INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS AIR HANDLERS

FEATURING INDUSTRY STANDARD R-410A REFRIGERANT: Ref 0A

(-)H1T High Efficiency with Aluminum Coil (-)H2T High Efficiency 2-Stage with Aluminum Coil



RECOGNIZE THIS SYMBOL AS AN INDICATION OF IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION!

These instructions are intended as an aid to qualified licensed service personnel for proper installation, adjustment and operation of this unit. Read these instructions thoroughly before attempting installation or operation. Failure to follow these instructions may result in improper installation, adjustment, service or maintenance possibly resulting in fire, electrical shock, property damage, personal injury or death.



DO NOT DESTROY THIS MANUAL PLEASE READ CAREFULLY AND KEEP IN A SAFE PLACE FOR FUTURE REFERENCE BY A SERVICEMAN



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WARNING (SEE SECTION 4.0: ELECTRICAL WIRING)

Disconnect all power to unit before installing or servicing. More than one disconnect switch may be required to de-energize the equipment. Hazardous voltage can cause severe personal injury or death.



If removal of the blower assembly is required, all disconnect switches supplying power to the equipment must be de-energized and locked (if not in sight of unit) so the field power wires can be safely removed from the blower assembly. Failure to do so can cause electrical shock resulting in personal injury or death.

WARNING

Because of possible damage to equipment or personal injury, installation, service, and maintenance should be performed by a trained, qualified service personnel. Consumer service is recommended only for filter cleaning/ replacement. Never operate the unit with the access panels removed.

1.0 SAFETY INFORMATION

A WARNING

Duct leaks can create an unbalanced system and draw pollutants such as dirt, dust, fumes and odors into the home causing property damage. Fumes and odors from toxic, volatile or flammable chemicals, as well as automobile exhaust and carbon monoxide (CO), can be drawn into the living space through leaking ducts and unbalanced duct systems causing personal injury or death (see Figure 1).

- If air-moving equipment or ductwork is located in garages or off-garage storage areas - all joints, seams, and openings in the equipment and duct must be sealed to limit the migration of toxic fumes and odors including carbon monoxide from migrating into the living space.
- If air-moving equipment or ductwork is located in spaces containing fuel burning appliances such as water heaters or boilers - all joints, seams, and openings in the equipment and duct must also be sealed to prevent depressurization of the space and possible migration of combustion byproducts including carbon monoxide into the living space.

A WARNING

These instructions are intended as an aid to qualified, licensed service personnel for proper installation, adjustment and operation of this unit. Read these instructions thoroughly before attempting installation or operation. Failure to follow these instructions may result in improper installation, adjustment, service or maintenance possibly resulting in fire, electrical shock, property damage, personal injury or death.

WARNING (SEE SECTION 3.2: VERTICAL DOWNFLOW)

The RXHB-17, RXHB-21 or RXHB-24 combustible floor base is required when some units with electric heat are applied downflow on combustible flooring. Failure to use the base can cause a fire resulting in property damage, personal injury or death. See <u>CLEARANCES</u> for units requiring a combustible floor base. See the accessory section in this manual for combustible floor base RXHB.

WARNING (SEE SECTION 4.3: GROUNDING)

The unit must be permanently grounded. Failure to do so can result in electrical shock causing personal injury or death.

WARNING (SEE SECTION 12.0: MAINTENANCE)

Units with circuit breaker(s) meet requirements as a service disconnect switch, however, if access is required to the line side (covered) of the circuit breaker, this side of the breaker(s) will be energized with the breaker(s) deenergized. Contact with the line side can cause electrical shock resulting in personal injury or death.

WARNING (SEE SECTION 5.0: DUCTWORK)

Do not, under any circumstances, connect return ductwork to any other heat producing device such as fireplace insert, stove, etc. Unauthorized use of such devices may result in fire, carbon monoxide poisoning, explosion, personal injury or property damage.

A WARNING

PROPOSITION 65: This appliance contains fiberglass insulation. Respirable particles of fiberglass are known to the State of California to cause cancer.

All manufacturer products meet current Federal 0SHA Guidelines for safety. California Proposition 65 warnings are required for certain products, which are not covered by the 0SHA standards.

California's Proposition 65 requires warnings for products sold in California that contain or produce any of over 600 listed chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or birth defects such as fiberglass insulation, lead in brass, and combustion products from natural gas.

All "new equipment" shipped for sale in California will have labels stating that the product contains and/or produces Proposition 65 chemicals. Although we have not changed our processes, having the same label on all our products facilitates manufacturing and shipping. We cannot always know "when, or if" products will be sold in the California market.

You may receive inquiries from customers about chemicals found in, or produced by, some of our heating and air-conditioning equipment, or found in natural gas used with some of our products. Listed below are those chemicals and substances commonly associated with similar equipment in our industry and other manufacturers.

- Glass Wool (Fiberglass) Insulation
- Carbon Monoxide (CO).
- Formaldehyde
- Benzene

More details are available at the websites for 0SHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration), at <u>www.osha.gov</u> and the State of California's OEHHA (Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment), at <u>www.oehha.org</u>. Consumer education is important since the chemicals and substances on the list are found in our daily lives. Most consumers are aware that products present safety and health risks, when improperly used, handled and maintained.

WARNING (SEE SECTION 12.6: MOTOR REPLACEMENT)

To avoid electrical shock which can result in personal injury or death, use only the screws furnished in the motor shell mounting holds. Screws are #8-18 x .25 in. long blunt nose thread forming. Screws longer than 1/4 in. may contact the motor winding.

WARNING (SEE SECTION 7.0: AIR FILTER)

Do not operate the system without filters. A portion of the dust entrained in the air may temporarily lodge in the duct runs and at the supply registers. Any circulated dust particles could be heated and charred by contact with the air handler elements. This residue could soil ceilings, walls, drapes, carpets and other articles in the house.

Soot damage may occur with filters in place, when certain types of candles, oil lamps or standing pilots are burned.

WARNING

The first 36 inches of supply air plenum and ductwork must be constructed of sheet metal as required by NFPA 90B. The supply air plenum or duct must have a solid sheet metal bottom directly under the unit with no openings, registers or flexible air ducts located in it. If flexible supply air ducts are used they may be located only in the vertical walls of a rectangular plenum, a minimum of 6 inches from the solid bottom. Metal plenum or duct may be connected to the combustible floor base, if not, it must be connected to the unit supply duct flanges such that combustible floor or other combustible material is not exposed to the supply air opening from the downflow unit. Exposing combustible (non-metal) material to the supply opening of a downflow unit can cause a fire resulting in property damage, personal injury or death.

Exceptions to downflow warnings:

• Installations on concrete floor slab with supply air plenum and ductwork completely encased in not less than 2 inches of concrete (See NFPA 90B).

CAUTION (SEE SECTION 3.3: HORIZONTAL)

Horizontal units must be configured for right hand air supply or left hand air supply. Horizontal drain pan must be located under indoor coil. Failure to use the drain pan can result in property damage.

CAUTION (SEE SECTION 2.1: RECEIVING)

In compliance with recognized codes, it is recommended that an auxiliary drain pan be installed under all evaporator coils or units containing evaporator coils that are located in any area of a structure where damage to the building or building contents may occur as a result of an overflow of the coil drain pan or a stoppage in the primary condensate drain piping. See accessories for auxiliary horizontal overflow pan RXBM.

When used in cooling applications, excessive sweating may occur when unit is installed in an unconditioned space. This can result in property damage.

Improper installation, or installation not made in accordance with the Underwriters Laboratory (UL) certification or these instructions, can result in unsatisfactory operation and/or dangerous conditions and are not covered by the unit warranty.

In compliance with recognized codes, it is recommended that an auxiliary drain pan be installed under all evaporator coils or units containing evaporator coils that are located in any area of a structure where damage to the building or building contents may occur as a result of an overflow of the coil drain pan or a stoppage in the primary condensate drain piping. See accessories section of these instructions for auxiliary horizontal overflow pan information (model RXBM).

Use of this air-handler during construction is not recommended. If operation during construction is absolutely required, the following temporary installation requirements must be followed:

Installation must comply with all Installation Instructions in this manual including the following items:

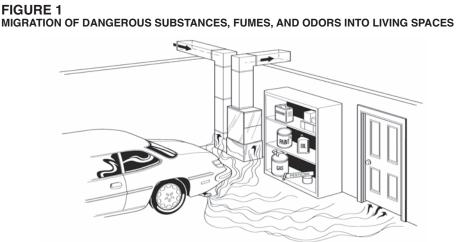
- Properly sized power supply and circuit breaker/fuse
 Air-handler operating under thermostatic control;
 Return air duct sealed to the air-handler;

- Air filters must be in place;
- Correct air-flow setting for application
- · Removing the coil and storing it in a clean safe place is highly recommended until construction is completed and the outdoor unit is installed.
- Clean air-handler, duct work, and components including coil upon com-pletion of the construction process and verify proper air-handler operat-ing conditions according as stated in this instruction manual.
- NOTE: Electric strip heater elements tend to emit a burning odor for a few days if dust has accumulated during construction. Heater elements are easily damaged. Take great care when cleaning them. Low pressure com-pressed air is recommended for cleaning elements.

2.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT EFFICIENCY AND INDOOR **AIR OUALITY**

Central cooling and heating equipment is only as efficient as the duct system that carries the cooled or heated air. To maintain efficiency, comfort and good indoor air quality,



Adapted from Residential Duct Diagnostics and Repair, with permission of Air Conditioning Contractors of America (ACCA).

WARNING

Duct leaks can create an unbalanced system and draw pollutants such as dirt, dust, fumes and odors into the home causing property damage. Fumes and odors from toxic, volatile or flammable chemicals, as well as automobile exhaust and carbon monoxide (CO), can be drawn into the living space through leaking ducts and unbalanced duct systems causing personal injury or death (see Figure 1).

- If air-moving equipment or ductwork is located in garages or off-garage storage areas - all joints, seams, and openings in the equipment and duct must be sealed to limit the migration of toxic fumes and odors including carbon monoxide from migrating into the living space.
- If air-moving equipment or ductwork is located in spaces containing fuel burning appliances such as water heaters or boilers - all joints, seams, and openings in the equipment and duct must also be sealed to prevent depressurization of the space and possible migration of combustion byproducts including carbon monoxide into the living space.

A NOTICE

Improper installation, or installation not made in accordance with the Underwriters Laboratory (UL) certification or these instructions, can result in unsatisfactory operation and/or dangerous conditions and are not covered by the unit warranty.



Carbon Monoxide (CO) Poisoning Can Cause Severe Injury or Death.

Carbon Monoxide from the exhaust of motor vehicles and other fuel burning devices can be drawn into the living space by the operation of the central heating and air conditioning system.

Exhaust from motor vehicles, generators, garden tractors, mowers, portable heaters, charcoal and gas grills, gasoline powered tools, and outdoor camping equipment contains carbon monoxide, a poisonous

gas that can kill you. You cannot see it, smell it, or taste it.

- Do NOT operate an automobile or any engine in a garage for more than the few seconds it takes to enter or exit the garage.
- Do NOT operate any fuel-burning device in an enclosed or partly enclosed space, or near building windows, doors or air intakes.

The U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) and Health Canada recommend the installation of UL or CSA certified Carbon Monoxide Alarm(s) in every home.

it is important to have the proper balance between the air being supplied to each room and the air returning to the cooling and heating equipment.

Proper balance and sealing of the duct system improves the efficiency of the heating and air conditioning system and improves the indoor air quality of the home by reducing the amount of airborne pollutants that enter homes from spaces where the ductwork and/or equipment is located. The manufacturer and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's Energy Star Program recommend that central duct systems be checked by a qualified contractor for proper balance and sealing.

In compliance with recognized codes, it is recommended that an auxiliary drain pan be installed under all evaporator coils or units containing evaporator coils that are located in any area of a structure where damage to the building or building contents may occur as a result of an overflow of the coil drain pan or a stoppage in the primary condensate drain piping. See accessories section of these instructions for auxiliary horizontal overflow pan information (model RXBM).

2.2 RECEIVING

Immediately upon receipt, all cartons and contents should be inspected for transit damage. Units with damaged cartons should be opened immediately. If damage is found, it should be noted on the delivery papers, and a damage claim filed with the last carrier.

- After unit has been delivered to job site, remove carton taking care not to damage unit.
- Check the unit rating plate for unit size, electric heat, coil, voltage, phase, etc. to be sure equipment matches what is required for the job specification.
- Read the entire instructions before starting the installation.
- Some building codes require extra cabinet insulation and gasketing when unit is installed in attic applications.
- If installed in an unconditioned space, apply caulking around the power wires, control wires, refrigerant tubing and condensate line where they enter the cabinet. Seal the power wires on the inside where they exit conduit opening. Caulking is required to pre-vent air leakage into and condensate from forming inside the unit, control box, and on electrical controls.
- Install the unit in such a way as to allow necessary access to the coil/filter rack and blower/control compartment.
- Install the unit in a level position to ensure proper condensate drainage. Make sure unit is level in both directions within 1/8".
- Install the unit in accordance with any local code which may apply and the national codes. Latest editions are available from: "National Fire Protection Association, Inc., Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269." These publications are:
 - ANSI/NFPA No. 70-(Latest Edition) National Electrical Code.
 - NFPA90A Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems.
 - NFPA90B Installation of warm air heating and air conditioning systems.
- The equipment has been evaluated in accordance with the Code of Federal Regulations, Chapter XX, Part 3280.

2.3 CLEARANCES

- All units are designed for "0" inches clearance to combustible material on all cabinet surfaces.
- Units with electric heat require a one inch clearance to combustible material for the first three feet of supply plenum and ductwork.
- Some units require a combustible floor base depending on the heating kW. The following table should be used to determine these requirements.

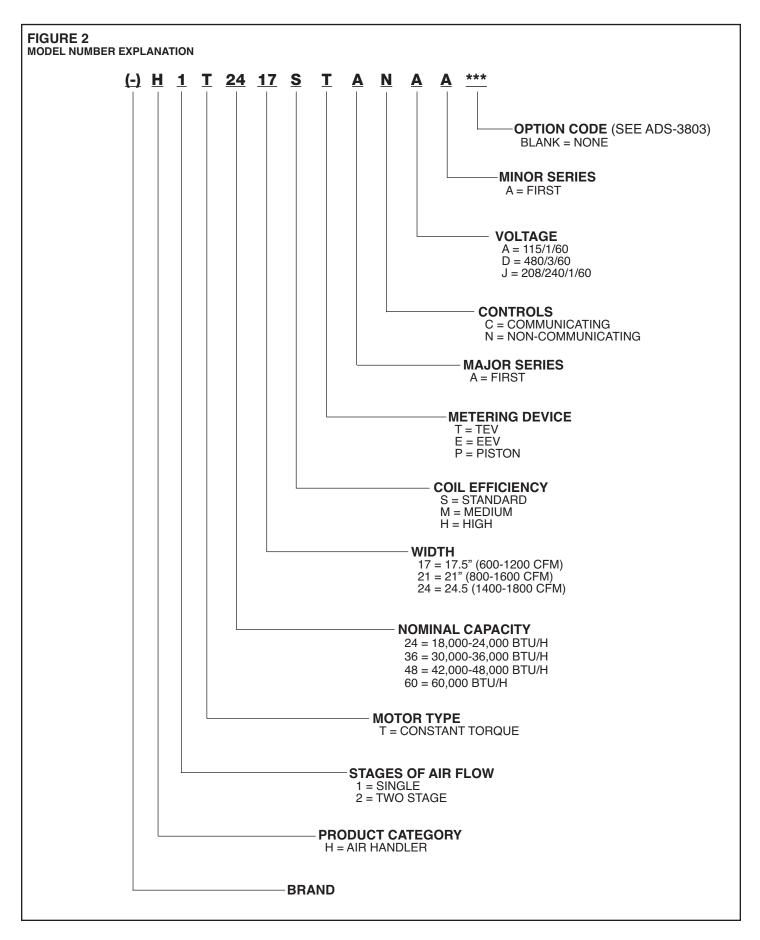
Model Cabinet Size	17	21	24
Maximum Model Designation kW	15	18	20

Additionally, if these units are installed down-flow, a combustible floor base is required. See Accessories for Combustible Floor Base RXHB-XX.

Units with electric heating kW <u>equal to</u> or <u>less than</u> the values listed in the table do not require a combustible floor base.

- Vertical units require clearance on at least one side of the unit for electrical connections. Horizontal units require clearance on either top or bottom for electrical connections. Refrigerant and condensate drain connections are made on the front of the unit.
- All units require 24 inches minimum access to the front of the unit for service.
- These units may be installed in either ventilated or nonventilated spaces.

2.4 MODEL NUMBER EXPLANATION



2.4A AVAILABLE MODELS

AVAILABLE MODELS AT A VOLTAGE

(-)H1T2417STANAA
(-)H1T3617STANAA
(-)H1T3621HTANAA
(-)H1T3621MTANAA
(-)H1T4821MTANAA
(-)H1T4821STANAA
(-)H1T4824STANAA
(-)H1T6021STANAA
(-)H1T6024STANAA

AVAILABLE MODELS AT J VOLTAGE

(-)H1T2417STANJA	
(-)H1T3617SEANJA	
(-)H1T3617STANJA	
(-)H1T3621HTANJA	
(-)H1T3621MTANJA	
(-)H1T4821MTANJA	
(-)H1T4821STANJA	
(-)H1T4824STANJA	
(-)H1T6021STANJA	
(-)H1T6024STANJA	
(-)H2T2421MTANJA	
(-)H2T3621MTANJA	
(-)H2T4824MTANJA	
(-)H2T6024STANJA	

RH1T2417SPANJA
RH1T3617SPANJA
RH1T4821SPANJA

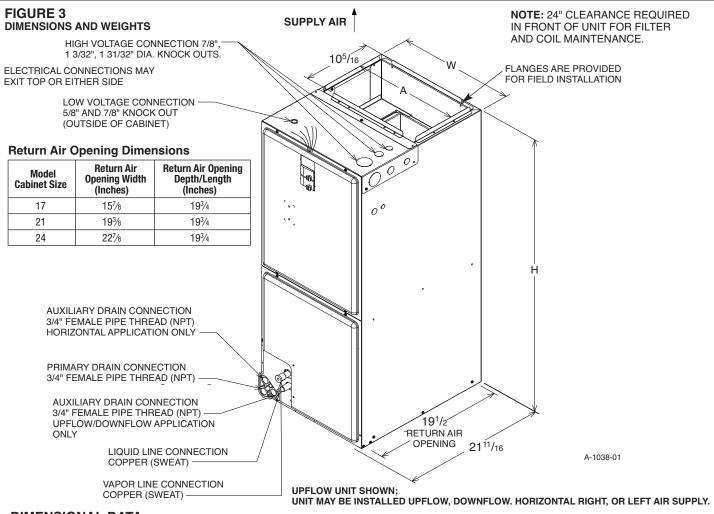
AVAILABLE MODELS AT D VOLTAGE

(-)H1T6024STANDA

Notes:

- Supply circuit protective devices may be fuses or "HACR" type circuit breakers.
- Largest motor load is included in single circuit and multiple circuit 1.
- If non-standard fuse size is specified, use next size larger fuse size.
- J Voltage (208/240V) single phase air handler is designed to be used with single or three phase 208/240V power. In the case of connecting 3-phase power to the air handler terminal block, bring only two leads to the terminal block. Cap, insulate and fully secure the third lead.
- The air handlers are shipped from the factory with the proper indoor coil installed, and cannot be ordered without a coil.
- The air handlers do not have an internal filter rack. An external filter rack or other means of filtration is required.

2.5 DIMENSIONS & WEIGHTS



DIMENSIONAL DATA

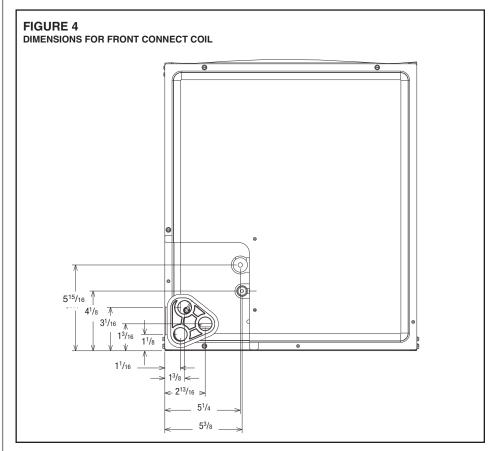
MODEL	REFRIGERANT CONNECTIONS SWEAT (IN.) [mm] ID				SUPPLY DUCT	AIRFLOW COIL (NOM.) [L/s]		UNIT WEIGHT / SHIPPING WEIGHT (LBS.) [kg]
SIZE (-)H1T				"W" IN.				UNIT WITH
(-)	LIQUID	VAPOR		[mm]	[mm]	LO	HI	COIL (MAX. kW.)
2417ST	³ /8" [9.53]	³ /4" [19.05]	42 ¹ /2" [1080]	17 ¹ /2" [445]	16" [409]	600 [283]	800 [378]	92/106 [42/48]
3617SE	³ /8" [9.53]	³ /4" [19.05]	42 ¹ /2" [1080]	17 ¹ /2" [445]	16" [409]	1000 [472]	1200 [566]	96/110 [44/50]
3617ST	³ /8" [9.53]	³ /4" [19.05]	42 ¹ /2" [1080]	17 ¹ /2" [445]	16" [409]	1000 [472]	1200 [566]	96/110 [44/50]
3621HT	³ /8" [9.53]	7/8" [22.23]	57 [1448]	21" [533]	19 ¹ /2" [495]	1000 [472]	1200 [566]	137/149 [62/68]
3621MT	³ /8" [9.53]	7/8" [22.23]	50 ¹ /2" [1282]	21" [533]	19 ¹ /2" [495]	1000 [472]	1200 [566]	126/142 [57/64]
4821MT	³ /8" [9.53]	7/8" [22.23]	57 [1448]	21" [533]	19 ¹ /2" [495]	1400 [661]	1600 [755]	139/151 [63/68]
4821ST	³ /8" [9.53]	7/8" [22.23]	50 ¹ /2" [1282]	21" [533]	19 ¹ /2" [495]	1400 [661]	1600 [755]	128/144 [56/65]
4824ST	³ /8" [9.53]	7/8" [22.23]	50 ¹ /2" [1282]	24 ¹ /2" [622]	23" [585]	1600 [755]	_	142/160 [64/72]
6021HT	³ /8" [9.53]	7/8" [22.23]	57 [1448]	21" [533]	19 ¹ /2" [495]	1600 [755]	1725 [814]	139/151 [63/68]
6024ST	³ /8" [9.53]	⁷ /8" [22.23]	55 ¹ /2" [1410]	24 ¹ /2" [622]	23" [585]	-	1800 [850]	159/176 [72/80]

MODEL SIZE		UNIT WIDTH	DTH DUCT (NOM.) [L/s] WEIG		UNIT WEIGHT / SHIPPING WEIGHT (LBS.) [kg]	
(-)H2T	IN. [mm]	"W" IN. [mm]	"A" IN. [mm]	LO	н	UNIT WITH COIL (MAX. kW.)
2421MT	42 ¹ /2"	21"	19 ¹ /2"	525	700	111/126
	[1080]	[533.4]	[495.3]	[248]	[330]	[50/57]
3621MT	50 ¹ /2"	21"	19 ¹ /2"	800	1050	129/145
	[1282]	[533.4]	[495.3]	[377]	[495]	[59/66]
4824MT	55 ¹ /2"	24 ¹ /2"	23"	1050	1400	128/146
	[1410]	[622.3]	[584]	[495]	[660]	[58/66]
6024ST	55 ¹ /2"	24 ¹ /2"	23"	1200	1600	161/178
	[1410]	[622.3]	[584]	[566]	[755]	[73/81]

3.0 APPLICATIONS

3.1 VERTICAL UPFLOW AND HORIZONTAL LEFT

- · Vertical Upflow is the factory configuration for all models (see Figure 3).
- If a side return air opening is required, field fabricate a return air plenum with an opening large enough to supply unit and strong enough to support unit weight.
- If return air is to be ducted, install duct flush with floor. Use fireproof resilient gasket 1/8 to 1/4 in. thick between duct, unit and floor. Set unit on floor over opening.

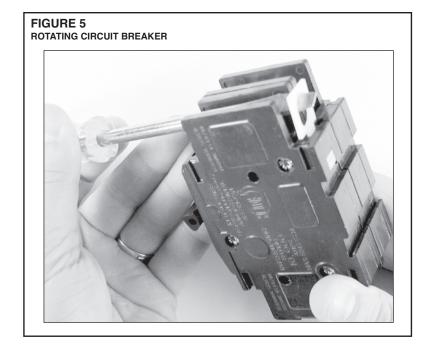


3.2 VERTICAL DOWNFLOW AND HORIZONTAL RIGHT

Conversion to Vertical Downflow: A vertical upflow unit may be converted to vertical downflow. Remove the door and indoor coil and reinstall 180° from original position (see Figure 6). (See kit model number on page 41.)

IMPORTANT: To comply with certification agencies and the National Electric Code for horizontal right application, the circuit breaker(s) on field-installed electric heater kits must be re-installed per procedure below so that the breaker switch "on" position and marking is up and, "off" position and marking is down.

- To turn breaker(s): Rotate one breaker pair (circuit) at a time starting with the one on the right. Loosen both lugs on the load side of the breaker. Wires are bundles with wire ties, one bundle going to the right lug and one bundle going to the left lug.
- Using a screwdriver or pencil, lift white plastic tab with hole away from breaker until breaker releases from mounting opening (see Figure 5).
- With breaker held in hand, rotate breaker so that "on" position is up, "off" position is down with unit in planned vertical mounting position. Insert right wire bundle into top right breaker lug, ensuring all strands of all wires are inserted fully into lug, and no wire insulation is in lug.
- Tighten lug as tight as possible while holding circuit breaker. Check wires and make sure each wire is secure and none are loose. Repeat for left wire bundle in left top circuit breaker lug.
- Replace breaker by inserting breaker mounting tab opposite white pull tab in opening, hook mounting tab over edge in opening.
- With screwdriver or pencil, pull white tab with hole away from breaker while setting that side of breaker into opening. When breaker is in place, release tab, locking circuit breaker into location in opening.



- Repeat above operation for remaining breaker(s) (if more than one is provided).
- Replace single point wiring jumper bar, if it is used, on line side of breaker and tighten securely.
- Double check wires and lugs to make sure all are secure and tight. Check to make sure unit wiring to circuit breaker load lugs match that shown on the unit wiring diagram.
- RXHB combustible floor base is used for all unit sizes. Unit must be centered on combustible base in the width dimension (14%). (See Section 14.0 for more information on the combustible floor base.)

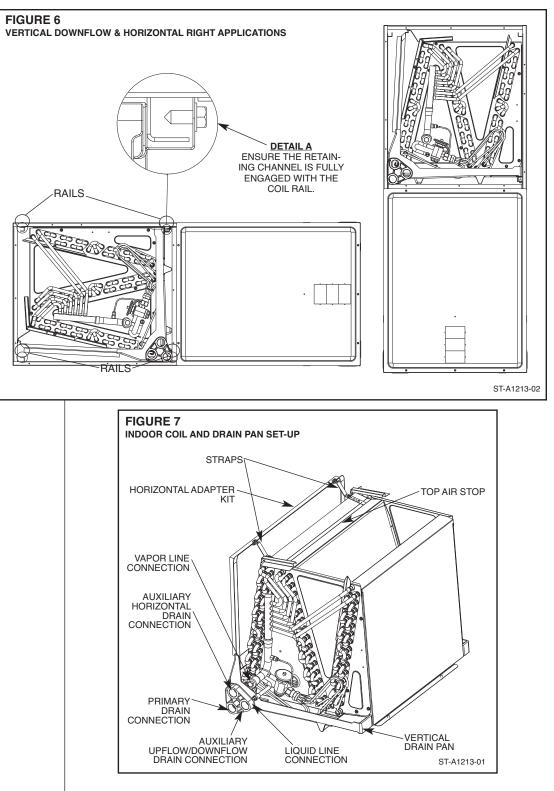
DRIP LOOP: When installing the unit in down-flow or horizontal-right positions, make sure that the wires coming from the motor form a proper drip loop. This allows water to cascade off the lowest point of the wiring before it enters the motor head. This may require cutting the wire tie and installing a new wire tie to form this loop.

A WARNING

The RXHB-17, RXHB-21 or RXHB-24 combustible floor base is required when some units with electric heat are applied downflow on combustible flooring. Failure to use the base can cause a fire resulting in property damage, personal injury or death. See <u>CLEARANCES</u> for units requiring a combustible floor base. See the accessory section in this manual for combustible floor base RXHB.

- Rotate unit into the downflow position, with the coil compartment on top and the blower compartment on bottom.
- The set of coil rails must be moved for vertical down-flow and horizontal right application. Remove the coil rail from the factory configuration (6 screws in all). Fastener clearance holes will need to be drilled in the cabinet sides (proper hole locations are marked with "dimples" for this purpose). Note that the shorter (no notch) coil rail must be mounted on the left-hand side to provide clearance for the drain pan condensate connection boss.
- Reinstall the indoor coil 180° from original position. Ensure the retaining channel is fully engaged with the coil rail. (See Figure 6, Detail A.)
- Secondary drain pan kits RXBM- (or equivalent) are required when the unit is configured for the horizontal position over a finished ceiling and/or living space. (See Section 14.0: Accessories - Kits - Parts.)

IMPORTANT: Units cannot be installed horizontally laying on or suspended from the back of the unit.



Horizontal units must be configured for right hand air supply or left hand air supply. Horizontal drain pan must be located under indoor coil. Failure to use the drain pan can result in property damage.

Conversion in Horizontal Direction: Horizontal left-hand supply can be changed to horizontal right-hand supply by removing the indoor coil and reinstalling 180° from original. (See Figure 5.)

3.3 INSTALLATION IN AN UNCONDITIONED SPACE

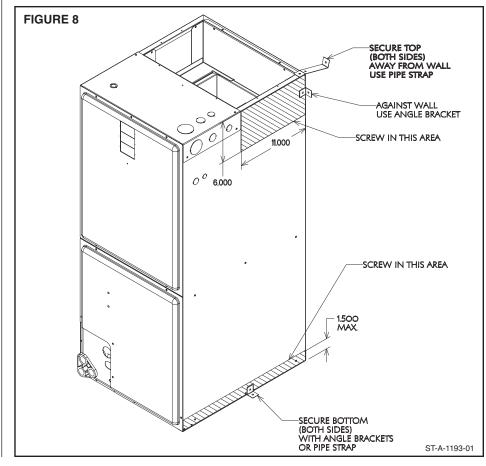
The exterior cabinet of an air handler has a greater risk of sweating when installed in an unconditioned space than when it is installed in the conditioned space. This is primarily

due to the temperature of the conditioned air moving through the air handler and the air circulating around the unit where it is installed. For this reason, we recommend the following for all air handler applications, but special attention should be paid to those installed in unconditioned spaces:

- · Duct sizing and airflow are critical and based on the equipment selected
- Supply and return duct attachment: If other than the factory flanges are used, the attachment of ducting must be insulated and tight to prevent sweating.
- No perimeter supply flanges are provided. If a full perimeter supply duct is used, it is the responsibility of the installer to provide duct flanges as needed, to secure and seal the supply duct to prevent air leakage and the sweating that will result.
- All wire penetrations should be sealed. Take care not to damage, remove or compress insulation in those cases.
- In some cases, the entire air handler can be wrapped with insulation. This can be done as long as the unit is completely enclosed in insulation, sealed and service access is provided to prevent accumulation of moisture inside the insulation.
- As required, use a secondary pan that will protect the structure from excessive sweating or a restricted coil drain line.
- If a heater kit is installed, be sure the breaker or disconnect cover is sealed tightly to the door panel.

3.4 INSTALLATION IN MOBILE/MANUFACTURED HOMES

- 1. Air handler must be secured to the structure using "L" brackets or pipe strap.
- 2. Allow a minimum of 24 inches (610 mm) front clearance required to access doors.
- 3. Recommended method for securing air handler:
 - A. If air handler is against the wall, secure top of air handler to wall stud using two 16ga thick angle brackets one on each side. Attach brackets with No. 10 self-tapping 1/2" long screws to air handler and use 5/16" lag screws 11/2" long to wall stud. Secure bottom of unit with two 16ga "L" brackets with No. 10 self-tapping 1/2" long screws to air handler and use 5/16" lag screws 11/2" long to floor.
 - B. If air handler is away from wall attach pipe strap to top of air handler using No. 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ " long self-tapping screws on both sides. Angle strap down and away from back of air handler, remove all slack, and fasten to wall stud of structure using $\frac{5}{16}$ " lag screws $1\frac{1}{2}$ " long. Secure bottom of unit with two 16ga "L" brackets with No. 10 self-tapping screws to air handler and use $\frac{5}{16}$ " lag screws $1\frac{1}{2}$ " long to floor.



4.0 ELECTRICAL WIRING

Field wiring must comply with the National Electric Code (C.E.C. in Canada) and any applicable local ordinance.

WARNING

Disconnect all power to unit before installing or servicing. More than one disconnect switch may be required to de-energize the equipment. Hazardous voltage can cause severe personal injury or death.

4.1 POWER WIRING

It is important that proper electrical power is available for connection to the unit model being installed. See the unit nameplate, wiring diagram and electrical data in the installation instructions.

- If required, install a branch circuit disconnect of adequate size, located within sight of, and readily accessible to the unit.
- **IMPORTANT:** After the Electric Heater is installed, units may be equipped with one, two, or three 30/60 amp. circuit breakers. These breaker(s) protect the internal wiring in the event of a short circuit and serve as a disconnect. Circuit breakers installed within the unit do not provide over-current protection of the supply wiring and therefore may be sized larger than the branch circuit protection.
- Supply circuit power wiring must be 75°C minimum copper conductors only. See Electrical Data in this section for ampacity, wire size and circuit protector requirement. Supply circuit protective devices may be either fuses or "HACR" type circuit breakers.
- Power wiring may be connected to either the right, left side or top. Three ⁷/₈", 1³/₃₂", 1³¹/₃₂" dia. concentric knockouts are provided for connection of power wiring to unit.
- · Power wiring is connected to the power terminal block in unit control compartment.

4.2 CONTROL WIRING

IMPORTANT: Class 2 low voltage control wire should not be run in conduit with power wiring and must be separated from power wiring, unless class 1 wire of proper voltage rating is used.

- Low voltage control wiring should be 18 Awg. color-coded. For lengths longer than 100 ft., 16 Awg. wire should be used.
- Low voltage control connections are made to low voltage pigtails extending from top of air handler (upflow position see Figure 3). Connections for control wiring are made with wire nuts. Control wiring knockouts (5/8 and 7/8) are also provided on the right and left side of the unit for side connection.
- See wiring diagrams attached to indoor and outdoor sections to be connected, or control wiring diagram booklet supplied with outdoor heat pump section for wiring connection.
- Make sure, after installation, separation of control wiring and power wiring has been maintained.

sduv		SOLID C	OPPER W	IRE - AW	G.		
d - b	3.0	16	14	12	10	10	10
Load	2.5	16	14	12	12	10	10
ostat	2.0	18	16	14	12	12	10
rmos		50	100	150	200	250	300
The			Len	gth of Ru	n - Feet (1)	

FIELD WIRE SIZE FOR 24 VOLT THERMOSTAT CIRCUITS

(1) Wire length equals twice the run distance.

NOTE: Do not use control wiring smaller than No. 18 AWG between thermostat and outdoor unit.

4.2B THERMOSTAT CONNECTIONS

(-)H1T

NOTE: These low voltage application diagrams are generic. Your indoor/outdoor units may not have all the characteristics shown or may not wire exactly as shown. Refer to the diagrams and information sent with your indoor/outdoor sections.

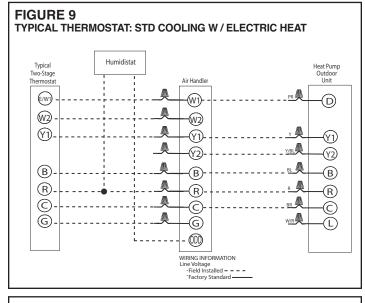


FIGURE 11

TYPICAL THERMOSTAT: STD COOLING W / ELECTRIC HEAT USING A 2-STG DEHUMIDIFYING THERMOSTAT

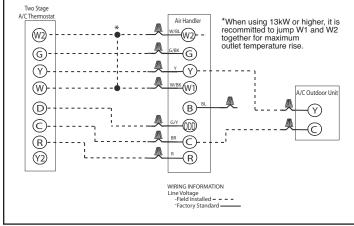
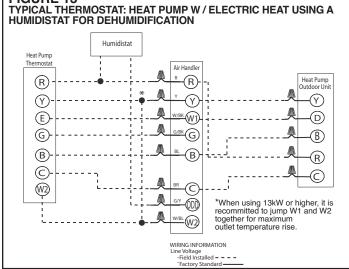


FIGURE 13



WIRE COLOR CODE:									
BK - BLACK	G - GREEN	P - PINK	W - WHITE						
BR - BROWN	GY - GRAY	PR - PURPLE	Y - YELLOW						
GL - BLUE	O - ORANGE	R - RED							

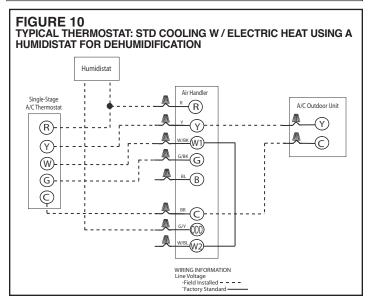


FIGURE 12 TYPICAL THERMOSTAT: HEAT PUMP W / ELECTRIC HEAT

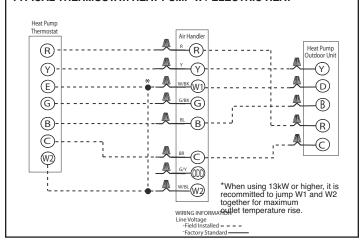
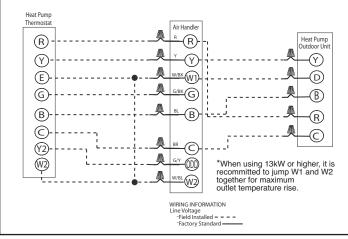
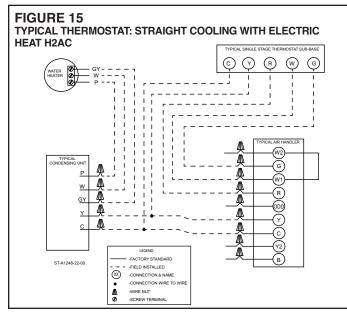


FIGURE 14 TYPICAL THERMOSTAT: HEAT PUMP W / ELECTRIC HEAT USING A 2-STG DEHUMIDIFYING THERMOSTAT



(-)H1T continued on next page

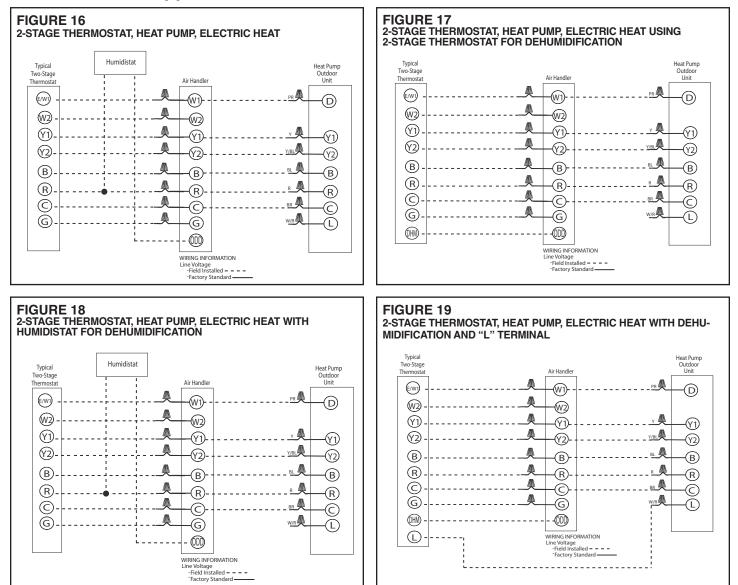
(-)H1T (cont.)



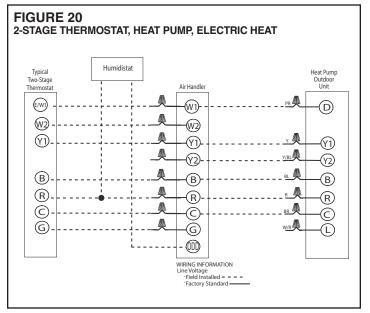
WIRE COLOR CODE:								
BK - BLACK	G - GREEN	P - PINK						
BR - BROWN	GY - GRAY	PR - PURPLE						
GL - BLUE	O - ORANGE	R - RED						

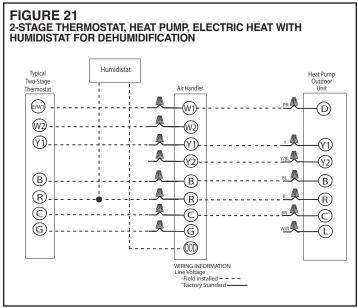
W - WHITE Y - YELLOW

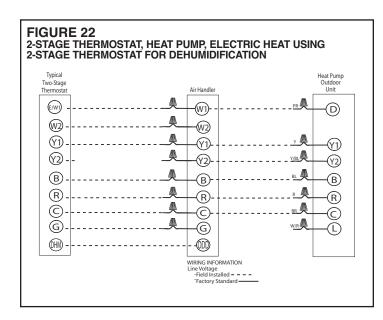
(-)H2T UTILIZING 1st & 2ND STAGE AIR-FLOW

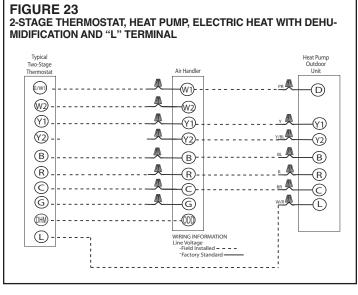


(-)H2T UTILIZING 1st STAGE AIR-FLOW ONLY FOR SINGLE STAGE SYSTEMS



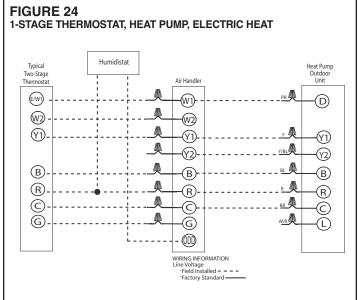


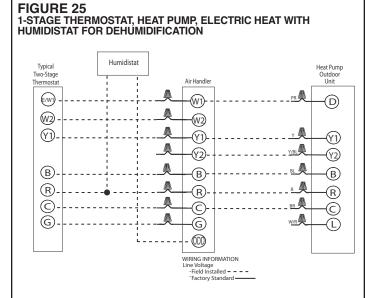


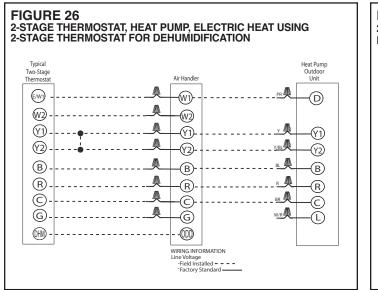


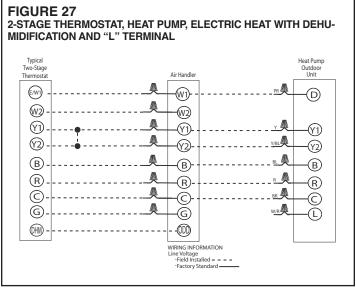
WIRE COLOR O	CODE:		
BK - BLACK	G - GREEN	PR - PURPLE	Y - YELLOW
BR - BROWN	GY - GRAY	R - RED	
GL - BLUE	O - ORANGE	W - WHITE	

(-)H2T UTILIZING 2ND STAGE AIR-FLOW ONLY FOR SINGLE STAGE SYSTEMS









WIRE COLOR O	ODE:		
BK - BLACK BR - BROWN	G - GREEN GY - GRAY	PR - PURPLE R - RED	Y - YELLOW
GL - BLUE	O - ORANGE	W - WHITE	

4.3 GROUNDING

🛦 WARNING

The unit must be permanently grounded. Failure to do so can result in electrical shock causing personal injury or death.

- Grounding may be accomplished by grounding metal conduit when installed in accordance with electrical codes to the unit cabinet.
- Grounding may also be accomplished by attaching ground wire(s) to ground lug(s) provided in the unit wiring compartment.
- Ground lug(s) are located close to wire entrance on left side of unit (upflow). Lug(s) may be moved to marked locations near wire entrance on right side of unit (upflow), if alternate location is more convenient.
- Use of multiple supply circuits require grounding of each circuit to lug(s) provided in unit.

4.4 ELECTRICAL WIRING

POWER WIRING

- Field wiring must comply with the National Electrical Code (C.E.C. in Canada) and any applicable local ordinance.
- Supply wiring must be 75°C minimum copper conductors only.
- · See electrical data for product Ampacity rating and Circuit Protector requirement.

GROUNDING

- · This product must be sufficiently grounded in accordance with National Electrical
- Code (C.E.C. in Canada) and any applicable local ordinance.
- A grounding lug is provided.

4.5 ELECTRICAL DATA – BLOWER MOTOR ONLY – NO ELECTRIC HEAT

4.5A Electrical Data – Blower Motor Only – No Electric Heat: (-)H1T

MODEL (-)H1T	VOLTAGE	PHASE*	HERTZ	HP	RPM	SPEEDS	CIRCUIT AMPS.	MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY	MAXIMUM CIRCUIT PROTECTOR
2417ST				1/3	300-1100	4	1.6	2	15
3617ST/3617SE				1/2	300-1100	4	2.7	4	15
3621MT/3621H	208/240	1&3	60	1/2	300-1100	4	3.8	5	15
4821ST/4821M/6021S				3/4	300-1100	4	3.8	5	15
6024ST/4824ST				3/4	300-1100	4	4.6	6	15
2417ST				1/3	300-1100	4	4.8	6	15
3617ST/3617SE				1/2	300-1100	4	6.8	9	15
3621MT/3621H	115	1	60	1/2	300-1100	4	6.8	9	15
4821ST/4821M/6021S				3/4	300-1100	4	8.4	11	15
6024ST				3/4	300-1100	4	8.4	11	15
6024ST	480	3	60	3/4	300-1100	4	3.2	4.0	15

*Blower motors are all single phase motors.

4.5B Electrical Data – Blower Motor Only – No Electric Heat: (-)H2T

MODEL (-)H2T	VOLTAGE	PHASE*	HERTZ	HP	RPM	SPEEDS	CIRCUIT AMPS.	MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY	MAXIMUM CIRCUIT PROTECTOR
2421MT				1/3	300-1100	4	1.6	2	15
3621MT	208/240	1&3	60	3/4	300-1100	4	3.8	5	15
6024ST/4824MT				3/4	300-1100	4	4.6	6	15

*Blower motors are all single phase motors.

4.6 COPPER WIRE SIZE - AWG. (3% VOLTAGE DROP)

S	L	200 [61]	12	10	8	8	8	6	6	6	4	4	3	3	2	2	1	0	00
L L L		150 [46]	12	10	10	10	8	8	6	6	6	4	4	3	3	2	1	0	00
P	G	100 [30]	14	12	10	10	8	8	8	6	6	4	4	3	3	2	1	0	00
ιi	Ť	50 [15]																	
Ϋ́	Ĥ		<u>15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 125 150 175</u>																
W I R	F E E		SUPPLY CIRCUIT AMPACITY NOTE: WIRE BASED ON COPPER CONDUCTORS 75°C MINIMUM RATING. FOR MORE THAN 3 CONDUCTORS IN A RACEWAY OR CABLE. SEE																
E	Т		N.E.C. FOR DERATING THE AMPACITY OF EACH CONDUCTOR.																

4.7A ELECTRICAL DATA – WITH ELECTRIC HEAT (-)H1T Installation of the UL Listed original equipment manufacturer provided heater kits listed in the following table is recommended for all auxiliary heating requirements.

AIR HANDLER MODEL (-)H1T	HEATER MODEL NO.	HEATER KW (208/240V) (480V)	PH/HZ	NO. ELEMENTS - KW PER	TYPE SUPPLY CIRCUIT SINGLE CIRCUIT MULTIPLE CIRCUIT	CIRCUIT AMPS.	MOTOR AMPACITY	MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY	MAXIMUM CIRCUIT PROTECTION
	RXBH-17?03J	2.25/3.0	1/60	1-3.0	SINGLE	10.8/12.5	1.6	16/18	20/20
	RXBH-1724?03J	2.25/3.0	1/60	1-3.0	SINGLE	10.8/12.5	1.6	16/18	20/20
	RXBH-1724?05J	3.6/4.8	1/60	1-4.8	SINGLE	17.3/20.0	1.6	24/27	25/30
2417ST	RXBH-1724?07J	5.4/7.2	1/60	2-3.6	SINGLE	26.0/30.0	1.6	35/40	35/40
	RXBH-1724?10J	7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	SINGLE	34.6/40.0	1.6	46/52	50/60
2417SP	RXBH-1724A13J	9.4/12.5	1/60	3-4.17	SINGLE	45.1/52.1	1.6	59/68	60/70
		3.1/4.2	1/60	1-4.17	MULTIPLE CKT 1	15.0/17.4	1.6	21/24	25/25
	RXBH-1724A13J	6.3/8.3	1/60	2-4.17	MULTIPLE CKT 2	30.1/34.7	0	38/44	40/45
	RXBH-1724A07C	5.4/7.2	3/60	3-2.4	SINGLE	15.0/17.3	1.6	21/24	25/25
	RXBH-1724A10C	7.2/9.6	3/60	3-3.2	SINGLE	20.0/23.1	1.6	27/31	30/35
	RXBH-1724A13C	9.4/12.5	3/60	3-4.17	SINGLE	26.1/30.1	1.6	35/40	35/40
	RXBH-17?03J	2.25/3.0	1/60	1-3.0	SINGLE	10.8/12.5	2.8	17/20	20/20
	RXBH-1724?03J	2.25/3.0	1/60	1-3.0	SINGLE	10.8/12.5	2.8	17/20	20/20
	RXBH-1724?05J	3.6/4.8	1/60	1-4.8	SINGLE	17.3/20.0	2.8	26/29	30/30
	RXBH-1724?07J	5.4/7.2	1/60	2-3.6	SINGLE	26.0/30.0	2.8	36/41	40/45
	RXBH-1724?10J	7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	SINGLE	34.6/40.0	2.8	47/54	50/60
	RXBH-1724A13J	9.4/12.5	1/60	3-4.17	SINGLE	45.1/52.1	2.8	60/69	60/70
		3.1/4.2	1/60	1-4.17	MULTIPLE CKT 1	15.0/17.4	2.8	23/26	25/30
	RXBH-1724A13J	6.3/8.3	1/60	2-4.17	MULTIPLE CKT 2	30.1/34.7	0	38/44	40/45
3617ST	RXBH-1724A15J	10.8/14.4	1/60	3-4.8	SINGLE	51.9/60.0	2.8	69/79	70/80
		3.6/4.8	1/60	1-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT 1	17.3/20.0	2.8	26/29	30/30
3617SP	RXBH-1724A15J	7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT 2	34.6/40.0	0	44/50	45/50
	RXBH-1724A18J	12.8/17.0	1/60	3-5.68	SINGLE	61.6/70.8	2.8	81/92	90/100
		4.3/5.7	1/60	1-5.68	MULTIPLE CKT 1	20.5/23.6	2.8	29/33	30/35
	RXBH-1724A18J	8.5/11.3	1/60	2-5.68	MULTIPLE CKT 2	41.1/47.2	0	52/59	60/60
	RXBH-1724A07C	5.4/7.2	3/60	3-2.4	SINGLE	15.0/17.3	2.8	23/26	25/30
	RXBH-1724A10C	7.2/9.6	3/60	3-3.2	SINGLE	20.0/23.1	2.8	29/33	30/35
	RXBH-1724A13C	9.4/12.5	3/60	3-4.17	SINGLE	26.1/30.1	2.8	37/42	40/45
	RXBH-1724A15C	10.8/14.4	3/60	3-4.8	SINGLE	30.0/34.6	2.8	41/47	45/50
	RXBH-1724A18C	12.8/17.0	3/60	3-5.68	SINGLE	35.5/41.0	2.8	48/55	50/60
	RXBH-1724?05J	3.6/4.8	1/60	1-4.8	SINGLE	17.3/20.0	4.0	27/30	30/30
	RXBH-1724?07J	5.4/7.2	1/60	2-3.6	SINGLE	26.0/30.0	4.0	38/43	40/45
	RXBH-1724?10J	7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	SINGLE	34.6/40.0	4.0	49/55	50/60
	RXBH-1724A15J	10.8/14.4	1/60	3-4.8	SINGLE	51.9/60.0	4.0	70/80	70/80
		3.6/4.8	1/60	1-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT1	17.3/20.0	4.0	27/30	30/30
3621MT	RXBH-1724A15J	7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT 2	34.6/40.0	0.0	44/50	45/50
	RXBH-1724A18J	12.8/17.0	1/60	4-4.26	SINGLE	61.6/70.8	4.0	82/94	90/100
3621HT	RXBH-1724A18J	6.4/8.5	1/60	2-4.26	MULTIPLE CKT 1	30.8/35.4	4.0	44/50	45/50
	NADH-1724A10J	6.4/8.5	1/60	2-4.26	MULTIPLE CKT 2	30.8/35.4	0.0	39/45	40/45
	RXBH-1724A07C	5.4/7.2	3/60	3-2.4	SINGLE	15.0/17.3	4.0	24/27	25/30
	RXBH-1724A10C	7.2/9.6	3/60	3-3.2	SINGLE	20.0/23.1	4.0	30/34	30/35
	RXBH-1724A15C	10.8/14.4	3/60	3-4.8	SINGLE	30.0/34.6	4.0	43/49	45/50
	RXBH-1724A18C	12.8/17.0	3/60	3-2.84	SINGLE	35.6/41.0	4.0	50/57	50/60
	RXBH-1724B05J	3.6/4.8	1/60	1-4.8	SINGLE	17.3/20.0	4.0	27/30	30/30
	RXBH-1724B07J	5.4/7.2	1/60	2-3.6	SINGLE	26.0/30.0	4.0	38/43	40/45
	RXBH-1724B10J	7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	SINGLE	34.6/40.0	4.0	49/55	50/60

? Heater Kit Connection Type A=Breaker B=Terminal Block C=Pullout Disconnect

4.7A ELECTRICAL DATA – WITH ELECTRIC HEAT: (-)H1T - continued

AIR HANDLER MODEL (-)H1T	HEATER MODEL NO.	HEATER KW (208/240V) (480V)	PH/HZ	NO. ELEMENTS - KW PER	TYPE SUPPLY CIRCUIT SINGLE CIRCUIT MULTIPLE CIRCUIT	CIRCUIT AMPS.	MOTOR AMPACITY	MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY	MAXIMUM CIRCUIT PROTECTION
	RXBH-1724?05J	3.6/4.8	1/60	1-4.8	SINGLE	17.3/20.0	4.0	27/30	30/30
	RXBH-1724?07J	5.4/7.2	1/60	2-3.6	SINGLE	26.0/30.0	4.0	38/43	40/45
_	RXBH-1724?10J	7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	SINGLE	34.6/40.0	4.0	49/53	50/60
_	RXBH-1724A15J	10.8/14.4	1/60	3-4.8	SINGLE	51.9/60.0	4.0	70/80	70/80
		3.6/4.8	1/60	1-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT 1	17.3/20.0	4.0	27/30	30/30
	RXBH-1724A15J	7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT 2	34.6/40.0	0.0	44/50	45/50
	RXBH-1724A18J	12.8/17.0	1/60	4-4.26	SINGLE	61.6/70.8	4.0	82/94	90/100
		6.4/8.5	1/60	2-4.26	MULTIPLE CKT 1	30.8/35.4	4.0	44/50	45/50
	RXBJ-1724A18J	6.4/8.5	1/60	2-4.26	MULTIPLE CKT 2	30.8/35.4	0.0	39/45	40/45
	RXBH-24A20J	14.4/19.2	1/60	4-48	SINGLE	69.2/80	4.0	92/105	100/110
4821ST		7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT 1	34.6/40.0	4.0	49/55	50/60
6021ST	RXBH-24A20J	7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT 2	34.6/40.0	0.0	44/50	45/50
4821MT	RXBH-24A25J	18.0/24.0	1/60	6-4.0	SINGLE	86.4/99.9	4.0	113/130	125/150
4821SP	10/0112 0/200	6.0/8.0	1/60	2-4.0	MULTIPLE CKT 1	28.8/33.3	4.0	41/47	45/50
402101	RXBH-24A25J	6.0/8.0	1/60	2-4.0	MULTIPLE CKT 2	28.8/33.3	0.0	36/42	40/45
	(4-ton only)	6.0/8.0	1/60	2-4.0	MULTIPLE CKT 3	28.8/33.3	0.0	36/42	40/45
-	RXBH-1724A07C	5.4/7.2	3/60	3-2.4	SINGLE	15.0/17.3	4.0	24/27	25/30
-	RXBH-1724A10C	7.2/9.6	3/60	3-3.2	SINGLE	20.0/23.1	4.0	30/34	30/35
-	RXBH-1724A15C	10.8/14.4	3/60	3-4.8	SINGLE	30.0/34.6	4.0	43/49	45/50
-	RXBH-1724A18C	12.8/17.0	3/60	3-2.84	SINGLE	35.6/41.0	4.0	50/57	50/60
-	RXBH-24A20C*	14.4/19.2	3/60	3-3.2	SINGLE	40.0/46.2	4.0	55/63	60/70
	RADI F24A200	7.2/9.6	3/60	3-3.2	MULTIPLE CKT 1	20.0/23.1	4.0	30/34	30/35
	RXBH-24A20C	7.2/9.6	3/60	3-3.2	MULTIPLE CKT 2	20.0/23.1	0.0	25/29	25/30
	RXBH-24A25C*	18.0/24.0	3/60	6-4.0	SINGLE	50.0/57.8	4.0	68/77	70/80
-		9.0/12.0	3/60	3-4.0	MULTIPLE CKT 1	25.0/28.9	4.0	37/42	40/45
	RXBH-24A25C (4-ton only)	9.0/12.0	3/60	3-4.0	MULTIPLE CKT 2	25.0/28.9	0.0	32/37	35/40
	RXBH-1724?07J	5.4/7.2	1/60	2-3.6	SINGLE	26.0/20.9	4.6	39/44	40/45
-	RXBH-1724?10J	7.2/9.6	1/60	2-3.0	SINGLE	34.6/40.0	4.6	49/56	50/60
-	RXBH-1724A15J	10.8/14.4	1/60	3-4.8	SINGLE	51.9/60.0	4.6	71/81	80/90
-	NADH-1724A15J	3.6/4.8	1/60	1-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT1	17.3/20.0	4.6	28/31	30/35
	RXBH-1724A15J	7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT 2	34.6/40.0	4.0	44/50	45/50
-	RXBH-1724A18J		1/60		SINGLE		-		
-	KADH-1724A10J	12.8/17		4-4.26	MULTIPLE CKT 1	61.6/70.8	4.6	83/95	90/100
	RXBH-1724A18J	6.4/8.5 6.4/8.5	1/60 1/60	2-4.26 2-4.26	MULTIPLE CKT 2	30.8/35.4 30.8/35.4	4.6	45/50	45/50
-	RXBH-24A20J						0	39/45	40/45 100/110
4824ST	KADH-24A2UJ	14.4/19.2	1/60	4-4.8		69.2/80	4.6	93/106	
	RXBH-24A20J	7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT 1	34.6/40.0	4.6	49/56	50/60
6024ST		7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT 2	34.6/40.0	0	44/50	45/50
_	RXBH-24A25J	18.0/24.0	1/60	6-4.0	SINGLE	86.4/99.9	4.6	114/131	125/150
		6.0/8.0	1/60	2-4.0	MULTIPLE CKT 1	28.8/33.3	4.6	42/48	45/50
	RXBH-24A25J	6.0/8.0	1/60	2-4.0	MULTIPLE CKT 2	28.8/33.3	0	36/42	40/45
_		6.0/8.0	1/60	2-4.0	MULTIPLE CKT 3	28.8/33.3	0	36/42	40/45
_	RXBH-24A30J	21.6/28.8	1/60	6-4.8		103.8/120.	4.6	136/156	150/175
	RXBH-24A30J	7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT 1	34.6/40.0	4.6	49/56	50/60
	(5-ton only)	7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT 2	34.6/40.0	0	44/50	45/50
-		7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT 3	34.6/40.0	0	44/50	45/50
-	RXBH-1724A07C	5.4/7.2	3/60	3-2.4	SINGLE	15.0/17.3	4.6	25/28	25/30
-	RXBH-1724A10C	7.2/9.6	3/60	3-3.2	SINGLE	20.0/23.1	4.6	31/35	35/35
	RXBH-1724A15C	10.8/14.4	3/60	3-4.8	SINGLE	30.0/34.6	4.6	44/49	45/50
	RXBH-1724A18C	12.8/17.0	3/60	3-2.84	SINGLE	35.6/41.0	4.6	51/57	60/60
	RXBH-24A20C*	14.4/19.2	3/60	3-3.2	SINGLE	40.0/46.2	4.6	56/64	60/70

4.7A ELECTRICAL DATA – WITH ELECTRIC HEAT: (-)H1T - continued

AIR HANDLER MODEL (-)H1T	HEATER MODEL NO.	HEATER KW (208/240V) (480V)	PH/HZ	NO. ELEMENTS - KW PER	TYPE SUPPLY CIRCUIT SINGLE CIRCUIT MULTIPLE CIRCUIT	CIRCUIT AMPS.	MOTOR AMPACITY	MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY	MAXIMUM CIRCUIT PROTECTION
		7.2/9.6	3/60	3-3.2	MULTIPLE CKT 1	20.0/23.1	4.6	31/35	35/35
	RXBH-24A20C	7.2/9.6	3/60	3-3.2	MULTIPLE CKT 2	20.0/23.1	0	25/29	25/30
4824ST	RXBH-24A25C*	18.0/24.0	3/60	6-4.0	SINGLE	50.0/57.8	4.6	69/78	70/80
6024ST		9.0/12.0	3/60	3-4.0	MULTIPLE CKT 1	25.0/28.9	4.6	37/42	40/45
	RXBH-24A25C	9.0/12.0	3/60	3-4.0	MULTIPLE CKT 2	25.0/28.9	0	32/37	35/40
	RXBH-24A30C*	21.6/28.8	3/60	6-4.8	SINGLE	60.0/69.4	4.6	81/93	90/100
	RXBH-24A30C	10.8/14.4	3/60	3-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT 1	30.0/34.7	4.6	44/50	45/50
	(5-ton only)	10.8/14.4	3/60	3-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT 2	30.0/34.7	0	38/44	40/45
	RXBH-24A07D	7.2	3/60	2-3.6	SINGLE	8.7	3.2	15	15
	RXBH-24A10D	9.6	3/60	3-3.2	SINGLE	11.6	3.2	19	20
	RXBH-24A15D	14.4	3/60	3-4.8	SINGLE	17.3	3.2	26	30
6024ST	RXBH-24A18D	17.0	3/60	3-5.68	SINGLE	20.4	3.2	30	30
	RXBH-24A20D	19.2	3/60	6-3.2	SINGLE	23.2	3.2	33	35
	RXBH-24A25D	24.0	3/60	6-4.0	SINGLE	28.8	3.2	40	40
	RXBH-24A30D	28.8	3/60	6-4.8	SINGLE	34.6	3.2	48	50

Pheater Kit Connection Type A=Breaker B=Terminal Block C=Disconnect Pullout

*Values only. No single point kit available.

NOTES:

- · Electric heater BTUH (heater watts + motor watts) x 3.414 (see airflow table for motor watts.)
- Supply circuit protective devices may be fuses or "HACR" type circuit breakers.
- If non-standard fuse size is specified, use next size larger standard fuse size.
- Largest motor load is included in single circuit or circuit 1 of multiple circuits.
- · Heater loads are balanced on 3 phase models with 3 or 6 heaters only.
- No electrical heating elements are permitted to be used with A Voltage (115V) air handler.
- J Voltage (208/240V) single phase air handler is designed to be used with single or three phase 208/240V electric heaters. In the case of connecting 3 phase power to air handler terminal block without the heater, bring only two leads to terminal block, cap, insulate and fully secure the third lead.
- Do not use 480V electrical heaters on 208/240V air handler.
- Do not use 208/240V electrical heaters on 480V air handler.
- If the kit is listed under both single and multiple circuits, the kit is shipped from factory as multiple circuits. For single phase application, Jumper bar kit RXBJ-A21 and RXBJ-A31 can be used to convert multiple circuits to a single supply circuit. Refer to Accessory Section for details.

4.7B ELECTRICAL DATA – WITH ELECTRIC HEAT: (-)H2T

Installation of the UL Listed original equipment manufacturer provided heater kits listed in the following table is recommended for all auxiliary heating requirements.

AIR HANDLER MODEL (-)H2T	HEATER MODEL NO.	HEATER KW (208/240V) (480V)	PH/HZ	NO. ELEMENTS - KW PER	TYPE SUPPLY CIRCUIT SINGLE CIRCUIT MULTIPLE CIRCUIT	CIRCUIT AMPS.	MOTOR AMPACITY	MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY	MAXIMUM CIRCUIT PROTECTION
	RXBH-1724?05J	3.6/4.8	1/60	1-4.8	SINGLE	17.3/20.0	1.6	24/27	25/30
	RXBH-1724?07J	5.4/7.2	1/60	2-3.6	SINGLE	26.0/30.0	1.6	35/40	35/40
	RXBH-1724?10J	7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	SINGLE	34.6/40.0	1.6	46/52	50/60
2421MT	RXBH-1724A13J	9.4/12.5	1/60	3-4.17	SINGLE	45.1/52.1	1.6	59/68	60/70
		3.1/4.2	1/60	1-4.17	MULTIPLE CKT 1	15.0/17.4	1.6	21/24	25/25
	RXBH-1724A13J	6.3/8.3	1/60	2-4.17	MULTIPLE CKT 2	30.1/34.7	0	38/44	40/45
	RXBH-1724A07C	5.4/7.2	3/60	3-2.4	SINGLE	15.0/17.3	1.6	21/24	25/25
	RXBH-1724A10C	7.2/9.6	3/60	3-3.2	SINGLE	20.0/23.1	1.6	27/31	30/35
	RXBH-1724A13C	9.4/12.5	3/60	3-4.17	SINGLE	26.1/30.1	1.6	35/40	35/40
	RXBH-1724?05J	3.6/4.8	1/60	1-4.8	SINGLE	17.3/20.0	3.8	27/30	30/30
	RXBH-1724?07J	5.4/7.2	1/60	2-3.6	SINGLE	26.0/30.0	3.8	38/43	40/45
	RXBH-1724?10J	7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	SINGLE	34.6/40.0	3.8	48/55	50/60
	RXBH-1724A15J	10.8/14.4	1/60	3-4.8	SINGLE	51.9/60.0	3.8	70/80	70/80
		3.6/4.8	1/60	1-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT1	17.3/20.0	3.8	27/30	30/30
	RXBH-1724A15J	7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT 2	34.6/40.0	0.0	44/50	45/50
3621MT	RXBH-1724A18J	12.8/17.0	1/60	4-4.26	SINGLE	61.6/70.8	3.8	82/94	90/100
		6.4/8.5	1/60	2-4.26	MULTIPLE CKT 1	30.8/35.4	3.8	44/49	45/50
	RXBH-1724A18J	6.4/8.5	1/60	2-4.26	MULTIPLE CKT 2	30.8/35.4	0.0	39/45	40/45
	RXBH-1724A07C	5.4/7.2	3/60	3-2.4	SINGLE	15.0/17.3	3.8	24/27	25/30
	RXBH-1724A10C	7.2/9.6	3/60	3-3.2	SINGLE	20.0/23.1	3.8	30/34	30/35
	RXBH-1724A15C	10.8/14.4	3/60	3-4.8	SINGLE	30.0/34.6	3.8	43/48	45/50
	RXBH-1724A18C	12.8/17.0	3/60	3-2.84	SINGLE	35.6/41.0	3.8	50/56	50/60
	RXBH-1724B05J	3.6/4.8	1/60	1-4.8	SINGLE	17.3/20.0	3.8	27/30	30/30
	RXBH-1724B07J	5.4/7.2	1/60	2-3.6	SINGLE	26.0/30.0	3.8	38/43	40/45
	RXBH-1724B10J	7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	SINGLE	34.6/40.0	3.8	48/55	60/60

Phater Kit Connection Type A=Breaker B=Terminal Block C=Pullout Disconnect

① D Voltage = 480 Volts.

*Values only. No single point kit available.

NOTES:

- Electric heater BTUH (heater watts + motor watts) x 3.414 (see airflow table for motor watts.)
- Supply circuit protective devices may be fuses or "HACR" type circuit breakers.
- If non-standard fuse size is specified, use next size larger standard fuse size.
- · Largest motor load is included in single circuit or circuit 1 of multiple circuits.
- · Heater loads are balanced on 3 phase models with 3 or 6 heaters only.
- No electrical heating elements are permitted to be used with A Voltage (115V) air handler.
- J Voltage (208/240V) single phase air handler is designed to be used with single or three phase 208/240V electric heaters. In the case of connecting 3 phase power to air handler terminal block without the heater, bring only two leads to terminal block, cap, insulate and fully secure the third lead.
- Do not use 480V electrical heaters on 208/240V air handler.
- If the kit is listed under both single and multiple circuits, the kit is shipped from factory as multiple circuits. For single phase application, Jumper bar kit RXBJ-A21 and RXBJ-A31 can be used to convert multiple circuits to a single supply circuit. Refer to Accessory Section for details.

4.7B Electrical Data – With Electric Heat: (-)H2T - continued

AIR HANDLER MODEL (-)H2T	HEATER MODEL NO.	HEATER KW (208/240V) (480V)	PH/HZ	NO. ELEMENTS - KW PER	TYPE SUPPLY CIRCUIT SINGLE CIRCUIT MULTIPLE CIRCUIT	CIRCUIT AMPS.	MOTOR AMPACITY	MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY	MAXIMUM CIRCUIT PROTECTION
	RXBH-1724?07J	5.4/7.2	1/60	2-3.6	SINGLE	26.0/30.0	4.6	39/44	40/45
	RXBH-1724?10J	7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	SINGLE	34.6/40.0	4.6	49/56	50/60
_	RXBH-1724A15J	10.8/14.4	1/60	3-4.8	SINGLE	51.9/60.0	4.6	71/81	80/90
_		3.6/4.8	1/60	1-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT1	17.3/20.0	4.6	28/31	30/35
	RXBH-1724A15J	7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT 2	34.6/40.0	0	44/50	45/50
_	RXBH-1724A18J	12.8/17	1/60	4-4.26	SINGLE	61.6/70.8	4.6	83/95	90/100
_		6.4/8.5	1/60	2-4.26	MULTIPLE CKT 1	30.8/35.4	4.6	45/50	45/50
	RXBH-1724A18J	6.4/8.5	1/60	2-4.26	MULTIPLE CKT 2	30.8/35.4	0	39/45	40/45
_	RXBH-24A20J	14.4/19.2	1/60	4-4.8	SINGLE	69.2/80	4.6	93/106	100/110
_		7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT 1	34.6/40.0	4.6	49/56	50/60
	RXBH-24A20J	7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT 2	34.6/40.0	0	44/50	45/50
_	RXBH-24A25J	18.0/24.0	1/60	6-4.0	SINGLE	86.4/99.9	4.6	114/131	125/150
_		6.0/8.0	1/60	2-4.0	MULTIPLE CKT 1	28.8/33.3	4.6	42/48	45/50
4824MT	RXBH-24A25J	6.0/8.0	1/60	2-4.0	MULTIPLE CKT 2	28.8/33.3	0	36/42	40/45
6024ST		6.0/8.0	1/60	2-4.0	MULTIPLE CKT 3	28.8/33.3	0	36/42	40/45
_	RXBH-24A30J	21.6/28.8	1/60	6-4.8	SINGLE	103.8/120.	4.6	136/156	150/175
_		7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT 1	34.6/40.0	4.6	49/56	50/60
	RXBH-24A30J	7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT 2	34.6/40.0	0	44/50	45/50
	(5-ton only)	7.2/9.6	1/60	2-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT 3	34.6/40.0	0	44/50	45/50
_	RXBH-1724A07C	5.4/7.2	3/60	3-2.4	SINGLE	15.0/17.3	4.6	25/28	25/30
_	RXBH-1724A10C	7.2/9.6	3/60	3-3.2	SINGLE	20.0/23.1	4.6	31/35	35/35
-	RXBH-1724A15C	10.8/14.4	3/60	3-4.8	SINGLE	30.0/34.6	4.6	44/49	45/50
_	RXBH-1724A18C	12.8/17.0	3/60	3-2.84	SINGLE	35.6/41.0	4.6	51/57	60/60
-	RXBH-24A20C*	14.4/19.2	3/60	3-3.2	SINGLE	40.0/46.2	4.6	56/64	60/70
-		7.2/9.6	3/60	3-3.2	MULTIPLE CKT 1	20.0/23.1	4.6	31/35	35/35
	RXBH-24A20C	7.2/9.6	3/60	3-3.2	MULTIPLE CKT 2	20.0/23.1	0	25/29	25/30
	RXBH-24A25C*	18.0/24.0	3/60	6-4.0	SINGLE	50.0/57.8	4.6	69/78	70/80
		9.0/12.0	3/60	3-4.0	MULTIPLE CKT 1	25.0/28.9	4.6	37/42	40/45
	RXBH-24A25C	9.0/12.0	3/60	3-4.0	MULTIPLE CKT 2	25.0/28.9	0	32/37	35/40
	RXBH-24A30C*	21.6/28.8	3/60	6-4.8	SINGLE	60.0/69.4	4.6	81/93	90/100
	RXBH-24A30C	10.8/14.4	3/60	3-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT 1	30.0/34.7	4.6	44/50	45/50
	(5-ton only)	10.8/14.4	3/60	3-4.8	MULTIPLE CKT 2	30.0/34.7	0	38/44	40/45

? Heater Kit Connection Type A=Breaker B=Terminal Block C=Pullout Disconnect

	MFD: MOJYEAR	01/2006		AIR CO	ONDITIONING D	IVISION		MJ	ADE IN THE U.S.A. IT DANS L'USA	1
	FRQ: MO/JANNE	01/2000			SED	AL/EN SERIE # M	0106 3875		IT DANS L'USA	Contractor
	MODEL/MODELE # VOLTS 20	3/240	PH/HZ	1/60	JEN		0100-3073 OR HP./F.L.A.		,	
							EUR PSC/F.L.A	1/2 4.	.1	should "mark
	ATTENTION: MARK	HEATER INSTALLED/ EIL DE CHAUFFAGE DE I	MARQUE A INS	TALLE		<		HAXIMUM OVERCURREN	MINIMUM BRANCH	or check" the
	HEATER MODEL MODELE D'APPAREIL DE CHADREAGE	TYPE SUPPLY CIRCUIT/TAPER LE CIRCUIT DE PROVISION	VOLTAGE/ TENSION	PHASE	К₩	HEATER AMPS/AMPLIS D'APPAREIL DE CHAUFFAGE	MOTOR AMPS/ LES AMPLIS MOTEURS	PROTECTION MAXIMUM DE OVERCURRENT	AND LOTTY (LUDICITY)	left column for
If a heater	NO HEAT	SINGLE	208/240	1/60	0.0 3.6/4.8	17.3/20.0	4.1	15 30/35	5.2	the kit installed
	RXBH-24405J RXBH-24407J	SINGLE	208/240	1/60	5.4/7.2	26.0/30.0	6.0	40/45	30/33 40/45	
kit is listed	RXBH-24A10J RXBH-24A15J	SINGLE	208/240	1/60	7.2/9.6	34.6/40.0 51.9/60.0	6.0 6.0	60/60 80/90	51/58 73/83	
both	RXBH-24415J	MULTI CKT 1	208/240	1/60	3.6/4.8	17.3/20.0	6.0	30/35	30/33	
	RXBH-24A18J	MULTI OKT 2 SINGLE	208/240 208/240	1/60	7.2/9.6	34.6/40.0 61.2/70.8	0.0	45/50 90/100	44/50	These are the
Single	RXBH-24418J	MULTI OKT 1	208/240	1/60	6.4/8.5	30.8/35.4	6.0	50/60	84/96 46/52	required maxi-
and Multi-		MULTI OKT 2 SINGLE	208/240 208/240	1/60	6.4/8.5 14.4/19.2	30.8/35.4 69.2/80.0	0.0	40/45 100/110	39/45	
circuit, the	RXBH-24A20J RXBH-24A20J	MULTI OKT 1	208/240	1/60	7.2/9.6	34.6/40.0	6.0	60/60	94/108 51/58	mum and mini-
		MULTI OKT 2 SINGLE	208/240	1/60	7.2/9.6	34.6/40.0 15.0/17.3	0.0	45/50	44/50	mum circuit
kit is	RXBH-24A07C RXBH-24A10C	SINGLE	208/240	3/60	7.2/9.6	20.0/23.1	6.0	30/30 35/40	27/30 33/37	
shipped	RXBH-24A15C	SINGLE	208/240 208/240	3/60	10.8/14.4	30.0/34.6	6.0	45/60	45/51	breaker sizes
	RXBH-24A18C RXBH-24A18C	SINGLE MULTI OKT 1	208/240	3/60	6.4/8.5	35.6/41.0 17.8/20.5	6.0 6.0	60/60 30/35	52/59 30/34	for overcurrent
as a Multi-		MULTI OKT 2	208/240	3/60	6.4/8.5	17.8/20.5	0.0	25/30	23/26	protection and
circuit and	RXBH-24A20C RXBH-24A20C	SINGLE MULTI OKT 1	208/240	3/60	14.2/19.2 7.2/9.6	40.0/46.2 20.0/23.1	6.0	60/70 35/40	58/66	
	Indi 24200	MULTI CKT 2	208/240	3/60	7.2/9.6	20.0/23.1	0.0	25/30	33/37 25/29	should not be
will										confused with
require a								+	+/	
single		Only lis	ted kit	s ca	in be ar	polied 🦳				the size of the
-										breakers
point kit		0101125.0	1.00	1						
	S = SINGLE CIRCUIT/CIRCUIT	SIMPLE M = MUL	TIPLE CIRCUIT	CIRCUIT	MULTIPLE					installed in the
	INDOOR BLOWER MOTOR LO.	AD INCLUDED IN CIRCL	UIT # 1 OR TO	TAL SUP	PLY WIRE MUST	BE RATED AT 75°C M	INIMUM COP	PER CONDUCTORS (ONLY, TEST	heater kit.
	EXTERNAL STATIC RANGE .1	10 .5 IN. W.C. (HEAT PL	UMP & ELECTR	IC HEAT)						
	UNITS WITH ELECTRIC HEATE HAVE INTEGRAL CIRCUIT BRE	RS: CLEARANCE TO CO	MBUSTIBLE N	ATERIAL	TO BE O IN. TO L	INIT CASING AND O	IN. TO PLENU	M AND DUCT FOR F	IRST 36 IN. MODELS	
	CIRCUIT NOT TO EXCEED 120	VOLTS TO GROUND OF	N SINGLE PHA	SE UNITS	. REPLACE LINE	SIDE BREAKER COVE	R(S) AFTER N	ENANCE DISCONNE	ECT", SUPPLY	
	BREAKER(S). IF BLUWER-LU	NIKUL ASSEMBLY REQ	UIRES REMOV	AL, SEE "	WARNING HAZAR	DOUS VOLTAGE".				
	CHARGEMENT DU MOTEUR S	OUFFLEUR INTERNE IN	ICLUS DANS LI	CIRCUIT	# 1 OU CAPACI	TÉ DU CABLAGE D'A	LIMENTATION	TOTAL DOIT ETRE	DE 75C DU MINIMUM	
	DE CONDUCTEURS DE CUIVR UNITÉS AVEC CHAUFFAGES É	E SEULEMENT. TESTER	CENENT AUX	LATICO	UE EXTERNE : 1 A	S PO W.C (THERMO	POMPE ET CH	AUFFAGE ELECTRIQ	IUE)	
	CONDULT FOUR LES 30 PKEN	IERS DO. LES MUDELES	S DISPUSENT I	DE DISTOR	NUTELIRS INTEGR	ES DI IL EDI IPNISSEN	T HNE PROTE	TION CLIPPI CHEN	TAIDE DE	
	SURINTENSITE DE LUUKANT	EI SEKVENI DE « SELI	IONNEUR > D'	FNTRFTI	N IF CIRCUIT D	AT IMENTATION NE D	NOIT PAC DEP	ACCEP 120 VOLTC II	DISOUPALL COL CLUD	
	DES UNITÉS MONOPHASÉES. DISJONCTEUR(S). SI L'ASSEN	KEMPLALEK LEISI (UL	UVERULE(S) DI	I DISTON	CTEUR DU COTE	SECTEUR APPES AVO	ID EEEE TILE	I & CONNEYION DEC	CARLACES ALLY	

Heater Kit Supplemental Information: What allows the manufacturer to use standard Circuit Breakers up to 60 amps inside the air handler, when using an approved Heater Kit?

National Electric Code (Section 424-22b) and our UL requirements allow us to subdivide heating element circuits, of less than 48 amps, using breakers of not more than 60 amps and, additionally by, NEC 424-3b, a rating not less than 125 percent of the load and NEC 424-22c, which describes the supplementary overcurrent protection required to be factory-installed within, or on the heater. The breakers in the heater kit are not, and have never been, by NEC, intended to protect power wiring leading to the air handler unit. The breakers in the heating kit are for short circuit protection. All internal unit wiring, where the breakers apply, has been UL approved for short circuit protection.

Ampacity, (not breaker size), determines supply circuit wire size. The ampacity listed on the unit rating plate and the Maximum and Minimum circuit breaker size (noted above) or in the units specification sheet or installation instructions provides the information to properly select wire and circuit breaker/protector size. The National Electric Code (NEC) specifies that the supply or branch circuit must be protected at the source.

5.0 AIRFLOW PERFORMANCE

Airflow performance data is based on cooling performance with a coil and no filter in place. Select performance table for appropriate unit size, voltage and number of electric heaters to be used. Make sure external static applied to unit allows operation within the minimum and maximum limits shown in table below for both cooling and electric heat operation. For optimum blower performance, operate the unit in the .3 to .7 in W.C. external static range. Units with coils should be applied with a minimum of .1 in W.C. external static.

5.1 AIRFLOW OPERATING LIMITS

Cabinet Width	1	7	17	/21	2	1	2	4
Cooling BTUH x 1,000 Cooling Tons Nominal	18 1.5	24 2	30 2.5	36 3	42 3.5	48 4	48 4	60 5
Heat Pump or Air Conditioning Maximum Heat/Cool CFM [L/s] (37.5 CFM [18 L/s]/1,000 BTUH) (450 CFM [212 L/s]/Ton Nominal)	675 [319]	900 [425]	1125 [531]	1350 [637]	1575 [743]	1800 [850]	1800 [850]	1930 [911]
Heat Pump or Air Conditioning Nominal Heat/Cool CFM [L/s] (33.3 CFM [16 L/s]/1,000 BTUH) (400 CFM [189 L/s]/Ton Nominal)	600 [283]	800 [378]	1000 [472]	1200 [566]	1400 [661]	1600 [755]	1600 [755]	1800 [850]
Heat Pump or Air Conditioning Minimum Heat/Cool CFM [L/s] (30.0 CFM [14 L/s]/1,200 BTUH) (360 CFM [170 L/s]/Ton Nominal)	540 [255]	720 [340]	900 [425]	1080 [510]	1260 [595]	1440 [680]	1440 [680]	1620 [765]
Maximum kW Electric Heating & Minimum Electric Heat CFM [L/s]	13 487 [230]	13 617 [291]	18 814 [384]	18 1054 [497]	20 1171 [553]	25 1502 [709]	25 1502 [709]	30 1666 [786]
Maximum Electric Heat Rise °F [°C]	80 [26.7]	63 [17.2]	66 [18.9]	51 [10.6]	49 [9.4]	50 [10]	50 [10]	54 [12.2]

5.2 115/208/240/480V AIRFLOW PERFORMANCE DATA – (-)H1T (CONSTANT TORQUE MOTOR)

		Motor	Manufacturer					CFM[L/	s] Air Deliveı	y/RPM/Watt	s (No Filter)						
Model Number	Tonnage Application	Speed	Recommended	Blower Size/ Motor H.P.	Motor Speed			Exte	ernal Static F	Pressure-Incl	nes W.C.						
(-)H1T	Аррисации	Factory	Air Flow Range (Min / Max) CFM	# of Speeds	Speeu		0.10 [.02]	0.20 [.05]	0.30 [.07]	0.40 [.10]	0.50 [.12]	0.60 [.15]	0.70 [.17]				
						CFM	837	713	608	554	485	_	_				
					2	RPM	565	587	630	692	751	—	—				
2417S	1.5	5	683/485	10x8 1/3 [249]		Watts	95	81	88	74	66	—	_				
No Heat	1.5	5	003/403	5 Speed		CFM	_	_	_	—	683	615	572				
					3	RPM	_	_	—	—	789	842	892				
						Watts	_	_	_	_	140	159	155				
						CFM	814	692	589	535	467	_					
2417S				10.0	2	RPM	592	613	656	719	778	_					
with	1.5	5	683/485	10x8 1/3 [249]		Watts	108	90	97	82	73	_					
13kw Heater	1.0	0	000,100	5 Speed		CFM	_		-	_	808	629	584				
					3	RPM			_	—	789	842	892				
						Watts	_	_	—	_	148	168	163				
						CFM	902	846	788	742	679						
				10x8	4	RPM	596	645	694	741	791	_	_				
2417S	2	5	858/697	1/3 [249]		Watts	105	108	116	121	130	-					
No Heat				5 Speed	_	CFM	_		_	—	858	816	770				
					5	RPM	_		—	—	834	879	925 214				
						Watts					185	182					
							CFM	882	827	769	723 767	661					
2417S				10x8 1/3 [249] 5 Speed	10x8	4	RPM	595 113	670 125	719 124	129	817 197					
with	2	5	683/485			Watts		125	124	129	833	791	746				
13kw Heater					5 Speed	5 Speed	5 Speed		5 Speed	5	CFM RPM			_	_	852	898
					5	Watts			_	_	192	189	222				
						CFM	1093 [516]	1050 [496]	1017 [480]	977 [461]	935 [441]						
					2	RPM	671	725	764	809	852						
3617S			935/1084 CFM	10x8		Watts	153	168	174	180	188	_					
No heater	2.5	5	[441/512 L/s]	10x8 1/2 [373]		CFM			_		1084 [512]	1040 [491]	1001 [472]				
No notici			[11/012 1/0]	5 Speed	3	RPM	_	_	_		896	936	971				
						Watts	_	_	_	_	249	257	261				
						CFM	1068 [504]	1025 [484]	992 [468]	952 [449]	910 [429]						
					2	RPM	711	765	804	849	892	_	_				
3617S		_	910/1059 CFM	10x8		Watts	164	179	185	191	199	_	_				
with	2.5	5	[429/500 L/s]	1/2 [373] 5 Speed		CFM	_	_	_	_	1059 [500]	1015 [479]	976 [461]				
18kw heater				5 Speed	3	RPM	_	_	_	_	936	976	1011				
						Watts	_	_	_	_	260	268	272				
						CFM	1270 [599]	1237 [584]	1199 [566]	1165 [550]	1130 [533]	_	_				
					4	RPM	775	816	846	882	926	_	_				
3617S		-	1130/1275 CFM	10x8		Watts	237	249	259	268	277	_	_				
No heater	3.0	5	[533/602 L/s]	1/2 [373] 5 Speed		CFM	_	_	_	_	1275 [602]	1244 [587]	1211 [571]				
				J Opeed	5	RPM	_	_	_	_	963	999	1029				
				o opecu	-	Watts	_	_	_	_	338	348	363				

5.2 115/208/240/480V AIRFLOW PERFORMANCE DATA – (-)H1T (CONSTANT TORQUE MOTOR) - continued

		Motor	Manufacturer	Blower Size/ Motor H.P. # of Speeds				CFM[L/	s] Air Delive	y/RPM/Watt	s (No Filter)				
Model Number	Tonnage	Speed	Recommended		Motor			Exte	ernal Static F	Pressure-Incl	nes W.C.				
(-)H1T	Application	From Factory	Air Flow Range (Min / Max) CFM		Speed		0.10 [.02]	0.20 [.05]	0.30 [.07]	0.40 [.10]	0.50 [.12]	0.60 [.15]	0.70 [.17]		
						CFM	1245 [588]	1212 [572]	1174 [554]	1140 [538]	1105 [521]	_	_		
					4	RPM	815	856	886	922	966	_	_		
3617S		-	1105/1250 CFM	10x8		Watts	248	260	270	279	288	_	_		
with 18kw heater	3.0	5	[521/590 L/s]	1/2 [373] 5 Speed		CFM	_	_	_	_	1250 [590]	1219 [575]	1186 [560		
Tokw Heater				0 00000	5	RPM	_	_	_	_	1003	1039	1069		
						Watts	_	_	_	_	349	359	374		
						CFM	1073	1016	963	906	854	—	_		
					2	RPM	637	692	746	801	847	—	—		
3621MT	2.5	5	854/1103 CFM	10x10 1/2 HP		Watts	130	142	153	165	176	-	_		
No Heater	2.5	5	[403/521 L/s]	5 Speed		CFM	—	—	-	_	1103	1059	1000		
					3	RPM	_	_	-	_	917	957	1001		
						Watts	—	_		_	262	271	285		
						CFM	1044	988	936	880	828	_	_		
3621MT				10,10	2	RPM	678	734	791	844	883	-	_		
with 18kW	2.5	5	828/1016 CFM	10x10 1/2 HP		Watts	141	155	158	171	182	-	_		
Heater	2.0	Ū	[391/480 L/s]	5 Speed		CFM	-	-	-		1016	961	904		
					3	RPM				_	939	968	1015		
						Watts	-	—	-	—	233	243	265		
						CFM	1264	1223	1171	1112	1070	-	-		
				10x10	4	RPM	724	761	814	868	900	-	_		
3621MT	3 & 3.5	5	1070/1288 CFM	1/2 HP – 5 Speed		Watts	198	208	222	237	245	-			
No Heater			[505/608 L/s]		_	CFM			-	_	1288	1244	1200		
					5	RPM					974 345	1012 362	1044		
						Watts	1233	1193	1142	1084	1042	302	371		
								CFM RPM	750	794	845	915	933	_	
3621MT			1010/1057 054	10x10	4	Watts	219	215	227	251	261	_			
with	3 & 3.5	5	1042/1257 CFM	1/2 HP 5 Speed		CFM					1257	1213	1169		
18kW Heater			[492/593 L/s]		5 Speed			5	RPM	_	_		_	1020	1023
					5	Watts	_			_	355	368	376		
						CFM	1473 [695]	1442 [681]	1401 [661]	1373 [648]	1337 [631]	_	_		
					2	RPM	781	825	867	905	949	_			
4821S			1337/1447 CFM	10x10	2	Watts	257	271	303	307	315	_	_		
No heater	3.5	5	[631/683 L/s]	3/4 [559]		CFM	_	_	_	_	1447 [683]	1433 [676]	1402 [662		
no noutor			[001/000 20]	5 Speed	3	RPM	_	_	_	_	987	1034	1065		
						Watts	_	_	_	_	394	406	405		
						CFM	1433 [676]	1402 [662]	1361 [642]	1333 [629]	1297 [612]	_	_		
10010					2	RPM	831	875	919	954	989	-	_		
4821S	25	-	1297/1333 CFM	10x10		Watts	277	295	313	319	325	—	—		
with	3.5	5	[612/629 L/s]	3/4 [559] 5 Speed		CFM	—	—	-	—	1333 [629]	1300 [613]	1267 [598		
20kw heater					3	RPM	—	-	-	—	1011	1046	1080		
						Watts					350	364	377		
						CFM	1665 [786]	1631 [770]	1601 [756]	1572 [742]	1535 [724]	-	_		
					4	RPM	853	893	934	968	1015	_	—		
4821S	4.0	5	1535/1654 CFM	10x10 3/4 [559]		Watts	351	387	401	406	422	-	_		
No heater		5	[724/781 L/s]	3/4 [559] 5 Speed		CFM	-	_	-	_	1654 [781]	1624 [766]	1563 [738		
					5	RPM		_	-	_	1036	1078	1095		
						Watts	—	—		—	500	513	523		
						CFM	1625 [767]	1591 [751]	1561 [737]	1532 [723]	1495 [706]	-	_		
4821S				10.10	4	RPM	894	932	970	1020	1052	_	_		
with	4.0	5	1495/1614 CFM	10x10 3/4 [559]		Watts	389	400	410	430	450	-	-		
25kw heater		5	[706/762 L/s]	5 Speed		CFM	_	—	-	_	1614 [762]	1584 [748]	1523 [719		
					5	RPM		_	-	_	1085	1090	1105		
						Watts	-	-	-	_	514	520	5		

5.2 115/208/240/480V AIRFLOW PERFORMANCE DATA - (-)H1T (CONSTANT TORQUE MOTOR) - continued

		Motor	Manufacturer					CFM[L/	s] Air Delive	ry/RPM/Watt	s (No Filter)						
Model Number	Tonnage Application	Speed From	Recommended Air Flow Range	Blower Size/ Motor H.P.	Motor Speed	External Static Pressure-Inches W.C.											
(-)H1T	ripplication	Factory	(Min / Max) CFM	# of Speeds	eeds		0.10 [.02]	0.20 [.05]	0.30 [.07]	0.40 [.10]	0.50 [.12]	0.60 [.15]	0.70 [.17]				
						CFM	1748 [825]	1669 [788]	1639 [773]	1599 [755]	1545 [729]	_	_				
					2	RPM	660	698	734	762	795	_	_				
4824ST	4.0	0	1545/1732 CFM	11x11 3/4 [559]		Watts	297	311	326	340	353	-	_				
No heater	4.0	3	[729/817 L/s]	5 Speed		CFM	_	-	_	_	1732 [817]	1683 [794]	1630 [769]				
					3	RPM	_	-	_	_	840	872	899				
						Watts	—	_	—	-	448	467	480				
						CFM	1708 [806]	1629 [769]	1599 [755]	1559 [736]	1505 [710]	-	—				
400.407					2	RPM	680	736	760	790	820	-	_				
4824ST	4.0		1505/1692 CFM	11x11		Watts	305	330	341	350	361	-	_				
with	4.0	3	[710/798 L/s]	3/4 [559] 5 Speed		CFM	_	_	_	_	1692 [798]	1643 [775]	1590 [750]				
25kw heater				o opocu	3	RPM	_	_	_	_	865	890	1014				
						Watts	_	_	_	_	460	470	481				
						CFM	1902 [898]	1862 [879]	1809 [854]	1781 [840]	1739 [821]	_	_				
			1739/1905 CFM [821/899 L/s]	11x11 3/4 [559] 5 Speed 11x11 3/4 [559]	4	RPM	712	749	787	815	856	_	_				
6024ST	5.0	5				Watts	389	409	419	432	459	-	_				
No heater					5	CFM	—	_	_	_	1905 [899]	1866 [881]	1832 [865]				
						RPM	_	_	_	_	894	924	950				
						Watts	_	_	_	_	565	570	592				
						CFM	1862 [879]	1822 [860]	1769 [835]	1741 [822]	1699 [802]	_	_				
					4	RPM	750	790	810	850	880	_	_				
6024ST		_	1699/1865 CFM			Watts	410	420	430	455	479	_	_				
with	5.0	5	[802/880 L/s]					3/4 [559] 5 Speed			CFM	_	_	_	_	1865 [880]	1826 [862]
30kw heater				0 00000	5	RPM	_	_	_	_	920	945	970				
						Watts	_	_	_	_	565	587	610				
						CFM	1705 [805]	1661 [784]	1632 [770]	1572 [742]	1517 [716]	_	—				
					2	RPM	663	701	741	782	819	_	_				
6024ST		_	1517/1697 CFM	11x11	_	Watts	292	309	321	343	357	_	_				
No Heater	4 & 5	5	[716/801 L/s]	3/4 [559] 5 Speed		CFM	_	_	_	_	1697 [801]	1646 [777]	1601 [756]				
				0 00000	3	RPM	_	_	_	_	857	895	920				
						Watts	_	_	_	_	447	466	473				
						CFM	1669 [788]	1625 [767]	1596 [753]	1537 [725]	1482 [700]	_	_				
					2	RPM	698	739	763	816	842	_	_				
6024ST		_	1482/1661 CFM	11x11		Watts	308	317	329	361	373	_	_				
with 30kW	4 & 5	5	[700/784 L/s]	3/4 [559] 5 Speed		CFM	_	_	_	_	1661 [784]	1611 [760]	1566 [739]				
Heater				o Speed	3	RPM	_	_	_	_	882	915	939				
						Watts	_	_	_	_	447	480	487				

NOTE:

Constant torgue motor speed changes

All constant torque motors have 5 speed tabs. Speed tab 1 is for continuous fan. Speed tab 2 (low static) and Speed tab 3 (high static) are for lower tonnage. Speed tab 4 (low static) and Speed tab 5 (high static) are for higher tonnage.

Constant torque air handlers are always shipped from factory at speed tab 5, except for -4824, which is set at speed tab 3.

The low static Speed tab 2 (lower tonnage) and 4 (higher tonnage) are used for external static below 0.5" WC. The high static Speed tab 3 (lower tonnage) and 5 (higher tonnage) are used for external static exceeding 0.5" WC. Move the blue wire to the appropriate speed tab as required by the application needs.

The airflow for continuous fan (Speed tab 1) is always set at 50% of the Speed tab 4.
The above airflow table lists the airflow information for air handlers without heater and air handler with maximum heater allowed for each model.

The following formula can be used to calculate the approximate airflow, if a smaller (N kw) than the maximum heater kit is installed.

Approximate Airflow = Airflow without heater - (Airflow without heater - Airflow with maximum heater) X (N kw/maximum heater kw)

5.2 115/208/240/480V AIRFLOW PERFORMANCE DATA – (-)H1T (CONSTANT TORQUE MOTOR) - continued

Model	Nominal	Manufacturer	Blower Size/	Motor		X-13 CFM wet Delivery/filter/heatters/RPM/Watts								
Number	Cooling Capacity	Recommended Air Flow Range	Motor H.P. # of Speeds	Speed From	Motor Speed	External Static Pressure-Inches W.C.								
(-)H1T	Tons	(Min / Max) CFM	# of Speeus	Factory			0.10 [.02]	0.20 [.05]	0.30 [.07]	0.40 [.10]	0.50 [.12]	0.60 [.15]	0.70 [.17]	
						CFM	1305	1251	1205	1154	1101	1046	995	
26211			10x10		3	RPM	668	727	752	797	832	888	914	
3621H 2.5		1/2 HP [373] 2 Speed	5		Watts CFM	193 1249	187 1193	183 1138	208 1082	210 1026	213 970	247 914		
No ricat	No Heat		dual voltage		2	RPM	732	780	828	877	925	973	1021	
						Watts	114	123	133	142	151	161	170	
						CFM	1280 695	1228	1176	1124 817	1072	1020	968	
3621H			10x10		3	RPM Watts	189	736 191	777 197	208	858 223	899 243	939 267	
18 Kw Heat	2.5		1/2 Hp [373] 2 Speed	5		CFM	1221	1166	1110	1054	998	942	886	
			dual voltage		2	RPM	756	804	853	901	949	997	1045	
						Watts CFM	119 1468	128 1421	137 1377	147 1332	156 1285	165 1240	175 1192	
			40.40		4	RPM	739	773	822	863	901	937	974	
3621H			10x10 1/2 Hp [373]	_	-	Watts	238	268	276	307	313	302	297	
No Heat	3		2 Speed	5		CFM	1272	1220	1174	1124	1067	1016	961	
			dual voltage		5	RPM	658	706	753	797	838	877	925	
						Watts CFM	180 1445	189 1399	189 1354	190 1308	225 1262	202 1216	246 1170	
			10,10		5	RPM	759	799	839	878	918	958	997	
3621H	3		10x10 1/2 Hp [373]	5		Watts	252	277	295	305	308	303	290	
18 Kw Heat	3		2 Speed dual voltage	5		CFM	1249	1197	1145	1093	1042	990	938	
			uuai vultaye		4	RPM Watts	684 183	728 186	772 192	816 202	859 214	903 230	947 248	
						CFM	183	1546	192	1476	1443	1412	1378	
			10x10 3/4 Hp [559] 2 Speed dual voltage	5	3 2	RPM	831	878	909	953	982	1012	1049	
4821M	3.5					Watts	377	373	379	390	406	420	427	
No Heat	3.5					CFM	1489	1441	1401	1359	1316	1278	1231	
						RPM Watts	750 244	801 270	843 282	882 277	904 288	943 288	985 290	
					<u> </u>	CFM	1567	1532	1497	1462	1427	1393	1358	
			10x10		3	RPM	856	892	927	963	998	1034	1069	
4821M	3.5		3/4 Hp [559]	5		Watts	374	379	386	396	408	423	440	
20 Kw Heat	3.5		2 Speed dual voltage	5		CFM	1465	1423	1381	1338	1296	1254	1212	
					2	RPM Watts	779 257	816 270	854 281	891 287	929 290	967 289	1004 285	
						CFM	1803	1760	1217	1683	1648	1612	1576	
			10x10		5	RPM	886	919	952	988	1019	1053	1088	
4821M	4		3/4 Hp [559]	5		Watts	437	430	451	487	489	505	481	
No Heat	- T		2 Speed dual voltage			CFM	1681	1641	1598	1564	1528	1494	1452	
			dual voltage		4	RPM Watts	825 338	855 358	907 388	940 397	956 388	1010 422	1045 434	
					+	CFM	1779	1742	1704	1667	1630	1592	1555	
			10x10		5	RPM	903	936	970	1003	1037	1070	1104	
4821M	4		3/4 Hp [559]	5		Watts	440	451	463	474	486	497	509	
20 Kw Heat			2 Speed dual voltage	5	4	CFM	1659 843	1621 879	1584	1546 952	1509 988	1471 1025	1434	
			g-		4	RPM Watts	352	367	916 382	952 397	412	427	1061 442	
					+	CFM	1841	1798	1758	1728	1699	1660	1629	
			10x10		3	RPM	898	930	967	997	1027	1057	1092	
6021S	4 & 5		3/4 Hp [559]	5		Watts	469	470	484	490	498	512 1522	531	
No Heat			2 Speed dual voltage		2	CFM RPM	1716 861	1669 887	1631 911	1594 948	1555 984	1015	1483 1050	
						Watts	359	375	379	397	427	419	427	
						CFM	1817	1783	1748	1713	1679	1644	1609	
			10x10		3	RPM	915	947	979	1011	1043	1076	1108	
6021S	4 & 5		3/4 Hp [559] 2 Speed	5		Watts CFM	470	476 1653	484 1615	494 1577	507 1538	521 1500	538 1462	
30 Kw Heat			dual voltage		2	RPM	871	903	935	967	999	1031	1462	
					-	Watts	367	379	392	404	416	428	440	
						CFM	2042	2003	1968	1931	1903	1868	1835	
00010			10x10		5	RPM	962	994	1043	1050	1102	1135	1159	
6021S	5		3/4 Hp [559] 2 Speed	5		Watts CFM	612 1886	632 1849	616 1809	649 1776	673 1741	657 1704	711 1677	
No Heat		-	dual voltage		4	RPM	917	948	981	1012	1741	1704	1677	
					- T	Watts	491	501	509	525	540	560	569	
						CFM	2021	1987	1953	1918	1884	1850	1816	
00010			10x10		5	RPM	980	1014	1047	1080	1113	1147	1180	
6021S	5		3/4 Hp [559] 2 Speed	5		Watts CFM	618 2004	625 1970	636 1936	650 1901	668 1867	690 1833	715 1799	
30 Kw Heat			dual voltage		4	RPM	997	1030	1936	1901	1867	1163	1199	
	1				· ·	Watts	617	633	649	666	682	698	714	

5.3 240V AIRFLOW PERFORMANCE DATA – (-)H2T (CONSTANT TORQUE MOTOR)

	Nominal	Motor	Manufacturer	Blower						CFM	Air Delive	ry/RPM/V	Vatts (No	Filter)			
Model Number	Cooling	Speed	Recommended	Size/ Motor HP	Y1, Y2	Motor	External Static Pressure-Inches W.C.										
(-)H2T	Capacity Tons	From Factory	Air Flow Range (Min / Max) CFM		Speed	Speed		0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00
						Tap 2	CFM	740	569	310	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
					Y1 Low Static		RPM	542	561	584	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
					otatio		Watts	94	72	49	—	_	-	-	_	_	-
			Y1=310/8		2001		CFM	851	704	653	590	541	489	445	—	—	—
			17 CFM [146/385]		Y2 Low Static	Tap 3	RPM	578	599	647	711	770	814	868	—	—	—
2421MT	2.0	Y1 tap 4	L/s	10X8 1/3 hp			Watts	88	93	98	103	108	113	118	—		—
No Heater	2.0	Y2 tap 5	Y2=445/9 51 CFM	5 speed	Y1 High		CFM	817	699	574	515	_		_	_	_	_
			[210/448]		Static	Tap 4	RPM	573	588	630	702			—	—		
			L/s				Watts	97	88	78	69			_			
					Y2 High		CFM	951	911	872	824	787	742	691	_		_
					Static	Tap 5	RPM	622	672 146	725	772	821	880	922	_	_	_
							Watts CFM	134 720	549	157 290	168	179	191	202			_
					Y1 Low	Tap 2	RPM	557	576	599				_			_
					Static	Idp 2	Watts	99	77	54	_	_	_	_		_	_
			Y1=290/7				CFM	831	684	633	570	521	469	425	_		_
2421MT			97 CFM	10X8 1/3 hp - 5 speed	Y2 Low Static	Тар З	RPM	593	614	662	726	785	829	883	_	_	_
With		Y1 tap 4	[136/376] L/s				Watts	93	98	103	108	113	118	123	_	_	_
13 kW	2.0	Y2 tap 5	Y2=425/9				CFM	797	679	554	495	_	_	_	_	_	_
Heater		31 CFM [200/439]	0 0000	Y1 High Static	Tap 4	RPM	588	603	645	717	_	_	_	_	_	_	
			L/s	-	Static		Watts	102	93	83	74	_	-	-	_	_	-
					Y2 High Static	Tap 5	CFM	931	891	852	804	767	722	671	—	—	—
							RPM	637	687	740	787	836	895	937	_	_	_
							Watts	139	151	162	173	184	196	207	_		_
					Y1 Low Static		CFM	919	757	596	434			-	—		-
						Tap 2	RPM	567	584	635	691			_			—
							Watts	83	79	75	71	67	62	58	54		
			Y1=434/1 005 CFM		Y2 Low	Tap 3	CFM	1128	1067	1007	946	885	824	764	703		_
0004147		V/4 1 4	[204/474]	10X10	Static		RPM	644	691	728	804	884	921	945	986	_	_
3621MT	3.0	Y1 tap 4	L/s Y2=703/1	3/4 hp			Watts CFM	131 1005	142 942	153 879	164 816	175 753	187 690	_			-
No Heater		Y2 tap 5	328 CFM	5 speed	Y1 High	Tap 4	RPM	597	645	700	790	830	868	_		_	_
			[331/626] L/s		Static	Iap 4	Watts	99	108	117	127	136	145	154	164	173	182
			2/5				CFM	1328	1273	1218	1164	1109	1055	1000	945	891	836
					Y2 High	Tap 5	RPM	737	773	815	854	907	990	1040	1065	1085	1117
					Static		Watts	197	209	221	233	745	257	269	281	293	305
							CFM	889	727	566	404	_	_	_	_	_	_
					Y1 Low	Tap 2	RPM	592	609	660	716	_	_	_	_	_	_
	With				Static		Watts	88	84	80	76	_	_	_	_	_	_
			Y1=404/9				CFM	1098	1037	977	916	855	794	734	673	_	_
3621MT			75 CFM		Y2 Low Static	Tap 3	RPM	669	716	753	829	909	946	970	1011	_	-
With		Y1 tap 4	[190/460] L/s	10X10	otatio		Watts	136	147	158	169	180	192	5	5	—	—
18 kW	3.0	Y2 tap 5	Y2=673/1	3/4 hp 5 speed			CFM	975	912	849	786	723	660	_	_	_	_
Heater			298 CFM [317/612]		Y1 High Static	Tap 4	RPM	622	670	725	815	855	893	—	—	_	—
			L/s				Watts	104	113	122	132	141	150	—	—	—	—
							CFM	1298	1243	1188	1134	1079	1025	970	915	861	806
					Y2 High Static	Tap 5	RPM	762	796	840	879	932	1015	1065	1090	1110	1142
					0.000		Watts	202	214	226	238	250	262	274	286	298	-

5.3 240V AIRFLOW PERFORMANCE DATA - (-)H2T (CONSTANT TORQUE MOTOR) - continued

	Nominal	Motor	Manufacturer	Blower						CFM	Air Delive	ry/RPM/V	Vatts (No	Filter)			
Model Number	Cooling	Speed	Recommended	Size/	Y1, Y2	Motor	External Static Pressure-Inches W.C.										
(-)H2T	Capacity Tons	From Factory	Air Flow Range (Min / Max) CFM	Motor HP # of Speeds	Speed	Speed		0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00
							CFM	1196	1046	894	819	702	_	_	_	_	_
					Y1 Low	Tap 2	RPM	563	580	598	643	696	_		_	_	_
					Static	-	Watts	133	133	134	135	136	_	-	_	_	_
			Y1=702/1				CFM	1517	1461	1405	1347	1297	1247	1195	1144	1068	992
			271 CFM [331/599]		Y2 Low Static	Tap 3	RPM	670	704	735	767	799	832	867	894	940	984
4824MT	4.0	Y1 tap 4	[331/399] L/s	11X11 3/4 hp	Static	-	Watts	251	265	277	287	296	310	322	335	351	365
No Heater	4.0	Y2 tap 5	Y2=992/1	5 speed			CFM	1271	1151	1095	1039	968	883	813	745	—	—
			673 CFM [468/489]		Y1 High Static	Tap 4	RPM	586	610	650	691	723	774	812	841	—	—
			L/s		otatio		Watts	164	157	168	180	186	198	211	219	—	—
							CFM	1673	1625	1576	1527	1476	1431	1381	1339	1289	1239
					Y2 High Static	Tap 5	RPM	726	756	783	815	841	870	901	929	956	983
					otatio		Watts	329	341	355	370	378	369	405	415	427	441
					V/4 1 -		CFM	1166	1016	864	789	672	—	—	—	—	—
					Y1 Low Static	Tap 2	RPM	588	605	623	668	721			_	—	-
							Watts	138	138	139	140	141				—	—
			Y1=672/1	11X11 3/4 hp	V0		CFM	1487	1431	1375	1317	1267	1217	1165	1114	1038	962
4824MT			241 CFM [314/582]		Y2 Low Static	Tap 3	RPM	695	729	760	792	824	857	892	919	965	1009
With	25 kW 4.0 Y2 tap 5	Y1 tap 4	L/s				Watts	256	270	282	292	301	315	327	340	356	370
25 kW		Y2=962/1 643 CFM	5 speed	M4 115 1		CFM	1241	1121	1065	1009	938	853	783	715	-	—	
Heater			[451/772]		Y1 High Static	Tap 4	RPM	611	635	675	716	748	799	837	866	—	—
			L/s				Watts	169	162	173	185	191	203	216	224		
					Y2 High Static	Tap 5	CFM	1643	1595	1546	1497	1446	1401	1351	1309	1259	1209
							RPM	751	781	808	840	866	895	926	954	981	1008
							Watts	334	346	360	375	383	394	410	420	432	446
					Y1 Low		CFM	1280	1196	1134	1080	1011	945	880	785	-	-
					Static		RPM	591	620	665	710	742	781	818	853	_	
							Watts	165	170	175	192	200	209	220	231	—	
			Y1=785/1 350 CFM		Y2 Low		CFM	1686	1632	1586	1538	1491	1447	1400	1352	1298	1249
			[370/637]	11X11	Static	Tap 3	RPM	733	770	801	830	863	891	922	953	982	1008
6024ST	5.0	Y1 tap 4		3/4 hp			Watts	334	355	362	370	387	394	411	424	438	450
No Heater		Y2 tap 5	Y2=1249/ 1844 CFM	5 speed	Y1 High	. .	CFM	1350	1296	1240	1188	1130	1067	1002	931	849	-
			[589/870]		Static	Tap 4	RPM Wotto	612 179	654 198	695	734 225	772	811	840 253	874 260	908	
			L/s				Watts CFM	179	198	205 1753	1702	236 1655	242 1612	253 1566	1520	276 1478	1420
					Y2 High	Tap 5	RPM	794	823	852	880	908	938	968	997	1478	1429 1044
					Static		Watts	434	448	460	470	908 490	938 502	512	997 530	540	553
							CFM	434 1240	1156	1094	1040	490 971	905	840	745		
					Y1 Low	Tap 0	RPM	621	650		740	971			745 883	_	-
					Static	Tap 2	Watts	170	175	695 180	197	205	811 214	848 225	236		-
							CFM	1646	175	1546	197	205 1451	1407	1360	1312	1258	1209
000.07	6024ST		Y1=745/1 310 CFM		Y2 Low	Ter 0	RPM										
			[353/620]	11X11	Static	Tap 3	Watts	763 339	800 360	831 367	860 375	893 392	921 399	952 416	983 429	1012 443	1038 455
With	5.0	Y1 tap 4	L/s Y2=1209/	3/4 hp													
18 kW		Y2 tap 5	1804 CFM	5 speed	Y1 High	Te : A	CFM	1310	1256	1200	1148	1090	1027	962	891	809	
Heater			[570/851]		Static	Tap 4	RPM	642	684	725	764	802	841	870	904	938	
			L/s				Watts	184	203	210	230	241	247	258	265	281	1000
					Y2 High		CFM	1804	1756	1713	1662	1615	1572	1526	1480	1438	1389
					Static	Tap 5	RPM	824	853	882	910	938	968	998 517	1027	1050	1074
							Watts	439	453	465	475	495	507	517	535	545	558

NOTE:

Constant torque motor speed changes

All constant torque motors have 5 speed tabs. Speed tab 1 is for continuous fan. Speed tab 2 (low static) and Speed tab 3 (high static) are for lower tonnage. Speed tab 4 (low static) and Speed tab 5 (high static) are for higher tonnage.

Constant torque air handlers are always shipped from factory at speed tab 5, except for -4824, which is set at speed tab 3.

The low static Speed tab 2 (lower tonnage) and 4 (higher tonnage) are used for external static below 0.5" WC. The high static Speed tab 3 (lower tonnage) and 5 (higher tonnage) are used for external static exceeding 0.5" WC. Move the blue wire to the appropriate speed tab as required by the application needs.

• The airflow for continuous fan (Speed tab 1) is always set at 50% of the Speed tab 4.

• The above airflow table lists the airflow information for air handlers without heater and air handler with maximum heater allowed for each model.

The following formula can be used to calculate the approximate airflow, if a smaller (N kw) than the maximum heater kit is installed.
 Approximate Airflow = Airflow without heater - (Airflow without heater - Airflow with maximum heater) X (N kw/maximum heater kw)

6.0 DUCTWORK

Field ductwork must comply with the National Fire Protection Association NFPA 90A, NFPA 90B and any applicable local ordinance.

🛦 WARNING

Do not, under any circumstances, connect return ductwork to any other heat producing device such as fireplace insert, stove, etc. Unauthorized use of such devices may result in fire, carbon monoxide poisoning, explosion, personal injury or property damage.

Sheet metal ductwork run in unconditioned spaces must be insulated and covered with a vapor barrier. Fibrous ductwork may be used if constructed and installed in accordance with SMACNA Construction Standard on Fibrous Glass Ducts. Ductwork must comply with National Fire Protection Association as tested by U/L Standard 181 for Class I Air Ducts. Check local codes for requirements on ductwork and insulation.

- Duct system must be designed within the range of external static pressure the unit is designed to operate against. It is important that the system airflow be adequate. Make sure supply and return ductwork, grills, special filters, accessories, etc. are accounted for in total resistance. See airflow performance tables in this manual.
- Design the duct system in accordance with "ACCA" Manual "D" Design for Residential Winter and Summer Air Conditioning and Equipment Selection. Latest editions are available from: "ACCA" Air Conditioning Contractors of America, 1513 16th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20036. If duct system incorporates **flexible air duct**, be sure **pressure drop** information (straight length plus all turns) shown in "ACCA" Manual "D" is accounted for in system.
- Supply plenum is attached to the 3/4" duct flanges supplied with the unit. Attach flanges around the blower outlet.

IMPORTANT: If an elbow is included in the plenum close to the unit, it must not be smaller than the dimensions of the supply duct flange on the unit.

- **IMPORTANT:** The front flange on the return duct if connected to the blower casing must not be screwed into the area where the power wiring is located. Drills or sharp screw points can damage insulation on wires located inside unit.
- Secure the supply and return ductwork to the unit flanges, using proper fasteners for the type of duct used and tape the duct-to-unit joint as required to prevent air leaks.

7.0 REFRIGERANT CONNECTIONS

Keep the coil connections sealed until refrigerant connections are to be made. See the Installation Instructions for the outdoor unit for details on line sizing, tubing installation, and charging information.

Coil is shipped with a low (5 - 10 PSIG) pressure charge of dry nitrogen. Evacuate the system before charging with refrigerant.

Install refrigerant tubing so that it does not block service access to the front of the unit.

Nitrogen should flow through the refrigerant lines while brazing.

Make sure to protect TXV, copper to aluminum joint, and service valves from overheating by use of wet rag or some type of shielding. Double tip torches are not recommended.

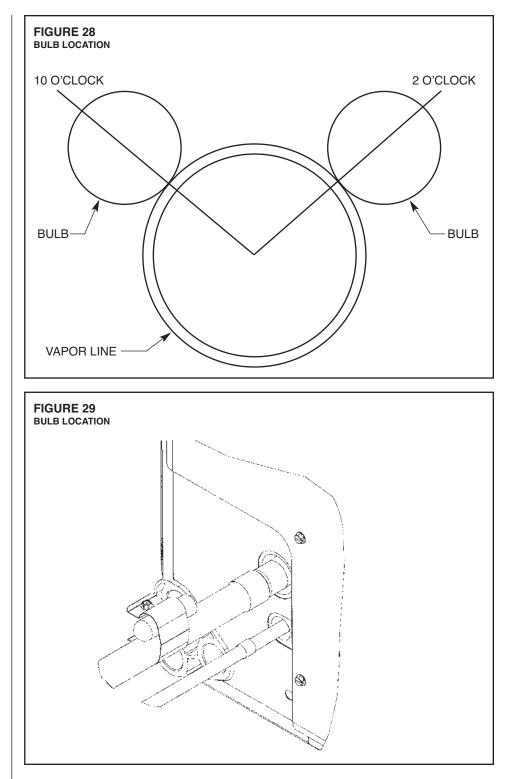
Use a brazing shield to protect the cabinet's paint from being damaged by torch flames.

After the refrigerant connections are made, seal the gap around the connections with pressure sensitive gasket. If necessary, cut the gasket into two pieces for a better seal (See Figure 4.)

7.1.1 TEV SENSING BULB

IMPORTANT: DO NOT perform any soldering with the TEV bulb attached to any line. After soldering operations have been completed, clamp the TEV bulb securely on the suction line at the 10 to 2 o'clock position with the strap provided in the parts bag. Insulate the TEV sensing bulb and suction line with the provided pressure sensitive insulation (size 4" x 7") and secure with provided wire ties.

IMPORTANT: TEV sensing bulb should be located on a horizontal section of suction line, just outside of coil box. The copper sensing bulb must never be placed on any aluminum tube as this will result in galvanic corrosion and eventual failure of the aluminum tube.



7.1.2 ORIFICE SIZE

The piston model air handler comes standard with a flow check piston installed. The piston may need to be changed to a different orifice size depending upon the outdoor unit. The table below lists the recommended orifice size for various outdoor units.

Indoor	Nominal Tons	Refrigerant	Piston
2417	1½ Ton	R-410A	* .049
2417	2 TON		* .057
3617	21/2 Ton	R-410A	* .062
5017	3 TON	11-4 I UA	* .067
4821	3½ Ton	R-410A	* .074
4021	4 Ton	N-410A	* .078

7.2 ELECTRONIC EXPANSION

The RCF EXV equipped coils, cased and uncased, are the first Rheem indoor products to be produced with the noncommunicating, stand-alone EXV control. One of the biggest advantages of an EXV is the control can intelligently change the EXV position based on system demands other than just suction line temperature. By the measurement of the suction pressure via the vapor line pressure transducer (factory installed) and the vapor line thermister (field connected to the vapor line, but factory provided within the air handler) the EcoNet[™] enabled air handler control calculates the suction superheat at the indoor coil. This calculation permits the air handler control to make decisions for when to open and close the electronic expansion valve for the purpose of maintaining a predetermined suction superheat. The electronic valve is equipped with a 4-pole removable external stator, and inlet and outlet Chatleff fittings for optimal serviceability. These valves also have an internal check valve to provide heat pump compatibility. When operating in heating mode, the air handler control will open the electronic valve completely to permit the check valve to operate and maximize reverse refrigerant flow.

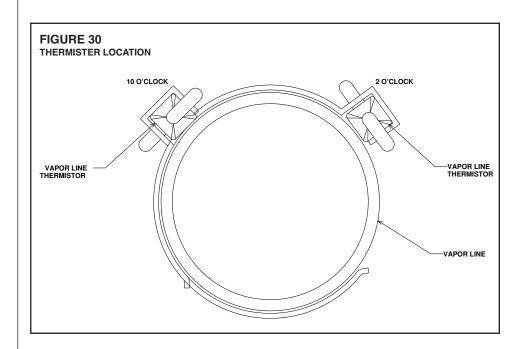
7.3 EXV VAPOR LINE THERMISTER

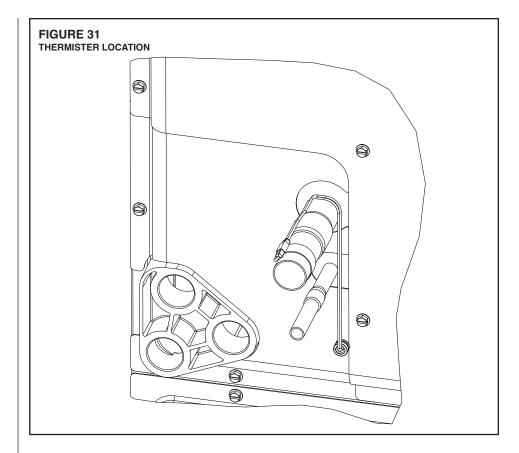
IMPORTANT: DO NOT perform any brazing with the vapor line thermister attached to any line. After brazing operations have been completed, clamp the vapor line thermister securely on the vapor line at the 10 to 2 o'clock position with the clip provided on the thermister. Insulate the vapor line thermister and vapor line with the provided pressure sensitive insulation (size 4" x 7") and secure with provided wire ties.

Make sure to protect the EXV pressure transducer, vapor thermister, copper to aluminum joint, and service valves from overheating by use of wet rag or some type of shielding. Double tip torches are not recommended.

IMPORTANT: Vapor line thermister should be located on a horizontal section of vapor line, just outside of coil box. The copper thermister must never be placed on any aluminum tube as this will result in galvanic corrosion and eventual failure of the aluminum tube.

IMPORTANT: Never place the thermister on the heat effected zone near the braze connection, but it should be located within 6" of the indoor unit.





7.4 FACTORY PROGRAMMED SUPERHEAT

The stand alone EXV control is pre-programmed for 10°F superheat. The following dip switch settings must be set at the time of coil installation.

Air Handler	Outdoor Unit	Superheat	Dipswitch	n Settings
		(°F)	1	2
(-)H1T3617SEANJA	RD1436	10	OFF	OFF

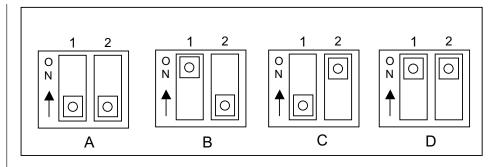
7.5 SUPERHEAT OFFSET DIP SWITCH SETTINGS

Although the above superheat set point is considered to be the most efficient set point for each air handler, installation conditions can drastically effect the measurement of superheat by the air handler control. For this reason the following dip switch settings have been provided to enable flexibility for various installation conditions.

Superheat Offset Selection Profile	Superheat Setting (°F)
Α	10
В	6
С	8

7.6 EXV STEP DIP SWITCH

The EXV dip switch has an optional 500 or 1600 steps setting. This dipswitch should currently be in the 500 step position only. Rheem does not currently supply 1600 step EXV's. The dipswitch makes the control forward compatible with a 1600 step EXV for possible future use.

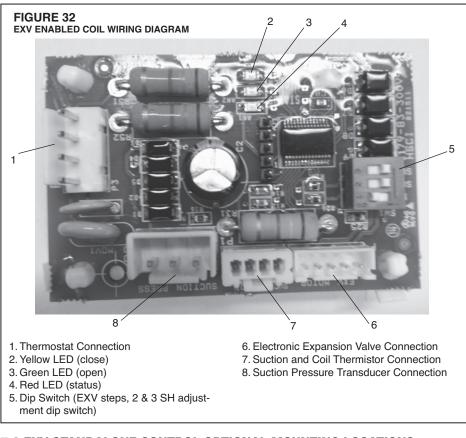


7.7 DIAGNOSTICS

There are 2 LEDs (green/yellow) on the standalone EXV control which indicate valve movement. When the green LED is illuminated, the control is moving the valve in the open direction. When the yellow LED is illuminated, the control is moving the valve in the closed direction. When neither LED is illuminated, the valve is not being moved by the control. In addition to the diagnostic lights on the control, it is possible to feel the coil on the EXV pulse when the control is attempting to change the EXV position.

Status LED	Board Fault
1	Only suction temperature valid – suction pressure nor coil temperature are valid
2	No Valid Suction Temperature
3	Valve near open position
4	Suction pressure out of range

7.8 EXV STANDALONE CONTROL PHYSICAL INTERFACE

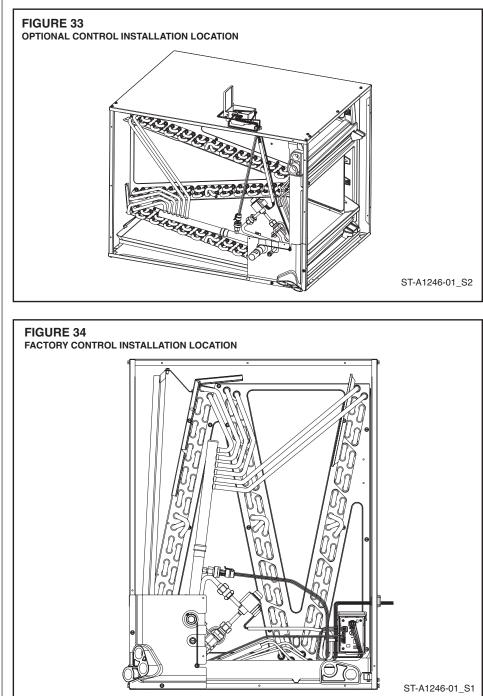


7.9 EXV STANDALONE CONTROL OPTIONAL MOUNTING LOCATIONS

The EXV standalone control and housing is factory installed inside the case on the tube sheet. This location has been tested and approved for long term operation inside the highly humid environment. In the event servicing the EXV control without opening the coil door or to see the operational lights while the system is in operation the following

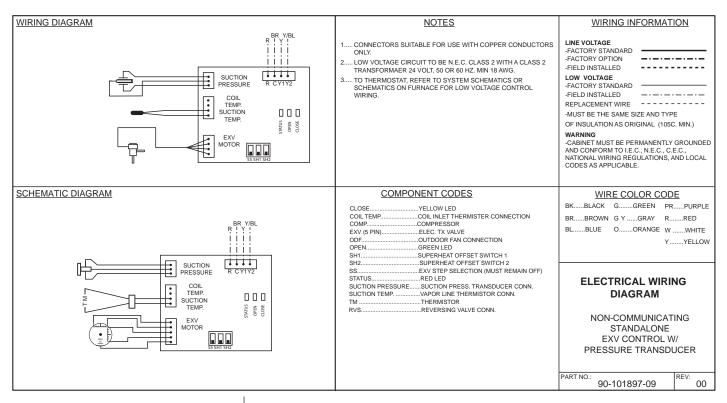
alternate control and housing location is approved. The mounting location will require the wiring harnesses to be disconnected from the control, the control removed from the housing and the housing mounting screws removed. The wires will need to be routed through the knockout (there is one knockout per side) and then the assembly reassembled externally to the coil case.

IMPORTANT: It is recommended to place aluminum tape over the screw holes in the tube sheet to prevent bypass air.



7.10 EXV STANDALONE WIRING

For proper operation the standalone EXV control requires 24VAC power and staged operation thermostat signals. The following diagram should be used to connect the flying leads provided with the cased coil to the thermostat wiring. When employed with the Econet[™] Communicating System attach the flying leads provided with the cased coil to the legacy thermostat outputs on the Econet[™] compatible IFC.



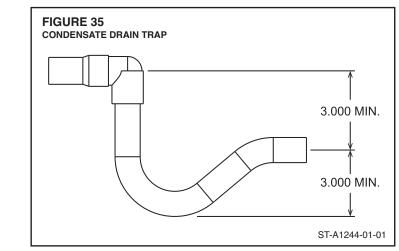
7.11 CONDENSATE DRAIN TUBING

Consult local codes or ordinances for specific requirements.

IMPORTANT: When making drain fitting connections to the drain pan, use a thin layer of Teflon paste, silicone or Teflon tape and install hand tight.

IMPORTANT: When making drain fitting connections to drain pan, do not overtighten. Overtightening fittings can split pipe connections on the drain pan.

- Install drain lines so they do not block service access to front of the unit. Minimum clearance of 24 inches is required for filter, coil or blower removal and service access.
- Make sure unit is level or pitched slightly toward primary drain connection so that water will drain completely from the pan. (See Figure 3.)
- Do not reduce drain line size less than connection size provided on condensate drain pan.



- All drain lines must be pitched downward away from the unit a minimum of 1/8" per foot of line to ensure proper drainage.
- Do not connect condensate drain line to a closed or open sewer pipe. Run condensate to an open drain or outdoors.
- The drain line should be insulated where necessary to prevent sweating and damage due to condensate forming on the outside surface of the line.

- Make provisions for disconnecting and cleaning of the primary drain line should it become necessary. Install a 3 in. trap in the primary drain line as close to the unit as possible. Make sure that the top of the trap is below connection to the drain pan to allow complete drainage of pan (See Figure 3).
- Auxiliary drain line should be run to a place where it will be noticeable if it becomes operational. Occupant should be warned that a problem exists if water should begin running from the auxiliary drain line.
- Plug the unused drain connection with the plugs provided in the parts bag, using a thin layer of teflon paste, silicone or teflon tape to form a water tight seal.
- Test condensate drain pan and drain line after installation is complete. Pour water into drain pan, enough to fill drain trap and line. Check to make sure drain pan is draining completely, no leaks are found in drain line fittings, and water is draining from the termination of the primary drain line.

7.12 DUCT FLANGES

Field-installed duct flanges (4 pieces) are shipped with units. Install duct flanges as needed on top of the unit. (See Figure 3.)

8.0 AIR FILTER (not factory-installed)

• External filter or other means of filtration is required. Units should be sized for a maximum of 300 feet/min. air velocity or that recommended for the type filter installed.

Filter application and placement are critical to airflow, which may affect the heating and cooling system performance. Reduced airflow can shorten the life of the system's major components, such as motor, limits, elements, heat relays, evaporator coil or compressor. Consequently, we recommend that the return air duct system have only one filter location. For systems with a return air filter grill or multiple filter grills, can have a filter installed at each of the return air openings.

If high efficiency filters or electronic air cleaners are used in the system, it is important that the airflow is not reduced to maximize system performance and life. Always verify that the system's airflow is not impaired by the filtering system that has been installed, by performing a temperature rise and temperature drop test.

IMPORTANT: DO NOT DOUBLE FILTER THE RETURN AIR DUCT SYSTEM. DO NOT FILTER THE SUPPLY AIR DUCT SYSTEM.

WARNING

Do not operate the system without filters. A portion of the dust entrained in the air may temporarily lodge in the duct runs and at the supply registers. Any circulated dust particles could be heated and charred by contact with the air handler elements. This residue could soil ceilings, walls, drapes, carpets and other articles in the house.

Soot damage may occur with filters in place, when certain types of candles, oil lamps or standing pilots are burned.

9.0 SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

9.1 COOLING (COOLING ONLY OR HEAT PUMP)

• When the thermostat "calls for cooling," the circuit between R and G is completed, causing the blower relay (BR) to energize. The N.O. contacts will close, causing the indoor blower motor (IBM) to operate. The circuit between R and Y is also completed: This circuit closes the contactor (CC) in the outdoor unit starting the compressor (COMP) and outdoor fan motor (OFM).

9.2 HEATING (ELECTRIC HEAT ONLY)

• When the thermostat "calls for heat," the circuit between R and W is completed, and the heater sequencer (HR₁) is energized. The heating elements (HE) and the indoor blower motor (IBM) will come on. Units with a second heater sequencer (HR₂) can be connected with the first sequencer (HR₁) to W on the thermostat sub-base or connected to a second stage W₂ on the sub-base.

9.3 HEATING (HEAT PUMP)

- When the thermostat "calls for heat," the circuits between R and B, R and Y and R and G are completed. Circuit R and B energizes the reversing valve (RV) switching it to the heating position (remains energized as long as selector switch is in "heat" position). Circuit R and Y energizes the contactor (CC) starting the outdoor fan motor (OFM) and compressor (COMP). Circuit R and G energizes the blower relay (BR) starting the indoor blower motor (IBM).
- If the room temperature should continue to fall, circuit R and W₂ is completed by the second-stage heat room thermostat. Circuit R-W₂ energizes a heat sequencer (HR₁). The completed circuit will energize supplemental electric heat. Units with a second heater sequencer (HR₂) can be connected with first sequencer (HR₁) to W₂ on thermostat or connected to a third heating stage W₂ on the thermostat sub-base. A light on the thermostat indicates when supplemental heat is being energized.

9.4 BLOWER TIME DELAY (HEATING OR COOLING)

 All models are equipped with a blower time delay (BTD) in lieu of a blower relay (BR) (see wiring diagram). The blower will run for 30 seconds after the blower time delay (BTD) is de-energized.

9.5 DEFROST (DEFROST HEAT CONTROL)

- For sequence of operation for defrost controls, see outdoor heat pump installation
 instructions.
- Supplemental heat during defrost can be provided by connecting the purple (PU) pigtail in the outdoor unit to the W on the thermostat. This will complete the circuit between R and W through a set of contacts in the defrost relay (DR) when the outdoor heat pump is in defrost. This circuit, if connected, will help prevent cold air from being discharged from the indoor unit during defrost.
- For most economical operation, if cold air is not of concern during defrost, the purple wire can be left disconnected. Supplemental heat will then come on only when called for by second stage room thermostat.

9.6 EMERGENCY HEAT (HEATING HEAT PUMP)

• If selector switch on thermostat is set to the emergency heat position, the heat pump will be locked out of the heating circuit, and all heating will be electric heat. Jumper should be placed between W₂ and E on the thermostat sub-base so that the electric heat control will transfer to the first stage heat on the thermostat. This will allow the indoor blower to cycle on and off with the electric heat when the fan switch is in the auto position.

9.7 ROOM THERMOSTAT (ANTICIPATOR SETTING)

See instructions with outdoor section, condensing unit or heat pump for recommended room thermostats.

- On units with one electric heat sequencer (HR1) (see wiring diagram on unit), heat anticipator setting should be .16.
- On units with two electric heat sequencers (HR1 & HR2) (see wiring diagram on unit), heat anticipator setting should be .32 if both are connected to same stage on thermostat. Setting should be .16 if (HR1 & HR2) are connected to separate stages.

NOTE: Some thermostats contain a fixed, non-adjustable heat anticipator. Adjustment is not permitted.

• The thermostat should be mounted 4 to 5 feet above the floor on an inside wall of the living room or a hallway that has good air circulation from the other rooms being controlled by the thermostat. It is essential that there be free air circulation at the location of the same average temperature as other rooms being controlled. Movement of air should not be obstructed by furniture, doors, draperies, etc. The thermostat should not be mounted where it will be affected by drafts, hot or cold water pipes or air ducts in walls, radiant heat from fireplace, lamps, the sun, T.V. or an outside wall. See instruction sheet packaged with thermostat for mounting and installation instructions.

10.0 CALCULATIONS

10.1 CALCULATING TEMPERATURE RISE

• The formula for calculating air temperature rise for electric resistance heat is:

Temperature Rise °F = 3.16 x Watts

Where: 3.16 = Constant, CFM = Airflow

10.2 CALCULATING BTUH HEATING CAPACITY

• The formula for calculating BTUH heating capacity for electric resistance heat is:

BTUH Heating = Watts x 3.412

Where: 1 kW = 1000 Watts, 3.412 = Btuh/Watt

10.3 CALCULATING AIRFLOW CFM

The formula for calculating airflow using temperature rise and heating BTUH for units • with electric resistance heat is:

CFM = Heating BTUH

1.08 x Temp. Rise

10.4 CALCULATING CORRECTION FACTOR

· For correction of electric heat output (kW or BTUH) or temperature rise at voltages other than rated voltage multiply by the following correction factor:

Applied Voltage² Correction Factor = Rated Voltage²

11.0 PRE-START CHECKLIST

PRE	-START CHECKLIST
O YES O NO	Is unit properly located, level, secure and service- able?
O YES O NO	Has auxiliary pan been provided under the unit with separate drain? (Units installed above a finished ceiling).
O YES O NO	Is condensate line properly sized, run, trapped, pitched and tested?
O YES O NO	Is ductwork correctly sized, run, taped and insulated?
O YES O NO	Have all cabinet openings and wiring been sealed with caulking?
O YES O NO	Is the filter clean, in place and of adequate size?
O YES O NO	Is the wiring tight, correct and to the wiring diagram?
O YES O NO	Is the unit properly grounded and protected (fused)?
O YES O NO	Is the thermostat heat anticipator been set properly?
O YES O NO	Is the unit circuit breaker(s) rotated properly "on" up - "off" down?
O YES O NO	Are the unit circuit breaker(s) line lug cover(s) in place?
O YES O NO	Are all access panels in place and secure?
	r to outdoor unit installation instructions for system up instructions and refrigerant charging instructions.

12.0 MAINTENANCE

For continuing high performance, and to minimize possible equipment failure, it is essential that periodic maintenance be performed on this equipment. Consult your local dealer as to the proper frequency of maintenance and the availability of a maintenance contract

IMPORTANT: Before performing any service or maintenance procedures, see the

WARNING

Units with circuit breaker(s) meet requirements as a service disconnect switch, however, if access is required to the line side (covered) of the circuit breaker, this side of the breaker(s) will be energized with the breaker(s) deenergized. Contact with the line side can cause electrical shock resulting in personal injury or death.

"Safety Information" section at the front of this manual.

12.1 AIR FILTER (NOT FACTORY-INSTALLED)

Check the system filter every ninety days or as often as found to be necessary and if obstructed, clean or replace at once.

FILTER MAINTENANCE

Have your qualified installer, service agency or HVAC professional instruct you on how to access your filters for regular maintenance.

IMPORTANT: Do not operate the system without a filter in place.

· New filters are available from your local distributor.

12.2 INDOOR COIL - DRAIN PAN - DRAIN LINE

Inspect the indoor coil once each year for cleanliness and clean as necessary. In some cases, it may be necessary to remove the filter and check the return side of the coil with a mirror and flashlight.

IMPORTANT: Do not use caustic household drain cleaners, such as bleach, in the condensate pan or near the indoor coil. Drain cleaners will quickly damage the indoor coil.

12.3 BLOWER MOTOR AND WHEEL

Inspect the blower motor and wheel for cleanliness. It should be several years before it would become necessary to clean the blower motor and wheel.

- If it becomes necessary to remove the blower assembly from the unit, see instructions on removal and disassembly of motor, blower and heater parts.
- The blower motor and wheel may be cleaned by using a vacuum with a soft brush attachment. Remove grease with a mild solvent such as hot water and detergent. Be careful not to disturb the balance weights (clips) on the blower wheel blades. Do not drop or bend wheel as balance will be affected.

12.4 LUBRICATION

The blower motor sleeve bearings are pre-lubricated by the motor manufacturer and do not have oiling ports. Motor should be run for an indefinite period of time without additional lubrication.

12.5 BLOWER ASSEMBLY REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

Removing the blower assembly is not required for normal service and maintenance. Removal is necessary for replacement of defective parts such as motor, blower wheel.

WARNING

If removal of the blower assembly is required, all disconnect switches supplying power to the equipment must be de-energized and locked (if not in sight of unit) so the field power wires can be safely removed from the blower assembly. Failure to do so can cause electrical shock resulting in personal injury or death. After extended use, removal of the blower assembly may become necessary for a thorough cleaning of the blower motor and wheel.

- Mark field power supply wiring (for replacement) attached to terminal block or circuit breaker(s) on blower assembly. Remove wiring from terminal block or circuit breaker(s).
- Mark low voltage control wiring (for replacement) where attached to unit control pigtails on right side of blower housing. Remove wire nuts attaching field control wiring to unit control pigtails.
- Remove 4 screws holding blower assembly to front channel of cabinet and pull blower assembly from cabinet.
- To replace blower assembly, slide blower assembly into blower deck. Make sure blower assembly engages lances in deck properly. If assembly hangs up, check to make sure top and bottom are lined up in proper locations.
- Slide blower assembly to back of cabinet and make sure it is completely engaged.
- Replace 4 screws holding blower assembly to front channel of cabinet. Take care not to strip screws, just snug into place.
- Replace low voltage control wiring with wire nuts and make sure wiring is to wiring diagram and a good connection has been made.
- Replace field power wiring to terminal block or circuit breaker(s) on control area of blower assembly. Make sure wires are replaced as they were, check wiring diagram if necessary. Tighten supply power wiring securely to terminals lugs.
- Make sure wiring is within cabinet and will not interfere with access door. Make sure
 proper separation between low voltage control wiring and field power wiring has been
 maintained.
- · Replace blower assembly control access panel before energizing equipment.

12.6 MOTOR REPLACEMENT

With the blower assembly removed, the indoor blower motor can be removed and replaced using the following procedure:

- Remove motor leads from the motor capacitor and blower relay. Note lead locations for ease of reassembly. Pull leads from plastic bushing in blower side.
- Loosen the set screw holding blower wheel onto the motor shaft. Shaft extends through blower hub so that a wrench can be used on the extended shaft to break the shaft loose if necessary. Be careful not to damage shaft. A wheel puller can be used on the groove in the blower hub if necessary.
- Remove 4 metal screws holding motor mounts to blower side and remove motor from blower assembly.
- To install new motor, remove 1 screw holding motor mounts to motor shell and remove mounts (four) from motor.

A WARNING

To avoid electrical shock which can result in personal injury or death, use only the screws furnished in the motor shell mounting holds. Screws are $#8-18 \times .25$ in. long blunt nose thread forming. Screws longer than 1/4 in. may contact the motor winding.

- Install (four) motor mounts to motor using same screw or screws supplied with replacement motor.
- To reassemble, insert motor shaft through hub in blower wheel and orient motor to original position with motor leads and motor label to front of blower (control area).
- Reassemble 12 sheet metal screws through motor mounts into blower side. Do not overtorque screws, blower side is light gage sheet metal, just snug screws tight enough to hold motor mounts in position.
- Turn motor shaft so that flat on shaft is located under blower wheel setscrew, and blower wheel is centered in blower housing with the same distance on each side between the inlet venturi and outside of blower wheel. Tighten setscrew on motor shaft. Turn wheel by hand to make sure it runs true without hitting blower sides.
- Reassemble motor wiring to capacitor and blower relay making sure that wires match wiring diagram and are tight and secure.

12.7 BLOWER WHEEL REPLACEMENT

With the blower assembly removed and the motor assembly removed (see above instructions), remove the 4 screws holding the blower wrap (cutoff) to the blower sides.

- With wrap (cutoff) screws removed, cut off end of blower wrap will spring up. Lifting wrap blower wheel is removed through the discharge opening in the blower housing.
- To replace, make sure wheel is oriented properly with hub to the opposite side from the motor. Lift blower wrap and insert blower wheel through discharge opening in the blower housing.
- Hold blower wrap down into position and replace two screws holding blower wrap to blower sides.
- See motor replacement and blower assembly instructions for remaining assembly procedure.

13.0 REPLACEMENT PARTS

Any replacement part used to replace parts originally supplied on equipment must be the same as or an approved alternate to the original part supplied. The manufacturer will not be responsible for replacement parts not designed to physically fit or operate within the design parameters the original parts were selected for.

These parts include but are not limited to: Circuit breakers, heater controls, heater limit controls, heater elements, motor, motor capacitor, blower relay, control transformer, blower wheel, filter, indoor coil and sheet metal parts.

When ordering replacement parts, it is necessary to order by part number and include with the order the complete model number and serial number from the unit data plate. (See parts list for unit component part numbers).

14.0 ACCESSORIES-KITS-PARTS

Combustible Floor Base RXHB- for downflow applications.

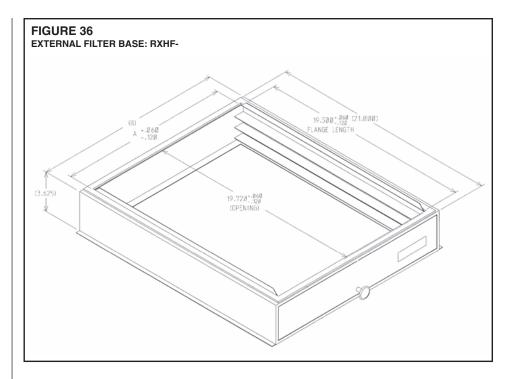
Model Cabinet Size	Combustible Floor Base Model Number
17	RXHB-17
21	RXHB-21
24	RXHB-24

- Jumper Bar Kit 3 Ckt. to 1 Ckt. RXBJ-A31 is used to convert single phase multiple three circuit units to a single supply circuit. Kit includes cover and screw for line side terminals.
- Jumper Bar Kit 2 Ckt. to 1 Ckt. RXBJ-A21 is used to convert single phase multiple two circuit units to a single supply circuit. Kit includes cover and screw for line side terminals.

NOTE: No jumper bar kit is available to convert three phase multiple two circuit units to a single supply circuit.

• External Filter Base RXHF- (See Figure 36)

Model Cabinet Size	Filter Size	Part Number	Α	В
17	16 x 20 [406 x 508]	RXHF-17 Accommodate	15.70	17.50
21	20 x 20 [508 x 508]	RXHF-21 1" or 2"	19.20	21.00
24	25 x 20 [635 x 508]	RXHF-24 filter	22.70	25.50



Horizontal Adapter Kit RXHH-

This horizontal adapter kit is used to convert Upflow/Downflow only models to horizontal flow. See the following table to order proper horizontal adapter kit.

Coil Model	Horizontal Adapter Kit Model Number (Single Qty.)	Horizontal Adapter Kit Model Number (10-pak Qty.)
2414	RXHH-A01	RXHH-A01x10
2417	RXHH-A02	RXHH-A02x10
3617/3621	RXHH-A03	RXHH-A03x10
4821/4824	RXHH-A04	RXHH-A04x10
6024	RXHH-A05	RXHH-A05x10
3621H/4821M/6021S	RXHH-A06	RXHH-A06x10

Auxiliary Horizontal Overflow Pan RXBM-

Nominal Cooling Capacity Tons	Auxiliary Horizontal Overflow Pan Accessory Model Number
1½ - 3	RXBM-AC48
3621H 3½ - 5	RXBM-AC61