

Reduce Your Risk!" **Independent Slip Testing Services** GLOBAL PRODUCT CLASSIFICATION

TEST REPORT SLIP RESISTANCE CLASSIFICATION OF **NEW PEDESTRIAN SURFACE MATERIALS**

AS 4586-2013 **Appendix A - Wet Pendulum Testing**

Prepared For: National Flooring Distributors

Product Description: Hybrid Burra, Brown, Timberlook Vinyl Plank, 18x30cm

Issue Date: 26-04-2023 Page: 1 of 4





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TEST REPORT- Wet Pendulum Slip Resistance Classification (Australian Standard)

Report Prepared for:	National Flooring Distributors	Page #: 2 of 4
	58 Blanck Street	Program #: 8005
	Ormeau QLD 4208	
Test Date:	26-04-2023	
Test Site:	Independent Slip Testing Services- Slip Resistance Testing Facility (Lota Headquarters QL	D Australia)
Testing Technician:	N.Martin	
Testing Instrument:	Pendulum Skid Tester with Slider 96 (4S) rubber	
	Testing Instrument W1- Serial #: SK1105	

TESTING SPECIMEN DESCRIPTION, SIZE, COLOUR, TYPE, & COATING (if applicable)

- 1x Hybrid Burra, Brown, Timberlook Vinyl Plank, Sample Size 18x30cm
- 2. 1x Hybrid Burra, Brown, Timberlook Vinyl Plank, Sample Size 18x30cm
- 3. 1x Hybrid Burra, Brown, Timberlook Vinyl Plank, Sample Size 18x30cm
- 4. 1x Hybrid Burra, Brown, Timberlook Vinyl Plank, Sample Size 18x30cm
- 1x Hybrid Burra, Brown, Timberlook Vinyl Plank, Sample Size 18x30cm 5

Surface Condition:	Fine Textured	Cleaning:	Tested as received
Fixed/ Unfixed:	Unfixed	Rz Mean:	n/a
Environmental Conditions:	Air conditioning	Air Temp:	23 Deg.C
Direction of Test:	As indicated on underside of sample	Slope:	n/a

S 4586-2013	INTERPRETATION OF THE WET PENDULUM RESULTS		
	Classification	Pendulum mean BPN Slider 96 (4S) rubber	
	Р5	>54	
	Ρ4	45-54	
	Р3	35-44	
	P2	25-34	
	P1	12-24	
	PO	<12	

TEST RESULTS

): 86 BPN
): 60 BPN
t: N/A
/: N/A
) t

CLASSIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION	PENDULUM MEAN BPN (4S rubber)
P4	46

The mean results of the five specimens is reported (rounded to nearest whole number)

^ An individual result both below the result classification and below the mean result minus 20% shall be considered of lower classification

Maximum Slope Design Value (when dry):	4 deg
Maximum Slope Design Value (when wet):	N/A

^NCC Code provides reference for ramps up to 1:8



DISCLAIMER:

DISCLAIMER: ISTS accepts no civil liability or responsibility for any actions whatsoever that may arise as a result of the tests and the publication and issue of this test report. The test report is intended for viewing purposes solely for the named recipient identified above. The slip test report remains the property of ISTS. This report contains privileged and confidential information. The unauthorised reproduction





Signatory: Mick Walton

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 testing and calibration. NATA is a signatory to the APLAC mutual recognition arrangement for the mutual recognition of the equivalence of testing, calibration and inspection reports.

Testing was carried out using the Wet Pendulum Test Method in accordance with Australian Standard AS 4586-2013 Appendix A



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TEST PRODUCT IMAGE

Product Description: Hybrid Burra, Brown, Timberlook Vinyl Plank, 18x30cm

Test Date: 26-04-2023







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END OF TEST REPORT

Have a successful day!





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WET TEST RESULTS INTERPRETATION GUIDE (Part 1)- NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION CODE (AUSTRALIAN STANDARD) Page #: 1 of 2

		INTERPRETING WET TEST RESULTS		*TABLE 2
How to in	nterpret y	rour wet test report		-
W	Vet test res	sults offer six possible outcomes- classification 'P0', 'P1', 'P2', 'P3', 'P4' or 'P5'.		CLASSIFICATION
		ation 'P0' reflects a lesser slip resistant surface, while 'P5' classification reflects the great	test slip resistance	
cl	lassificatio	n.		P5 P4
		wo parts to this interpretation guide- Firstly the 'National Construction Code requiremen pplications' recommendations.	ts', and secondly 'Other	P4 P3
		bal Product Classification' test results refer additional #Note below.		P2
Step 1. N	Note the te	st location described in the left side column of your report, and the corresponding test ro sted in the far right side column)	esult 'P' classification	P1 P0
Step 2. Fr	rom this in	terpretation guide, identify the most appropriately related location description describe TABLE 3B' (Part 2) . Note the 'P' classification listed to the right of this description.	d in either 'TABLE 3A'	
		esult classification listed meets (or exceeds) the related 'P' classification from 'TABLE 3A' eeting the relevant requirement.	or 'TABLE 3B', the test	For test results that achieve
		Product Classification' test reports the 'TABLE 3A' or 'TABLE 3B' descriptions assist in ider or various applications.	ntifying the product's	While ISTS is solely an audit se impr
* TABLE	E 3A	NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION CODE COMPLIANCE CLASSIFICA Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications to meet National Construction Code requirements.	TIONS	Cleaning procedures Acid etching Coatings and sealers
* TABLE	E 3A	Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications to meet	TIONS	Acid etching
* TABLE		Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications to meet National Construction Code requirements.		Acid etching Coatings and sealers Surface texture
Stair Trea	nds and St	Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications to meet National Construction Code requirements. Location		Acid etching Coatings and sealers Surface texture Surface replacement An internet search for 'floo
Stair Tread	ads and St reads and a	Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications to meet National Construction Code requirements. Location airway Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2	Classification	Acid etching Coatings and sealers Surface texture Surface replacement An internet search for 'floo recommends sourcing a numb
Stair Tread 1. Stair tre 2. Stair tre	nds and St reads and a reads and a	Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications to meet National Construction Code requirements. Location airway Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2 stairway landing (when dry)	Classification P3	Acid etching Coatings and sealers Surface texture Surface replacement An internet search for 'floo recommends sourcing a numb
Stair Tread 1. Stair tre 2. Stair tre Nosings fo	nds and St reads and a reads and a or Stair Tr	Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications to meet National Construction Code requirements. Location airway Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2 stairway landing (when dry) stairway landing (when wet)	Classification P3	Acid etching Coatings and sealers Surface texture Surface replacement An internet search for 'floo recommends sourcing a numb
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Stair Tread 1. Stair tre 2. Stair tre Nosings fo 1. Dry stai 2. Wet sta	nds and St reads and a reads and a for Stair Tr air tread, a rair tread, a	Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications to meet National Construction Code requirements. Location airway Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2 stairway landing (when dry) stairway landing (when wet) reads and Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2 stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing	Classification P3 P4 P3	Acid etching Coatings and sealers Surface texture Surface replacement An internet search for 'floo recommends sourcing a numb imp
Stair Tread 1. Stair tre 2. Stair tre Nosings fo 1. Dry stai 2. Wet sta Ramps in	ads and St reads and a reads and a or Stair Tr air tread, a air tread, a Buildings	Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications to meet National Construction Code requirements. Location airway Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2 estairway landing (when dry) estairway landing (when wet) reads and Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2 stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing estair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing	Classification P3 P4 P3	Acid etching Coatings and sealers Surface texture Surface replacement An internet search for 'floo recommends sourcing a numb imp References *Table 3A- HB198:2014 "Guide to
Stair Tread 1. Stair tre 2. Stair tre Nosings fo 1. Dry stai 2. Wet sta Ramps in 1. Ramps 2. Ramps	ads and St reads and a reads and a for Stair Tr air tread, a sair tread, a Buildings anot steepe s not steepe	Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications to meet National Construction Code requirements. Location airway Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2 stairway landing (when dry) stairway landing (when wet) reads and Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2 stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing	Classification P3 P4 P3 P4 P3 P4 P3 P4	Acid etching Coatings and sealers Surface texture Surface replacement An internet search for 'floo recommends sourcing a numb imp References *Table 3A- HB198:2014 "Guide t Australia Limited 2014. *Table 2- AS 4586-2013 "Slip res
Stair Tread 1. Stair tre 2. Stair tre Nosings fo 1. Dry stai 2. Wet sta Ramps in 1. Ramps 2. Ramps 3. Ramps	ads and St reads and a reads and a or Stair Tr air tread, a cair tread, a Buildings a not steepe s not steepe s steeper th	Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications to meet National Construction Code requirements. Location airway Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2 stairway landing (when dry) stairway landing (when wet) reads and Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2 stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing	Classification P3 P4 P3 P4 P3 P4 P3	Acid etching Coatings and sealers Surface texture Surface replacement An internet search for 'floo recommends sourcing a numb imp References *Table 3A- HB198:2014 "Guide to Australia Limited 2014.

TABLE 2	Classification of Pedestrian Surface Materials according to the	
	AS 4586-2013 wet pendulum test	

	Pendulum* mean BPN		
CLASSIFICATION	Four S rubber (Slider 96)	TRL rubber (Slider 55)	
P5	>54	>44	
P4	45-54	40-44	
P3	35-44	35-39	
P2	25-34	20-34	
P1	12-24	< 20	
PO	<12	-	

TREATMENT OPTIONS

e a result below recommendations, the following treatment options are available to increase slip resistance and Reduce Your Risk!

service, following is a short list of common types of treatments we see our clients using to prove the slip resistance of various pedestrian surface materials.

Cleaning procedures	Minimising detergent residue build up or other contaminants.
Acid etching	Increasing surface texture.
Coatings and sealers	Surface coatings and penetrative types.
Surface texture	Coatings, etchants, sandblasting, shot blasting, etc.
Surface replacement	May be the most cost effective option in some instances.

poring treatments' will identify surface treatment professionals in your local area. ISTS nber of detailed proposals when considering treatments, outlining expected slip resistance mprovements, visual changes, clean ability and life expectancy.

ADDITIONAL NOTES & REFERENCES

te to the specification and testing of slip resistance of pedestrian surfaces" Standards

resistance classification of new pedestrian surface materials".

nformation provided is intended as a guide only, consult the referenced further information in regards to measurement results and recommendations.



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WET TEST RESULTS INTERPRETATION GUIDE (Part 2)- OTHER APPLICATIONS...NON NCC (AUSTRALIAN STANDARD) Page #: 2 of 2

* TABLE 3B Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications for other applications where the NCC does not apply.		*TABLE 2 Classification of Pedestrian Surface Materials according to the AS 4586-2013 wet pendulum test			
			Pendulum*	mean BPN	
Location	Classification	Classification	Four S rubber (Slider 96)	TRL rubber	
External Pavements and Ramps		P5	>54	>	
1. External ramps including sloping driveways, footpaths etc. steeper than 1 in 14 (4.1°)	Р5	P4	45-54	4(
2. External ramps including sloping driveways, footpaths, etc., under 1:14 (4.1°), external sales areas	P4	P3	35-44	35	
(eg. markets), external car park areas, external colonnades, walkways, pedestrian crossings,		P2	25-34	20	
balconies, verandas, carports, driveways, courtyards and roof decks		P1	12-24	<	
3. Undercover car parks	Р3	PO	<12		
Hotels, Offices, Public Buildings, Schools and Kindergartens					
1. Entries and access areas including Wet area	P3		D1 (coo Noto 2)		
hotels, offices, public buildings, schools, kindergartens, Transitional area	P2		P1 (see Note 3)		
internal lift lobbies and common areas of public buildings Dry area	P1 (see Note 3)				
2. Toilet facilities in offices, hotels and shopping centres	Р3	Note 3.			
3. Hotel apartment bathrooms, ensuites and toilets	P2	The minimum classification listed in	The minimum classification listed in Table 3B is P1. It is inappropriate for Table 3B to list		
4. Hotel apartment kitchens and laundries	P2				
Loading Docks, Commercial Kitchens, Cold Stores, Serving Areas		11			
1. Loading docks under cover and commercial kitchens	Р5	Notwithstanding, some smooth and	polished floor surfaces, which do not	achieve Classific	
2. Serving areas behind bars in public hotels and clubs, cold stores and freezers	P4	, , ,	environment for normal pedestrians		
Supermarkets and Shopping Centres			nd dry; however, should these surfaces		
1. Fast food outlets, buffet food servery areas, food courts and fast food dining areas in shopping centres	Р3		edestrians in any other manner, then the in-service inspection of floors, oth		
2. Shop and supermarket fresh fruit and vegetables area	Р3	use should be taken into account wh			
3. Shop entry areas with external entrances	Р3				
4. Supermarket aisles (except fresh food areas)	P1 (see Note 3)				
5. Other separate shops inside shopping centres - wet	Р3			~	
6. Other separate shops inside shopping centres - dry	P1 (see Note 3)	AL	DDITIONAL NOTES & REFERENCES	>	
Swimming Pools and Sporting Facilities					
1. Swimming pool ramps and stairs leading to water	Р5	References			
2. Swimming pool surrounds and communal shower rooms	P4	*Table 3B- HB198:2014 "Guide to the spe	ecification and testing of slip resistance of p	bedestrian surfaces	
3. Communal changing rooms	Р3	Australia Limited 2014.			
4. Undercover concourse areas of sports stadiums	P3	*Table 2- AS 4586-2013 "Slip resistance c	lassification of new pedestrian surface mat	terials".	
Hospitals and Aged Care Facilities		11			
1. Bathrooms and ensuites in hospitals and aged care facilities	Р3	-	provided is intended as a guide only, consu prmation in regards to measurement result.	•	
FornW#rg1.05d Revisionsiateospitatons aged care facilities	P2				

	Pendulum* mean BPN		
Classification	Four S rubber (Slider 96)	TRL rubber (Slider 55)	
P5	>54	>44	
P4	45-54	40-44	
P3	35-44	35-39	
P2	25-34	20-34	
P1	12-24	< 20	
P0	<12	-	

able 3B is P1. It is inappropriate for Table 3B to list the lower ver limit on Classification PO.

olished floor surfaces, which do not achieve Classification P1, may be environment for normal pedestrians walking at a moderate pace, dry; however, should these surfaces become contaminated by either destrians in any other manner, then they may become unsafe. he in-service inspection of floors, other environmental conditions and n selecting such products.

DITIONAL NOTES & REFERENCES

ification and testing of slip resistance of pedestrian surfaces" Standards

rovided is intended as a guide only, consult the referenced mation in regards to measurement results and recommendations.



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DRY TEST RESULTS INTERPRETATION GUIDE (AUSTRALIAN STANDARD)

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	INTERPRETING DRY TEST RESULTS
low to	interpret your dry test report
	Dry test results offer two possible outcomes- classification 'D0' or classification 'D1'.
	The classification 'D0' reflects a less slip resistant surface, while the recommended 'D1' classification reflects a greater slip resistant surface.
Step 1.	Note the test location described in the left side column of your report, and the corresponding test result classification achieved (listed in the far right side column).
Step 2.	If the test result classification listed is 'D1', the test surface is meeting the relevant recommendations.
	FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS
	mean test average is ≥0.40, however the result is 'D0' classification ?
Д	. The mean of the test results should be equal to or greater than 0.40 and each individual result should be equal to or greater than 0.35. If either of this criteria is not met, the lot shall be considered to be 'D0' classification.
2. Wh	at does * and ** mean?
A	. * Indicates part of a test run registered under 0.40.
	** Indicates part of a test run registered less than 0.35 resulting in a compulsory 'D0' classification.
<i>3.</i> Wh	y are test results rounded to the nearest 0.05?
A	. As described in the relevant standards, the mean result of Test 1 & Test 2 is rounded to nearest 0.05.
4. Wh	at is the classification requirement for particular locations as stated in publication #HB198:2014?
Д	. The Australian testing standards provide classification criteria for dry test results. Handbook HB198 does not provide interpretation of dry test results.
5. Hov	w about dry testing for external areas?
Д	. Dry slip resistance measurement does not apply to external surfaces. If a pedestrian surface is likely to become wet and remain wet for any significant period of time, wet pendulum testing is the appropriate test method.
6. Hov	v do I improve the slip resistance of a surface currently achieving 'D0' classification?
Д	. Many treatments and procedures are available to improve slip resistance. Treatment options will vary depending on the type of surface and whether a sealed or unsealed finish is required. Described on the right are a list of options to improve

Classification Result	Test Result Mean Value		
(AS 4586-2013)	(COF)		
D1	≥ 0.40		
D0	< 0.40		

*TABLE 3 Classification of Pedestrian Surface Materials according to the AS 4586-2013 dry floor friction test

TREATMENT OPTIONS

sults that achieve a result below recommendations, the following treatment options are available to increase slip resistance and Reduce Your Risk!

is solely an audit service, following is a short list of common types of treatments we see our clients using to improve the slip resistance of various pedestrian surface materials...

Cleaning procedures	Minimising detergent residue build up or other contaminants.	
Acid etching	Increasing surface texture.	
Coatings and sealers	Surface coatings and penetrative types.	
Surface texture	Coatings, etchants, sandblasting, shot blasting, etc.	
Surface replacement	May be the most cost effective option in some instances.	

net search for 'flooring treatments' will identify surface treatment professionals in your local area. ISTS mends sourcing a number of detailed proposals when considering treatments, outlining expected slip resistance improvements, visual changes, clean ability and life expectancy.

ADDITIONAL NOTES & REFERENCES

es

S 4586-2013 "Slip resistance classification of new pedestrian surface materials"

14 "Guide to the specification and testing of slip resistance of pedestrian surfaces".

nb. The information provided is intended as a guide only, consult the referenced publications for further information in regards to measurement results and recommendations.