uort	06	Over voltage on DC bus	Check the supply voltage is within the allowed tolerance for the drive. If the fault occurs on deceleration or stopping, increase the deceleration time in P-04 or install a suitable brake resistor and activate the dynamic braking function with P-34.
U-uorf	07	Under voltage on DC bus	The incoming supply voltage is too low. This trip occurs routinely when power is removed from the drive. If it occurs during running, check the incoming power supply voltage and all components in the power feed line to the drive.
0-E	08	Heatsink over temperature	The drive is too hot. Check the ambient temperature around the drive is within the drive specification. Ensure sufficient cooling air is free to circulate around the drive.
U-E	09	Under temperature	Trip occurs when ambient temperature is less than -10°C. Temperature must be raised over -10°C in order to start the drive.
P-dEF	10	Factory Default parameters loaded	
E-triP	11	External trip	E-trip requested on digital input 3. Normally closed contact has opened for some reason. If motor thermistor is connected check if the motor is too hot.
SC-065	12	Optibus comms loss	Check communication link between drive and external devices. Make sure each drive in the network has its unique address.
FLE-dc	13	DC bus ripple too high	Check incoming supply phases are all present and balanced.

Fault Code	No.	Description	Suggested Remedy
P-L055	14	Input phase loss trip	Check incoming power supply phases are present and balanced.
h 0-1	15	Output Over Current	Check for short circuits on the motor and connection cable.
			NOTE Following a trip, the drive cannot be immediately reset. A delay time is inbuilt, which allows the power components of the drive time to recover to avoid damage.
th-FLt	16	Faulty thermistor on heatsink	
dRLR-F	17	Internal memory fault (IO)	Press the stop key. If the fault persists, consult you supplier.
4-20 F	18	4-20mA Signal Lost	Check the analog input connection(s).
dRER-E	19	Internal memory fault (DSP)	Press the stop key. If the fault persists, consult you supplier.
F-Ptc	21	Motor PTC thermistor trip	Connected motor thermistor over temperature, check wiring connections and motor.
FAn-F	22	Cooling Fan Fault (IP66 only)	Check / replace the cooling fan.
O-hEAL	23	Drive internal temperature too high	Drive ambient temperature too high, check adequate cooling air is provided.
OUE-F	26	Output Fault	Indicates a fault on the output of the drive, such as one phase missing, motor phase currents not balanced. Check the motor and connections.
AF-05	41	Autotune Fault	The motor parameters measured through the autotune are not correct.
			Check the motor cable and connections for continuity.
			Check all three phases of the motor are present and balanced.
5C-F0 I	50	Modbus comms loss fault	Check the incoming Modbus RTU connection cable.
			Check that at least one register is being polled cyclically within the timeout limit set in P-36 Index 3.
5C-F02	51	CAN comms loss trip	Check the incoming CAN connection cable.
			Check that cyclic communications take place within the timeout limit set in P-36 Index 3.

NOTE Following an over current or overload trip (3, 4, 5, 15), the drive may not be reset until the reset time delay has elapsed to prevent damage to the drive.

