## Instructions for Type W Three Phase, Standalone Overload Relays, Size 1 through 6



Size 2


Size 3


Size 5
Fig. 1 Type W Standalone Overload Relays

## THE OVERLOAD RELAYS

Advantage Type W three phase, standalone overload relays include the same current-sensing and protection features that are built into Advantage non-reversing starters. There are several configurations that vary by frame size, terminals, and range of trip ratings. They are designed to control the coils of all sizes of Advantage contactors. The ratings of their control circuit contacts are shown in Table I. They may be used to switch any inductive loads that do not exceed their contact ratings. Where the current requirements of the contactors to be controlled by these overload relays exceed any of the ratings shown in Table I , an interposing relay drawing less current must be used.

## PROGRAMMED FEATURES

Each overload relay includes a circuit board to which the
control wires are attached. These circuit boards differ with respect to components and the software program they respect to components and the software program they contain. This program number is shown on the label attached to the DIP switch. See Figure 8.

## Phase Loss Protection

Advantage starters with this option automatically open (trip) within 2 seconds after they sense a current less than the value shown in the table below through any phase after power is applied to the motor. This protection prevents damage when a lead in a motor branch circuit has been lost.

| Size | Phase Loss <br> Current Limit |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 L | 0.33 A |
| 1 or 2 | 2.25 A |
| 3 or 4 | 7 A |
| 5 or 6 | 27 A |

## Phase Imbalance Protection

Advantage starters with this option automatically open (trip) within 6 seconds for the Size 1 or 2,9 seconds for the Size 3 or 4 , or 12 seconds for the Size 5 or 6 after they sense an imbalance between two phase currents that is greater than 30\% of the Trip Rating shown in Tables III through IX. This protection prevents motor damage when a lead in a distribution system has been lost.

## Ground Current-Sensing Protection

Advantage starters with this option automatically open (trip) 0.4 seconds after sensing ground current greater than the trip values shown in the table below while the motor is running. There is a 17 second delay that prevents ground protection from opening (tripping) during starting. If the total current in any phase is greater than the lockout values shown in the table below, ground current-sensing protection will be locked out to allow ground protection to be provided by other protective devices.

| Size | Trip Current | Lockout Current |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 L | 10 A | 24 A |
| 1 | 10 A | 48 A |
| 2 | 20 A | 86 A |
| 3 | 40 A | 171 A |
| 4 | 60 A | 256 A |
| 5 or 6 | 240 A | 1045 A |

TABLE I - CONTACT RATINGS - C150

| Volts, AC |  | Make |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $24-120$ | 15 A | 1.5 A |

## TRIPPED CONDITIONS

Phase loss, phase imbalance, and ground current-sensing protection are provided in a Class W200 motor starter unless the catalog number includes " Y 4 " (phase loss and phase imbalance protection omitted), "Y7" (ground currentsensing protection omitted), "Y10" (phase loss protection omitted), and/or "Y11" (phase imbalance protection omitted). Check the Test Verification label on the side of the motor controller to determine which features are included.

An Advantage starter trips (turns itself OFF) when it recognizes that phase loss, phase imbalance, ground current, or significant overload conditions exist. The starter must be reset after tripping before it can be turned ON again. These protection functions can be nullified by a DIP switch setting. See OVERLOAD SETTINGS. The phase and ground functions can be added or deleted from the starter with the use of the optional Advantage Programming Module (WAPM).

A "trip" condition is shown by the lighting of the light emitting diode (LED) at the side of the starter where this accessory (Catalog No. WLED) has been added. This LED can be replaced by a remote reset and trip indicator (Catalog No. WRSTKL). Both trip indicators require that control power be supplied to the starter to light. Reset any trip by manual means with the power ON. "Manual" resetting consists of completing an electrical circuit between internal terminals, with either the reset button provided on the starter or a remote reset kit.

## OVERLOAD PROTECTION

An Advantage Type W overload relay offers overload protection as a Class 10, Class 20, or Class 30 overload relay without the need for heater elements and the resulting heat losses of a thermal overload relay.

Accuracy is obtained by closely coupled current sensors in the overload relay in combination with a microprocessor that counts units of the line current squared $\left(I^{2}\right)$, the heating effect within the motor. The sensors are coils wound in the form of toroidal helixes around a customized iron core with a controlled air gap. This combination of coil, core, and air gap results in greater accuracy than thermal overload relays, without the fuss of heater elements. The stored count decreases whenever the line current is less than the maximum motor full load current specified for the overload setting selected. This decrease represents the natural motor winding cooling that occurs as the motor runs at full load current or less.

Where an Advantage starter is equipped with an optional internal or external trip indicator, the LED in the indication will blink every 4 to 5 seconds when power is applied to the starter. If the starter is in an overcurrent condition, a reset is required before the motor can be restarted. If a ground current condition exists and the starter has the catalog suffix "Y7" (ground protection omitted), the LED will blink twice every second, but no trip will occur. The internal trip indicator is visible only with the enclosure door open.

## OVERLOAD RELAY SETTINGS

The method of reset, the overload protection class, and the overload relay trip current are selected by DIP switch settings. The DIP switch is visible behind the clear plastic window and is accessible by unsnapping the top of the hinged cover on the overload relay. See Figure 1.

Use the eight position ( 8 pole) DIP switch to select the method of reset (MANUAL or AUTOMATIC), the overload protection Class (10, 20, 30, or NONE), and the trip current rating appropriate for the motor full load current in amperes (FLA). When a DIP switch handle is moved towards the position number (marked 8 through 1, left to
right) that pole is closed (represented by " 1 "). When a switch handle is away from the position number, the pole is open (represented by "0"). See Figure 8. Be sure that each switch handle is moved to the full ON (1) or full off (0) position.

| Reset Method | Position 8 |
| :--- | :---: |
| MANUAL (Non-automatic. Wait 5 <br> minutes, then push reset button) | 0 |
| AUTOMATIC (Reset time is based <br> on protection Class.) | 1 |

## OVERLOAD CLASS

Use the Class 10 (fast trip) setting for Design E motors, hermetic refrigerant motor compressors, submersible pumps and similar applications, as well as for protecting general purpose motors where the load permits the motor to reach rated speed without the overload protection circuit tripping.
Use the Class 30 (slow trip) setting for special motors driving high inertia loads such as ball mills, reciprocating pumps, loaded conveyors, and the like.

Use the Class 20 (standard trip) setting for all other applications. Most NEMA rated general purpose motors will be protected by a Class 20 setting.

## IF A PROPERLY SELECTEDTRIP CURRENT SETTING RESULTS IN AN OVERLOADTRIP, MOVETO A HIGHER CLASS SETTING RATHER THAN TO A HIGHER TRIP CURRENT SETTING.

Select Class NONE when no overload, phase loss, phase imbalance, and ground current sensing protection is wanted; for example, while troubleshooting.

| Overload <br> Class | Position <br> $\mathbf{7}$ | Position |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | 0 | 0 |
| 20 | 0 | 1 |
| 30 | 1 | 0 |
| NONE | 1 | 1 |

## TRIP CURRENT SETTING

The overload trip current of an Advantage overload relay is determined by its software program and its DIP switch settings in positions 5 through 1 as shown in Tables III through IX. Use only the table appropriate for the starter involved and disregard the others.

For motors with a marked temperature rise of not over $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or with a service factor of not less than 1.15 , find in Column A the range of motor FLA that includes the

FLA of the motor to be protected and use the setting shown for DIP switch positions 5 through 1. For all other motors, select a range in Column B. Settings based on Column A give a trip rating of not more than $125 \%$ of motor FLA. Settings based on Column B give a trip rating of not more than 115\% of motor FLA.

## APPLICATION RANGES

The seven configurations of Type W overload relays may be used to monitor and protect motors with full load currents ranging from .47 to 540 amperes. The Size 1 exists in two forms; a lower current range and an upper current range. Each other size exists in only one form with terminals appropriately sized for the conductors involved.

| TABLE II - HORSEPOWER RATINGS (60HZ) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Controller | Three Phase Horsepower Range At: |  |  |  |
| Size | 200 V | 230 V | 460 V | 575 V |
| $1^{*}$ | $1 / 8-3 / 4$ | $1 / 8-1$ | $1 / 4-2$ | $1 / 4-2$ |
| 1 | $1-7-1 / 2$ | $1-7-1 / 2$ | $2-10$ | $3-10$ |
| 2 | $1-10$ | $1-15$ | $2-25$ | $3-25$ |
| 3 | $3-25$ | $5-25$ | $-1 / 12-50$ | $10-50$ |
| 4 | $3-40$ | $5-50$ | $7-1 / 2-100$ | $10-100$ |
| 5 | $15-75$ | $15-100$ | $30-200$ | $40-200$ |
| 6 | $15-150$ | $15-200$ | $30-400$ | $40-400$ | | * Size 1 with lower FLA current range (.47-3.8A) |
| :--- |

See Table $X$. The ranges of motor horsepower ratings typically associated with each overload relay size are shown in Table II.

## COMMUNICATIONS

Two accessory communications modules, called WPONI and WPONIDNA, are available. The WPONI provides remote control and permits the microprocessor in the solid state current-sensing unit of a motor starter to transmit data at 9600 baud regarding the starter via an INCOM network that is part of an Integrating Monitoring, Protection, and Control Communications (IMPACC) system. A typical network consists of shielded cable daisy-chained as shown Figure 4 to a remote personal size computer. See I.L. 17408 for more information concerning the WPONI. The WPONIDNA provides DeviceNet users with the ability to control and monitor the functions of the Advantage system at 125,000 baud. See Pub 24659 for more information concerning the WPONIDNA. The control functions and data are identified at the computer by the address assigned (selected) for the motor starter and consist of the following:

## For the WPONI

1. Control voltage
2. ON, OFF, TRIP, and RESET functions
3. Motor current in each phase
4. Overload trip current selected
5. Manual/automatic reset selection
6. Starter status, i.e., ON, OFF, TRIPPED
7. Cause of trip, i.e., overcurrent, phase loss, phase imbalance, ground current

## For WPONIDNA

1. Contactor position - open/closed
2., Three phase motor currents
2. Thermal capacity - percent
3. Network readable Advantage configuration
a. Trip Current
b. Overload Class
c. Phase Loss enable/disable
d. Ground Fault enable/disable
4. Percent current imbalance
5. Fault diagnostics
6. Start/stop control
7. Remote reset

Consult the factory for information regarding other networks that may be used with WPONI and WPONIDNA modules.

| TABLE III - SIZE 1 LOWER CURRENT RANGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Column A Service Factor |  |  | Column B Service Factor |  |  | Trip Rating (Amps) | DIP Switch Setting* (Positions 54321) |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.15 to 1.25 |  |  |  | Max. |  |  |  |
| Min. |  | Max. | Min. |  |  |  |  |
| 0.47 | - | 0.51 | 0.51 | - | 0.56 | 0.59 | 00000 |
| 0.52 | - | 0.56 | 0.57 | - | 0.61 | 0.65 | 00001 |
| 0.57 | - | 0.61 | 0.62 | - | 0.67 | 0.71 | 00010 |
| 0.62 | - | 0.68 | 0.68 | - | 0.74 | 0.78 | 00011 |
| 0.69 | - | 0.75 | 0.75 | - | 0.82 | 0.86 | 00100 |
| 0.76 | - | 0.82 | 0.83 | - | 0.89 | 0.95 | 00101 |
| 0.83 | - | 0.90 | 0.90 | - | 0.98 | 1.04 | 00110 |
| 0.91 | - | 1.00 | 0.99 | - | 1.09 | 1.14 | 00111 |
| 1.01 | - | 1.09 | 1.10 | - | 1.19 | 1.26 | 01000 |
| 1.10 | - | 1.21 | 1.20 | - | 1.31 | 1.38 | 01001 |
| 1.22 | - | 1.33 | 1.32 | - | 1.44 | 1.52 | 01010 |
| 1.34 | - | 1.46 | 1.45 | - | 1.59 | 1.67 | 01011 |
| 1.47 | - | 1.61 | 1.60 | - | 1.75 | 1.84 | 01100 |
| 1.62 | - | 1.77 | 1.76 | - | 1.93 | 2.02 | 01101 |
| 1.78 | - | 1.95 | 1.94 | - | 2.12 | 2.23 | 01110 |
| 1.96 | - | 2.14 | 2.13 | - | 2.33 | 2.45 | 01111 |
| 2.15 | - | 2.36 | 2.34 | - | 2.56 | 2.69 | 10000 |
| 2.37 | - | 2.60 | 2.57 | - | 2.82 | 2.96 | 10001 |
| 2.61 | - | 2.85 | 2.83 | - | 3.10 | 3.26 | 10010 |
| 2.86 | - | 3.14 | 3.11 | - | 3.42 | 3.58 | 10011 |
| 3.25 | - | 3.46 | 3.43 | - | 3.76 | 3.94 | 10100 |
| 3.47 | - | 3.81 | 3.77 | - | 4.14 | 4.34 | 10101 |
| *ALL SETTINGS NOT SHOWN ARE EQUIVALENT TO 00000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Replace the hinged cover securely after making selections. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| TABLE IV - SIZE 1 UPPER CURRENT RANGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Column AService Factor |  | Column B Service Factor |  |  | TripRating(Amps) | DIP Switch (Positions 54321) |
| 1.15 to 1.25 |  | 1.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Min. | Max. | Min. |  | Max. |  |  |
| 3.15 | 3.46 | 3.43 | - | 3.75 | 3.93 | 00000 |
| 3.47 | 3.81 | 3.76 | - | 4.13 | 4.33 | 00001 |
| 3.82 | 4.19 | 4.14 | - | 4.55 | 4.77 | 00010 |
| 4.20 | 4.61 | 4.56 | - | 4.99 | 5.25 | 00011 |
| 4.62 | 5.0 | 5.0 | - | 5.4 | 5.77 | 00100 |
| 5.1 | 5.5 | 5.5 | - | 6.0 | 6.35 | 00101 |
| 5.6 | 6.0 | 6.1 | - | 6.5 | 6.90 | 00110 |
| 6.1 | 6.6 | 6.6 | - | 7.2 | 7.70 | 00111 |
| 6.7 | 7.3 | 7.3 | - | 8.0 | 8.50 | 01000 |
| 7.4 | 8.1 | 8.1 | - | 8.8 | 9.30 | 01001 |
| 8.2 | 8.9 | 8.9 | - | 9.6 | 10.2 | 01010 |
| 9.0 | 9.8 | 9.7 | - | 10.6 | 11.2 | 01011 |
| 9.9 | - 10.8 | 10.7 | - | 11.7 | 12.4 | 01100 |
| 10.9 | - 11.9 | 11.8 | - | 12.9 | 13.6 | 01101 |
| 12.0 | - 13.1 | 13.0 | - | 14.2 | 15.0 | 01110 |
| 13.2 | - 14.4 | 14.3 | - |  | 16.5 | 01111 |
| 14.5 | - 15.8 | 15.8 | - | 17.2 | 18.1 | 10000 |
| 15.9 | - 17.4 | 17.3 | - | 18.9 | 19.9 | 10001 |
| 17.5 | - 19.2 | 19.0 | - | 20.9 | 21.9 | 10010 |
| 19.3 | - 21.1 | 21.0 | - | 22.9 | 24.1 | 10011 |
| 21.2 | - 23.2 | 23.0 | - | 25.2 | 26.5 | 10100 |
| 23.3 | - 25.6 | 25.3 | - | 27.0 | 29.1 | 10101 |
| 25.7 | - 27.0 |  | - |  | 32.1 | 10110 |
| *ALL SETTINGS NOT SHOWN ARE EQUIVALENT TO 00000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Replace the hinged cover securely after making selections. |  |  |  |  |  |  |





| TABLE VIII - SIZE 5 CURRENT RANGE |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Column A Service Factor <br> 1.15 to 1.25 |  | Column B Service Factor |  | Trip Rating (Amps) | DIP Switch Setting* (Positions 54321) |
|  |  | 1.0 |  |  |  |
| Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. |  |  |
| 38.3 | 41.9 | 41.7 | 45.6 | 47.9 | 00000 |
| 42.0 | 46.1 | 45.7 | - 50.1 | 52.5 | 00001 |
| 46.2 | 51.0 | 50.2 | 55.5 | 57.7 | 00010 |
| 51.1 | 55.9 | 55.6 | 60.8 | 63.9 | 00011 |
| 56.0 | 61.7 | 60.9 | - 67.1 | 70.0 | 00100 |
| 61.8 | 67.5 | 67.2 | - 73.4 | 77.3 | 00101 |
| 67.6 | 74.9 | 73.5 | 81.4 | 84.5 | 00110 |
| 75.0 | 82.3 | 81.5 | - 89.5 | 93.7 | 00111 |
| 82.4 | 90.3 | 89.6 | - 98.2 | 103 | 01000 |
| 90.4 | 99.9 | 98.3 | 108 | 113 | 01001 |
| 100 | 109 | 109 | 118 | 125 | 01010 |
| 110 | 120 | 119 | 130 | 137 | 01011 |
| 121 | 132 | 131 | 143 | 151 | 01100 |
| 133 | 145 | 144 | 157 | 166 | 01101 |
| 146 | 159 | 158 | 173 | 182 | 01110 |
| 160 | 175 | 174 | - 190 | 200 | 01111 |
| 176 | 193 | 191 | - 209 | 220 | 10000 |
| 194 | 213 | 210 | 231 | 242 | 10001 |
| 214 | 233 | 232 | - 254 | 267 | 10010 |
| 234 | 257 | 255 | - 270 | 293 | 10011 |
| 258 | 270 |  | - | 322 | 10100 |
| *ALL SETTINGS NOT SHOWN ARE EQUIVALENT TO 00000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Replace the hinged cover securely after making selections. |  |  |  |  |  |


| TABLE IX - SIZE 6 CURRENT RANGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Column A Service Factor |  |  | Column B Service Factor |  |  | Trip | DIP Switch Setting* |
| 1.15 to 1.25 |  |  | 1.0 |  |  | (Amps) | 54321) |
| Min. |  | Max. | Min. |  | Max. |  |  |
| 38.3 | - | 41.9 | 41.7 | - | 45.6 | 47.9 | 00000 |
| 42.0 | - | 46.1 | 45.7 | - | 50.1 | 52.5 | 00001 |
| 46.2 | - | 51.0 | 50.2 | - | 55.5 | 57.7 | 00010 |
| 51.1 | - | 55.9 | 55.6 | - | 60.8 | 63.9 | 00011 |
| 56.0 | - | 61.7 | 60.9 | - | 67.1 | 70.0 | 00100 |
| 61.8 | - | 67.5 | 67.2 | - | 73.4 | 77.3 | 00101 |
| 67.6 | - | 74.9 | 73.5 | - | 81.4 | 84.5 | 00110 |
| 75.0 | - | 82.3 | 81.5 | - | 89.5 | 93.7 | 00111 |
| 82.4 | - | 90.3 | 89.6 | - | 98.2 | 103 | 01000 |
| 90.4 | - | 99.9 | 98.3 | - | 108 | 113 | 01001 |
| 100 | - | 109 | 109 | - | 118 | 125 | 01010 |
| 110 | - | 120 | 119 | - | 130 | 137 | 01011 |
| 121 | - | 132 | 131 | - | 143 | 151 | 01100 |
| 133 | - | 145 | 144 | - | 157 | 166 | 01101 |
| 146 | - | 159 | 158 | - | 173 | 182 | 01110 |
| 160 | - | 175 | 174 | - | 190 | 200 | 01111 |
| 176 | - | 193 | 191 | - | 209 | 220 | 10000 |
| 194 | - | 213 | 210 | - | 231 | 242 | 10001 |
| 214 | - | 233 | 232 | - | 254 | 267 | 10010 |
| 234 | - | 257 | 255 | - | 279 | 293 | 10011 |
| 258 | - | 282 | 280 | - | 307 | 322 | 10100 |
| 283 | - | 311 | 308 | - | 338 | 354 | 10101 |
| 312 | - | 342 | 339 | - | 372 | 390 | 10110 |
| 343 | - | 376 | 373 | - | 409 | 429 | 10111 |
| 377 | - | 414 | 410 | - | 450 | 471 | 11000 |
| 415 | - | 456 | 451 | - | 496 | 519 | 11001 |
| 457 | - | 501 | 497 | - | 540 | 571 | 11010 |
| 502 | - | 540 |  | - |  | 628 | 11011 |
| *ALL SETTINGS NOT SHOWN ARE EQUIVALENT TO 00000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Replace the hinged cover securely after making selections. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Fig. 2 Typical Network Interwiring

## TERMINAL BLOCK ACCESSORY

A five-point terminal block assembly, Catalog No. WTBFOL, is available as an accessory to provide additional convenience in wiring and to accept lugged conductors. This terminal

| ACCESSORIES |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Description | Catalog Number |
| Internal Trip Indicator | WLED |
| External (remote) Reset for W200, <br> 24 inch Leads* | WRST24 |
| External (remote) Reset for W200, <br> 72 inch Leads* | WRST72 |
| External (remote) Reset/Trip Indicator <br> for W200, 24 inch Leads | WRSTL24 |
| External (remote) Reset/Trip Indicator <br> for W200, 72 inch Leads | WRSTL72 |
| Control Circuit Terminal Block with 1A <br> fuse and 1 tie point to accept solid, <br> stranded, or lugged conductors | WTBFOL |
| Communications Module - <br> Data, Status, and Control | WPONI |
| Communications Module - DeviceNet | WPONIDNA |
| Central Monitoring Unit <br> to receive WPONI output | WCMU |
| Alarm Module with one NO Contact | WBELL |
| Terminal Lug Kit - Size 1 <br> (one lug per kit) | WTX1 |
| Terminal Lug Kit - Size 2 <br> (one lug per kit) | WTX2 |
| Terminal Lug Kit - Size 3 and 4 <br> (one lug per kit) | WTX34 |
| Terminal Lug Kit - Size 5 <br> (one lug per kit) | WTX5 |
| Terminal Lug Kit - Size 6 <br> (one lug per kit) | WTX6 |
| Advantage Metering Module | WMETER |
| Advantage Programming Module | WAPM |
| * There is no trip indication available when this accessory |  |
| is used other than via a communications network. |  |

block is suitable for use with all sizes of Type W overload relays. The five points are color coded and prewired for connection to terminals $96,95,98, \mathrm{E}$, and C. A one ampere Buss type MDL control circuit fuse and one unwired tie point are included.

## INSTALLATION

This industrial type control is designed to be installed, operated, and maintained by adequately trained workmen. These instructions do not cover all details, variations, or


Fig. 3 Size 1 and Size 2 Outline and Mounting Dimensions (dimensions in inches)


Fig. 4 Size 3 and Size 4 Outline and Mounting Dimensions (dimensions in inches)


Fig. 5 Size 5 and Size 6 Outline and Mounting Dimensions (dimensions in inches)
combinations of the equipment, its storage, delivery, installation, checkout, safe operation, or maintenance. Care must be exercised to comply with local state, and national regulations, as well as safety practices for this type of equipment.

## CONTROL POWER AND TERMINALS

Advantage overload relays require a constant source of control power to operate and indicate status. Loss of control power or a severe drop in control voltage will cause a type W overload relay to move to an OFF condition.

The function of each control terminal is as follows:
95 = Common terminal of single pole, double throw output relay
$96=$ Normally closed contact with relay energized
98 = Normally open contact with relay energized
$\mathbf{E}=$ Ungrounded side of control power source
C = Grounded (common) side of control power source
Control power and output terminals for the overload relays are shown in Figure 8. All the terminals of the overload relay must be supplied by the same phase. The preferred source is a control power transformer, see Figure 6, whose primary windings are connected across phase L1-L2, although


Fig. 6 Phase Relationships


Fig. 7 Typical Connection Diagram (Advantage Contactor Shown)


Fig. 8 DIP Switch, Overload Relay Terminals, and Reset
CONTROL POWER AND TERMINALS, Cont'd
although phases L2-L3, L3-L1, or phases A, B, and C will provide satisfactory performance.

## Be sure to place the control wires in such a position as to not interfere with the power terminals.

Wire Advantage or other style magnetic contactor " M " in a manner similar to that shown in Figure 7. An Advantage
contactor may be wired exactly as shown using an external auxiliary contact (Ma) as the holding circuit contact or with its own internal holding circuit contact. Other style contactors require the holding circuit contact ( Ma ) to be wired for three-wire control, where Ma is operated by contactor " M ". Terminals " E " and " C " on the Advantage contactor represent conventional contactor coil terminals.

## SHORT CIRCUIT RATINGS

These motor controllers are suitable for use on circuits capable of delivering not more than the current (rms symmetrical amperes) shown, in circuits rated not more than the voltage shown in the following tables, when protected by the SCPD shown.

| TABLE X - WIRING DATA |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Controller } \\ & \text { Size } \end{aligned}$ | Circuit Conductor | Wire Range (AWG) | Tightening Torque (lb-in) |
| 1 | Power | \#14-8 | 18-20 |
| 2 | Power | \#14-10 | 20-22 |
| 2 | Power | \#8-4 | 45-50 |
| 3 \& 4 | Power | \#14-250 kcmil | 90-100 |
| 5 | Power | (1) \#00-500 kcmil | 300-375 |
| 6 | Power | (2) \#00-500 kcmil | 225-300 |
| All | Control | \#18-14* | 7 |
| Wire with copper conductors only. Use wire rated $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or higher based on the ampacity of $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ wire |  |  |  |
| When wiring directory to control terminals on devices, strip control wires for terminals 96-95-98-E-C not more than $1 / 4$ inch. See Figure 6. |  |  |  |


| TABLE XI - SIZE 1 SHORT CIRCUIT RATINGS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Short Circuit Protective Device (SCPD) | Max. Rating SCPD | Circuit Breaker Interrupting Rating | Short Circuit Withstand Rating |  | Typical Disconnect Device Cat. No. |
|  |  |  | Current | Voltage |  |
| Class J or R Fuse | 60A | - | 100,000A | 480 V | 100A FD-K <br> Molded Case Switch 100A "K" Switch |
|  |  |  | 65,000A | 600 V |  |
|  |  |  | 100,000A | 480 V | 60A "K" |
|  |  |  | 50,000A | 600 V | Switch |
| Magnetic Only ${ }^{1}$ <br> Type CB ${ }^{2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,7,15 \\ & \text { or } 30 A \end{aligned}$ | Marked GMCP | 42,000A | 240 V | GMCP |
|  |  |  | 25,000A | 480 V |  |
|  |  | Marked HMCPS | 100,000A | 480 V | HMCPS |
|  |  |  | 50,000A | 600 V |  |
|  | 15 or 30A | Marked HMCP | 100,000A | 480 V | HMCP |
|  |  |  | 25,000A | 600 V |  |
| Thermal/Mag Type CB ${ }^{3}$ | 50A | 65,000A | 65,000A | 480 V | HFD |
|  |  | 25,000A | 25,000A | 600 V |  |
|  |  | 100,000A | 100,000A | 480 V | FDC |
|  |  | 35,000A | 35,000A | 600 V |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Magnetic Only }{ }^{1} \\ & \text { Type CB + CL } \end{aligned}$ | 30A | HMCP plus Current Limiter | 100,000A | 600 V | HMCP + CL |
| Thermal/Mag Plus $\mathrm{CL}^{5}$ | 50A | 100,000A | 100,000A | 600 V | HFD + CL |

TABLE NOTES
${ }^{1}$ Instantaneous Adjustable Trip
${ }^{2}$ Circuit Breaker
${ }^{3}$ Inverse Time Circuit Breaker

[^0]| TABLE XII - SIZE 2 SHORT CIRCUIT RATINGS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Short Circuit Protective Device (SCPD) | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Max. Rating } \\ \text { SCPD } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Circuit Breaker Interrupting Rating | Short Circuit Withstand Rating |  | Typical Disconnect Device Cat. No. |
|  |  |  | Current | Voltage |  |
| Class J or R Fuse | 100A | - | 100,000A | 480 V | 100A FD-K <br> Molded Case Switch 100A "K" Switch |
|  |  |  | 65,000A | 600 V |  |
|  |  |  | 100,000A | 480 V | 60A "K" |
|  |  |  | 50,000A | 600 V | Switch |
| Magnetic Only ${ }^{1}$ <br> Type CB ${ }^{2}$ | 50A | Marked GMCP | 42,000A | 240 V | GMCP |
|  |  |  | 25,000A | 480 V |  |
|  |  | Marked HMCPS | 100,000A | 480 V | HMCPS |
|  |  |  | 50,000A | 600 V |  |
|  | 50A | Marked HMCP | 100,000A | 480 V | HMCP |
|  |  |  | 25,000A | 600 V |  |
| Thermal/Mag Type CB ${ }^{3}$ | 90A | 65,000A | 65,000A | 480 V | HFD |
|  |  | 25,000A | 25,000A | 600 V |  |
|  |  | 100,000A | 100,000A | 480 V | FDC |
|  |  | 35,000A | 35,000A | 600 V |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Magnetic Only }{ }^{1} \\ & \text { Type CB + CL }{ }^{4} \end{aligned}$ | 50A | HMCP plus Current Limiter | 100,000A | 600 V | HMCP + CL |
| Thermal/Mag Plus $\mathrm{CL}^{5}$ | 90A | 100,000A | 100,000A | 600V | HFD + CL |

## TABLE NOTES

${ }^{1}$ Instantaneous Adjustable Trip
${ }^{2}$ Circuit Breaker
${ }^{3}$ Inverse Time Circuit Breaker
${ }^{4}$ Instantaneous Adjustable Trip with Current Limiting Attachment
${ }^{5}$ Inverse Time Circuit Breaker with Current-Limiting Attachment

| TABLE XIII - SIZE 3 SHORT CIRCUIT RATINGS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Short Circuit Protective Device (SCPD) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Max. Rating } \\ & \text { SCPD } \end{aligned}$ | Circuit Breaker Interrupting Rating | Short Circuit Withstand Rating |  | Typical Disconnect Device Cat. No. |
|  |  |  | Current | Voltage |  |
| Class J or R Fuse | 200A | - | 100,000A | 480V | 100A FD-K <br> Molded Case <br> Switch <br> 100A , 200A <br> "K" Switch |
|  |  |  | 65,000A | 600 V |  |
| Magnetic Only ${ }^{1}$ Type CB ${ }^{2}$ | 60A or 63A | Marked GMCP | 42,000A | 240 V | GMCP |
|  |  |  | 25,000A | 480 V |  |
|  | 100A | Marked HMCP | 100,000A | 480 V | НМСР |
|  |  |  | 50,000A | 600 V |  |
| Thermal/Mag Type CB ${ }^{3}$ | 150A | 65,000A | 65,000A | 480 V | HFD |
|  |  | 25,000A | 25,000A | 600 V |  |
|  |  | 100,000A | 100,000A | 480 V | FDC |
|  |  | 35,000A | 35,000A | 600 V |  |
| Magnetic Only ${ }^{1}$ Type CB + CL ${ }^{4}$ | 100A | HMCP plus Current Limiter | 100,000A | 600 V | HMCP + CL |
| Thermal/Mag Plus $C^{5}$ | 150A | 100,000A | 100,000A | 600 V | HFD + CL |


| TABLE XIV - SIZE 4 SHORT CIRCUIT RATINGS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Short Circuit Protective Device (SCPD) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Max. Rating } \\ & \text { SCPD } \end{aligned}$ | Circuit Breaker Interrupting Rating | Short Circuit Withstand Rating |  | Typical Disconnect Device Cat. No. |
|  |  |  | Current | Voltage |  |
| Class J or R Fuse | 400A | - | 100,000A | 480 V | 150A FD-K <br> Molded Case Switch |
|  |  |  | 65,000A | 600 V |  |
|  |  |  | 100,000A | 600 V | 250A JD-K Molded Case Sw 400A "K" Switch |
| Magnetic Only ${ }^{1}$ Type CB ${ }^{2}$ | 150A | Marked HMCP | 100,000A | 480 V | HMCP |
|  |  |  | 50,000A | 600 V |  |
| Thermal/Mag Type CB ${ }^{3}$ | 250A | 100,000A | 100,000A | 480 V | JDC |
|  |  | 35,000A | 50,000A | 600 V |  |
|  |  | 65,000A | 65,000A | 480 V | HJD |
|  |  | 25,000A | 25,000A | 600 V |  |
| Magnetic Only ${ }^{1}$ <br> Type CB + CL ${ }^{4}$ | 150A | HMCP plus Current Limiter | 100,000A | 600 V | HMCP + CL |

[^1][^2]| TABLE XV - SIZE 5 SHORT CIRCUIT RATINGS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Short Circuit Protective Device (SCPD) | Max. Rating SCPD | Circuit Breaker Interrupting Rating | Short Circuit Withstand Rating |  | Typical Disconnect Device Cat. No. |
|  |  |  | Current | Voltage |  |
| Class Jor R Fuse | 600A | - | 100,000A | 600 V | 400A KD-K <br> Molded Case Switch 600A "K" Switch |
| Magnetic Only ${ }^{1}$ | 250A | Marked HMCP | 100,000A | 480 V | HMCP |
| Type CB ${ }^{2}$ | 400A |  | 50,000A | 600 V |  |
| Thermal/Mag Type CB ${ }^{3}$ |  | 35,000A | 25,000A | 600 V | HKD |
|  | 400A | 50,000A | 100,000A | 600 V | KDC |
|  |  | 25,000A | 25,000A | 600 V | HJD |
|  | 250A | 35,000A | 50,000A | 600 V | JDC |
|  |  | 65,000A | 65,000A | 480 V | HKD |
|  | 400A | 100,000A | 100,000A | 480 V | KDC |
|  |  | 65,000A | 65,000A | 480 V | HJD |
|  | 250A | 100,000A | 100,000A | 480 V | JDC |


| TABLE XVI - SIZE 6 SHORT CIRCUIT RATINGS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Short Circuit Protective Device (SCPD) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Max. Rating } \\ \text { SCPD } \end{gathered}$ | Circuit Breaker Interrupting Rating | Short Circuit Withstand Rating |  | Typical Disconnect Device Cat. No. |
|  |  |  | Current | Voltage |  |
| Class J or R Fuse | 600A | - | 100,000A | 480 V | 400A KD-K <br> Molded Case Switch; 600A "K" Switch |
|  |  |  | 65,000A | 600 V |  |
| Class L Fuse Fuse | 800A | - | 100,000A | 480 V | 600A KD-K <br> Molded Case Switch; 800A "K" Switch |
|  |  |  | 65,000A | 600 V |  |
| Magnetic Only ${ }^{1}$ Type CB ${ }^{2}$ | 600A | Marked HMCP | 100,000A | 480 V | HMCP |
|  |  |  | 50,000A | 600 V |  |
|  | 800A | Marked HMC | 65,000A | 480 V | Magnetic Only HMC |
|  |  |  | 25,000A | 600 V |  |
| Thermal/Mag Type CB ${ }^{3}$ | 600A | 65,000A | 65,000A | 480 V | HLD |
|  |  | 35,000A | 35,000A | 600 V |  |
|  | 800A | 50,000A | 65,000A | 600 V | T/Magnetic HMC |
|  |  | 25,000A | 25,000A | 600 V |  |
| Thermal/Mag with $\mathrm{CL}^{4}$ | 800A | 200,000A | 100,000A | 600 V | NB Tri-Pac |

TABLE NOTES
${ }^{1}$ Instantaneous Adjustable Trip
${ }^{2}$ Circuit Breaker
${ }^{3}$ Inverse Time Circuit Breaker
${ }^{4}$ Instantaneous Adjustable Trip with Current Limiting Attachment
${ }^{5}$ Inverse Time Circuit Breaker with Current-Limiting Attachment

## MAINTENANCE

## TURN OFF POWER!

This industrial type control is designed to be installed, operated, and maintained by adequately trained workmen. These instructions do not cover all details, variations, or combinations of the equipment, its storage, delivery, installation, checkout, safe operation, or maintenance. Care must be exercised to comply with local, state, and national regulations, as well as safety practices for this class of equipment.

## CAUTION

## FAILURE TO COMPLETELY DISCONNECT THE MOTOR CONTROLLER FROM ALL COMMUNICATIONS NETWORKS AND POWER SOURCES, INCLUDING CONTROL CIRCUIT POWER PRIOR TO INSPECTION MAY RESULT IN SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH

## TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS

If the controller does not operate as expected, check the following:
a. Terminals E and C must be energized to obtain a tripped indication.
b. An overload relay in a tripped condition caused by phase or ground must be reset with control power ON.
c. Each DIP switch handle must be in the full ON or full OFF position.

A type WCMU central monitoring unit can be of great assistance in troubleshooting.

## ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

The output contacts of the overload relay (terminals 95, 96, and 98) are those of an internal relay designed to control the coil of an Advantage contactor. The contact symbols shown on the overload relay indicate the state of the contacts with control power applied. As a part of every routine maintenance check, with all control power OFF, use any conventional ohmmeter to verify that the contact between terminals 95 and 96 (shown as a normally closed contact) is open and not welded as the result of fault current in the control circuit. If this contact is welded, the overload relay has been abused and must be replaced. With the contacts between 95 and 96 welded, the overload relay cannot trip.

## TABLE XVII - CATALOG DESIGNATIONS

Each catalog designation consists of six or more characters

| Ex: | WB | 1 | 3 | $F$ | $J$ | $Y 4$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pos: | $I$ | $I I$ | $I I I$ | IV | $V$ | $V I$ |

Position:
I = Type Designation
WB = Advantage Line with both ground fault and phase loss protection included
II = Size (terminal capacity and trip current range)
$\mathrm{L}=$ Size 1 terminals and .59 thru 4.34A trip rating
$1=$ Size 2 terminals and 3.93 thru 32.1A trip rating
$2=$ Size 2 terminals and 3.93 thru 51.6A trip rating
3 = Size 3 terminals and 12.4 thru 162A trip rating
$5=$ Size 5 terminals and 47.9 thru 322A trip rating
6 = Size 6 terminals and 47.9 thru 628A trip rating
III = Phase
1 = Single phase (two toroids)
3 = Three phase (three toroids)
IV = Control Voltage and Frequency
F = 110-120 volts, 60 hertz
$\mathrm{N}=110$ volts, 50 hertz
$\mathrm{V}=$ Mounting
$J=$ With two line connnection points per pole on bus bars and load terminals ready to accept conductors.
$\mathrm{P}=$ For panel mounting, with line and load terminals ready to accept conductors
$\mathrm{VI}=$ Suffix to indicate modifications that alter the characteristics shown above
Y4 $=$ With phase loss protection omitted
Y7 =With ground fault protection omitted
Y10 = Phase loss protection omitted
Y11 = Phase imbalance protection omitted

## TABLE XVIII

Replacement Circuit Board Catalog Designation
Each catalog designation consists of six or more charecters:

| Ex: | W | CB | C | 1 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | W+ | CB | C | 1 |
|  | W | CB | C | $1 E$ |
| Pos: | I | II | III | IV |
| Position: |  |  |  |  |
| I $=$ | Type Designation |  |  |  |
|  | W = Model E Er earlier |  |  |  |
|  | W+ = Model $P$ or later |  |  |  |

II = Category
$C B=$ replacement circuit board
III $=$ Function
C = contactor
O = overload relay
S = starter
IV = Size
$\mathrm{L}=$ size 1 lower level ( .59 through 4.34 amp trip)
1 = size 1 (3.93 through 32.1 amp trip)
2 = size 2
3 = size 3
4 = size 4
5 = size 5
$\mathrm{G}=$ size 5 definite purpose ( 360 amp )
6 = size 6
H = size 6 definite purpose ( 760 amp )
LE = model E size 1 lower level
$1 \mathrm{E}=$ model E size 1
2E = model E size 2
3E $=$ model E size 3
$4 \mathrm{E}=$ model E size 4
$5 \mathrm{E}=$ model E size 5
GE $=$ model E size 5 definite purpose ( 360 amp )
$6 \mathrm{E}=$ model E size 6
HE = model E size 6 definite purpose ( 760 amp )
$\mathrm{V}=$ Control voltage and frequency
$\mathrm{F}=110-120$ volts, 60 Hz
$\mathrm{N}=110$ volts, 50 Hz
$\mathrm{VI}=$ Suffix to indicate modifications that alter the characteristics above
Y4 $=$ phase loss and imbalance protection omitted
Y7 = ground current sensing protection omitted
Y10 $=$ phase loss protection omitted
Y11 = phase imbalance protection omitted

## CUTLER-HAMMER

4201 North 27th Street
Milwaukee, WI 53216


[^0]:    ${ }^{4}$ Instantaneous Adjustable Trip with Current Limiting Attachment
    ${ }^{5}$ Inverse Time Circuit Breaker with Current-Limiting Attachment

[^1]:    TABLE NOTES
    ${ }_{2}^{1}$ Instantaneous Adjustable Trip
    ${ }^{2}$ Circuit Breaker
    ${ }^{3}$ Inverse Time Circuit Breaker

[^2]:    ${ }_{5}^{4}$ Instantaneous Adjustable Trip with Current Limiting Attachment
    ${ }^{5}$ Inverse Time Circuit Breaker with Current-Limiting Attachment

