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What's **new** in molded case circuit breakers:

The Siemens GG circuit breaker is a compact, industrial design thermal magnetic breaker with valuable features for the global markets. These features include a design that meets multi-national standards, is suitable for DIN rail or base mounting without the need for adapters, and includes UL listed field installable accessories. The GG also has an over center toggle mechanism that is trip free and uses repulsion contact arm construction. Therefore, should a short circuit or tripping condition occur, the contacts are forced apart and the breaker cannot be held closed by means of the handle.



The New Siemens QR Circuit Breaker

Implemented in load centers, panelboards, switchboards, meter centers, and modular metering, the new QR breaker is the same form-factor/mounting as QJ breaker for easy retrofit.

Design enhancements include:

- Trip unit ratings from 100A to 250A.
- Field installable internal accessories shunt trip, aux switch or shunt/aux combo.
- Two accessory pockets in 3-pole breakers. One accessory pocket in 2-pole breakers.
- High in-rush current capability (450%).
- Push-to-trip button.







BQD and NGB, HGB, LGB handle ties are now released for use where single pole breakers are using shared neutrals and must be locked out simultaneously.

The **Dual Function Circuit Breaker** combines GFCI and AFCI, protecting against both Arc Faults and Ground Faults. This, along with the new Self-Test & Lockout feature, makes it the first in class in electrical safety for homeowners.

- Faster Installation
- Cost savings
- Smaller Device
- Self Test & Lockout feature as required by UL 943 effective June 2015





The development of **VL Circuit Breaker enclosures** for the 150A and 250A breakers demonstrates a significant enhancement of the Siemens product offering. The fundamental objective of this family of enclosures is to reduce installation cost of the breaker, as well as reducing the space required for low amperage breaker enclosures.

Ordering

In the FD through RD frames, you may order molded case circuit breakers three basic ways:

- As separately ordered frames, trip units and lugs
- As frame, trip unit and lugs ordered as one catalog number and shipped unassembled or assembled
- As Frame and Trip Unit shipped assembled and with the trip unit made non-removable, in compliance with UL 489 requirements that to be reverse fed the circuit breaker must not have an interchangeable trip unit.

These two options are described in the following:

Components Ordered Separately

To get the components for a 3-pole, 400 Amp standard interrupting circuit breaker, you would order the frame (JD63F400), the trip unit (JD63T400) and six lugs (TA2J6500). This option is normally useful only if you stock and use large volumes of product and wish to reduce your inventory cost. You may stock, for example, a smaller number of frames (JD63F400) and a variety of trip units (JD63T300, JD63T350, etc.) and assemble breakers as you need them.

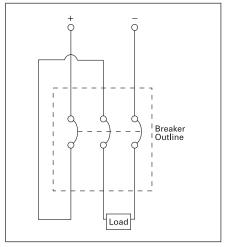
Frame, Trip Unit and Lugs Ordered Together

If you order the catalog number JD63B400, you will receive a frame, a trip unit and 6 lugs in separate packages. By suffixing this number with "L" (e.g. JD63B400L), you will receive frame, trip unit and lugs assembled in one container. Pursuant to UL 489, a product ordered thus will have the markings "LINE" and "LOAD", and may not be "reverse fed" (with power flowing from the "OFF" end of the breaker toward the "ON" end).

Non-Interchangeable Trip Breakers

If you place an "X" after the frame size designator (e.g. JXD63B400), you will receive a frame and trip unit assembled, with the trip unit made non-removable. If you suffix an "L" to this catalog number (e.g. JXD63B400L), you will receive the breaker, non-removable trip unit and lugs assembled. Unless you anticipate a specific need to change the breaker's ampere rating in the future, this is the preferred ordering method, as the products are assembled to Siemens' specifications in our factories. These breakers are suitable for use reverse fed according to UL 489, since the trip unit is not removable.

The smaller frames (QJ, ED and below) do not have removable trip units, and consequently are shipped only as assembled products. To add lugs, see the ordering instructions on each product's catalog page.

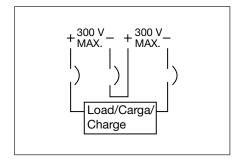


500V DC Wiring Configuration

Connecting Breakers for DC Application

Most Siemens thermal magnetic trip MCCBs are applicable on direct current (dc) systems. Generally, for 250 V dc systems a two pole breaker is used, with one pole on each leg of the supply circuit. For three pole breakers applied on 500 V undergrounded DC systems, it is important to connect the power supply "zig-zag" through the breaker as shown in the figure below. This assures that the Voltage between phases on the breaker terminals is uniformly distributed.

See below for an alternative connection diagram. For a list of Sentron breakers with the DC ratings, please refer to pages 7-11 to 7-16.



Reference

Molded Case Circuit Breakers

Federal Specification Classification

W-C-375C/GEN

	/bC/GEN Interrupting Rating				Breaker Type
Class	Symmetrical Amperes ^①	Volts AC 60HZ	Poles	Range of Current Trip [®]	(All Circuit Breakers Meet or Exceed the Indicated Class Level)
10a ^②	5,000	120/240	1 or 2	15–100	QP, BQ, QT, BL
10b	5,000	240	2 or 3	15–100	QP, BQ, BQD, CQD, BL
11a	7,500	120	1	15–100	QP, BQ, BQD, CQD, BL
11b	7,500	240	2 or 3	15–100	QP, BQ, BQD, CQD, BL
12a ^②	10,000	120/240	1 or 2	15–100	QP, BQ, QT, ED2, BL
12b	10,000	240	2 or 3	15–225	QP, BQ, QJ2, ED2, BQD, CQD, BL
12c	10,000	277	1	15–100	BQD, CQD, NGG, NGB, NEG, NEB
13a	14,000	277	1	15–100	ED4, BQD, CQD, NGG, NGB, NEG, NEB
13b	14,000	277/480	1, 2, or 3	15–100	ED4, BQD, CQD
14a	22,000	120/240	1 or 2	15–100	QPH, BQH, BLH
14b	22,000	240	2 or 3	70–400	QJH2, QJ2-H, BQH, BQD, CQD, BLH
15a	65,000	120/240	1 or 2	15–100	HQP, HBQ, ED4, HED4, NGG, NGB
15b	65,000	240	2 or 3	15–225	ED6, ED4, FXD6, FD6, HED4, BQD, CQD, HQJ2H, NGG, NGB, NEG, NEB
16a	100,000	480	2 or 3	15–225	CFD6, CED6
16b	100,000	600	2 or 3	15–600	CED6, CFD6, CJD6, SCJD6, CLD6, SCLD6
17a	200,000	600	2 or 3	70–2000	_
18a	18,000 14,000 14,000	240 480 600	2 or 3	15–125	ED6, HED6, HHED6
19a	22,000 18,000 14,000	240 480 600	2 or 3	70–225	FXD6, FD6, CFD6, HFD6
20a	25,000 22,000 22,000	240 480 600	2 or 3	70–225	FXD6-A, FD6-A, CFD6, HFD6
21a	42,000 30,000 22,000	240 480 600	2 or 3	70–800	HFD6, CFD6, JXD6(A), JD6(A), SJD6(A), HJD(A), HJXD6(A), HHJD6, SHJD6(A), CJD6, SCJD6, LXD6(A), LD6(A), SLD6(A), HLD6(A), HLXD6(A), HHLD6, SLD6(A), SHLD6(A), CLD6, SCLD6, LMD6, LMXD6, HLMD6, HLMXD6, MD6, MXD6, SMD6, HMD6, HMXD6, SHMD6, CMD6, SCMD6
22a	65,000 25,000 18,000	240 480 600	2 or 3	15–125	CED6, ED6, HED6, HHED6, FXD6-A, FD6-A
23a	65,000 35,000 25,000	240 480 600	2 or 3	70–1200	HHED6, FXD6-A, FD6-A, HFD6, HHFD6, CFD6, JD6(A), JXD6(A), SJD6(A), HJD6(A), HJXD6(A), SHJD6(A), HHJXD6, CJD6, SCJD6, LXD6(A), HHJXD6, HHJXD6, CJD6, SCJD6, LXD6(A), HLD6(A), HLXD6(A), SHLD6(A), HHLXD6, CLD6, SCLD6, LMD6, LMXD6, HLMD6, HLMXD6, MD6, MXD6, SMD6, HMD6, HMXD6, SHMD6, CMD6, SCMD6, ND6, NXD6, SND6, HMD6, HNXD6, HNXD6, SHND6, CND6, SCND6, CND6, SCND6
24a	65,000 50,000 42,000	240 480 600	2 or 3	1200–2000	PD6, PXD6, HPD6, HPXD6, CPD6 RD6, RXD6, HRD6, HRXD6, SPD6, SHPD6
25a	125,000 80,000 60,000	240 480 600	2 or 3	600–4000	HHLD6, CLD6, CMD6, CND6 SCLD6, SCMD6, SCND6, CPD6

Applicable Standards

UL489 — Molded Case Circuit Breakers and Circuit Breaker Enclosures.

UL486A — Wire Connectors and Solderless Lugs for use with copper wire UL486B — Wire Connectors and Solderless Lugs for use with aluminum wire

UL943 — Ground Fault Interrupters (for personnel protectors)

UL1087 — Molded Case Switches

UL50 — Cabinets and Boxes UL869 — Service Equipment NEMA AB-1 — Molded Case Circuit Breakers and Molded Case Switches CSA-C22.2 No. 5, C22.2 No. 14

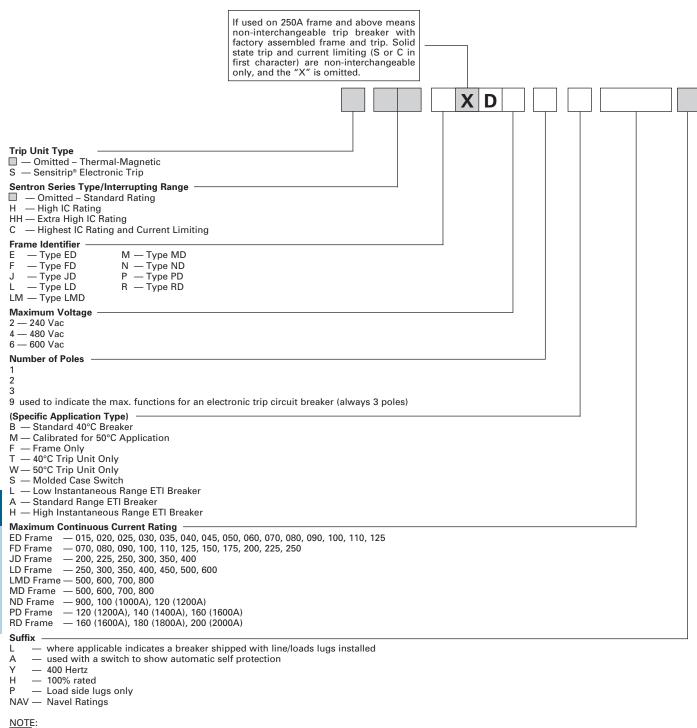
Note:

(A) Molded case circuit breakers are designed and tested in accordance to applicable portions of UL489 and meet application requirements of the National Electric Code. Unless marked otherwise, circuit breakers are 80% duty rated. (B) Molded case circuit breakers are to be connected with 60 or 75°C wire for circuit breakers having a rated ampacity of 100 amperes or less. Circuit breakers having a rated ampacity greater than 100 amperes shall only be cabled with 75°C cable unless otherwise indicated on the circuit breaker label. Exceptions to this rule are outlined in the article 110-14 C(1)(2) of the 2005 National Electric Code.

①Interrupting ratings are not limited to the values or groups of values listed. However, the values listed are minimum values for the class specified.

^②Single-unit or duplex construction must be specified.

³ Use minimum frame size for ampere rating.



Position omitted if not used.