SDS NO: 4029



1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE PRODUCT AND COMPANY

Product Details:

Product Name Alkyd Primer Undercoat

Other Names(s) N/A
Recommended Use Paint
Product Code DG-3002

DG Class/es 3 UN No: 1263

Supplier Details:

Company APCO COATINGS (NZ) LIMITED

Address 14 Ron Driver Place, East Tamaki, Auckland 2163, New

Telephone 09 273 3041 Fax 09 273 3045

E Mail <u>contact@apconz.co.nz</u>
Web <u>www.apcocoatings.co.nz</u>

Emergency Telephone Numbers:

NZ POISON 0800 POISON (0800 764 766) **CHEMWATCH** 0800 CHEMCALL (0800 243 622)

NZ Emergency Services

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Clasification of the mixture:

Hazchem Category:

3.1C,6.1D,6.1E,6.3A, 6.3B,6.4A,,6.5B,6.6A,6.7B,6.8B,6.9A,6.9B, 9.1A,9.1B,9.2A,9.3C **GHS Classification & Legend:** Information extracted from the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) and the HSNO Act equivalent

Determined By Chemwatch us-Inf: No information at hand

HSNO-Physical 3.1C Substance is harmful through combustion

GHS Category 3

HSNO-Health 6.1D Substance is Acutely toxic if exposed through the skin, ingested or inhaled.

GHS Category 4

HSNO-Health 6.1E Substance is toxic if exposed through the skin, ingested or inhaled.

GHS Category 5

HSNO-Health 6.3 A, Skin corrosion/irritation

GHS Category 2

HSNO-Health 6.3B Skin corrosion/irritation

GHS Category 3

HSNO-Health 6.4A Causes eye irritation /damage

• GHS Categories 2A and 2B HSNO-Health 6.5 B, Skin Sensitisation

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• GHS Category 1

HSNO-Health 6.6A, Can cause germ cell mutagenicity

GHS Category 1A and 1B

HSNO-Health 6.7B, Substance is harmful as a carcegin and may cause cancer

GHS Category 2

HSNO-Health 6.8B, Substance is toxic to reproductive systems

GHS Category 2

HSNO-Health 6.9A, Substance is toxic to specific organs through repeated exposure.

Category 1

HSNO-Health 6.9B, Substance is toxic to specific organs through a single exposure

• GHS Category 1 and 2

HSNO-Environmental 9.1A, Substance is acutely toxic to the aquatic environment

GHS Category 1

HSNO-Environmental 9.1B, Substance is chronically toxic to the aquatic environment

• GHS Category 2

HSNO- Environmental 9.2A, Substance is exotoxic to soil environments

GHS Category N/A

HSNO- Environmental 9.3C, Substance is toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

GHS Category N/A

Visible Identification:

GHS Label:











Danger Keep out of the reach of Childern.

Hazard Statement:

As of March 2009, the relevant New Zealand regulations under the <u>Hazardous</u> <u>Substances and New Organisms Act 1996</u> do not specify the exact wording required for hazard statements. The following hazards recognised by the GHS apply to this product with the severity dependant on the exposure levels:

Physical Hazard(s)

• H226: Harmful if swallowed.

Health Hazard(s)

- H303: Harmful if swallowed.
- H304: Maybe fatal if swallowed and enters the airways
- H315: Causes skin irritation.
- H316: Causes mild skin irritation
- H317: May cause and allergic skin reaction
- H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
- H332: Harmful if inhaled.

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- H333: May be harmfull if inhaled
- H335: May cause respiratory irritation
- H340: May cause genetic deffects
- H350: May cause cancer
- H351: Suspected of causing cancer.
- H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
- H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Enviromental Hazard(s)

• H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects..

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION OF INGREDIENTS

Components Alkyd Resin Naptha Heavy,	CAS Number	Proportion 13-20%	
Hydrodesulphurised	64742-82-1	20-40%	
Xylene	1330-20-7	<1.5%	
Ethyl Benzene Meko Titanium Dioxide Innert fillers Calcium Octoate 2-ethylhexanoic	100-41-4 96-29-7 13463-67-7 Mixture 6107-56-8 22464-99-9	<0.4% 0.7% 12-18% 30-40% <0.4%	
acid,Zirconium salt Cobalt salt of carboxylic Acid	136-52-7	<0.6%	
Other Additives		<2%	

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures:

Eye Contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water and remove contacts where possible, ensure that the eyes are flushed for 15 minutes with the eyes wide open. If the person still feels unwell or irritation persists then take those exposed to the doctor.
Skin Contact	Immediately wash affected area on the skin with soap and water for 20 minutes and ensure clothing and footwear is removed immediately if possible. Seek medical advice if large areas of skin are involved or irritation persists.
Inhalation	Exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause eye and respiratory tract irritation, headaches, dizziness, nausea, uncoordination, drowsiness, and loss of consciousness. Immediately remove the person to a fresh air environment away from harm. If their breathing is difficult give them oxygen

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and or give cardiopulmonary Resusitation if breathing has stopped. If breathing difficulties persist take them to the doctor immediately.

Ingestion (Swallowed)

If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Get medical attention. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, hold patients head below hips to avoid possible aspiration of vomitus into lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. seek medical advice immediately

Advice to Doctors: Treat according to symptoms. Repeated or prolonged exposure by inhalation to mixed hydrocarbons may result in dizziness, weakness, irritability, lack of concentration and memory loss, tremor of extremities, e.g. fingers, weight loss, anemia, ill-effects to liver and kidneys.

Auditory system effects may include temporary hearing loss and/or ringing in the ears. This product is suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. In addition it may cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Emergency overview:

For advice in an emergency, contact the Poisons Information Centre or **if** breathing difficulties are acute take those affected to the doctor or A&E immediately.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Hazards from combustion products:

This Product is flammable with a flashpoint of 41°C Under fire conditions this product may emit toxic and/or irritating fumes, smoke and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and oxides of nitrogen.

Extinguishing Media:

Water fog, water spray, dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide

Precautions in connection with fire:

Fire fighters should wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode. In case of fire the product may be violently or explosively reactive. Use water spray to disperse vapours. This product should be prevented from entering drains and water courses.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Clear area of all unprotected personnel and notify the local authorities where contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise emergency services. Wear full protective equipment and respirators where mist or vapors exist in unknown quantities.

- · If inhalation risk exists, use local exhaust ventilation.
- · Vapours are heavier than air.

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Place a barrier between the workers and the hazard.

Large amounts:

Do not allow the product to enter drains, sewers or waterways. Dike and soak up with inert material such as dry sand, and vermiculite. Remove liquid to containers for recovery and separate inert material to containers away from the recovered liquid. Ensure the clean up of this material in accordance with local authority bylaws.

Disposal and cleaning of equipment:

Dispose of waste generated from the clean up of this material in accordance with local authority bylaws. All cleaning aides and equipment must be cleaned without letting the waste run into waterways, drains and sewers, tools used to clean up must be non sparking.

Methods and materials for containment and clean up:

Dispose of waste generated from the clean up of this material in accordance with local authority bylaws. All cleaning aides and equipment must be non sparking and cleaned in accordance with national, regional and local authority bylaws

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Wear overalls, impervious gloves and safety glasses.

Precautions for safe handling:

- Read product label before use.
- This product and vapours are highly flammable.
- Do not open near open flame, sources of heat or ignition.
- No smoking.
- Keep container closed and Handle containers with care.
- Open slowly to control possible pressure release.
- Material will accumulate static discharge so use grounding leads to avoid discharge (electrical spark) spark-free tools and equipment suitable for flammables.
- Do not use plastic buckets.
- Use outdoors or in well-ventilated area.
- Wear personal protective equipment.
- Wash hands with soap and water after handling.
- Wash protective clothing separate to household laundry.

Conditions for safe storage:

- Keep out of reach of children.
- This product will fuel a fire ,Do not store near acids and keep away from oxidising agents
- Store in cool, dry, well ventilated place and out of direct sunlight Keep container tightly closed.

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- Store at room temperature-do not freeze
- Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
- Segregate from food and feed sources
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Do Not contaminate drinking water, through storage or disposal.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Health Exposure Standards:

Source	Material Name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	XXXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXX	XXXXX

Exposure Controls: wear the appropriate PPE

Personal Protection











9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance White Odour solvent Odour Solubility in water (g/l) immicible Flash Point (°C) 41°C **Boiling Point (°C)** 150 °C Melting point / freezing point (°C) Not applicable Vapour Pressure (Pa) at 20degC 370 Specific Gravity (Kg/Ltr) 1.4-1.45Kg/L % of Volatile (wt) Not available рН Not applicable VOC (g/l) Not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- Chemical Stability: Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling
- **Hazardous reactions:** There is a possibility of explosion if subject to heat sources or open flame and sparks.
- Conditions to avoid: Store away from, heat, flames and sparks.

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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects:

Ingestion: may cause vomiting and aspiration into lungs and cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary odema. If swallowed, symptoms may include headaches, nausea, dizziness and tracheal burning.

Eye Contact: This product may be irritating to the eyes resulting in tearing and redness but will not permanently damage eye tissue.

Skin Contact: This product can be moderately irritating to the skin. Prolonged or repeated exposure may defat skin leading to drying, cracking and possibly non-allergenic contact dermatitis.

Inhalation: Vapours may cause discomfort or irritation to the upper respiratory tract. Symptoms of over-exposure may be coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, drowsiness and dizziness.

Chronic Effects: Repeated or prolonged exposure by inhalation to mixed hydrocarbons may result in dizziness, weakness, irritability, lack of concentration and memory loss, tremor of extremities, e.g. fingers, weight loss, anemia, ill-effects to liver and kidneys. Auditory system effects may include temporary hearing loss and/or ringing in the ears.

Toxicity: This product is suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. In addition it may cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: Do not discharge product to sewer, drains or waterways.

Aquatic toxicity: This product has been classified as being toxic to aquatic life with long-term effects.

Persistence/degradability: Not expected to be persistent or bioaccumulative. However contains components that may not be readily biodegradable. Degrades rapidly in air.

Mobility: Product is not miscible with water however is highly mobile in soil and may contaminate groundwater.

Product is highly volatile and will evaporate to air.

Large amounts:

Do not allow the product to enter drains, sewers or waterways. Dike and soak up with inert material such as dry sand, vermiculite. Remove liquid to containers for recovery and separate inert material to containers using non spark equipment and away from the recovered liquid. Ensure the clean up of this material in accordance with local authority bylaws.

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Disposal and cleaning of equipment:

Empty packaging should be taken for recycling, recovery or disposal through a suitably qualified or licensed contractor. Care should be taken to ensure compliance with national, regional and local authority regulations. Packaging may still contain product vapours. Allow container to dry before disposal. Do not use container for storing other products. **Do Not** let clean up residue enter storm water, sewers or waterways and clean up in accordance with national, regional and local authority regulations.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods:

Dispose of product through waste management facility for solvent recovery or disposal, e.g. by incineration. Always follow the waste treatment procedures of national, regional and local authority regulations. Ensure that authorised contractors and or approved handlers dispose of the product and its containers.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Required visible identification (Labels):

GHS Label:















HAZCHEM 3Y

Land Transport (UN):

UN Number: 1263
Packing Group: III
UN proper shipping name Paint

Environmental hazard contain and follow spill information clause (6)

Transport hazard class(es) Class 6 and 9 and must comply with the Rail / Land

Transport Rule 45001/1 & NZS 5433

Special precautions N/A

Air Transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR):

UN Number 1263
Packing Group III
UN proper shipping name Paint

Environmental hazard contain and follow spill information clause (6)

Transport hazard class(es) Class 6 and 9 and must comply with

AirCivil Aviation Rule Part 92, ICAODangerous Goods

NZ and International

Special precautions N/A

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Sea Transport (IMDG-Code / GGV See):

UN Number 1263
Packing Group III
UN proper shipping name Paint

Environmental hazard contain and follow spill information clause (6)

Transport hazard class(es) Class 6 and 9 and must comply with

Sea Maritime Rule 24A and IMDG Dangerous Goods

NZ and International

Special precautions N/A

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Reference material:

- EPA January 2012 EPA0094, Labelling of hazardous substance.
- EPA January 2012 EPA0125, Correlation between GHS and New Zealand HSNO Hazard Classes and Categories.
- HSNO act 1996 and Dangerous Goods 2005 and all subsequent amendments.
- Workplace Eposure Standards for Airborne containments (ISBN 978-1-74361-055-8) Online pdf
- Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at work Regulations 2016
- Sea Maritime Rule 24A and IMDG Dangerous Goods NZ and International
- · AirCivil Aviation Rule Part 92, ICAODangerous GoodsNZ and International
- · Rail Land Transport Rule 45001/1 & NZS 5433

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16. OTHER INFORMATION

Definitions and abbreviations:

CAS No Chemical Abstract Number

ERMA Environmental Risk Management Authority

PC-TWA Permissible Concentration – Time Weighted Avarage PC-STEL Permissible Concentration – Shot Term Exposure Limit

HSNO Hazaradous Substance and New Organisms

WES Workplace Exposure Standard

TEEL Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit

IDLH Immediately Dangarous to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF Odur Safety Factor

NOAEL
No Observed Adverse Effect Level
LOAEL
Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV Threshold Limit Value
LOD Limit Of Detection
OTV Odur Threshold Value
BCF BioConcentration Factors
BEI Biological Exposure Index
STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

Note:

The information in this SDS was obtained from sources, which we believe were reliable at the time of creating this SDS. However, the information is provided without any presentation or warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its accuracy. The information and recommendations herein, are to the best of our knowledge, true and accurate. No Warranty, express or implied is made or intended.

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