MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date Prepared: 08/18/00 INFOTRAC:
800) 535-5053

By: IMAGE TECHNOLOGY
Section I General Information
Product: Range: 0=Minimal
GHOST IMAGE 4=Severe GR-708

REMOVER GR-708

HEALTH

1

REACT
0

Manufacturer:

IMAGE TECHNOLOGYDOT Classification576 EXPLORER STREETCOMPOUND CLEANING LIQUIDBREA, CA 92821DOT CLASS NOT REGULATED

FIRE

(714) 256-1888

Special: Observe good industrial hygiene when handling

 Section II
 Hazardous
 Ingredients

 CHEMICAL
 CASE Number
 Percent By Volume

 Alkylphenoxypolyethoxyethanol
 Prop. < 10 %</td>

 Exposure Limits In Air
 ACGIH(TLV)
 SHA(PEL)

 N/E ppm
 N/E ppm

Section III______Health Hazard Data

Effects of Overexposure

Skin: Contact of this product upon the skin can cause slight irritation and/or defatting of the skin due to the removal of the skins natural oils.

Eyes: Contact of this product upon the eyes can cause slight irritation and/or dehydration of the eyes and eyelids.

Inhalation: Fumes from this product are not know to cause problems in an adequately ventilated area.

Ingestion: When concentrated solutions of this product are swallowed, it can cause severe irritation and/or defatting of the mouth, esophagus, stomach, and intestinal tract. Other symptoms of ingestion include nausea, dizziness, double vision, headaches, and vomiting.

First Aid Procedures

Skin: Flush exposed area with lukewarm water for 15 minutes. If defatting occurs, skin lotion is advised. Consult physician immediately.

Eyes: Flush eyes with cool water for 30 minutes. Consult physician immediately.

Inhalation: Remove patient to clean atmosphere and administer oxygen if it is available. Consult a physician immediately.

Ingestion: Induce vomiting. Have patient drink large amounts of milk or water. Consult a physician immediately.

Carcinogens

FED/OSHA: N NTP: N IARC: N CAL/OSHA: N Section IV____Spill, Leak, and Disposal Procedures Spill Control

Small Spill: Flush area with water to an industrial sewer line.

Large Spill: Contain spill with dikes of absorbent materials such as clay, sand, or vermiculite. This material is not considered Hazardous and may be disposed of as a non-hazardous refuse.

Waste Disposal

All hazardous materials must be solidified and disposed of in an EPA approved class one facility. When disposing of chemicals, contact local, state, and federal environmental agencies to fully understand the necessary regulations governing the disposal of chemical wastes.

Section VFire and Explosion HazardsFlash Point:210FMethod: AverageFlammable Limits in Air:Lower: N/EUpper: N/E

Fire Extinguishing Materials: WATER SPRAY TO COOL, FOAM DRY CHEMICAL

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Self contained breathing apparatus are recommended for fire fighters. This material readily ignites if near a high temperature source or open flame.

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards: If this material is exposed to a high heat source or open flame there is the danger of an explosion.

Note: Under normal conditions hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Physical Data

 Boiling Point:
 675F

 Specific Gravity (water = 1)
 1.11

 Vapor Pressure:
 0.1 mmHG

 Percentage of Volatile:
 269g/l

 Vapor Density:
 N/A

 Evaporation Rate (water = 1):
 <1</td>

pH (concentrate): 7

pH (1% solution): 7 Solubility in Water: SOLUBLE

Appearance and Order: CLEAR TO AMBER LIQUID WITH

MILD ORDER

Section VI

Section VII____Special Protection Information

Respiratory Protection: When using this material in confined space, with less than 4 to 5 air change per hour use of personal respiratory protection such as organic mask is recommended.

Protective Gloves: To avoid possible defatting of the skin or tissue damage, it is recommended that Butyl, plastic or Vitron gloves be worn.

Eye Protection: When handling this product and there is the possibility of splashing, it is recommended that proper protection of the eyes be worn. Monogoggles type.

Other Equipment: When handling chemicals in 55 gallon drums, it is recommended that steel toed rubber boots and a chemical apron be worn.

Section VIII_____Special Precautions

*Chemicals can be hazardous if not respected. The use of proper equipment and procedures for handling chemicals are not only of benefit for their obvious uses, but can reduce the possibility of serious injury and time loss accidents.

*Keep this material away from high heat and observe proper house keeping procedures.

*DO NOT mix chemicals unless instructed by qualified personnel.

Note: This data is furnished gratuitously independent of sale of the product and only for your investigation and independent verification while data is believed to be correct, IMAGE TECHNOLOGY shall in no event be liable or responsible for damages whatsoever, directly or indirectly, resulting from the publication or use of or reliance upon data contained herein. No warranty, either implied or expressed, of merchantability of fitness or of any nature with respect to the product or to the data is made herein. You are urged to obtain data sheets for all IMAGE TECHNOLOGY materials you buy, process, use, or distribute, and are encouraged to advise anyone working with or exposed to such materials of the information contained herein.

Sources: 1) Dangerous Properties of Industrial Material: Sax, 6th Ed 2) Hand of Toxic Hazardous Chemicals and Carcinogens: Sittig 2nd Ed 3) Condensed Chemical Dictionary: Hawley, Tenth Ed 4) TLV's and Biological Exposure Indices for 1985-86: ACBIH, 2nd Print 5) Director's List of Hazardous Substances: State of Cal., 1st printing 6) Title 29 CFR parts 1900 to 1910, Revised as of July 1, 1984 7) Documentation of TLV's and BEI's: ACBIH, 5th Ed 8) Guidelines for the selection of chemical Protective Clothing: ACBIH, 2nd printing 9) Emergency Response Guidebook: Department of Transportation, 1984 Ed

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