End Device AT Commands and Downlink Command

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1. Introduction

Dragino LoRaWAN End Node support two types of AT Commands and Downlink Commands:

- **Common Commands:** They should be available for each sensor, such as: change uplink interval, reset device.
- **Sensor Related Commands:** Only for special sensor, such as control relay, poll RS485 device.

This page shows the common commands since Dragino LoRaWAN stack DR-LWS-005. Make sure the end node support stack higher than DR-LWS-005 before checking this page.

2. How to use AT Commands or Downlink command

- For AT Command , See Devices User Manual for Device. The user manual can be found in each product page of Dragino Official Website
- For LoRaWAN Downlink: The gateway transfer downlink command in HEX format. This page shows the HEX format downlink code for each command. but some servers use base64 as downlink code. Below are reference for how to use downlink command:
    - Use HEX format to send a downlink: TTN v3
    - Use Base64 format to send a downlink: Chirpstack
    - See use note for more serves Servers Note(IoT LoRaWAN Server)

3. Support End Node and firmware version

Dragino STM32 base hardware Firmware / LoRaWAN stack list	
Model	**Description**
LSN50-v1, LSN50-V2,	Open Source Generic LoRaWAN Sensor Node
LGT92,	LoRaWAN GPS Tracker
LBT1,	LoRaWAN BLE Indoor Tracker
RS485-LN,	LoRaWAN RS485 Modbus Converter
LHT65,	LoRaWAN Temperature & Humidity Sensor

4. System Management Commands

4.1 Change Uplink Interval

Feature: Change LoRaWAN End Node Transmit Interval.

AT Command: AT+TDC

AT+TDC		
Command Example	**Function**	**Respons**

AT+TDC=?	Show current transmit Interval	30000
		OK
		the inter
AT+TDC=60000	Set Transmit Interval	OK
		Set transm

Downlink Command: 0x01

Format: Command Code (0x01) followed by 3 bytes time value.

If the downlink payload=0100003C, it means set the END Node's Transmit Interval to 0x00003C=60(S), while type code is 01.

- **Example 1**: Downlink Payload: **0100001E** // Set Transmit Interval (TDC) = 30 seconds
- **Example 2**: Downlink Payload: **0100003C** // Set Transmit Interval (TDC) = 60 seconds

4.2 Reboot End Node

Feature: Reboot End Node to perform a new OTAA or ABP Join.

AT Command: ATZ

ATZ: Trig a reset of the MCU		
Command Example	**Function**	**Respons**
ATZ	Reset MCU	Device res
		LSN50
		Image V
		Frequer
		DevEui=
		<followe

Downlink Command: 0x04

Format: Command Code (0x04) followed by FF.

If the downlink payload=**04FF**, the end node will reboot.

4.3 Reset to factory Default

Feature: Reset the parameters to Factory Default, factory default value depends on the firmware settings, the OTAA and ABP keys will reserve after this command.

AT Command: AT+FDR

Reset to factory default	
Command Example	**Function**
AT+FDR	Reset to factory default

Downlink Command: 0x04

Format: Command Code (0x04) followed by FE.

If the downlink payload=**04FE**, Reset Parameters to Factory Default, Keys Reserve.

4.4 Show Firmware Version

Feature: Show firmware version. No downlink command yet.

AT Command: AT+VER

AT+VER: Image Version and Frequency Band		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+VER=?	Show Image version and Frequency Band	1.3 EU868
		OK

Downlink Command: 0x26 (Valid in 006 stack)

Downlink Format: 0x26

Device will reply with firmware version info, device info. frequency band info. detail please check device user manual. Total 5 bytes Example: If device is of firmware version 1.1.0 Upload: xx -- yy -- zz -- 110 total 5 bytes

xx: Software Type:

- 0x00 01: LGT92 Version
- 0x00 02: LBT1
- 0x00 03: LSE01/LDDS75/LDDS20/LSPH01/LLMS01/LSNPK01

yy: Frequency Band:

- 0x01: EU868
- 0x02: US915
- 0x03: IN865
- 0x04: AU915
- 0x05: KZ865
- 0x06: RU864
- 0x07: AS923
- 0x08: AS923-1
- 0x09: AS923-2
- 0xa0: AS923-3

zz: Subband

firmware version: v1.1.0 --> 110

4.5 Show System Configure

Feature: Show All configure. No downlink command yet.

AT Command: AT+CFG

AT+CFG: Print all configurations		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+CFG	Show all configures	AT+DEUI = XX XX XX XX XX XX X
		AT+DADDR=XXXXXXXX
		....
		AT+RX2WTO=X
		AT+CHS=868100000
		OK

5. Keys, IDs and EUIs management

5.1 Application EUI

Feature: Get or Set the Application EUI.

AT Command: AT+APPEUI

AT+APPEUI		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+APPEUI=?	Get the Application EUI	00 b3 d5 00 00 00
		OK
AT+APPEUI=00 b3 d5 7e f0 00 4d 34	Set the Application EUI	OK

5.2 Application Key

Feature: Get or Set the Application Key.

AT Command: AT+APPKEY

AT+APPKEY	
Command Example	**Function**
AT+APPKEY=?	Get the Application Key
AT+APPKEY=00 35 55 55 22 23 55 53 43 24 23 42 34 35 35 35	Set the Application Key

5.3 Application Session Key

Feature: Get or Set the Application Session Key.

AT Command: AT+APPSKEY

AT+APPSKEY	
Command Example	**Function**
AT+APPSKEY=?	Get the Application Session Key

AT+APPSKEY=00 7d dc 73 33 d3 eb 9e 14 38 d5 a4 3e 62 5b e2	Set the Application Session Key

5.4 Device Address

Feature: Get or Set the Device Address.

AT Command: AT+DADDR

AT+DADDR	
Command Example	**Function**
AT+DADDR=?	Get the Application Session Key.
AT+DADDR=A8 40 41 FF	Set the Application Session Key.

5.5 Device EUI

Feature: Get or Set the Device EUI.

AT Command: AT+DEUI

AT+DEUI	
Command Example	**Function**
AT+DEUI=?	Get the Device EUI.
AT+DEUI=A8 40 41 FF FF 12 34 56	Set the Device EUI.

5.6 Network ID

Feature: Get or Set the Network ID.(You can enter this command change only after successful network connection)

AT Command: AT+NWKID

AT+NWKID		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+NWKID=?	Get the Network ID.	a8 40 41 ff
		OK
AT+NWKID=A8 40 41 FF	Set the Network ID.	OK

5.7 Network Session Key

Feature: Get or Set the Network Session Key

AT Command: AT+NWKSKEY

AT+NWKSKEY

Command Example	Function
AT+NWKSKEY=?	Get the Network Session Key.
AT+NWKSKEY=A8 40 41 FF FF 12 34 56 00 01 02 04 05 06 06 07	Set the Network Session Key.

6. Joining and sending date on LoRaWAN network

6.1 Confirm Mode

6.1.1 AT+CFM command before DR-LWS007 software stack

Feature: Get or Set the confirmation mode (0-1).

AT Command: AT+CFM

AT+CFM		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+CFM=?	Get the confirmation mode	0
		OK
AT+CFM=1	Set the confirmation mode	OK
AT+CFM=2	Set the confirmation mode	While Error in

Downlink Command: 0x05

Format: Command Code (0x05) followed by 2 bytes mode value.

If the downlink payload=0501, it means set end node to use confirm mode, while type code is 05.

- **Example 1:** Downlink Payload: 0501   // Set AT+CFM=1
- **Example 2:** Downlink Payload: 0500   // Set AT+CFM=0

6.1.2 AT+CFM command since DR-LWS007 software stack

AT Command: AT+CFM

AT+CFM		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+CFM=1,0,0	confirmed uplink	1
value1		OK
AT+CFM=0,?,0	set max retry , range: 0 ~ 7	0~7
value2		OK
AT+CFM=0,0,1	uplink fcnt increase by 1 for each retry	1
value3		OK

Downlink Command: 0x05

Format: Command Code (0x05) followed by 2 bytes mode value.

If the downlink payload=05010101, it means set end node to use confirm mode, while type code is 05.

- **Example 1:** Downlink Payload: 05010101   // Set AT+CFM=1,1,1
- **Example 2:** Downlink Payload: 05000700   // Set AT+CFM=0,7,0

6.2 Confirm Status

Feature: Get confirmation status of the last AT+SEND (0-1).

AT Command: AT+CFS

AT+CFS		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+CFS=?	Get confirmation status	0
		OK

6.3 Join LoRa® Network

Feature: Join network.

AT Command: AT+JOIN

AT+JOIN		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+JOIN ?	Get imformation.	AT+JOIN: Join network
		OK
		While Error in format, re

6.4 LoRa® Network Join Mode

Feature: Get or Set the Network Join Mode. (0: ABP, 1: OTAA).

AT Command: AT+NJM

AT+NJM		
Command Example	**Function**	**Resp**
AT+NJM=?	Get the Network Join Mode	1
		OK
AT+NJM=0	Set the Network Join Mode	OK
AT+NJM=2	Set the Network Join Mode	While

Downlink Command: 0x20

Format: Command Code (0x20) followed by 1 bytes mode value.

If the downlink payload=2000, it means set the Network Join Mode, while type code is 20.

- **Example 1:** Downlink Payload: **2000**   // Set AT+NJM=0
- **Example 2:** Downlink Payload: **2001**   // Set AT+NJM=1

6.5 LoRa® Network Join Status

Feature: LoRa® Network Join Status.

AT Command: AT+NJS

AT+NJS		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**

| AT+NJS=? | Get the join status. | 0 |
| | | OK |

6.6 Print Last Received Data in Raw Format

Feature: Print Last Received Data in Raw Format<port:data>.

AT Command: AT+RECV

AT+RECV		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+RECV=?	print last received data in raw format.	0:
		OK

6.7 Print Last Received Data in Binary Format

Feature: Print Last Received Data in Binary Format<port:data>.

AT Command: AT+RECVB

AT+RECVB	
Command Example	**Function**
AT+RECVB=?	print last received data in binary format (with hexadecimal values).

6.8 Send Text Data

Feature: Send Text Data<port:data>.

AT Command: AT+SEND

AT+SEND	
Command Example	**Function**
AT+SEND=12:hello world	Send text data along with the application port.

6.9 Send Hexadecimal Data

Feature: Send hexadecimal data along with the application port.

AT Command: AT+SENDB

AT+SENDB	
Command Example	**Function**
AT+SENDB=12:abcdef0123456789	Send hexadecimal data along with the app
AT+SENDB=abcdef0123456789	Send hexadecimal data along with the app

7. LoRaWAN network management

7.1 Adaptive Data Rate

Feature: Get or Set the Adaptive Data Rate setting. (0: off, 1: on).

AT Command: AT+ADR

AT+ADR		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+ADR=?	Get the Adaptive Data Rate setting.	1
		OK
AT+ADR=0	Set the Adaptive Data Rate setting.	OK
AT+ADR=2	Set the Adaptive Data Rate setting.	While Error in form
		AT_PARAM_ERR

Downlink Command: 0x22

If the downlink payload=2201, it means setting the adaptive data rate to 1, while type code is 22.

- **Example 1**: Downlink Payload: **2201**　　　　// Set AT+ADR=1.
- **Example 2**: Downlink Payload: **2200FFFF**　　// Set AT+ADR=0.

7.2 LoRa® Class

Feature: Get or Set the Device Class(Currently only support class A, class C).

AT Command:AT+CLASS

AT+CLASS		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+CLASS=?	Get the Device Class.	A
		OK
AT+CLASS=C	Set the Device Class.	OK

7.3 Duty Cycle Setting

Feature: Get or Set the ETSI Duty Cycle setting - 0=disable, 1=enable - Only for testing.

AT Command:AT+DCS

AT+DCS		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+DCS=?	Get the ETSI Duty Cycle setting.	1
		OK
AT+DCS=1	Set the ETSI Duty Cycle setting.	OK

7.4 Data Rate

Feature: Get or Set the Data Rate. (0-7 corresponding to DR_X) . Note: while set Data Rate, please use set Adptive Data Rate, ADR=0 first. otherwise device will response to server's ADR command and change the DR to the setting from server

AT Command: AT+DR

AT+DR		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+DR=?	Get the Data Rate.	5
		OK
AT+DR=2	Set the Data Rate.	OK

Downlink Command: 0x2200aaFF

If the downlink payload=220001FF, it means setting the data rate to 1, while type code is 22 00 aa FF.

- **Example 1**: Downlink Payload: **220001FF** // Set AT+DR=1.
- **Example 2**: Downlink Payload: **220000FF** // Set AT+DR=0.

7.5 Frame Counter Downlink

Feature: Get or Set the Frame Counter Downlink.

AT Command:AT+FCD

AT+FCD		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+FCD=?	Get the Frame Counter Downlink.	0
		OK
AT+FCD=10	Set the Frame Counter Downlink.	(System will write
		OK

7.6 Frame Counter Uplink

Feature: Get or Set the Frame Counter Uplink.

AT Command:AT+FCU

AT+FCU		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+FCU=?	Get the Frame Counter Uplink.	0
		OK
AT+FCU=10	Set the Frame Counter Uplink.	OK

7.7 Join Accept Delay1

Feature: Get or Set the Join Accept Delay between the end of the Tx and the Join Rx Window 1 in ms.

AT Command:AT+JN1DL

AT+JN1DL		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+JN1DL=?	Get the Join Accept Delay.	5000
		OK
AT+JN1DL=10000	Set the Join Accept Delay.	OK

7.8 Join Accept Delay2

Feature: Get or Set the Join Accept Delay between the end of the Tx and the Join Rx Window 2 in ms.

AT Command:AT+JN2DL

AT+JN2DL		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+JN2DL=?	Get the Join Accept Delay.	6000
		OK
AT+JN2DL=20000	Set the Join Accept Delay.	OK

7.9 Public Network Mode

Feature: Get or Set the public network mode. (0: off, 1: on). A Public LoRaWAN network use 0x34 as syncword. Default Settings; PNM=1

Notice: If user build their own LoRaWAN server but still use syncword=0x34, this is still considered a public LoRaWAN network

AT Command:AT+PNM

AT+PNM		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+PNM=?	Get the public network mode.	1
		OK
AT+PNM=1	Set the public network mode.	(System will write new
	Set syncword=0x34	OK
AT+PNM=0	Set to use private network autoset syncword=0x12	

7.10 Receive Delay1

Feature: Get or Set the delay between the end of the Tx and the Rx Window 1 in ms

AT Command:AT+RX1DL

AT+RX1DL		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+RX1DL=?	Get the delay.	1000

		OK
AT+RX1DL=1500	Set the delay.	OK

7.11 Receive Delay2

Feature: Get or Set the delay between the end of the Tx and the Rx Window 2 in ms

AT Command:AT+RX2DL

AT+RX2DL		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+RX2DL=?	Get the delay.	2000
		OK
AT+RX2DL=2500	Set the delay.	OK

7.12 Rx2 Window Data Rate

Feature: Get or Set the Rx2 window data rate (0-7 corresponding to DR_X)

AT Command:AT+RX2DR

AT+RX2DR		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+RX2DR=?	Get the Rx2 window data rate.	2
		OK
AT+RX2DR=6	Set the Rx2 window data rate.	OK

7.13 Rx2 Window Frequency

Feature: Get or Set the Rx2 window frequency

AT Command:AT+RX2FQ

AT+RX2FQ		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+RX2FQ=?	Get the Rx2 window frequency.	434665000
		OK
AT+RX2FQ=434665000	Set the Rx2 window frequency.	OK

7.14 Transmit Power

Feature: Get or Set the Transmit Power(0-5, MAX:0, MIN:5, according to LoRaWAN Spec, or 40=10dB, 41 = 11dB, …, 50 = 20dB which is out of LoRaWAN spec.)

Notice: Transmit Power might be changed by ADR from LoRaWAN server. So manually change TXP also remember to set AT+ADR=0 in sensor

AT Command:AT+TXP

AT+TXP		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+TXP=?	Get the Transmit Power.	0
		OK
AT+TXP=1	Set the Transmit Power.	OK

Downlink Payload. The 4th byte of 0x22 downlink.

If the downlink payload=22000100, it means setting the TXP to 0.

- **Example 1**: Downlink Payload: **22000102**   // Set AT+TXP=2.
- **Example 2**: Downlink Payload: **220000FF**   // Set AT+TXP=0.

7.15 RSSI of the Last Received Packet

Feature: Get or Set the Rx2 window frequency

AT Command:AT+RSSI

AT+RSSI		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+RSSI=?	Get the RSSI of the last received packet.	0
		OK

7.16 SNR of the Last Received Packet

Feature: Get the SNR of the last received packet

AT Command:AT+SNR

AT+SNR		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+SNR=?	Get the RSSI of the last received packet.	0
		OK

7.17 Application Port

Feature: Get or set the application port.

AT Command: AT+PORT

AT+PORT		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+PORT=?	Get the application port	21
		OK
AT+PORT=21	Set the application port	OK

Downlink Command: 0x23

Format: Command Code (0x23) followed by 1 bytes port value.

If the downlink payload=2301, it means set the application port to 1, while type code is 23.

- **Example 1**: Downlink Payload: **2301**   // set the application port to 1
- **Example 2**: Downlink Payload: **2305**   // set the application port to 5

7.18 Single Channel Mode

Feature:Get or Set Frequency (Unit: Hz) for Single Channel Mode.

AT Command: AT+CHS

AT+CHS		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+CHS=?	Get Frequency for Single Channel Mode	0
		OK
AT+CHS=868100000	Set Frequency for Single Channel Mode	OK

7.19 Eight Channel Mode

Feature: Get or Set eight channels mode,Only for US915,AU915,CN470.

AT Command: AT+CHE

AT+CHE		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+CHE=?	Get eight channels mode	1
		902.3 902.5 9
		OK
AT+CHE=1	Set eight channels mode	OK

Downlink Command: 0x24

Format: Command Code (0x24) followed by 1 bytes channel value.

If the downlink payload=2401, it means set channel mode to 1, while type code is 24.

- **Example 1**: Downlink Payload: 2401   // set channel mode to 1
- **Example 2**: Downlink Payload: 2405   // set channel mode to 5

7.20 Get or Set RXwindows1 timeout

Feature: Get or Set the number of symbols to detect and timeout from RXwindow1(0 to 255).

AT Command: AT+RX1WTO

AT+ RX1WTO		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+RX1WTO=?	Get RXwindows1 timeout	14
		OK
AT+RX1WTO=60	Set RXwindows1 timeout	OK

AT+RX1TWO is theRxSingle timeout value of receive window 1. If it is not set, then the queriedvalue is the default value. If it is set, then the queried value is the setvalue. AT+RX2TWO is thesame as above. The definitionof RxSingle timeout is as described in the following paragraph.

Increasing thisvalue is equal to extending the time that the receiving window is opened, butthe corresponding power consumption will also increase. Properly increasingthis value can increase the success rate of the downlink.

7.21 Get or Set RXwindows2 timeout

Feature: Get or Set the number of symbols to detect and timeout from RXwindow2(0 to 255).

AT Command: AT+RX2WTO

AT+ RX2WTO		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+RX2WTO=?	Get RXwindows2 timeout	7
		OK
AT+RX2WTO=20	Set RXwindows2 timeout	OK

7.22 Setting up uplinkdwelltime (as923, au915)

Feature: Get or Set uplinkdwelltime

AT Command: AT+DWELLT

AT+DWELLT		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+DWELLT=?	Get uplinkdwelltime	1
		OK
AT+DWELLT=0	Set uplinkdwelltime	OK

Downlink Command: 0x25

Format: Command Code (0x25) followed by 1 bytes state value.

If the downlink payload=2501, it means set uplinkdwelltime to 1, while type code is 25.

- **Example 1**: Downlink Payload: **2501**   // set uplinkdwelltime to 1
- **Example 2**: Downlink Payload: **2500**   // set uplinkdwelltime to 0

7.23 Set Packet Receiving Response Level

Feature: Get or Set packet receiving response level. This feature is used to set compatible with different LoRaWAN servers. If RPL doesn;t match , user will see strange message in the server portal.

RPL value:

- **AT+RPL=0:** Device won't immediately reply any downlink commands from platform.
- **AT+RPL=1:** Device will immediately reply message to Unconfirmed Data Down. Payload is 0x00.
- **AT+RPL=2:** Device will immediately reply message to Confirmed Data Down. Payload is 0x00 and requied response header for this command.
- **AT+RPL=3:** Device will immediately reply message to MAC Command. Payload is 0x00 and requied response header for this command.
- **AT+RPL=4:** Device will immediately reply message to Confirmed Data Down & MAC Command. Payload is 0x00 and requied response header for these two commands.

Case Analyes:

- For Class A devices, AT+RPL=0 is ok. that is defaut settings in software.
- For Class C devices used in ChirpStack, need to set AT+RPL=4 because Chirpstack require immedietely reply message to MAC Command.
- For Class C devices used in TTI, need to set AT+RPL=4 because TTI require immediately reply message to Confirmed Data Down & MAC Command.

AT Command: AT+RPL

AT+RPL		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+RPL=?	Get packet receiving response level	1
		OK
AT+RPL=0	Set packet receiving response level	OK

Downlink Command: 0x21

Format: Command Code (0x21) followed by 1 bytes level value.

If the downlink payload=2101, it means set packet receiving response level to 1, while type code is 21.

- **Example 1**: Downlink Payload: **2101**   // set packet receiving response level to 1
- **Example 2**: Downlink Payload: **2102**   // set packet receiving response level to 2

7.24 Controls NBTrans in unconfirmed uplink
mode （LWS007 **NBTrans:Set retransmission packets)**

AT Command: AT+SETMAXNBTRANS

AT+SETMAXNBTRANS		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+SETMAXNBTRANS=1，0	Value1: set the maximum NBTrans.	1
		OK
AT+SETMAXNBTRANS=? ，1	value2: 0: uplink fcnt doesn't change for each NBTrans;	1
		OK

1: uplink fcnt increase by 1 for each NBTrans.

Downlink Command: 0x33

Format: Command Code (0x33) followed by 2 bytes mode value.

If the downlink payload=330100, it means set end node to use confirm mode, while type code is 33.

- Example 1: Downlink Payload: 330100   // Set AT+SETMAXNBTRANS=1,0
- Example 2: Downlink Payload: 330201   // Set AT+SETMAXNBTRANS=2,1

7.25 Device offline rejoining （LWS007）

AT Command: AT+DDETECT

AT+DDETECT		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+DDETECT=1,1440,2880	Enable online detect	1
value1		OK
AT+DDETECT=1,?,2880	Online detection packet sending time	
value2		OK
AT+DDETECT=1,1440,?	Process rejoin	
value3		OK

Downlink Command: 0x33

Format: Command Code (0x32) followed by 2 bytes mode value.

If the downlink payload=320105A00B40, it means set end node to use confirm mode, while type code is 33.

- **Example 1:** Downlink Payload: 320105A00B40   // Set AT+DDETECT=1,1440,2880

7.26 Request the server to send an ACK

AT Command: AT+PNACKMD

AT+PNACKMD		
Command Example	**Function**	**Response**
AT+PNACKMD=1	If the node uploads the ACK as confirm, it will request the server to send an ACK. If the server ack is not received, the node will upload the packets that have not received the ACK the next time it receives the ACK	1 OK
AT+PNACKMD=0	off request the server to send an ACK	0
		OK

7.27 Adjust network rejoining interval

AT Command: AT+RJTDC

AT+RJTDC		
Command Example	**Function**	**Respons**
AT+RJTDC=?	Show the ReJoin data transmission interval in min	30000
		OK
		the inter

| AT+RJTDC=60000 | Set the ReJoin data transmission interval in min | OK |
| | | Set the Re |

Downlink Command: 0x26

Format: Command Code (0x26) followed by 2 bytes mode value.

If the downlink payload=26000A, it means set end node to use confirm mode, while type code is 26.

- **Example 1:** Downlink Payload: 26000A   // Set AT+RJTDC=10
- **Example 2:** Downlink Payload: 260002   // Set AT+RJTDC=2

8. AT Commands Combination

8.1 Set a fix RX2DR for downlink window

- **AT+ADR=0**   **-->** Disable ADR first
- **AT+RX2DR=xxxx** **-->** Set xxxx to your wanted DataRate

8.2 Use Downlink Command to set a fix uplink DR

Downlink Command: 0x22000500

Same as:

- AT+ADR=0   Reference
- AT+DR=5   Reference
- AT+TXP=0   Reference