

codronepro



Codrone Pro Workshop Indiana Connected Educators 2019 - Noblesville High School





#INConnectED

Codrone Workbench Docs: <u>https://www.robolink.com/learn-codrone-pro/,</u> <u>https://edu.workbencheducation.com/partners/robolink</u>

Introduction to Codrone Blockly & standards: <u>https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1swfEXcM6I6wN1rCQWpcOMCeQ3nOXg4qI</u>

Codrone in the classroom: https://www.youtube.com/watch?time\_continue=47&v=Zz9MxG8wYuw

Codrone curriculum: https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1tTMjnsQEs4\_gdylysRi7HmMwGR4437M3

- 0 'Welcome'
- 1 Junior
- 2 Senior

Codrone Educator Guide:

https://docs.google.com/document/d/18H2tJvKk8Gjxdhn65j\_9\_B3PHUdA3\_UOhl8nrw3rb2c/edit Introduce Robolink PD resources w/Workbenchlearning.com Intro: https://edu.workbencheducation.com/cwists/cwistings/39756/40189

May want to create an account on Google Workbench

Support forums <a href="https://forum.robolink.com/">https://forum.robolink.com/</a>

Safety: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dPpJ21qlPnl</u>

How accurate are the flight paths? Depends on battery charge & age, wind, prop damage/obstructions, calibration, floor patterns, momentum!

Build Remote: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dPpJ21qlPnl</u>

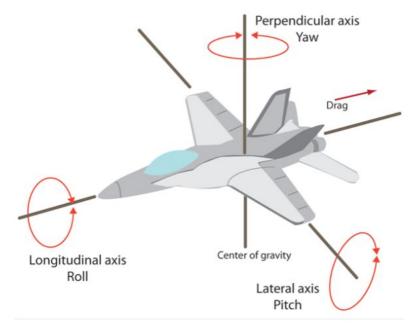
What does the remote do? Remote control features - note switch positions for different IDEs

Which way is forward?

Charging and Inserting battery, 4-6 minutes of flight time per full battery charge

What do all the flashing lights mean?

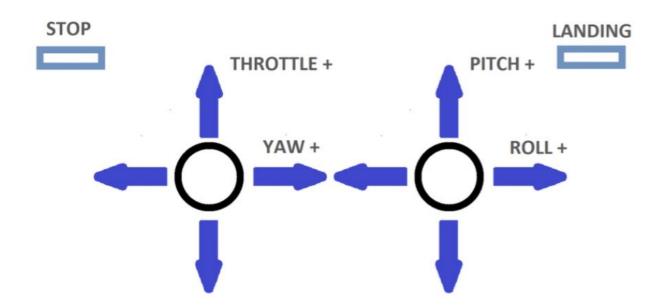
How does Yaw, Pitch, Roll work? Like floor robots + Z!



How to use the Joystick controller

Good batteries? Blue lights scroll when pairing and remain fixed when paired Pair with Drone - only one at a time! Green solid paired, green blinking not paired Red lights don't matter - you can change their color by programming! Kill switch - adjustment of potentiometer may be required - underside of upper left Also used as an Arduino programmed controller - one program at a time! 3 position dip switch: 1 up, 2-3 down for programming All three down for operation

Joystik overview <u>https://edu.workbencheducation.com/cwists/preview/38077x</u> Dip switch settings: <u>https://edu.workbencheducation.com/cwists/preview/38089x</u>



Current Technology is based on Bluetooth - working on RC adapters for more range, stability and greater number of connections!

Max 40' connection using Bluetooth

#### Arduino interface - IDE connection to remote via USB cable & Bluetooth to Drone Load the Codrone driver in Arduino:

https://raw.githubusercontent.com/RobolinkInc/Robolink/master/package\_rokit\_index.json

Controller upload mode: https://edu.workbencheducation.com/cwists/preview/38089x

lit Sketch 1	oois Heip			
	Auto Format Ctrl+T			
	Archive Sketch			
square_with_	Fix Encoding & Reload			
#include	Serial Monitor	Ctrl+Shift+M		
2	Serial Plotter	Ctrl+Shift+I		
8 void setu				
1 // put	WiFi101 Firmware Updater			
5 // Squa		22.24	Δ	
CoDrone		Board: "Rokit-SmartInventor-mega32_v2"		
CoDrone	Port >		Boards Manager Arduino AVR Boards	
CoDrone	Get Board Info			
CoDrone		Arduino Yún Arduino/Genuino Uno		
CoDrone CoDrone		Programmer: "USBtinyISP"		
2 delay(5t	Burn Bootloader	Arduino Duemilanove or Diecimila		
Participation and an and an and an and an and an	<pre>setRoll(-60);</pre>		Arduino Nano	
CoDrone.		Arduino/Genuino Mega or Mega 2560		
	<pre>setRoll(0);</pre>	Arduino Mega ADK		
delay(50	0);	Arduino Leonardo		
CoDrone.	<pre>setPitch(-60);</pre>			
CoDrone.	move (2);	Arduino Leonardo ETH		
CoDrone.	<pre>setPitch(0);</pre>	Arduino/Genuino Micro		
delay(50	0);	Arduino Esplora		

```
Sample Arduino - C++ Code
#include <CoDrone.h>
void setup() {
 // put your setup code here, to run once
 // Square code
 CoDrone.begin(115200);
 CoDrone.setThrottle(50);
 CoDrone.pair(Nearest);
 CoDrone.takeoff();
 CoDrone.setPitch(60);
 CoDrone.move(3);
 CoDrone.setPitch(0);
 delay(500);
 CoDrone.setRoll(-60);
 CoDrone.move(3);
 CoDrone.setRoll(0);
 delay(500);
 CoDrone.setPitch(-60);
 CoDrone.move(3);
 CoDrone.setPitch(0);
 delay(500);
 CoDrone.setRoll(60);
 CoDrone.move(3);
 CoDrone.setRoll(0);
 delay(500);
 CoDrone.setThrottle(0);
 CoDrone.land();
}
void loop() {
 // put your main code here, to run repeatedly:
}
```

**Python interface** - Bluetooth connection direct to Drone *through Chrome browser* <u>http://dev-support.robolink.com/</u> Installing Python - runs as a process and accessible in a browser

That one is for installing Python on Windows: <u>https://edu.workbencheducation.com/cwists/preview/37974x</u> This one is for installing Jupyter <u>https://edu.workbencheducation.com/cwists/preview/37922x</u> This one is for installing the bluetooth driver <u>https://edu.workbencheducation.com/cwists/preview/37918x</u>

Sample Python Code import CoDrone from time import sleep print("Creating drone object") drone = CoDrone.CoDrone() drone.pair("5265") # note that this is the Petrone ID # drone.takeoff() drone.set pitch(80) drone.move(1) drone.set pitch(0) sleep(1.5)drone.set roll(-80) drone.move(1) drone.set roll(0) sleep(1.5)drone.set pitch(-80) drone.move(1) drone.set pitch(0) sleep(1.5)drone.set roll(80) drone.move(0.5) drone.set roll(0) drone.land() drone.close()

Blockly interface - Bluetooth connection to drone <u>https://robolink.com/blockly/</u> <u>https://edu.workbencheducation.com/cwists/cwistings/39757/37902</u>

Tutorials for Junior and Advanced

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1tTMjnsQEs4\_gdylysRi7HmMwGR4437M3

Discuss limitations of Bluetooth - max 5 drones per 'nearby' drones (maybe 8 :)

Calibrating your drone: <u>https://edu.workbencheducation.com/cwists/preview/40185x</u> ...a patchy floor is desirable!

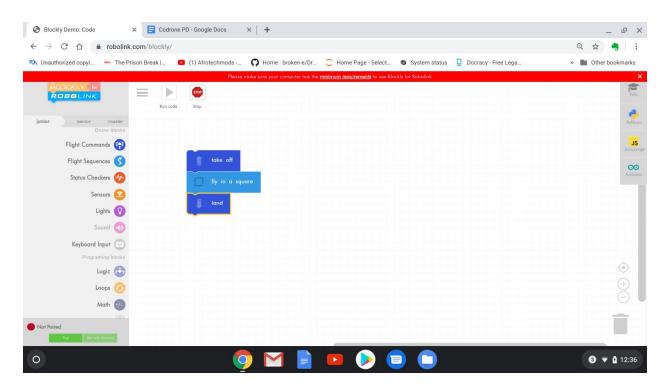
```
Connecting your Drone - depends on Chrome + Bluetooth extensions
```

Saving your code - need to enter name every time :(

Pro tip: type any name in the Save Dialog box, then wait for the file list to appear, then click on the name to over-write if you want to just update an existing file!

Pro tip: You can view Blockly + Python + C++ (Arduino)!

Fly in a square pattern the easy way



Fly in a square with a little more control

③ Learn CoDrone ×	(1) CoDrone in X Solution Blockly Demo: X Solution	OD_Introductio ×   🚍 Codrone PD - G ×   G snap	oshot scree × S 0D_Introductio ×	+ – • ×
		/Files/Downloads/0D_%20Introduction%20to%20Blo		☆ <b>3</b> :
αλ Unauthorized copyi 🐜 The Prison Break	(1) Afrotechmods Q Home · broken-e/Dr	C Home Page - Select 6 System status Docr	acy - Free Lega	» 🖿 Other bookmarks
	10/14/2019	0D: Introduction to Blackly		
		tukeo#()	×	
	Lintor serior moster		Potter	
	Flight Vordeles () Flight Vordel	de furre (MA - , 3) seconds, 650 %) movel (3) sec, 600 %, 50 %, 600 %,	(throme) (s)	
	Computer Vision 🔘 turn( left - , 💿 teconds, 💿 %	land()	Archiver	
	Status Checkers 🚱 hever( 💿 sec)			
	Lipha 🔞 Sound 🔕			
	Programmy Monks Keyboord Input		•	
	Logic 🚯 🛛 Loopa 🥝		() ()	
	Not Paired			
0				<b>G ▼ ■</b> 9:40
				9.40

Back and forth: note 'Turn Left for 2 seconds' is actually rotate counterclockwise (from the top looking down for 2 seconds)

	Codrone PD - Google Docs	×   +	_ @ ×
← → C ☆ 🔒 robolink.c			० 🕁 🧠 :
🖏 Unauthorized copyi 🐜 The Pris	on Break   🖸 (1) Afrotechmods	🎗 Home · broken-e/Dr Ĉ Home Page - Select 🐞 System status 📮 Docracy - Free Lega	» 🖿 Other bookmarks
BLOCKLY for ROBOLINK	= 🕨 💿 🥤	take off	Tuts
junior senior master Drone blocks	Run code Stop	epent fimes	Python
Flight Commands 🙌	•	go forward for 2 seconds	<b>JS</b> Javascript
Flight Sequences 🔇		C turn left for 2 seconds at 50 % power	00
Status Checkers 🐠		go forward for 2 seconds	Arduino
Sensors 📀		C' turn left for [2] seconds at 50 % power	
Lights 🔞		go forward for 2 seconds	
Sound			
Keyboard Input		C turn left for 2 seconds at 50 % power	
Logic 🖶		go forward for 2 seconds	$\odot$
Loops 👩		move( 1 sec, roll %, pitch %, yaw %, 60 %)	+
Math 🖅		land	
Timing (			-
Not Paired Pair with Previous			_
0	(	0 📉 🖹 💶 🕟 🗐 🗂	2 🔻 12:33

Troubleshooting: https://www.robolink.com/codrone-troubleshooting/

Prop replacement - mind the spin direction!



Blue propellers are marked A - Red propellers are marked B

For more info contact me anytime - kim@1stmakerspace.com

This PDF (including links) can be downloaded from https://1stmakerspace.com/pages/downloads

# Sample 5E Lesson Format Flight Events Grades 4-8 Designed by Robolink

# Summary:

Students will be able to fly their drones! However, they will need to understand how a drone is able to fly in order to use the right commands in their programming. This lesson will go over takeoff and landing.

# **Guiding Question(s):**

How is a drone able to fly and stay in the air? How will each flight command help you control your drone?

# Learning Objectives:

Students will be able to:

- Explain how a drone takes off, flies, and lands
- Create and run a program in Blockly so a drone can take off, hover, and land
- Create and run a program in Blockly that has a drone do pushups within a time constraint
- Engineer a solution to lifting as large of a payload as possible

## Materials needed:

- CoDrones with batteries (1 drone for 2 students, or 1:1 if there are enough drones)
- Technology for showing online videos with sound and shared screens
- Laptops or desktop computers with internet access
- Engineering journal or worksheets

## Standards:

### CCSS:

ELA-LITERACY.RI.4.7: Interpret information presented visually, orally, or quantitatively (e.g., in charts, graphs, diagrams, time lines, animations, or interactive elements on Web pages) and explain how the information contributes to an understanding of the text in which it appears.

ELA-LITERACY.RI.5.7: Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently.

<u>ELA-LITERACY.RI.6.7</u>: Integrate information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words to develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue.

<u>ELA-LITERACY.RST.6-8.3</u>: Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.

<u>ELA-LITERACY.RST.6-8.7</u>: Integrate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text with a version of that information expressed visually (e.g., in a flowchart, diagram, model, graph, or table).

ELA-LITERACY.RST.6-8.9: Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.

<u>MATH.PRACTICE.MP5</u>: Use appropriate tools strategically.

MATH.PRACTICE.MP7: Look for and make use of structure.

#### NGSS:

<u>3-5-ETS1-1</u>: Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.

<u>MS-ETS1-1</u>: Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.

### CSTA:

<u>1B-CS-03</u>: Determine potential solutions to solve simple hardware and software problems using common troubleshooting strategies.

<u>1B-AP-15</u>: Test and debug (identify and fix errors) a program or algorithm to ensure it runs as intended.

<u>1B-AP-17</u>: Describe choices made during program development using code comments, presentations, and demonstrations.

<u>2-CS-03</u>: Systematically identify and fix problems with computing devices and their components.

### ISTE:

<u>5D</u>: Students understand how automation works and use algorithmic thinking to develop a sequence of steps to create and test automated solutions.

<u>6A</u>: Students choose the appropriate platforms and tools for meeting the desired objectives of their creation or communication.

## **Curriculum Overview**

#### Lesson Title: Flight Events

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

#### Concepts:

- Interpreting visual, oral, and text information
- Following multi-step and complex directions
- Problem-solving
- Using appropriate tools strategically
- Constructing programs

### **Engagement: (Introduction)**

 CoDrones are quadcopters, which are based off of (much larger) helicopters. Demonstrate the CoDrone taking off and landing, and then have students read the article below. How are a helicopter, and the CoDrone, able to take off, hover, and land? Have students explore Blockly together and ask what menus and blocks they think they will need to have their CoDrone perform these tasks.
 Article: What Is a Helicopter?

### Exploration: (Activity)

• Have students complete <u>1A: Flight Events</u> in Robolink Basecamp. Students might need to increase wait time to fully see the drone hovering. Hold a small competition to see which student can get their CoDrone to do the most drone pushups in 10 seconds!

### Explanation: (Recap)

• Ask students to use pseudocode to explain to a partner how they got their drone to take off, hover, and land in Blockly using both their own words and the appropriate academic language.

### **NGSS Extension**

 Ask the top three winners of the payload challenge to demonstrate their engineering. Ask the class to think of what in their design allowed their CoDrones to lift heavier payloads. How would they redesign their engineering to lift a heavier payload?

### Elaboration: (Extension)

• Have students find different ways to modify their CoDrone pushup program.

This will most likely be just changing the delay time.

### NGSS Extension

 Show students the video below about drone delivery in the Australian outback. Afterwards, ask for other situations when drones would need to make deliveries. What problems could arise?
 Video: Project Wing tests real world drone deliveries in Australia.

Video: <u>Project Wing tests real-world drone deliveries in Australia</u>
Explain the payload challenge to students: they need to find a way to have their

• Explain the payload challenge to students: they need to find a way to have their CoDrones lift a payload when they run the takeoff and landing code. Supply materials like sewing thread, magnets, tape, Legos, pipe cleaners, and anything else that might be able to be used without damaging the drone. When students are finished engineering, they can attach their payload to their drone, take off, and land. Have them add more to their payload until they are no longer able. Weigh each of the payloads. Whoever has the highest wins!

### Evaluation:

- In a journal or on a worksheet have students answer the following questions. Examples of engineering portfolios are available on <u>Google Sites</u> and <u>ProjectBoard</u>.
- 1. Scientifically, how is your CoDrone able to take off?
- 2. Explain your flight event program using pseudocode. Why did you choose to make your program the way you did?
- 3. How did changing your CoDrone pushup code affect its flight?
- 4. Did you have any problems running your code or using your drone? If so, what did you do to fix them?
- 5. What did you learn?
- 6. (only if payload challenge was completed) Explain the engineering behind the payload challenge. Why did you choose the materials and design that you did? How would you redesign your engineering in order to lift a heavier payload?

**Related Vocabulary:** air pressure, airfoil, block, Blockly, code, flight event, hover, landing, lift, menu, program, propeller, pseudocode, rotor, takeoff, value