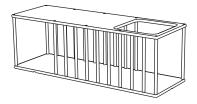
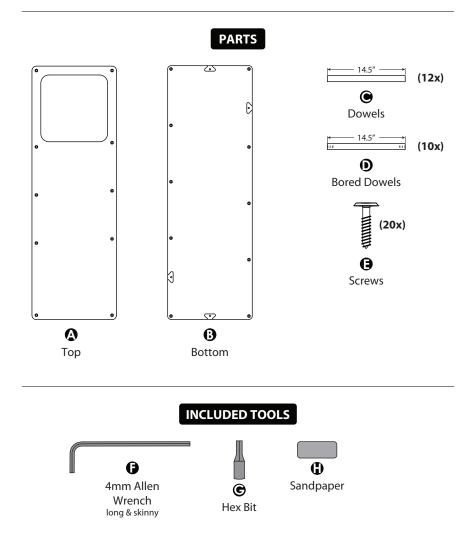
#sprout

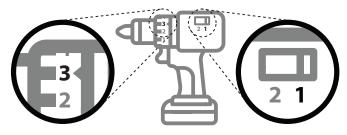


PIKLER LABYRINTH TUNNEL ASSEMBLY GUIDE



If using a drill, set clutch on drill to **LOW SETTING** (around 3).

If your drill has two speeds, set it to the **SLOW SPEED** (1).



A high clutch setting will strip screw heads or wood and can render parts useless!

CLUTCH TOO HIGH: If the drill twists dramatically in your hand when drilling. Lower the clutch setting.

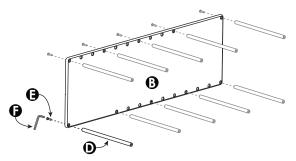
CLUTCH TOO LOW: If the screw does not screw in all the way. Adjust clutch up by 1 setting and try again.

STRIPPED WOOD: If the screw continuously spins in place, the wood has stripped. **To fix**, insert a toothpick into the stripped hole and break the top off so it's even with the hole opening, then try again. If needed, add additional toothpicks until the screw stops spinning in place.

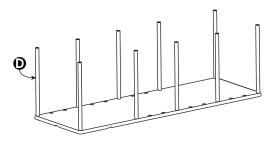
Start by separating Dowels 🕑 from Bored Dowels D .



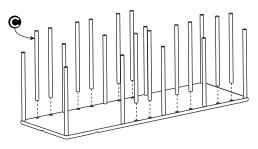
2 Using 4mm Allen Wrench (), or Hex Bit () and a drill, attach one Bored Dowel () to Bottom () by threading Screw () through hole until flush, as shown below. Repeat with other Bored Dowels ().



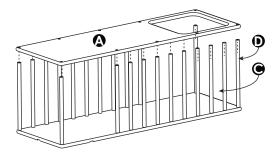
3 Flip the parts so that the Bored Dowels **()** are pointing up, as shown.



4 Insert Dowels (into their reliefs, as shown below. If the Dowel is tight, twist and push the Dowel into the recess until snug.

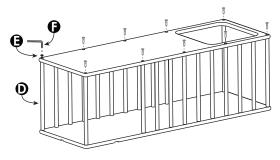


5 Place Top \Lambda onto Dowels 🕒 & 🛈 , aligning loosely.

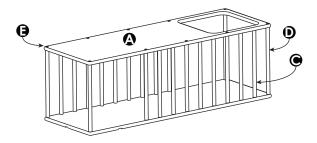




6 Starting at one end and working down, use the 4mm Allen Wrench () (or Hex Bit () and a drill) to thread Screw () only halfway through each hole. Repeat for each Bored Dowel ().



Starting at one end and working down, line up Dowels & and tighten Screws until flush with Top . Make sure to confirm that each Dowel sits in their respective recess before fully threading each Screw.



8 Go through and pull on each Dowel **•** & **•** to confirm that there is no excessive wiggle. Flip the product to visually confirm that all Screws **• are flush on both sides**.