INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR 4 POSITION CONDENSING SINGLE STAGE SINGLE-STAGE GAS FURNACES (-)92P SERIES

& (-)(-)92MSP SERIES









RECOGNIZE THIS SYMBOL AS AN INDICATION OF IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION!

WARNING

IF THE INFORMATION IN THESE INSTRUCTIONS IS NOT FOLLOWED EXACTLY, A FIRE OR EXPLOSION MAY RESULT, CAUSING PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

WARNING

THESE INSTRUCTIONS ARE INTENDED AS AN AID TO QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL FOR PROPER INSTALLATION, ADJUSTMENT AND OPERATION OF THIS UNIT. READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS THOROUGHLY BEFORE ATTEMPTING INSTALLATION OR OPERATION. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS MAY RESULT IN IMPROPER INSTALLATION, ADJUSTMENT, SERVICE OR MAINTENANCE, POSSIBLY RESULTING IN FIRE, ELECTRICAL SHOCK, CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING, EXPLOSION, PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

WARNING

PROPOSITION 65 WARNING: THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS CHEMICALS KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE CANCER, BIRTH DEFECTS OR OTHER REPRODUCTIVE HARM.

WARNING

- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids, or other combustible materials in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS
 - Do not try to light any appliance.
 - Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
 - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
 - · If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
 - Do not return to your home until authorized by the gas supplier or fire department.
- DO NOT RELY ON SMELL ALONE TO DETECT LEAKS. DUE TO VARIOUS FACTORS, YOU MAY NOT BE ABLE TO SMELL FUEL GASES.
- U.L. and/or C.S.A. recognized fuel gas and CO (carbon monoxide) detectors are recommended in all applications, and their installation should be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and/or local laws, rules, regulations, or customs.
- Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause injury, property damage or death. Refer to this manual. Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier. In the commonwealth of Massachusetts, installation must be performed by a licensed plumber or gas fitter for appropriate fuel.

DO NOT DESTROY THIS MANUAL. PLEASE READ CAREFULLY AND KEEP IN A SAFE PLACE FOR FUTURE REFERENCE BY A SERVICEMAN.

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GENERAL INFORMATION

NOTE: A heat loss calculation should be performed to properly determine the required furnace BTU size for the structure. Also, the duct must be properly designed and installed for proper airflow. Existing ductwork must be inspected for proper size and to make sure that it is properly sealed. Proper airflow is necessary for both user comfort and equipment performance.

Before opening the furnace carton, verify that the data tags on the carton specify the furnace model number that was ordered from the distributor and are correct for the installation. If not, return the unit without opening the carton. If the model number is correct, open the carton and verify that the furnace rating label specifies the same furnace model number that is specified on the carton label. If the model numbers do not match, return the furnace to the distributor.

IMPORTANT: Proper application, installation and maintenance of this furnace and system is a must if consumers are to receive the full benefits for which they have paid.

The (-)R92P and (-)(-)92MSP series furnaces are designcertified by CSA for use with natural and propane gases as follows:

- 1. As non-direct vent central forced air furnaces taking combustion air from the installation area or using air ducted from the outside.
- 2. As direct vent central forced air furnaces with all combustion air supplied directly to the furnace burners through a special air intake system outlined in these instructions.Install this furnace in accordance with the American National Standard Z223.1 – latest edition entitled "National Fuel Gas Code" (NFPA54) or, for Canada, CSA B149.1; Canadian Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code and requirements or codes of the local utilities or other authorities having jurisdiction. This is available from the following:

National Fire Protection Association, Inc. Batterymarch Park Quincy, MA 02269

CSA-INTERNATIONAL 5060 Spectrum Way Mississauga, Ontario Canada L4W5N6 Online: www.csa.ca



GENERAL INFORMATION (cont.)

In Canada installations must comply with CSA B149.1.

Install units in Canada in accordance with CSA-B149, local installation codes and authorities having jurisdiction. CSA-B149.1 is available from:

CSA INTERNATIONAL 5060 Spectrum Way Mississauga, Ontario Canada L4W 5N6

online: www.csa.ca

NOTICE: Any equipment immersed in water (including by flooding) must be replaced. Equipment and products immersed in water will have operation adversely affected thereby voiding the warranty.

RECEIVING

Immediately upon receipt, all cartons and contents should be inspected for transit damage. Units with damaged cartons should be opened immediately. If damage is found, it should be noted on the delivery papers, and a damage claim filed with the last carrier.

- After unit has been delivered to job site, remove carton taking care not to damage unit.
- Check the unit rating plate to be sure equipment matches job specifications.
- Read the entire instructions before starting the installation.
- Install the unit in such a way as to allow necessary access for service.
- Always remove the solid metal base pan from the top of the furnace. The base pan is installed in this location for shipping purposes only and should never remain in the as-shipped location after installation.
- Install the unit with a 1/4" to 1/2" forward slope (toward front) to ensure proper drainage.
- Install the unit in accordance with any local code which may apply and the national codes. Latest editions are available from: "National Fire Protection Association, Inc., Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269." These publications are:
 - ANSI/NFPA No. 70-(Latest Edition) National Electrical Code.
 - NFPA90A Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems.
 - NFPA90B Installation of warm air heating and air conditioning systems.
 - In Canada CSA 22.2 Canadian Electrical Code.
 - In Canada CSA B149.1; Canadian Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code.

CALIFORNIA RESIDENTS ONLY

IMPORTANT: All manufacturer products meet current Federal OSHA Guidelines for safety. California Proposition 65 warnings are required for certain products, which are not covered by the OSHA standards.

California's Proposition 65 requires warnings for products sold in California that contain, or produce, any of over 600 listed chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or birth defects such as fiberglass insulation, lead in brass, and combustion products from natural gas.

All "new equipment" shipped for sale in California will have labels stating that the product contains and/or produces Proposition 65 chemicals. Although we have not changed our processes, having the same label on all our products facilitates manufacturing and shipping. We cannot always know "when, or if" products will be sold in the California market.

You may receive inquiries from customers about chemicals found in, or produced by, some of our heating and air-conditioning equipment, or found in natural gas used with some of our products. Listed below are those chemicals and substances commonly associated with similar equipment in our industry and other manufacturers.

- Glass Wool (Fiberglass) Insulation
- Carbon Monoxide (CO)
- Formaldehyde
- Benzene

More details are available at the Websites for OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration), at <u>www.osha.gov</u> and the State of California's OEHHA (Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment), at <u>www.oehha.org</u>. Consumer education is important since the chemicals and substances on the list are found in our daily lives. Most consumers are aware that products present safety and health risks, when improperly used, handled and maintained.

Installation Instructions remain with the furnace as a reference guide to the servicing contractor. We recommend that performance and installation data be recorded for future reference on this sheet to meet service and warranty obligations so that job site iniformation is available when required.

elbows)

Installation Checklist	ft. of pipe – exhaust pipe (record length)			
REFER TO INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS	no. of elbows – exhaust pipe (record number of elbows)			
GAS SUPPLY	Exhaust Vent Temperature (record temperature)			
Correct pipe size (record size)	TERMINATIONS – DIRECT VENT			
Correct supply pressure (during furnace operation) (record pressure)	VERTICAL			
Manifold pressure (record upstream pressure)	Intake – 12" [305mm] min. above roof/snow level (record height above anticipated snow level)			
No gas leaks	or, in Canada, intake and exhaust vents conform with CSA B149.1; Canadian Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code			
L.P. Kit Number (if applicable) (record kit number)				
ELECTRICAL	Correct relationship – exhaust to intake			
115 V.A.C. supply (Dedicated Circuit) (record voltage)	HORIZONTAL/VERTICAL – CONCENTRIC (RXGY-E03A)			
Polarity observed	(record height above anticipated snow level)			
Furnace properly grounded	or, in Canada, intake and exhaust vents conform with CSA B149.1; Canadian Natural Gas and			
Correct wire size (record type and gauge)	Propane Installation Code			
FURNACE INSTALLATION	Exhaust sloped down toward furnace			
Correct clearance to combustibles (record clearance)	Correct distances (horizontal and vertical) – exhaust to intake			
Correct clearance for service (at front) (record clearance)	12" [305mm] min. above grade/snow level (record height above anticipated snow level) or, in Canada, intake and exhaust vents conform with			
DUCT STATIC PRESSURE	CSA B149.1; Canadian Natural Gas and Propane			
in. w.c. on heating speed (record static pressure)	Above entirinated enougles (record maximum			
in. w.c. on cooling speed (record static pressure)	anticipated snow level)			
Air temperature rise in heat (record air temperature rise)	VENTING – NON-DIRECT VENT			
Air temperature rise in cool (record air temperature	in. diameter – exhaust pipe (record diameter)			
rise)	ft. of pipe – exhaust (record length)			
CONDENSATE LINE	no. of elbows (record number of elbows)			
Trap filled with water	TERMINATION – NON-DIRECT VENT			
Vented	VERTICAL			
Sloped toward drain	12" [305mm] min. above roof/snow level (record			
Condensate drain line hoses connected and clamped	intake and exhaust vents conform with CSA B149.1: Canadian Natural Gas and Propane			
Freeze protection (if necessary)	Installation Code (record height above anticipated			
VENTING – DIRECT VENT				
in. diameter – intake pipe (record diameter)	HORIZONTAL – STANDARD			
in. diameter – exhaust pipe (record diameter)	12" [305mm] min. above grade/snow level (record height above anticipated snow level) or, in			
ft. of pipe – intake air (record length)	Canada, intake and exhaust vents conform with CSA B149.1; Canadian Natural Gas and			
no. of elbows – intake air (record number of	Propane Installation Code			

SAFETY INFORMATION

🛦 WARNING

DO NOT INSTALL THIS FURNACE IN A MOBILE HOME!! THIS FURNACE IS NOT APPROVED FOR INSTALLATION IN A MOBILE HOME. DOING SO COULD CAUSE FIRE, PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

WARNING

INSTALL THIS FURNACE ONLY IN A LOCATION AND PO-SITION AS SPECIFIED IN THE LOCATION REQUIRE-MENTS AND CONSIDERATIONS SECTION OF THESE INSTRUCTIONS.

A WARNING

IMPROPER INSTALLATION, OR INSTALLATION NOT MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CSA INTERNATIONAL (CSA) CERTIFICATION OR THESE INSTRUCTIONS, CAN RESULT IN UNSATISFACTORY OPERATION AND/OR DAN-GEROUS CONDITIONS AND ARE NOT COVERED BY THE MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY.

WARNING

DO NOT BYPASS, JUMPER, OR REMOVE ANY SAFETY SWITCH FROM THE FURNACE CONTROL CIRCUIT. IF A SAFETY SWITCH CAUSES THE FURNACE TO SHUT DOWN OR OPERATE INTERMITTENTLY, IT IS AN INDICA-TION OF A POTENTIAL SAFETY HAZARD THAT MUST BE ADDRESSED BY A QUALIFIED TECHNICIAN, SERVICE AGENCY OR THE GAS SUPPLIER. DO NOT RESET SAFETY CONTROLS WITHOUT CORRECTIVE ACTION AND/OR VERIFICATION OF PROPER SAFE OPERATION BY A QUALIFIED INSTALLER, SERVICE AGENCY OR THE GAS SUPPLIER.

REPLACE ANY SAFETY CONTROL COMPONENT ONLY WITH IDENTICAL OEM REPLACEMENT PARTS. WHEN A NEW SAFETY SWITCH IS INSTALLED, IT MUST BE TESTED FOR A MINIMUM OF 15 MINUTES WITH THE FURNACE OPERATING AT MAXIMUM INPUT RATE AND WITH BOTH BLOWER AND BURNER DOOR INSTALLED. IF THE FURNACE IS INSTALLED IN A CLOSET, THE CLOSET DOOR MUST ALSO BE CLOSED FOR THIS TEST. REPEAT THE TEST AT THE MINIMUM INPUT RATE IF THE FURNACE IS A MULTI-STAGE FURNACE.

A WARNING

USE ONLY WITH THE TYPE OF GAS APPROVED FOR THIS FURNACE. REFER TO THE FURNACE RATING PLATE.

A WARNING

NEVER TEST FOR GAS LEAKS WITH AN OPEN FLAME. USE A COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE SOAP SOLUTION MADE SPECIFICALLY FOR THE DETECTION OF LEAKS TO CHECK ALL CONNECTIONS, AS SPECIFIED IN GAS SUPPLY AND PIPING SECTION OF THESE INSTRUC-TIONS.

🛦 WARNING

COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION AIR MUST BE PRO-VIDED TO THE FURNACE AS REQUIRED BY THE NA-TIONAL FUEL-GAS CODE (U.S.) AND CSA B149.1 (CANADA) AND THE COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION AIR SECTION OF THESE INSTRUCTIONS.

A WARNING

COMBUSTION PRODUCTS MUST BE DISCHARGED OUT-DOORS. CONNECT THIS FURNACE TO AN APPROVED VENT SYSTEM ONLY, AS SPECIFIED IN THE VENT PIPE INSTALLATION SECTION OF THESE INSTRUCTIONS.

A WARNING

WHEN A FURNACE IS INSTALLED SO THAT SUPPLY DUCTS CARRY AIR CIRCULATED BY THE FURNACE TO AREAS OUTSIDE THE SPACE CONTAINING THE FUR-NACE, THE RETURN AIR SHALL ALSO BE HANDLED BY DUCT(S) SEALED TO THE FURNACE CASING AND TERMI-NATING OUTSIDE THE SPACE CONTAINING THE FUR-NACE.

A WARNING

WHENEVER THE FACTORY RETURN-AIR CONNECTION IS NOT USED IT MUST BE SEALED. A SOLID METAL BASE PLATE MUST BE INSTALLED AND SEALED. FAC-TORY BASE PLATES ARE AVAILABLE AS ACCESSORY ITEMS. (PART NUMBERS ARE LISTED IN THE SPEC SHEET FOR THE FURNACE.) FAILURE TO INSTALL AND SEAL THE BASE PLATE AND RETURN AIR DUCT CON-NECTIONS MAY ALLOW CARBON MONOXIDE AND OTHER CONTAMINANTS TO BE DRAWN INTO THE CON-DITIONED AIR SPACE AND DISTRIBUTED THROUGHOUT THE HEATED SPACE.

A WARNING

DO NOT OPERATE THE SYSTEM WITHOUT FILTERS. A PORTION OF THE DUST ENTRAINED IN THE AIR MAY TEMPORARILY LODGE IN THE AIR DUCT RUNS AND AT THE SUPPLY REGISTERS. ANY CIRCULATED DUST PAR-TICLES WILL BE HEATED AND CHARRED BY CONTACT WITH THE FURNACE HEAT EXCHANGER. THIS SOOTY RESIDUE WILL SOIL CEILINGS, WALLS, DRAPES, CAR-PETS AND OTHER HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES. SOOT DAM-AGE MAY ALSO RESULT WITH, OR WITHOUT, FILTERS IN PLACE, WHEN CERTAIN TYPES OF CANDLES ARE BURNED, OR CANDLEWICKS ARE LEFT UNTRIMMED.

A WARNING

IN COMPLIANCE WITH RECOGNIZED CODES, IT IS REC-OMMENDED THAT AN AUXILIARY DRAIN PAN BE IN-STALLED UNDER THIS FURNACE AND ANY INSTALLED EVAPORATOR COIL THAT IS LOCATED IN ANY AREA OF A STRUCTURE WHERE DAMAGE TO THE BUILDING OR BUILDING CONTENTS MAY OCCUR AS A RESULT OF AN OVERFLOW OF THE FURNACE CONDENSATE DISPOSAL SYSTEM OR THE COIL DRAIN PAN OR A STOPPAGE IN THE PRIMARY CONDENSATE DRAIN PIPING.

SAFETY

A WARNING

ALWAYS INSTALL THE FURNACE TO OPERATE WITHIN THE FURNACE'S INTENDED TEMPERATURE-RISE RANGE WITH A DUCT SYSTEM WHICH HAS AN EXTER-NAL STATIC PRESSURE WITHIN THE ALLOWABLE RANGE, AS SPECIFIED IN THE DUCTING SECTION OF THESE INSTRUCTIONS. SEE ALSO FURNACE RATING PLATE.

THE FURNACE MAY BE USED FOR HEATING OF BUILD-INGS OR STRUCTURES UNDER CONSTRUCTION.

INSTALLATION MUST COMPLY WITH ALL INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS INCLUDING:

- PROPER VENT INSTALLATION;
- FURNACE OPERATING UNDER THERMOSTAT CONTROL;
- RETURN AIR DUCT SEALED TO THE FURNACE;
- AIR FILTERS IN PLACE;
- SET FURNACE INPUT RATE AND TEMPERATURE RISE PER RATING PLATE MARKINGS;
- MEANS FOR PROVIDING OUTDOOR AIR RE-QUIRED FOR COMBUSTION;
- RETURN AIR TEMPERATURE MAINTAINED BE-TWEEN 55°F (13°C) AND 80°F (27°C); AND
- CLEAN FURNACE, DUCT WORK AND COMPO-NENTS UPON SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION OF THE CONSTRUCTION PROCESS, AND VERIFY THAT THE FURNACE OPERATING CONDITIONS INCLUDING IGNITION, INPUT RATE, TEMPERA-TURE RISE AND VENTING, ACCORDING TO THE INSTRUCTIONS AND CODES.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT EFFICIENCY AND INDOOR AIR QUALITY

Central cooling and heating equipment is only as efficient as the duct system that carries the cooled or heated air. To maintain efficiency, comfort and good indoor air quality, it is important to have the proper balance between the air supplied to each room and the air returning to the cooling and heating equipment.

Proper balance and sealing of the duct system improves the efficiency of the heating and air conditioning system and improves the indoor air quality of the home by reducing the amount of airborne pollutants that enter homes from spaces where the ductwork and / or equipment is located. The manufacturer and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's Energy Star Program recommend that central duct systems be checked by a qualified contractor for proper balance and sealing.

WARNING

DUCT LEAKS CAN CREATE AN UNBALANCED SYSTEM AND DRAW POLLUTANTS SUCH AS DIRT, DUST, FUMES AND ODORS INTO THE HOME CAUSING PROPERTY DAMAGE. FUMES AND ODORS FROM TOXIC, VOLATILE OR FLAMMABLE CHEMICALS, AS WELL AS AUTOMO-BILE EXHAUST AND CARBON MONOXIDE (CO), CAN BE DRAWN INTO THE LIVING SPACE THROUGH LEAKING DUCTS AND UNBALANCED DUCT SYSTEMS CAUSING PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH (SEE FIGURE 2).

- IF AIR-MOVING EQUIPMENT OR DUCTWORK IS LO-CATED IN GARAGES OR OFF-GARAGE STORAGE AREAS - ALL JOINTS, SEAMS, AND OPENINGS IN THE EQUIPMENT AND DUCT MUST BE SEALED TO LIMIT THE MIGRATION OF TOXIC FUMES AND ODORS IN-CLUDING CARBON MONOXIDE FROM MIGRATING INTO THE LIVING SPACE.
- IF AIR-MOVING EQUIPMENT OR DUCTWORK IS LO-CATED IN SPACES CONTAINING FUEL BURNING AP-PLIANCES SUCH AS WATER HEATERS OR BOILERS -ALL JOINTS, SEAMS, AND OPENINGS IN THE EQUIP-MENT AND DUCT MUST ALSO BE SEALED TO PRE-VENT DEPRESSURIZATION OF THE SPACE AND POSSIBLE MIGRATION OF COMBUSTION BYPROD-UCTS INCLUDING CARBON MONOXIDE INTO THE LIV-ING SPACE.

WARNING

BLOWER AND BURNERS MUST NEVER BE OPERATED WITHOUT THE BLOWER DOOR IN PLACE. THIS IS TO PREVENT DRAWING GAS FUMES (WHICH COULD CON-TAIN HAZARDOUS CARBON MONOXIDE) INTO THE HOME THAT COULD RESULT IN PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS NOTE

IMPORTANT! THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHU-SETTS REQUIRES COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATION 248 CMR 4.00 AND 5.00 FOR INSTALLATION OF THROUGH-THE-WALL VENTED GAS APPLIANCES AS FOLLOWS:

(a) For all side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment installed in every dwelling, building or structure used in whole or in part for residential purposes, including those owned or operated by the Commonwealth and where the side wall exhaust vent termination is less than seven (7) feet above finished grade in the area of the venting, including but not limited to decks and porches, the following requirements shall be satisfied:

1. INSTALLATION OF CARBON MONOXIDE DETEC-

TORS. At the time of installation of the side wall horizontal vented gas fueled equipment, the installing plumber or gasfitter shall observe that a hard wired carbon monoxide detector with an alarm and battery back-up is installed on the floor level where the gas equipment is to be installed. In addition, the installing plumber or gasfitter shall observe that a battery operated or hard wired carbon monoxide detector with an alarm is installed on each additional level of the dwelling, building or structure served by the side wall horizontal vented gas fueled equipment. It shall be the responsibility of the property owner to secure the services of qualified licensed professionals for the installation of hard wired carbon monoxide detectors.

a. In the event that the side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment is installed in a crawl space or an attic, the hard wired carbon monoxide detector with alarm and battery back-up may be installed on the next adjacent floor level.

b. In the event that the requirements of this subdivision can not be met at the time of completion of installation, the owner shall have a period of thirty (30) days to comply with the above requirements; provided, however, that during said thirty (30) day period, a battery operated carbon monoxide detector with an alarm shall be installed.

2. APPROVED CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS.

Each carbon monoxide detector as required in accordance with the above provisions shall comply with NFPA 720 and be ANSI/UL 2034 listed and IAS certified.

3. SIGNAGE. A metal or plastic identification plate shall be permanently mounted to the exterior of the building at a minimum height of eight (8) feet above grade directly in line with the exhaust vent terminal for the horizontally vented gas fueled heating appliance or equipment. The sign shall read, in print size no less than one-half (1/2) inch in size, "GAS VENT DIRECTLY BELOW. KEEP CLEAR OF ALL OBSTRUCTIONS".

4. INSPECTION. The state or local gas inspector of the side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment shall not approve the installation unless, upon inspection, the inspector observes carbon monoxide detectors and signage installed in accordance with the provisions of 248 CMR 5.08(2)(a) 1 through 4.

(b) EXEMPTIONS: The following equipment is exempt from 248 CMR 5.08(2)(a)1 through 4:

1. The equipment listed in Chapter 10 entitled "Equipment Not Required To Be Vented" in the most current edition of NFPA 54 as adopted by the Board; and

2. Product Approved side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment installed in a room or structure separate from the dwelling, building or structure used in whole or in part for residential purposes.

(c) MANUFACTURER REQUIREMENTS – GAS EQUIP-MENT VENTING SYSTEM PROVIDED. When the manufacturer of Product Approved side wall horizontally vented gas equipment provides a venting system design or venting system components with the equipment, the instructions provided by the manufacturer for installation of the equipment and the venting system shall include:

1. Detailed instructions for the installation of the venting system design or the venting system components; and

2. A complete parts list for the venting system design or venting system.

(d) MANUFACTURER REQUIREMENTS – GAS EQUIP-MENT VENTING SYSTEM NOT PROVIDED. When the manufacturer of a Product Approved side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment does not provide the parts for venting the flue gases, but identifies "special venting systems", the following requirements shall be satisfied by the manufacturer:

1. The referenced "special venting system" instructions shall be included with the appliance or equipment installation instructions; and

2. The "special venting systems" shall be Product Approved by the Board, and the instructions for that system shall include a parts list and detailed installation instructions.

(e) A copy of all installation instructions for all Product Approved side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment, all venting instructions, all parts lists for venting instructions, and/or all venting design instructions shall remain with the appliance or equipment at the completion of the installation.

LOCATION REQUIREMENTS

GENERAL INFORMATION

A WARNING

WHEN THIS FURNACE IS INSTALLED IN A RESI-DENTIAL GARAGE, IT MUST BE INSTALLED SO THE BURNERS AND IGNITION SOURCE ARE LOCATED NO LESS THAN 18 INCHES [450MM] ABOVE THE FLOOR. THIS IS TO PREVENT THE RISK OF IGNIT-ING FLAMMABLE VAPORS WHICH MAY BE PRES-ENT IN A GARAGE. ALSO, THE FURNACE MUST BE LOCATED OR PROTECTED TO AVOID PHYSICAL DAMAGE BY VEHICLES. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE WARNINGS CAN CAUSE A FIRE OR EXPLO-SION, RESULTING IN PROPERTY DAMAGE, PER-SONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

- IMPORTANT: If installing the unit over a finished ceiling or living area, be certain to install an auxiliary condensate drain pan under the entire unit. This auxiliary drain pan should extend under any evaporator coil installed with the furnace and the open portion of the condensate drain assembly. See "Condensate Drain/Neutralizer" section for more details.
- 2. **IMPORTANT:** If using a cooling evaporator coil with this furnace, be sure the air passes over the heat exchanger before passing over the cooling coil. The cooled air passing over the warm ambient air inside the heat exchanger tubes can cause condensation inside the tubes resulting in corrosion and eventual failure.

If these are manual dampers, they must be equipped to prevent heating or cooling operation unless the damper is in the full heat or cool position.

3. **IMPORTANT:** Furnace must be installed level from front-to-back or with a slight tilt such that the back of the furnace is up to 1/2" higher than the front of the furnace as shown in Figure 3.

NOTE: These furnaces are approved for installation in attics, as well as alcoves, utility rooms, closets and crawlspaces. Provisions must be made to prevent freezing of condensate.

FREEZE PROTECTION

For installations where the furnace may reach temperatures below $32^{\circ}F(0^{\circ}C)$ (such as an alcove or attic installation), the installer must take precautions to ensure that the drain trap and connected drain pipe do not freeze. Local codes and practices should be followed in order to prevent freezing.

If the drain trap is installed within the furnace cabinet, no freeze protection is required. When the trap is mounted outside or partially outside the cabinet, it must be protected from freezing. Regardless of the location of the drain trap,

any exposed drain piping must be protected from freezing as required by local practices or codes. A UL or CSA listed heat tape or UL or CSA approved heating cable with a rating of 3-6 watts per foot is acceptable protection when installed and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Good installation practices necessitate that the installer verify heat tape operation in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions at the time of installation.

IMPORTANT: Support this unit when installed. Since this furnace is suitable for attic or crawl space installation, it may be installed on combustible wood flooring or by using support brackets.



LOCATION REQUIREMENTS

GENERAL INFORMATION (cont.)

A WARNING

THIS FURNACE IS NOT APPROVED OR RECOM-MENDED FOR INSTALLATION ON ITS BACK, WITH ACCESS DOORS FACING UPWARDS.

SITE SELECTION

- 1. Select a site in the building near the center of the proposed, or existing, duct system.
- 2. Give consideration to the vent system piping when selecting the furnace location. Be sure the venting system can get from the furnace to the termination with minimal length and elbows.
- 3. Locate the furnace near the existing gas piping. Or, if running a new gas line, locate the furnace to minimize the length and elbows in the gas piping. See Figure 5.
- 4. Locate the furnace to maintain proper clearance to combustibles as shown in following Figure 6.

WARNING

DO NOT LIFT THE UNIT BY THE HEAT EXCHANGER TUBES. DOING SO CAN DAMAGE THE HEAT EX-CHANGER ASSEMBLY.

CLEARANCE – ACCESSIBILITY

The design of forced air furnaces with input ratings as listed in the tables under Figure 6 are certified by CSA-International for the clearances to combustible materials shown in inches.

See name/rating plate and clearance label for specific model number and clearance information.

Service clearance of at least 24 inches (30 cm) is recommended in front of all furnaces.

NOTE: Use recommended 24" (30 cm) clearance if accessibility clearances are greater than fire protection clearances.

For downflow non-zero clearance furnace installations, the minimum clearance required on the right side of the furnace is shown in Figure 4. If this clearance cannot be maintained, a downflow zero-clearance kit; RXGY-ZK will need to be installed.

A WARNING

UPFLOW FURNACES ARE DESIGN- CERTIFIED FOR INSTALLATION ON COMBUSTIBLE FLOORS. NOTE, HOWEVER, THAT FURNACES MUST NOT BE IN-STALLED DIRECTLY ON CARPETING, TILE OR OTHER COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL OTHER THAN WOOD FLOORING. INSTALLATION ON A COM-BUSTIBLE MATERIAL CAN RESULT IN FIRE, CAUS-ING PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

A WARNING

COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL MUST NOT BE PLACED ON OR AGAINST THE FURNACE JACKET. THE AREA AROUND THE FURNACE MUST BE KEPT CLEAR AND FREE OF ALL COMBUSTIBLE MATERI-ALS INCLUDING GASOLINE AND OTHER FLAMMA-BLE VAPORS AND LIQUIDS. PLACEMENT OF COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS ON, AGAINST OR AROUND THE FURNACE JACKET CAN CAUSE AN EXPLOSION OR FIRE RESULTING IN PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH. THE HOMEOWNER SHOULD BE CAUTIONED THAT THE FURNACE AREA MUST NOT BE USED AS A BROOM CLOSET OR FOR ANY OTHER STORAGE PURPOSES.



IR FOW





Location

FIELD CONVERSIONS

GENERAL CONVERSION INSTRUCTIONS

CONDENSATE PVC/HOSE OPTIONS

BULKHEAD COUPLING

CONDENSATE DRAINIAGE HAS OPTIONS FOR 3/4" OR 1/2" PVC CONNECTIONS. THE BULKHEAD COUPLING CONNECTS THE RUBBER HOSES FROM INSIDE THE UNIT TO THE PVC PIPE EXTERIOR OF THE UNIT. PVC PIPE CAN BE CEMENTED DIRECTLY TO THE COUPLING AND THE TRAP WITH PROPER PVC CEMENT AND PRIMER.



CONDENSATE TRAP

IN ADDITION TO PVC CONNECTIONS, THE CONDENSATE TRAP CAN ACCOMODATE A 5/8" RUBBER HOSE WITH A HOSE CLAMP WHEN LOCATED INSIDE THE UNIT. PLIERS ARE NECCESSARY TO ADD OR REMOVE CLAMP.



THE CONDENSATE TRAP HAS 2 SIDES PLEASE NOTE THEIR LOCATIONS FOR DRAIN CONNECTIONS DURING CONVERSION.

NOTE: IMPROPER HOSE CONNECTIONS WILL PREVENT CONDENSATE FROM DRAINING.



CONVERSION AND INSTALLATION CONSIDERATIONS

ALL CONVERSIONS REQUIRE THE CONDENSATE PLUMBING TO HAVE DECLINE IN THE DIRECTION OF THE WATER FLOW.

WHEN INSTALLING AND MOVING CONDENSATE PLUMBING THE HOSES SHOULD BE FREE OF KINKS FOR PROPER WATER FLOW.

WHEN DRAIN HOSE OR CONDENSATE TRAP HOSE ROUTING CHANGES ARE NECESSARY BE SURE TO PLUG OR CAP ANY UNUSED HOSE TAPS.

THE INDUCER COUPLING COMES FROM THE FACTORY WITH A 10° TILT FOR UP FLOW INSTALLATIONS. WHEN CONVERTED TO DOWN FLOW THE COUPLING REQUIRES A ROTATION A MINIMUM OF 10° FROM HORIZONTAL AS SHOWN.

10-20° TILT ON INDUCER COUPLING



HORIZONTAL INSTALLATIONS REQUIRE CONDENSATE TRAP TO BE MOUNTED EXTERNALLY BELOW THE UNIT:

-USE CAUTION-MOUNT THE TRAP AFTER THE UNIT IS AT THE POINT OF INSTALLATION TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE TRAP DURING TRANSPORT.

-HAND TIGHTEN SCREWS WHEN MOUNTING THE TRAP OR THE BULKHEAD COUPLING TO THE CABINET TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE MOUNTING ELANGE

-USE PROPER ERFEZE PROTECTION IF REQUIRED

-ALLOW MINIMUM OF 6" BELOW THE FURNACE FOR CLEARANCE.

WORM DRIVE GROUND Tb

THE WORM DRIVE FOR THE HOSE CLAMPS USED ON THE FLUE TRANSITION COUPLING OR THE IDB COUPLING MUST BE ABOVE THE LEVEL MIDLINE WHEN IN THE HORIZONTAL POSITION AS DETAILED HERE.



NOTE:

IF THE IDB COUPLING IS REMOVED, IT MUST BE REPLACED IN THE PROPER ORIENTATION. AN ARROW IS PRESENT ON THE COUPLING TO INDICATE THE DIRECTION OF EXHAUST FLOW. MAKE SURE THE ARROW POINTS IN THE CORRECT DIRECTION.

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FIELD CONVERSIONS

GENERAL PARTS REQUIRED FOR CONVERSIONS



SEE NEXT PAGE FOR APPLICABLE CONFIGURATIONS

Field Conversions

FIELD CONVERSIONS

FIELD CONVERSION TO VARIOUS CONFIGURATIONS

Furnaces can be converted in the field from upflow (as-shipped) to downflow, horizontal left or horizontal right as necessary. In addition, there are different venting options, including a zero-clearance option, to give the installer flexibility in locating the venting for this furnace.





NOTE: PLIERS NECCESSARY TO ADD OR REMOVE CLAMPS

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Field Conversions

Checklist:

- ____ VERIFY ALL HOSES ARE SECURE AND FULLY SEATED.
- ___ CONFIRM THAT ALL HOSES ARE FREE OF KINKS
- Confirm all hoses and other drain parts have a slope in direction of water flow
- ___ ALL CLAMPS AND COUPLINGS ARE TIGHTENED
- ___ ALL DRAIN PORTS ARE PLUGGED
- ___ UNIT HAS FORWARD PITCH
- ___ HEAT TAPE INSTALLED(IF REQUIRED)

Notes:



Field Conversions





- - CLAMP.

NOTE: PLIERS NECCESSARY TO ADD OR REMOVE CLAMPS

Checklist:

5a - LEFT SIDE DRAIN OPTION

____ VERIFY ALL HOSES ARE SECURE AND FULLY SEATED.

ATTACH HOSE A (PRE-INSTALLED) TO BULKHEAD COUPLING. PLACE CLAMP OVER HOSE ON BULKHEAD COUPLING.

- CONFIRM THAT ALL HOSES ARE FREE OF KINKS.
- CONFIRM ALL HOSES AND OTHER DRAIN PARTS HAVE A SLOPE IN DIRECTION OF WATER FLOW
- BOTH WORM DRIVES ON THE HOSE CLAMPS OF THE IDB COUPLING MUST BE LOCATED ON THE TOP OF THE COUPLING. SEE LOCATION DETAIL IN THE GENERAL CONVERSION INSTRUCTIONS AT THE BEGINNING OF THIS SECTION.
- ALL CLAMPS AND COUPLINGS ARE TIGHTENED
- ALL DRAIN PORTS ARE PLUGGED
- UNIT HAS FORWARD PITCH
- ____ HEAT TAPE INSTALLED(IF REQUIRED)

Notes:



(1) 1/4" HEX HEAD DRIVER DRILI (1) 3/16" DRILL BIT (1) 1/8" DRILL BIT **PLIERS**

(1) 5/16 HEX HEAD DRIVER

FLAT HEAD SCREWDRIVER **TUBING CUTTER**

NOTE: THESE CONVERSION INSTRUCTIONS ARE INTENTIONALLY GENERIC, SOME PARTS MAY BE DIFFERENT IN YOUR FURNACE NOTE: STEPS 1-5 SHOWN WITH FURNACE IN "AS SHIPPED CONDITION"



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5a - PRE-DRILL (2) Ø 3/16" HOLES IN JACKET AS SHOWN FOR CONDENSATE TRAP BRACKET. 5b - ROTATE UNIT 180°

ST-A1194-30-02



Checklist:

- ___ VERIFY ALL HOSES ARE SECURE AND FULLY SEATED.
- ___ ALL DRAIN PORTS ARE PLUGGED
- ___ UNIT HAS FORWARD PITCH
- ____ HEAT TAPE INSTALLED(IF REQUIRED)
- ___ CONFIRM THAT ALL HOSES ARE FREE OF KINKS
- ___ CONFIRM ALL HOSES AND OTHER DRAIN PARTS HAVE A SLOPE IN DIRECTION OF WATER FLOW
- ____ BOTH WORM DRIVES ON THE HOSE CLAMPS OF THE IDB COUPLING MUST BE LOCATED ON THE TOP OF THE COUPLING. SEE LOCATION DETAIL IN THE GENERAL CONVERSION INSTRUCTIONS AT THE BEGINNING OF THIS SECTION
- ___ ALL CLAMPS AND COUPLINGS ARE TIGHTENED
- ___ DOUBLE CHECK DIFFUSER IS INSTALLED IN INTAKE COUPLING

Notes:



NOTE: THESE CONVERSION INSTRUCTIONS ARE INTENTIONALLY GENERIC, SOME PARTS MAY BE DIFFERENT IN YOUR FURNACE NOTE: STEPS 1-4 SHOWN WITH FURNACE IN "AS SHIPPED CONDITION"



1b - REMOVE TRAP AND HOSES. RETAIN HOSE D FOR LATER USE. (NOTE: TO REMOVE TRAP REMOVE (2) SCREWS AND PULL STRAIGHT OUT).

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2d - RELOCATE .403" DRAIN PLUG IN THE COLLECTOR BOX.

Lonversio





- 5b REMOVE KNOCKOUTS WITH HAMMER AND FLAT HEAD SCREWDRIVER.
- 5c THE JUNCTION BOX WILL HAVE TO BE RELOCATED FOR FLUE PIPE INSTALLATION.
- SEE ELECTRICAL WIRING SECTION FOR INSTRUCTIONS.
- 5d RE-DRILL (2) Ø1/8" HOLES IN BLOWER SHELF AS SHOWN FOR FLUE PIPE ASSEMBLY.
- 5e PRE-DRILL (2) Ø3/16" HOLES IN JACKET AS SHOWN FOR CONDENSATE TRAP BRACKET.





7a - REMOVE THE SMALL MOUNTING BRACKET AND THE .403" DRAIN PLUG - DISCARD. 7b - INSTALL .559" DRAIN PLUG IN CONDENSATE TRAP.

7c - INSTALL DOWN FLOW CONDENSATE TRAP BRACKET WITH (2) SCREWS AS SHOWN.

SHELF HOLE AS SHOWN.

UNTIL TABS ARE SEATED.

INSERT AIR DIFFUSER INTO COUPLING



10a - INSTALL INTAKE PIPE

SLIDE INTAKE PIPE THROUGH THE LEFT SIDE KNOCKOUT ON COVER PLATE CLEAN AND PVC GLUE TO INTAKE COUPLING AS SHOWN 10b - INSTALL FLUE PIPE ASSEMBLY

INSERT FLUE PIPE ASSEMBLY THROUGH RIGHT SIDE KNOCKOUT ON COVER PLATE (NOTE: SLIDE FROM UNDER PLATE). SLIDE ANGLED END THROUGH OPENING IN BLOWER SHELF AND ALIGN WITH ELBOW COUPLING. SECURE PIPE ASSEMBLY TO BLOWER SHELF WITH (2) SCREWS AS SHOWN. ENSURE O-RING IS PROPERLY SEATED.

10c - SLIDE PIPE COLLAR ASSEMBLIES FROM STEP 7 OVER THE (2) PIPES AND DRILL (8)

PVC GLUE JOINT

10

INSTALL

SCREWS

10b



NOTE: PLIERS NECCESSARY TO ADD OR REMOVE CLAMPS

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Checklist:

- ____ VERIFY ALL HOSES ARE SECURE AND FULLY SEATED.
- ___ CONFIRM THAT ALL HOSES ARE FREE OF KINKS.
- CONFIRM ALL HOSES AND OTHER DRAIN PARTS HAVE A SLOPE IN DIRECTION OF WATER FLOW.
- BOTH WORM DRIVES ON THE HOSE CLAMPS OF THE IDB COUPLING MUST BE LOCATED ON THE TOP OF THE COUPLING. SEE LOCATION DETAIL IN THE GENERAL CONVERSION INSTRUCTIONS AT THE BEGINNING OF THIS SECTION.
- ____ ALL DRAIN PORTS ARE PLUGGED.
- ___ UNIT HAS FORWARD PITCH.
- ____ HEAT TAPE INSTALLED(IF REQUIRED).
- ___ ALL CLAMPS AND COUPLINGS ARE TIGHTENED

Notes:



HORIZONTAL RIGHT / RIGHT VENT

PARTS NEEDED FOR THIS CONVERSION REQUIRE ITEMS FROM THE PARTS BAG AND CONVERSION KIT RXGY-CK. YOU MUST HAVE THE PARTS OUTLINED BELOW BEFORE PROCEEDING.

PARTS NEEDED:







TOOLS/MATERIALS NEEDED:

DRILL 1/8" DRILL BIT

PLIERS FLAT HEAD SCREWDRIVER 5/16 HEX HEAD DRIVER 1/4" HEX HEAD DRIVER

NOTE: THESE CONVERSION INSTRUCTIONS ARE INTENTIONALLY GENERIC, SOME PARTS MAY BE DIFFERENT IN YOUR FURNACE NOTE: STEPS 1-5 SHOWN WITH FURNACE IN "AS SHIPPED CONDITION"



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Field Conversions



Checklist:

- ____ VERIFY ALL HOSES ARE SECURE AND FULLY SEATED.
- ___ CONFIRM THAT ALL HOSES ARE FREE OF KINKS.
- CONFIRM ALL HOSES AND OTHER DRAIN PARTS HAVE A SLOPE IN DIRECTION OF WATER FLOW.
- BOTH WORM DRIVES ON THE HOSE CLAMPS OF THE FLUE TRANSITION MUST BE LOCATED ON THE TOP OF THE COUPLING. SEE LOCATION DETAIL IN THE GENERAL CONVERSION INSTRUCTIONS AT THE BEGINNING OF THIS SECTION.
- ___ ALL CLAMPS AND COUPLINGS ARE TIGHTENED
- ____ ALL DRAIN PORTS ARE PLUGGED.
- ___ UNIT HAS FORWARD PITCH.
- ____ HEAT TAPE INSTALLED(IF REQUIRED)

Notes:



31

3a - RELOCATE THE Ø .403" DRAIN PLUG IN THE COLLECTOR BOX. 3b - RELOCATE 1/4" VINYL CAP (YELLOW) ON COLLECTOR BOX VENT TAP.

4b - PRE-DRILL (3) Ø1/8" HOLES AS SHOWN FOR CONDENSATE TRAP 4c - INSTALL 2" PIPE GROMMET IN JACKET 4d - SLIDE AIR DIFFUSER INTO INTAKE COUPLING DISCARD AND INSTALL INTO JACKET AS SHOWN. 4a AIR DIFFUSER INTAKE COUPLING AND NUT 4b DRILL (3) Ø 1/8" HOLES INSTALL 4c INSTALL AIR DIFFUSER FULLY SEATED ſ **B**A C

4a - REMOVE RECTANGLE FLUSH MOUNT PLUG FROM JACKET SIDE - DISCARD





4

- 5a REMOVE METAL BRACKET AND THE Ø.403 DRAIN PLUG- DISCARD.
- 5b REMOVE HOSE "A" DISCARD
- 5c INSTALL Ø .559" CONDENSATE DRAIN PLUG AND CONDENSATE TRAP GASKET AS SHOWN.
- 5d INSTALL CONDENSATE TRAP. MAKE SURE THE CHANNEL AT THE LOCATION SHOWN IN THE "IMPORTANT SECTION" ENGAGES THE EDGE OF THE JACKET AT THE LOCATION SPECIFIED.
- 5e SECURE USING (3) SCREWS.

EDGE TO AVOID

AIR LEAKS TO

THE BURNER

VESTIBULE!



Checklist:

- ___ VERIFY ALL HOSES ARE SECURE AND FULLY SEATED.
- ___ CONFIRM THAT ALL HOSES ARE FREE OF KINKS
- ___ CONFIRM ALL HOSES AND OTHER DRAIN PARTS HAVE A SLOPE IN DIRECTION OF WATER FLOW
- ____ ALL CLAMPS AND COUPLINGS ARE TIGHTENED
- ___ ALL DRAIN PORTS ARE PLUGGED
- ___ UNIT HAS FORWARD PITCH
- ___ HEAT TAPE INSTALLED(IF REQUIRED)

Notes:



HORIZONTAL LEFT / RIGHT VENT

/!\

PARTS NEEDED FOR THIS CONVERSION REQUIRE ITEMS FROM THE **PARTS BAG**, CONVERSION KIT **RXGY-CK** AND **RXGY-ZK**. YOU MUST HAVE THE PARTS OUTLINED BELOW FROM THESE KITS BEFORE PROCEEDING.





Field Conversions





3

5a - ROTATE UNIT 180°

5b - REMOVE KNOCKOUTS WITH HAMMER AND FLAT HEAD SCREWDRIVER. 5c - PRE-DRILL (2) Ø 1/8" HOLES IN BLOWER SHELF AS SHOWN FOR FLUE PIPE ASSEMBLY.

5d - PRE-DRILL (3) Ø 1/8" HOLES IN JACKET AS SHOWN FOR CONDENSATE TRAP. 5e - THE JUNCTION BOX WILL HAVE TO BE RELOCATED FOR FLUE PIPE INSTALLATION NOTE: SEE ELECTRICAL WIRING SECTION FOR INSTRUCTIONS.

INSTALL HOSE G ON COLLECTOR BOX AS SHOWN. NOTE: LET THE OPEN END HANG FREE UNTIL STEP 10.

R



INSTALL INTAKE COUPLING IN BLOWER SHELF HOLE AS SHOWN. INSERT AIR DIFFUSER INTO COUPLING UNTIL TABS ARE SEATED.

NOTE:

THIS STEP. THE INSTALLER MAY ELECT TO INSTALL THE DIFFUSER AFTER ROTATING THE FURNACE TO THE HORIZONTAL POSITION.

7



- 7a INSTALL INTAKE PIPE: SLIDE INTAKE PIPE THROUGH THE LEFT SIDE KNOCKOUT, CLEAN AND PVC GLUE TO INTAKE COUPLING AS SHOWN.
- 7b INSTALL FLUE PIPE ASSEMBLY: INSERT FLUE PIPE ASSEMBLY THROUGH RIGHT SIDE KNOCKOUT, (NOTE: SLIDE FROM UNDER PLATE). SLIDE ANGLED END THROUGH OPENING IN BLOWER SHELF AND ALIGN WITH ELBOW COUPLING. SECURE PIPE ASSEMBLY TO BLOWER SHELF WITH (2) SCREWS AS SHOWN. ENSURE O-RING IS PROPERLY SEATED.
- 7c SLIDE PIPE COLLAR ASSEMBLIES OVER THE (2) PIPES AND DRILL (8) Ø 1/8" HOLES USING THE COLLARS AS A TEMPLATE. SECURE WITH (8) SCREWS AS SHOWN.



8g- ROTATE UNIT 90°



9a - ATTACH HOSE G TO THE TOP OF CONDENSATE TRAP.

- 9b LOCATE HOSE D (REMOVED IN STEP 1) CUT ON LINE 1 INSTALL NOTE: ROUTE FROM FLUE ELBOW TO FLUE SIDE TAP IN THE CONDENSATE TRAP. 9c
- CUT 1/4" VENT TUBE TO FIT (APPROX. 12-1/2") AND INSTALL AS SHOWN. NOTE: ROUTE FROM COLLECTOR BOX TO TOP OF CONDENSATE TRAP
- 9d TIGHTEN ELBOW AND INDUCER CLAMPS TO FLUE PIPE W/ 5/16" NUT DRIVER.

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ield Conversions

Checklist:

- ____ VERIFY ALL HOSES ARE SECURE AND FULLY SEATED.
- ___ CONFIRM THAT ALL HOSES ARE FREE OF KINKS.
- CONFIRM ALL HOSES AND OTHER DRAIN PARTS HAVE A SLOPE IN DIRECTION OF WATER FLOW.
- BOTH WORM DRIVES ON THE HOSE CLAMPS OF THE FLUE TRANSITION MUST BE LOCATED ON THE TOP OF THE COUPLING. SEE LOCATION DETAIL IN THE GENERAL CONVERSION INSTRUCTIONS AT THE BEGINNING OF THIS SECTION.
- ____ ALL CLAMPS AND COUPLINGS ARE TIGHTENED
- ____ ALL DRAIN PORTS ARE PLUGGED.
- ___ UNIT HAS FORWARD PITCH.
- ____ HEAT TAPE INSTALLED(IF REQUIRED)

Notes:



NOTE: THESE CONVERSION INSTRUCTIONS ARE INTENTIONALLY GENERIC, SOME PARTS MAY BE DIFFERENT IN YOUR FURNACE NOTE: STEPS 1-4 SHOWN WITH FURNACE IN "AS SHIPPED CONDITION"





Checklist:

- ____ VERIFY ALL HOSES ARE SECURE AND FULLY SEATED.
- ___ CONFIRM THAT ALL HOSES ARE FREE OF KINKS.
- ___ CONFIRM ALL HOSES AND OTHER DRAIN PARTS HAVE A SLOPE IN DIRECTION OF WATER FLOW.
- BOTH WORM DRIVES ON THE HOSE CLAMPS OF THE FLUE TRANSITION MUST BE LOCATED ON THE TOP OF THE COUPLING. SEE LOCATION DETAIL IN THE GENERAL CONVERSION INSTRUCTIONS AT THE BEGINNING OF THIS SECTION.
- ___ ALL CLAMPS AND COUPLINGS ARE TIGHTENED
- ____ ALL DRAIN PORTS ARE PLUGGED.
- ___ UNIT HAS FORWARD PITCH.
- ___ HEAT TAPE INSTALLED(IF REQUIRED)

Notes:

DUCTING

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External filter racks are available from the distributor. Use the following part numbers when ordering:

RXGF-CA	External Side Filter Rack Kit
RXGF-CB	External Bottom Filter Rack Kit
RXGF-CC	External Filter Rack Kit - Downflow

Proper air flow is required for the correct operation of this furnace. Restricted air flow can cause erratic operation and can damage the heat exchanger. The duct system must carry the correct amount of air for heating and cooling if summer air conditioning is used.

WARNING

SOME HEATING AIRFLOW VALUES MAY BE HIGHER THAN THOSE REQUIRED FOR COOLING. BE SURE TO SIZE DUCT FOR THE MAXIMUM POS-SIBLE AIRFLOW VALUE.

SIZE AIRFLOW DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM TO AC-CEPTABLE INDUSTRY STANDARDS AND METH-ODS. TOTAL STATIC PRESSURE DROP OF THE AIR DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM SHOULD NOT EXCEED .8INCHES W.C. THIS WILL INCLUDE ANY AIR CON-DITIONER COIL, AIR FILTRATION SYSTEM, ZONING SYSTEM, DUCTWORK, ETC. REFER TO ADDED EQUIPMENT TECHNICAL INFORMATION TO OBTAIN PRESSURE DROP INFORMATION WHEN EQUIP-MENT IS OPERATING AT RECOMMENDED HEAT-ING OR COOLING CFMS.

IMPORTANT: When using outside air, design and adjust the system to maintain a return air temperature ABOVE 55° F during the heating season.

NOTE: Return air grilles and warm air registers must not be obstructed or closed.

NOTE: Both flanges on the supply and return openings must be bent either up or down but cannot remain flat as shipped from the factory. See Figure 9 for details.

A WARNING

THE SOLID METAL BASE PAN MUST BE REMOVED FROM THE TOP OF THE FURNACE BEFORE IN-STALLING THE FURNACE. FAILURE TO REMOVE THIS PAN FROM THE SHIPPING POSITION CAN RE-SULT TO DAMAGE TO THE FURNACE OR EQUIP-MENT.

A WARNING

BLOWER AND BURNERS MUST NEVER BE OPERATED WITHOUT THE BLOWER DOOR IN PLACE. THIS IS TO PREVENT DRAWING GAS FUMES (WHICH COULD CON-TAIN HAZARDOUS CARBON MONOXIDE) INTO THE HOME THAT COULD RESULT IN PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

FIGURE 7 REMOVE SOLID BASE PANEL FROM THE TOP BEFORE INSTALLING FURNACE

Image: Constraint of the straint of the str

UPFLOW INSTALLATIONS

- 1. Position the unit to minimize long runs of duct or runs of duct with many turns and elbows.
- 2. For side return: Cut an opening in the side. The opening should be cut the full width and height of the knockouts on the unit. See Figure 10.
- 3. If summer air conditioning is desired, position the indoor coil on the supply-air side of the unit. Ensure that no air can bypass the coil.
- 4. Connect the furnace to the supply air plenum.
- Connect the return air ducting to the return-air opening at the bottom and/or side of the unit. Make the connections air-tight to prevent the migration of toxic fumes and odors including carbon monoxide from migrating into the living space.
- 6. If a filter is installed near the furnace, be sure to have adequate space for installation and removal of the unit filter.
- 7. **NOTE:** Where the maximum airflow is 1800 CFM or more, <u>BOTH</u> sides or the bottom must be used for the return air.

NOTE: DO NOT take return air from furnace rooms, garages or cold areas. Avoid return air from utility rooms, kitchens, laundry rooms and bathrooms.

DUCTING

WARNING

UPFLOW FURNACE: THE SOLID METAL BASE (SHIPPED WITH THE FURNACE) PLATE MUST BE IN-STALLED IN THE FURNACE BOTTOM WHEN USING SIDE AIR RETURN. FAILURE TO INSTALL A BASE PLATE COULD CAUSE THE PRODUCTS OF COM-BUSTION TO CIRCULATE INTO THE LIVING SPACE AND CREATE POTENTIALLY HAZARDOUS CONDI-TIONS, INCLUDING CARBON MONOXIDE POISON-ING OR DEATH. FOR BOTTOM RETURN, A SOLID METAL BASE PAN MUST NOT BE INSTALLED.

- 1. Position the unit to minimize long runs of duct or runs of duct with many turns and elbows.
- 2. If summer air conditioning is desired, position the indoor coil on the supply-air side of the unit. Ensure that no air can bypass this coil.
- If installing on a combustible floor and not using an air conditioning plenum, install the special non-combustible floor base. See Table 1 and Figure 11.
- 4. Connect the furnace to the supply air plenum.
- 5. Connect the return air ducting to the return air opening at the top of the unit. Make the connection air tight to prevent the migration of toxic fumes and odors including carbon monoxide from migrating into the living space from an adjacent fuel-burning appliance.



DOWNFLOW INSTALLATIONS

A WARNING

A DOWNFLOW INSTALLATION IS CERTIFIED FOR INSTALLATION ON A NON-COMBUSTIBLE FLOOR. USE THE SPECIAL BASE SPECIFIED ON THE FUR-NACE CLEARANCE LABEL. FAILURE TO INSTALL THE SPECIAL BASE MAY RESULT IN FIRE, PROP-ERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH. THIS BASE IS AVAILABLE AS AN ACCESSORY. **NOTE:** In downflow configuration, side return air cut out is not permitted.

6. If a filter is installed near the furnace, be sure to have adequate space for installation and removal of the unit filter.

NOTE: DO NOT take return air from furnace rooms, garages or cold areas. Avoid return air from utility rooms, kitchens, laundry rooms and bathrooms.

DUCTING





TABLE 1 NON-COMBUSTIBLE FLC	OR BASES
Floor Base No.	Size Cabinet
RXGC-B17	17
RXGC-B21	21
RXGC-B24	24

HORIZONTAL INSTALLATIONS

- 1. Position the unit to minimize long runs of duct or runs of duct with many turns and elbows.
- 2. If summer air conditioning is desired, position the indoor coil on the supply air side of the unit. Ensure that no air can bypass this coil.
- 3. Connect the furnace to the supply air plenum.
- 4. Connect the return air ducting to the return air opening at the return-air end of the unit. Make the connection air tight to prevent the migration of toxic fumes and odors including carbon monoxide from migrating into the living space from an adjacent fuel-burning appliance.

NOTE: In horizontal configuration, side return air cut out is not permitted.



5. If a filter is installed near the furnace, be sure to have adequate space for installation and removal ofthe unit filter.

NOTE: DO NOT take return air from furnace rooms, garages or cold areas. Avoid return air from utility rooms, kitchens, laundry rooms and bathrooms.





GENERAL VENTING REQUIREMENTS AND GUIDELINES

VENTING & COMBUSTION AIR REQUIREMENTS

A WARNING

READ AND FOLLOW ALL INSTRUCTIONS IN THIS SECTION. FAILURE TO PROPERLY VENT THIS FURNACE CAN CAUSE CARBON MONOXIDE POI-SONING, OR AN EXPLOSION OR FIRE, RESULTING IN PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

A WARNING

THIS FURNACE AND ANY OTHER FUEL-BURNING APPLIANCE MUST BE PROVIDED WITH ENOUGH FRESH AIR FOR PROPER COMBUSTION AND VEN-TILATION OF THE FLUE GASES. MOST BUILDINGS WILL REQUIRE THAT OUTSIDE AIR BE SUPPLIED INTO THE FURNACE AREA. FAILURE TO DO SO CAN CAUSE PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH FROM CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING. REFER TO SEC-TION TITLED "NON-DIRECT VENTING" TO DETER-MINE IF THE FURNACE MUST USE OUTSIDE AIR FOR COMBUSTION.

This furnace removes both sensible and latent heat from the combustion gases. Removal of latent heat results in the condensation of flue gas water vapor. This condensed water vapor drains from the secondary heat exchanger and out of the unit into the drain trap.

When installed as a non-direct vent furnace, only exhaust piping is required and inside combustion air may be used. Refer to the section on *"NON-DIRECT VENTING."*

Direct vent installations require a dedicated combustion air and venting system. All air for combustion is taken from the outside atmosphere and all combustion products are discharged to the outdoors.

Adequate facilities for providing air for combustion and ventilation must be provided in accordance with Section 5.3, "Air for Combustion and Ventilation" of the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1 (latest edition), in Canada CSA B149.1; Canadian Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code and The National Fire Code of Canada, or applicable provisions for the local building codes, and not obstructed so as to prevent the flow of air to the furnace.

IMPORTANT: Air for combustion and ventilation must not come from a corrosive atmosphere. Any failure due to corrosive elements in the atmosphere is excluded from the warranty coverage.

Combustion air must be free of acid-forming chemicals such as sulfur, fluorine and chlorine. These elements are found in aerosol sprays, detergents, bleaches, cleaning solvents, air fresheners, paint and varnish removers, refrigerants and many other commercial and household products. When burned in a gas flame, vapors from these products form acid compounds. The acid compounds increase the dew point temperature of the flue products and are highly corrosive after they condense. The following types of installations (but not limited to the following) may require outdoor air for combustion (direct-vent) due to chemical exposures:

- Commercial buildings
- Buildings with indoor pools
- Furnaces installed in laundry rooms
- Furnaces in hobby or craft rooms
- Furnaces installed near chemical storage areas

If combustion air is exposed to the following substances (but not limited to the following), it should not be used and the furnace may require outdoor air for combustion (direct-vent).

- Permanent wave solutions
 - Chlorinated waxes and cleaners
 - Chlorine-based swimming pool chemicals
- Water softening chemicals
- De-icing salts or chemicals
- Carbon tetrachloride
- Halogen type refrigerants
- Printing inks, paint removers, varnishes etc.
- Cleaning solvents (such as perchloroethylene)
- Hydrochloric acid
- Cements and glues
 Antiotetic febric off
- Antistatic fabric softeners for clothes dryers
- Masonry curing and acid washing materials

🛦 WARNING

ALL FURNACE INSTALLATIONS MUST COMPLY WITH THE NATIONAL FUEL GAS CODE, IN CANADA CSA B149.1; CANADIAN NATURAL GAS AND PROPANE INSTALLATION CODE AND THE NA-TIONAL FIRE CODE OF CANADA, NFPA 54, AND LOCAL CODES TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE COMBUS-TION AND VENTILATION AIR FOR THE FURNACE. FAILURE TO DO SO CAN RESULT IN EXPLOSION, FIRE, PROPERTY DAMAGE, CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

Combustion air requirements are determined by whether the furnace is in an open (unconfined) area or in a confined space such as a closet or small room.

When the furnace is installed in the same space with other gas appliances, such as a water heater, be sure there is an adequate supply of combustion and ventilation air for the furnace and the other appliances. Do not delete or reduce the combustion air supply required by the other gas appliances in this space. See Z223.1, National Fuel Gas Code (NFPA 54). In Canada, CSA B149.1; Canadian Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code and The National Fire Code of Canada for determining the combustion air requirements for gas appliances. An unconfined space must have at least 50 cubic feet (volume) for each 1,000 BTUH of the total input of all appliances in the space. If the open space containing the appliances is in a building with tight construction (contemporary construction), outside air may still be required for the appliances to burn and vent properly. Outside air openings should be sized the same as for a confined space.

GENERAL VENTING REQUIREMENTS AND GUIDELINES

VENTING & COMBUSTION AIR REQUIREMENTS (cont.)

IMPORTANT: ONLY THE CURRENT VENT INSTRUC-TIONS APPLY. All 90 Plus Gas Furnaces cannot be common-vented.

OVERTEMPERATURE SAFETY SWITCHES

Furnaces are equipped with safety switches in the burner compartment to protect against over-temperature conditions caused by inadequate combustion air supply. The switches are located in the burner compartment. If a switch is tripped it must be manually reset after clearing the fault condition which caused it to open.

WARNING

DO NOT BYPASS, JUMPER, OR REMOVE ANY SAFETY SWITCH FROM THE FURNACE CONTROL CIRCUIT. IF A SAFETY SWITCH CAUSES THE FUR-NACE TO SHUT DOWN OR OPERATE INTERMIT-TENTLY, IT IS AN INDICATION OF A POTENTIAL SAFETY HAZARD THAT MUST BE ADDRESSED BY A QUALIFIED TECHNICIAN, SERVICE AGENCY OR THE GAS SUPPLIER. DO NOT RESET SAFETY CONTROLS WITHOUT CORRECTIVE ACTION AND/OR VERIFICATION OF PROPER SAFE OPERA-TION BY A QUALIFIED INSTALLER, SERVICE AGENCY OR THE GAS SUPPLIER.

REPLACE ANY SAFETY CONTROL COMPONENT ONLY WITH IDENTICAL OEM REPLACEMENT PARTS

MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS PIPING REQUIREMENTS

The combustion air and vent pipe fittings must conform to American National Standards Institute (ANSI) and American Society for Testing Materials (ASTM) standards D1785 (Schedule 40 PVC), D2665 (PVC-DWV), D2241 (SDR-21 & SDR26-26 PVC), D2661 (ABS-DWV) or F628 (Schedule 40 ABS-DWV). For Canada PVC, CPVC and polypropylene venting can be used and must conform with ULCS-636C requirements.

IMPORTANT: The plastic combustion air and venting components are of Schedule 40 PVC. If using ABS piping, ensure that the solvent cement is compatible for joining PVC to ABS components or use a mechanical connection that can withstand the vent temperatures and is corrosion resistant.

NOTE: Schedule 40 ABS-DWV pipe and fittings may be used as an alternate to PVC pipe for the combustion air inlet and vent pipes.

NOTE: Cellular core PVC is also approved for use. It must be Schedule 40PVC-DWV cellular pipe for non-pressure applications and manufactured under ASTM-F-891.

All exhaust piping must be installed in compliance with the chapter titled; *"Venting of Appliances"* in the latest edition of the National Fuel Gas Code, NFPA-54/ANSI

Z223.1, CSA B149.1; Canadian Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code and The National Fire Code (Canada), local codes or ordinances and these instructions.

🛦 WARNING

IN CANADA, PRODUCTS CERTIFIED FOR INSTALLA-TION AND INTENDED TO BE VENTED WITH PLASTIC VENT SYSTEMS (PVC, CVPC & POLYPROPYLENE) MUST USE VENT SYSTEMS THAT ARE CERTIFIED TO THE STANDARD FOR TYPE BH GAS VENTING SYS-TEMS, ULC S636.

THE COMPONENTS OF THE CERTIFIED MATERIAL MUST NOT BE INTERCHANGED WITH OTHER VENT SYSTEMS OR UNLISTED PIPE/FITTINGS.

PLASTIC COMPONENTS AND SPECIFIED PRIMERS AND GLUES OF THE CERTIFIED SYSTEM MUST BE FROM A SINGLE SYSTEM MANUFACTURER AND NOT INTERMIXED WITH OTHER SYSTEM MANUFAC-TURER'S PARTS.

VENT TERMINATIONS ARE NOT REQUIRED TO BE FROM THE SAME MANUFACTURER AS THE REST OF THE VENTING BUT VENT TERMINATIONS MUST BE ULC S636 APPROVED.

NOTE: WITH THE EXCEPTION OF THE TERMINATION INLET AIR PIPING IS NOT CONSIDERED TO BE A PART OF THE "VENTING SYSTEM". THE REQUIRE-MENT THAT VENT MATERIAL BE CERTIFIED TO ULC S636 DOES NOT APPLY TO INLET AIR PIPING.

REGARDLESS, ALL TERMINATIONS ON BOTH INLET AND OUTLET PIPES MUST BE CONSTRUCTED FROM COMPONENTS BUILT TO ULC-S636 REQUIREMENTS.

- 1. All horizontal piping must slope upward from the furnace with a minimum slope of ¼ inch per foot of horizontal vent so that condensate drains back toward the furnace.
- 2. All horizontal runs must be supported at least every 4 feet. No sags or dips are permitted.
- 3. **IMPORTANT:** Do not common vent with any other appliance. Do not install in the same chase or chimney with a metal or high temperature plastic pipe from another gas or fuel-burning appliance unless the required minimum clearances to combustibles are maintained between the plastic pipe and other pipes. For Canada PVC, CPVC and polypropylene can be used as long as they conform with ULCS-636C requirements.
- 4. All vent installed through unconditioned spaces where below-freezing temperatures are expected must be insulated with with an approved insulating material. Materials such as Armaflex or Rubatex insulation may also be used as long as there is no heat tape applied to the vent pipe. For horizontal runs where water may collect, wrap the vent pipe with self-regulating 3 watt or 6 watt heat tape. The heat tape must be U.L. listed and installed per the manufacturer's instructions. **NOTE:** Never cover heat tape with insulation.

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GENERAL VENTING REQUIREMENTS AND GUIDELINES

VENTING & COMBUSTION AIR REQUIREMENTS (cont.)

- 5. The minimum vent pipe length is 5 feet [1.5m].
- 6. **IMPORTANT:** No part of the combustion air and/or vent pipes may be installed underground.
- 7. Piping at a roof, wall or other penetration must be immobilized to prevent pipes from disconnecting. Disconnected pipes may allow flue products to be released inside the structure.
- 8. For Direct Vent systems, all pipe penetrations through roof or sidewall must be installed so that the vent and combustion air intake pipes terminate in the same atmospheric pressure zone.
- Vent terminations must be installed with the minimum clearances specified in the TERMINATION REQUIRE-MENTS sections of this manual and *Figure 21* (for Non-Direct Vent) and *Figure 32* (for direct Vent installations).
- 10. Piping external to the structure (excluding approved venting terminations) and vent passing through unheated crawl-spaces, attics, verandas, patios or decks must be insulated with approved insulating material to prevent freezing as required for local climate.

JOINING PIPE AND FITTINGS

WARNING

PVC/CPVC SOLVENT CEMENTS AND PRIMERS ARE HIGHLY FLAMMABLE. PROVIDE ADEQUATE VENTILATION AND DO NOT ASSEMBLE NEAR A HEAT SOURCE OR AN OPEN FLAME. DO NOT SMOKE. AVOID SKIN OR EYE CONTACT. OB-SERVE ALL CAUTIONS AND WARNINGS PRINTED ON MATERIAL CONTAINERS. FAILURE TO FOL-LOW THESE GUIDELINES MAY RESULT IN FIRE, EXPLOSION OR ASPHYXIATION CAUSING PER-SONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

TABLE 2: APPLICABLE ASTM STANDARDS FOR VENT MATERIALS (U.S. Only)						
Materials	Sch. 40 Pipe	SDR Pipe	Cell Core Pipe	Fittings	Primer	Solv. Cement
ABS	D1527	-	F628	D2468 & D2661	-	D2235
PVC	D1785	D2241	F891	D2466 & D2665	F656	D2564
CPVC	F441	F442	-	F348	-	F493
ABS to PVC	-	-	-	-	-	D3138

For Canadian installations all exhaust venting materials \underline{must} be certified to ULCS-636C.

All pipe, fittings, solvent cement, primers and procedures must be installed following the vent manufacturer's installation instructions and must conform to American National Standards Institute and American Society for Testing Materials (ANSI/ASTM) standards as shown in the **Table 2** below:

CEMENTING JOINTS

Properly seal all joints in the PVC vent using the following materials and procedures.

PVC CLEANER-PRIMER AND PVC MEDIUM-BODY SOLVENT CEMENT

IMPORTANT: After cutting pipe, remove all ragged edges and burrs. This is important to prevent reduction in pressure drop throughout the system.

- 1. Cut pipe end square. Chamfer edge of pipe. Clean fitting socket and pipe joint area of all dirt, grease and moisture.
- After checking pipe and socket for proper fit, wipe socket and pipe with cleaner-primer. Apply a liberal coat of primer to inside surface of socket and outside of pipe. Read instructions included with the primer for proper application.
- 3. Apply a thin coat of cement evenly within the socket. Quickly apply a heavy coat of cement to the pipe end and insert pipe into the fitting with a slight twisting movement until it bottoms out.

NOTE: Cement must be fluid. If not, re-coat.

- 4. Hold the pipe in the fitting for 30 seconds to prevent the tapered socket from pushing the pipe out of the fitting.
- 5. Wipe all excess cement from the joint with a rag. Allow 15 minutes before handling. Cure time varies according to fit, temperature and humidity.

NOTE: Stir the solvent cement frequently while using. Use a natural bristle brush or the dauber supplied with the can. The proper brush size is one inch.

IMPORTANT: For proper installation:

DO NOT use solvent cement that has become curdled, lumpy or thickened.

DO NOT thin. Observe shelf precautions printed on containers. For applications below 32°F, use only low-temperature type solvent cement.

GENERAL VENTING REQUIREMENTS AND GUIDELINES

VENT PIPE SIZING AND MAXIMUM VENT LENGTHS

EQUIVALENT VENT LENGTHS

The concept of equivalent vent lengths is frequently used in piping systems to account for pressure drop of fittings, such as elbows. The equivalent length of a fitting is the length of a straight section of pipe that has an equivalent pressure drop in the application as the fitting used. With the equivalent length vent concept, a vent system can use up to the maximum number of elbows and vent length of straight pipe as long as the maximum equivalent vent length is not exceeded.

There are several different types of elbows that can be used when constructing a vent system. *Figure 12* shows the standard dimensions for standard and long-sweep 90° (1/4 turn) elbows as specified by ASTM 3311, Standard Specification for Drain, Waste and Vent (DWV) Plastic Fittings Patterns.



A long-sweep (AKA Long-Radius) 90° (1/4 turn) elbow has an equivalent vent length of 5 feet of straight pipe for either 2 inch or 3 inch plastic pipe. A standard 90° elbow has an equivalent vent length of 10 feet of straight pipe. This equivalent length can be used in circumstances where it might be necessary to lengthen the vent at the outside of the structure, such as in areas with large accumulations of snow in winter. **Table 3** shows the equivalent lengths of different types of elbows.

TABLE 3: EQUIVALENT V COMMON VENT ELBOWS	ENT LENGTH OF S
Fitting Type	Equivalent Length
90° Standard Elbow	10 Feet of Pipe
45° Long-Sweep Elbow	2-1/2 Feet of Pipe
90° Long-Sweep Elbow	5 Feet of Pipe

Table 4 specifies the equivalent maximum vent lengths specified by the manufacturer for each furnace. Listed table maximums have been qualified by the manufacturer. Dependant on individual installation specifics, installations beyond the table recommendations may cause erratic pressure switch operation.

Examples:

Total =

1. A 40KBTU direct-vent installation needs a 31 foot long vent run with qty=5, 90° long-sweep elbows and 2 inch pipe.

31 feet of 2 inch pipe =	31	equivalent feet
$Qty = 5, 90^{\circ} long$ -sweep elbows =	25	equivalent feet

56 equivalent feet

Since the maximum equivalent vent length specified for a 40KBTU furnace is 65 feet, this installation is acceptable.

2. If the installation from Example 1 were installed with standard elbows instead of long-sweep elbows, the calculation would be as follows:

31 feet of 2 inch pipe = Qty = 5, 90° standard elbows =	31 equivalent feet 50 equivalent feet	
 Total =	81 equivalent feet	

This installation is NOT acceptable as it exceeds the 65 foot maximum specified for this model.

GENERAL VENTING REQUIREMENTS AND GUIDELINES

VENT PIPE SIZING AND MAXIMUM VENT LENGTHS (cont.)

TABLE 4: MAXIMUM EQUIVALENT VENT LENGTH					
Model	Input (BTU/H)	Pipe Size	Maximum Equivalent Length (Feet)	Recommended Maximum Number of Elbows*	
(-)92PA0401317MSA	42,000	2 inchØ	65	6	
& (-)(-)92MSP040B30A		3 inchØ	100	6	
(-)92PA0601317MSA	56,000	2 inchØ	65	6	
& (-)(-)92MSP060B30A		3 inchØ	100	6	
(-)92PA0701317MSA	70.000	2 inchØ	65	6	
& (-)(-)92MSP070B30A	70,000	3 inchØ	100	6	
(-)92PA0851521MSA	84 000	2 inchØ	30	2	
& (-)(-)92MSP085C50A	84,000	3 inchØ	100	6	
(-)92PA1001521MSA	SA 98,000	2 inchØ	20	2**	
& (-)(-)92MSP100C50A		3 inchØ	100	6	
(-)92PA1151524MSA	112 000	2 inchØ	20	2**	
& (-)(-)92MSP115D50A	112,000	3 inchØ	85	6	
<u>NOTE:</u> The elbows needed for the vent termination are not counted in these lengths except at altitudes above 6,000 feet. Above 6,000 feet alternate horizontal vent termination elbows are to be included in the equivalent vent length.					
* This is the recommended maximum number of long sweep elbows for either 2 or 3 inch pipe. Combinations of long sweep 90s, standard 90s, or 45s may be used, but the manufacturer recommends the use of long sweep 90s whenever possible because the use of the maximum number of standard 90 and 45 elbows only may result in nuisance furnace outages due to individual installation specifics.					

Exceeding the recommended maximum number of elbows may cause nuisance operation of the pressure switch.

** Not applicable for alternate terminations.

GENERAL VENTING REQUIREMENTS AND GUIDELINES

VENT PIPE SIZING AND MAXIMUM VENT LENGTHS (cont.)

POLYPROPYLENE VENT PRODUCTS

Centrotherm brand *Innoflue* and Duravent *Polypro* Singlewall and flex venting products are approved for use on this furnace product only in single appliance applications. Do not exceed maximum venting lengths, diameters or elbows listed in these instructions (*Vent Pipe Sizing and Maximum Vent Lengths* section [Table 4]). Application of these products is limited to the terminations listed in Tables 5 and 6 below. These manufacturers have provisions for B-vent liners and chimney liners which can be used with this furnace with non-direct venting applications only. Refer to the manufacturer's installation instructions for proper installation. Contact manufacturer for all installation and application information.

NOTE: These venting products are listed for use in Canada under ULC-S636.

2" VENT	3"VENT	Description
2PPS-HTP	3PPS-HTP	Horizontal Direct-Vent Termination
2PPS-HST	3PPS-HST	Horizontal Non-Direct Termination
2PPS-VK, 2PPS- VK-TC	3PPS-VK, 3PPS- VK-TC	Vertical Concentric Kits
2PPS-HK	3PPS-HK	Horizontal Concentric Kits
2PPS-FK	3PPS-FK	Flex Chimney Lining Kit
2PPS-VFT	3PPS-VFT	Vertical Flex Termination Cap
2PPS-BV4, 2PPS-BV5, 2PPS-BV6	3PPS-BV5, 3PPS-BV6	B-VENT Adapter

TABLE 5: DURAVENT BRAND POLYPRO & POLYPRO FLEX TERMINATION COMPONENTS

TABLE 6: CENTROTHERM BRAND ECO SYSTEMS TERMINATION COMPONENTS

2" VENT	3"VENT	Description	Notes
ISCP02	ISCP03	Chimney Cover	For Use on Non-Direct Vent only. <u>DO NOT</u> use with a Direct-Vent Installation.
NA	ISCM03	Stainless Steel Chimney Cover	For Use on Non-Direct Vent only. <u>DO NOT</u> use with a Direct-Vent Installation.
IABC0204 thru IABC0207	IABC0304 thru IABC0307	B-Vent Rain Collar	For Use on on Non-Direct Vent only. <u>DO NOT</u> use with a Direct-Vent Installation.
ISLPT0202	ISLPT0303	Low-Profile Wall Termination	
ISTT0220	ISTT0320	Termination Tee	
ISEP02 & ISEP0239	ISEP03 & ISEP0339	End Pipe	
IFEP02	NA	2" Flex End Pipe	
NA	ICWT352	Plastic Concentric Wall Termination	Approved for Direct-Vent
ICW2413	ICW3513	Stainless Steel Concentric Wall Termination	Approved for Direct-Vent
ICRT2439	ICRT3539	Concentric Roof (Vertical) Termination	Approved for Direct-Vent