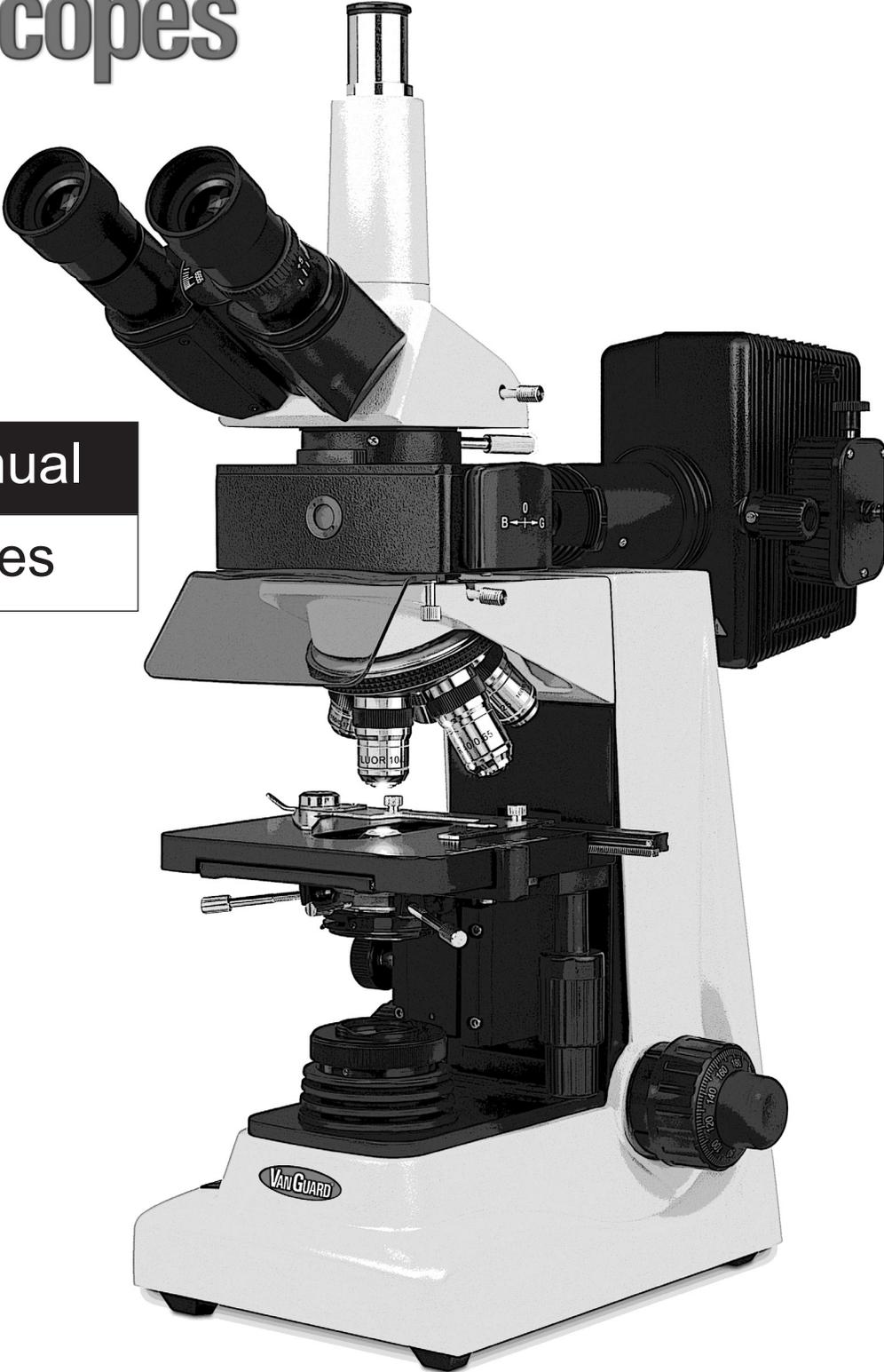


VAN GUARD[®]

Microscopes

Operation Manual
1400FLi Series

Covering Models:
1482FLi & 1486FLi





Introduction

Thank you for purchasing this VanGuard Microscope. With the user in mind, VanGuard Microscopes are built from modern designs and should provide a lifetime of reliable performance. We recommend you read this entire manual carefully before setting up and using the instrument.

1400FLi Series Fluorescence Microscopes

The 1400FLi Series infinity corrected fluorescence microscopes are the flagship of the Vanguard microscope line. Combining top performance with highly-advanced features and optics, the 1400FLi Series models produce fluorescence images of the utmost in clarity. Choose from brightfield or phase contrast/ brightfield/darkfield.

Viewing Head. Trinocular (Seidentopf) heads rotate 360° and are inclined at 30°. Both models feature interpupillary and dioptic adjustment. The heads feature a sliding main prism (70/30 split) to provide full-time imaging when the vertical tube is in use.

Eyeieces. 10X high eyepoint, widefield with an 18.5mm field of view.

Nosepiece. Quintuple, reversed, ball-bearing nosepiece with high-grade lubricant and positive stops. The nosepiece is reversed (inward-facing) to allow for easier manipulation of slides and to aid in keeping the objectives clean.

Objectives. Plan achromatic, fluorescence objectives come standard on both models. Model 1482FLi features plan achromatic brightfield objectives. Model 1486FLi features plan achromatic phase contrast objectives. All objectives are infinity corrected and are light-reflective coated.

Stage. Delivering a high level of fluid motion control and longevity, the stage measures 160mm x 140mm, and features a removable spring-clip slide holder and a chemical-resistant finish. Motion is controlled by a right-hand, low-position coaxial control and is driven by a rack and pinion system.

Focusing Movement. Coaxial, ultra low-position coarse and fine focus controls feature a 40mm focusing range and are graduated to 2 microns per division. Fitted with tension adjustment and safety autostop.

Condenser. Model 1482FLi comes with a 1.25 N.A. Abbe Condenser. Model 1486FLi comes with a 1.25 N.A. Zernike condenser with phase annulus rings for 10X/20X, 40X and 100X; also has brightfield and darkfield stops. All condensers are mounted on a rack and pinion focusing mechanism and feature spring-loaded centering knobs and an iris diaphragm.

Lower Illumination. 20W variable quartz halogen light source. Comes with blue, green (model 1486FLi only), and dispersion filters.

Upper Illumination. Features a 100W HBO mercury light source mounted to the rear of the microscope and protected by a sturdy, all-metal housing. The lamp is easily focused and centered with the front-mounted lamp viewer. External power supply provides constant, even light and features an electronic timer which automatically logs the amount of time the mercury lamp is in use.

Fluorescence Filters. Features a 3-position (2 filter positions and 1 OFF position), sliding filter cube assembly. Fluorescence models come standard with 2 broadcast filters (blue & green). Custom fluorescence filters available (contact us or your dealer for more details).

Base. Stable 225mm x 160mm base fitted with anti-skid rubber feet.

Body. Cast-metal ergonomic body with stain-resistant enamel finish.

Table of Contents	
Introduction:	2
Parts & Accessories	
Included Parts:.....	3
Optional Accessories:.....	4
Microscope Diagrams:.....	5
Setup	
Assembly:.....	7
Aligning the Condenser:.....	11
Alignment of Mercury Lamp.....	10
Aligning the Phase Contrast Annulus Rings.....	12
Using your 1400FLi Series Microscope	
Focusing & Mechanical Stage Mechanisms:.....	13
Setting the Up-Stop Mechanism.....	13
Interpupillary & Diopter Adjustments:.....	14
Oil Immersion Objectives:.....	14
Using the Camera Port:.....	15
External Power Supply.....	16
Replacing the Power Supply Fuse.....	16
Fluorescence Viewing.....	17
Maintenance	
Replacing the Lower Lamp:.....	18
Replacing the Microscope Fuse:.....	18
Replacement Light Bulb/Fuse Information:.....	18
Specifications:	19
Warranty:	20



See warranty details on page 20 for more information.
Warranty card available at:
www.veege.com/pages/technical-support-service



Parts & Accessories

Included Parts:

Model 1482FLi

Trinocular Head (1 ea.)
Stand (1 ea.)
Brightfield Condenser (1 ea.)
Epi-Illumination Assembly (1 ea.)
External Power Supply (1 ea.)
10X High Eyepoint Eyepieces (2 ea.)
4X Infinity Corrected, UV Pass Plan Objective (1 ea.)
10X Infinity Corrected, UV Pass Plan Objective (1 ea.)
40X Infinity Corrected, UV Pass Plan Objective (1 ea.)
100X Infinity Corrected, UV Pass Plan Objective (1 ea.)
UV Shield (1 ea.)
Neutral Filter (1 ea.)
Blue Filter (1 ea.)
External Power Supply Cable (1 ea.)
Power Cord (2 ea.)
100W Mercury Lamp (1 ea.)
Spare 20W Halogen Lamp (1 ea.)
Spare Fuse, 0.25A, 250V (2 ea.) [Microscope]
Spare Fuse, 8A, 250V (2 ea.) [External Power Supply]
Eyecups (2 ea.)
Tension Wrench (1 ea.)
Dust Cover (1 ea.)
Instruction Manual (1 ea.)

Model 1486FLi

Trinocular Head (1 ea.)
Stand (1 ea.)
Phase Contrast/Brightfield/Darkfield Condenser (1 ea.)
Phase Contrast Centering Telescope (1 ea.)
Epi-Illumination Assembly (1 ea.)
External Power Supply (1 ea.)
10X High Eyepoint Eyepieces (2 ea.)
10X Plan Phase Objective (1 ea.)
20X Plan Phase Objective (1 ea.)
40X Plan Phase Objective (1 ea.)
100X Plan Phase Objective (1 ea.)
4X Infinity Corrected, UV Pass Plan Objective (1 ea.)
10X Infinity Corrected, UV Pass Plan Objective (1 ea.)
40X Infinity Corrected, UV Pass Plan Objective (1 ea.)
100X Infinity Corrected, UV Pass Plan Objective (1 ea.)
UV Shield (1 ea.)
100W Mercury Lamp (1 ea.)
Halogen Lamp (1 ea.)
Neutral Filter (1 ea.)
Blue Filter (1 ea.)
Green Filter (1 ea.)
External Power Supply Cable (1 ea.)
Power Cord (2 ea.)
Spare Fuse, 0.25A, 250V (2 ea.) [Microscope]
Spare Fuse, 8A, 250V (2 ea.) [External Power Supply]
Eyecups (2 ea.)
Tension Wrench (1 ea.)
Dust Cover (1 ea.)
Instruction Manual (1 ea.)

VAN GUARD® Parts & Accessories

Optional Accessories:

Digital Camera Systems:

Part Number:	Description:
1400-CDPC-10	USB Color Digital Camera System, 10 Megapixels
1400-CDPC-5	USB Color Digital Camera System, 5 Megapixels
1400-CDPC-3	USB Color Digital Camera System, 3 Megapixels

Other Accessories:

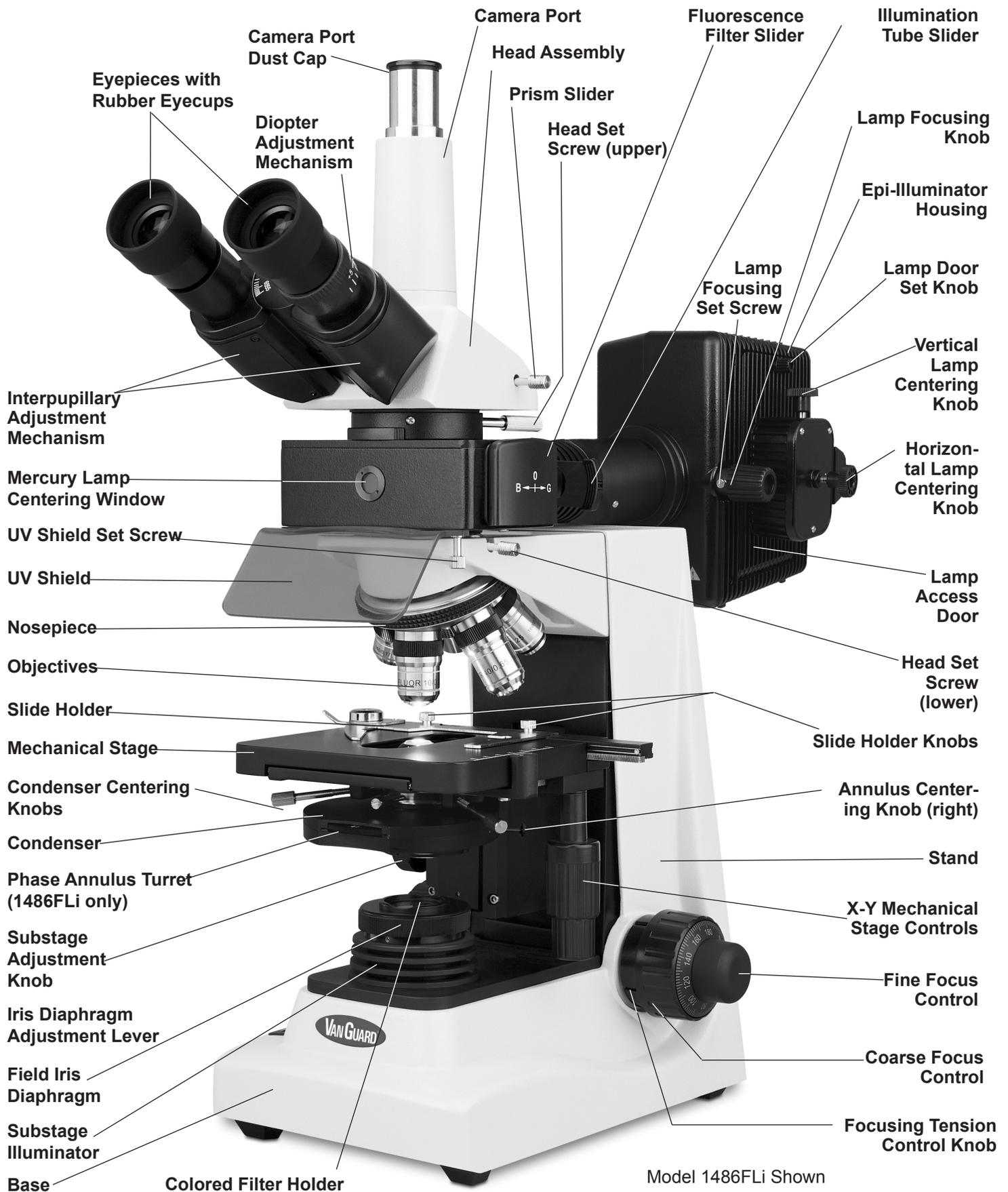
Part Number:	Description:
Call for Part Numbers	Eyepieces (15X, 20X)
Call for Part Numbers	Objectives: Plan Achromatic, Brightfield: 4X, 10X, 20X, 40X, 50X, 60X, 100X (oil) Plan Achromatic, Phase: 10X, 20X, 40X, 100X (oil)
1200-IOG	Immersion Oil, Low Viscosity (1/4 oz. Bottle)
Call for Details	Custom Fluorescence Filters



For information about parts, accessories, or service -- contact your dealer directly or contact VanGuard Microscopes at 1-800-423-8842.



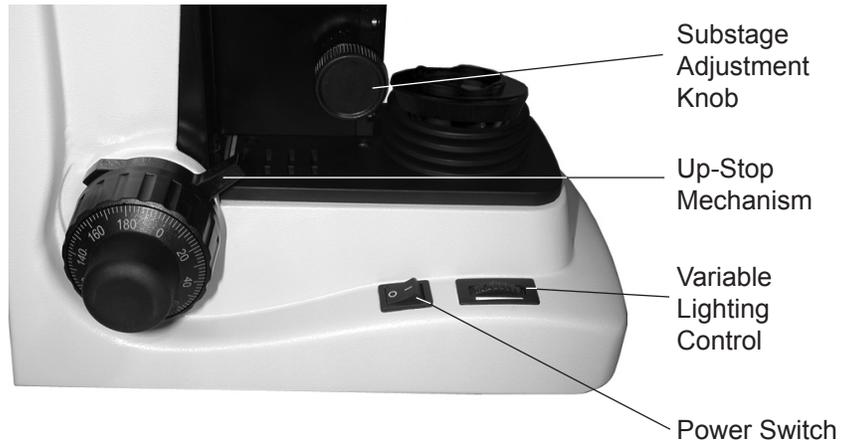
1400FLi Series Parts



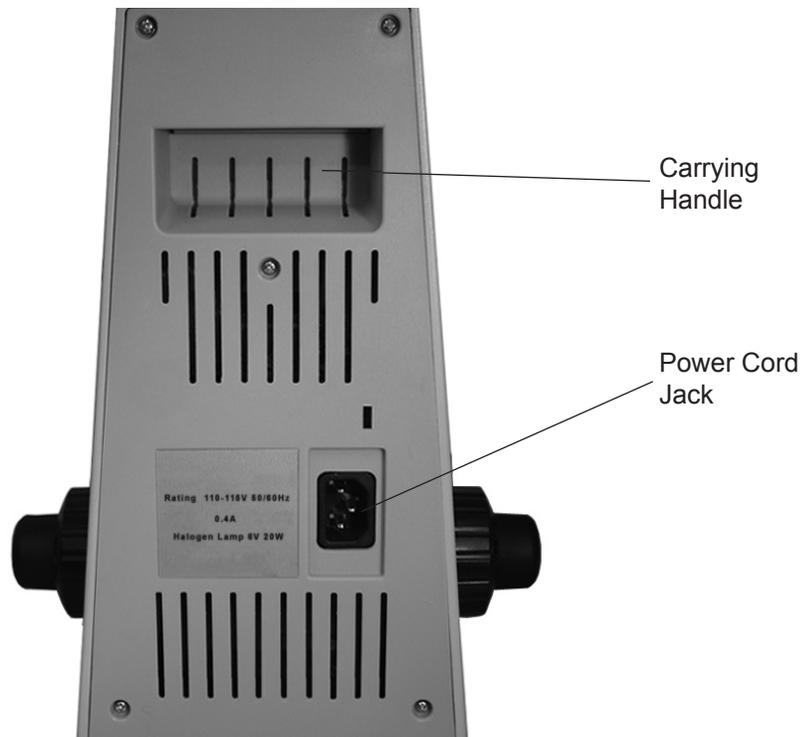


1400FLi Series Parts

1400FLi Series Base, Left Side View



1400FLi Series Stand, Rear View



Pictures and descriptions of the external power supply are shown on page 16.

VAN GUARD® Setup

The next 4 pages are dedicated to assembling a working microscope. The following section, “Using your 1400FLi Series Microscope” (starting on page 13) explains the various features of the microscope and how to use them.

Assembly

1. After removing the microscope parts from the protective foam packaging and checking it over for all components and accessories (a list is provided on page 3), you can begin assembly.
2. Place the stand on a stable counter top.
3. Place the epi-illuminator housing assembly on top of the stand so that the dovetail flange slides into place. Secure with the head set screw (see figure 1a).

NOTE: Do not release the epi-illuminator housing assembly until it is firmly secured with the head set screw.

4. Place the head assembly on top of the epi-illuminator housing assembly so that the dovetail flange slides into place. Secure with the knurled head set screw (upper) (see figure 2a).

NOTE: Do not release the head until it is firmly secured with the head set screw (upper).

NOTE: The head may be installed directly on the stand if the epi-fluorescence illuminator will not be used.

5. Remove the packing cap from the microscope head trinocular port and attach the camera port to the head assembly by turning in a clockwise direction until tight (see figure 3a).

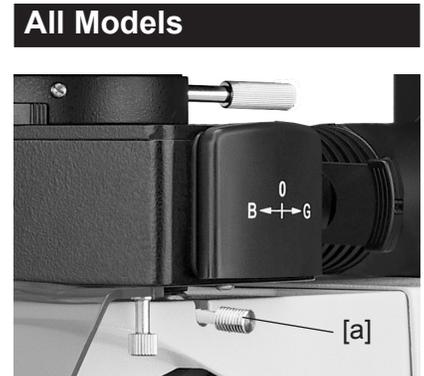


Figure 1



Figure 2

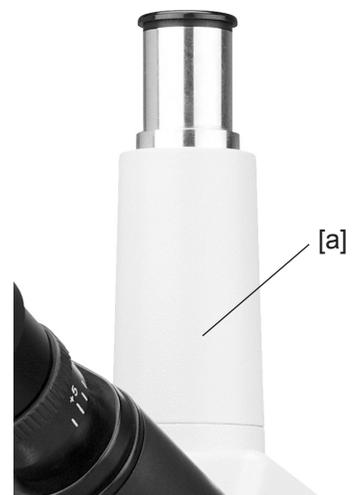


Figure 3

VAN GUARD® Setup

Assembly (continued)

6. Attach the UV shield to the bottom front of the epi-illuminator housing assembly with the UV shield set screw (see figure 4a).



Figure 4

7. Slide the eyepieces into the eyetubes and attach eyecups (see figure 5).



Figure 5

8. After removing the objectives from their storage containers, individually install each one into the nosepiece by twisting them clockwise into the threaded holes of the nosepiece (see figure 6).



Figure 6

The next 4 steps describe how to install the condenser. With most microscopes the condenser comes pre-installed. If this is the case skip ahead to step 13.

9. Raise the substage and stage to their maximum height. Raise the stage via the coarse/fine focus controls (see figure 7a), and the substage using the substage adjustment knob (see figure 7b).
10. Loosen the condenser set screw (see figure 7c) enough to allow the neck of the condenser to slide through the silver ring.



Figure 7

VAN GUARD® Setup

Assembly (continued)

11. Slide the neck of the condenser up through the silver ring of the condenser mount until it will go no further (see figure 8). Make sure that the text “NA 1.25” is facing upward. If the condenser will not slide freely through the silver ring do not force, simply wiggle the condenser while lightly pushing up. It may be necessary to loosen the *up-stop* mechanism in order to gain sufficient substage clearance (refer to the instructions on page 13).
12. Once the condenser assembly is in place, lower the substage via the substage adjustment knob and tighten the condenser set screw.

Note: *The brightfield condenser (model 1482FLi) is pictured, but the assembly instructions are identical for the phase contrast condenser (1486FLi).*



Figure 8

WARNING: DO NOT open the housing assembly while the illuminator is in operation or when it is connected to the power supply. When replacing, allow the lamp to cool for an extended period of time.

13. Remove the epi-illuminator *lamp bracket access door* (see figure 9a) from the *epi-illuminator housing* by loosening the lamp door setscrew (see figure 9b) at the top of the lamp bracket access door (located on the right side of the housing). Once loosened, lift the access door up and away from the housing.



Figure 9

14. The epi-illuminator lamp bracket is shipped with a protective, insulating blank mounted in place of the lamp in the lamp-mounting sockets (see figure 10a). This must be removed and replaced by a lamp to operate the unit. Loosen the two lamp mounting screws and slide out the blank.

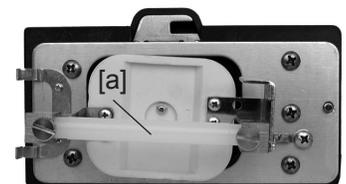


Figure 10

15. A 100W HBO Mercury Lamp comes with the unit. Remove the lamp from its protective packaging.

Note: *Do not touch the glass bulb directly, as fingerprints can etch the quartz housing which decreases the bulb's life and performance. If contact is made with the glass bulb, clean with rubbing alcohol and dry thoroughly.*



Figure 11

16. The lamp is polarized (one end is larger than the other). Insert the large end through the flexible mounting socket, but do not tighten the set screw (see figure 11).

VAN GUARD® Setup

Assembly (continued)

17. When the large end is in the flexible mounting socket, manipulate the flexible mounting socket to get the small end into the stationary mounting socket (see figure 12).
18. Push the small end in as far as it will go and then tighten the set screw on the stationary mounting socket.
19. Adjust the flexible mounting socket so that the set screw is over the metal end of the lamp, then tighten the set screw.
20. Place the entire assembly back inside the epi-illuminator housing and secure it in place with the lamp door set screw. Make certain there are no gaps between the lamp bracket access door and the epi-illuminator housing.
21. Plug the power supply cable (see figure 13) into the external power supply by lining up the notch on the plug with the alignment lug located in the socket. Secure the power supply cable by tightening the threaded silver ring.



Figure 12



Figure 13

22. Connect the female end of the first power cord (see figure 14) to the rear of the microscope, and the male end to a suitable power supply.
23. Connect the female end of the second power cord (see figure 14) to the rear of the power supply, and the male end to a suitable power supply.
24. Turn the substage illuminator on with the power switch located on the lower left side of the instrument. If the light does not come on, check to see that the variable lighting control, located next to the power switch is on the highest setting.



Figure 14

Alignment of the Mercury Lamp

All Models

NOTE: Please see page 16 to familiarize yourself with the operation of the external power supply before turning the external power supply on.

1. Once the external power supply is on, move the illumination tube slider into the 2nd or 3rd “open” position. Move the fluorescence filter slider into the middle or “0” position.
2. Look into the mercury lamp centering window located just below the eyepieces. If the lamp is centered, a green ball, slightly smaller in diameter than the viewing window can be observed. If not turn the vertical and horizontal lamp centering knobs, located on the right side of the epi-illuminator housing, until the green ball is centered. If you see a green light in the viewing window, use the focusing lever to concentrate the light into a ball.
3. If the lamp cannot be centered, it may have been mounted too far off center. In this case, the lamp must be physically moved in its mount. Turn off the external power supply and disconnect the power supply cable from the epi-illuminator housing. **ALLOW THE LAMP TO FULLY COOL.** Open the lamp bracket access door and reposition the lamp as needed, being careful not to touch the glass envelope of the lamp. Close the lamp bracket access door and reconnect it to the external power supply with the power supply cable. Repeat the above procedures until the lamp is centered.
4. Once the lamp is centered and focused, these procedures do not have to be repeated until the lamp is replaced (unless the settings are changed inadvertently).

VAN GUARD® Setup

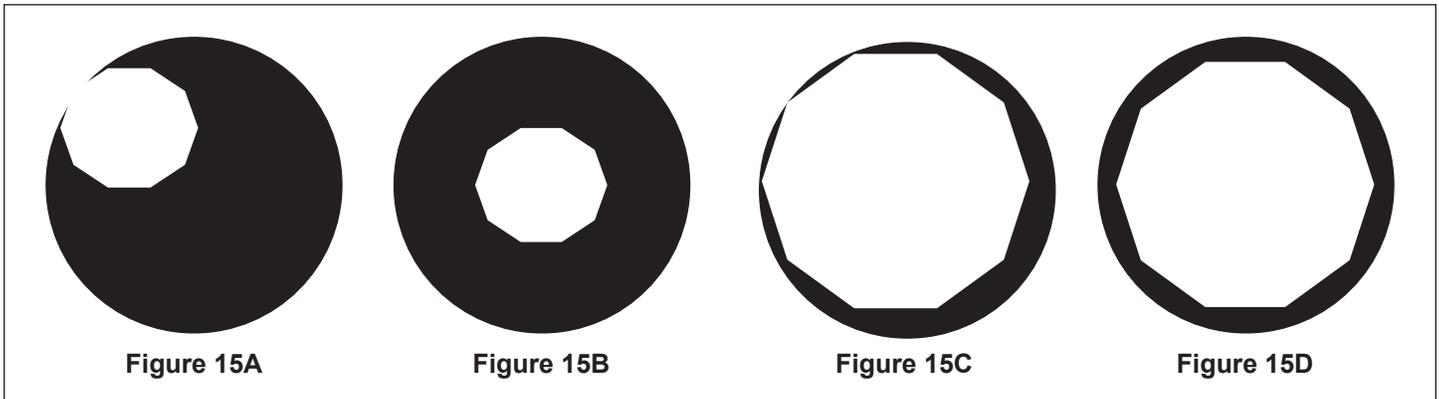
Aligning the Condenser

All Models

Adjustments to the substage condensing system are crucial for proper illumination and performance. There are three basic adjustments which need to be made: Centering, Vertical Focusing, and Aperture Adjustment.

1. Centering: The *condenser* must be centered in the light path to ensure proper light control. A simple method for centering is as follows:

- Rotate the *nosepiece* until the 10X *objective* is in the light path.
- Raise the substage assembly fully by turning the substage adjustment knob counter-clockwise.
- Use the focus controls to focus on a specimen located on the stage.
- Open the *aperture iris diaphragm* to the largest setting by using the *aperture iris diaphragm adjustment lever* which extends from the *condenser* assembly.
- While looking into the microscope eyepieces, close the *field iris diaphragm* to the smallest setting by turning the uppermost section of the *substage illuminator* counter-clockwise.
- Closing the iris in this manner will reduce the field so that a small white hexagon is visible within a black field (see figure 15A). Focusing of the hexagon is performed by turning the *substage adjustment knob*. This white hexagon is the light which is passing through the field iris and should be centered in the black field. If not, move it to the center (see figure 15B) by tightening and/or loosening the *condenser centering knobs*.
- Fine tuning can be done by opening the *field iris diaphragm* until the white hexagon almost fills the entire field (see figure 15C), and then readjusting (see figure 15D). After centering the condenser open the field iris diaphragm slightly wider than the field of view.



2. Vertical Focusing: The *condenser* can be raised and lowered with the *substage adjustment knob* to focus the light for optimal illumination.

3. Aperture Adjustment: The light path can be adjusted with the *aperture iris diaphragm adjustment lever* located just below the condenser. Aperture adjustments are made to induce contrast into a specimen, not to adjust light intensity.

If the iris isn't centered in the field of view then use the condenser centering knobs to adjust. You may have to split the alignment difference between the field iris and the condenser iris to achieve a balance.

Note: If you purchased a 1482FLi this step completes the setup. Skip ahead to page 13, "Using Your 1400i Series Microscope".

VAN GUARD® Setup

Aligning the Phase Contrast Annulus Rings

Phase contrast is a system which utilizes a series of light baffling annulus rings. Proper alignment of these rings is absolutely necessary to achieve optimal phase contrast.

1. Begin by turning on the *substage illuminator* with the *power switch* located on the lower left side of the instrument. Set the *objectives* so they are in the approximate position for actual use. This is best achieved by placing a slide on the *stage*, rotating the 100X *objective* into position, then raising the stage (via the *coarse/fine focus control* knobs) until the tip of the 100X *objective* is just above the slide (almost touching).
2. Rotate the *nosepiece* until the 10X *objective* is in the light path, then rotate the *phase annulus turret* (the dial on the front of the condenser) in the *phase contrast condenser assembly* until the “10” is seen in the viewing window (see figure 16).
3. Remove an *eyepiece* from one of the *eyetubes* and replace with the *phase contrast centering telescope* (see figure 17).
4. After loosening the set screw on the *phase contrast centering telescope*, look through the *phase contrast centering telescope* and pull out the uppermost piece of the *phase contrast centering telescope* until the image is in focus. Tighten the set screw.
5. The image seen through the *phase contrast centering telescope* should resemble rings superimposed on one another (see Figure 18A). What is actually being viewed are the phase rings.
6. Turn the *condenser centering knobs*, which extend from the front of the condenser mount, until the two rings of light are centered upon one another (see Figure 18B).
7. Once the phase rings are centered, remove the *phase contrast centering telescope* and replace with the *eyepiece*.

The phase rings are now centered for the other remaining *objectives* unless one of the factory phase objectives has been replaced. In this instance you will need to align just that condenser setting for your new objective using the centering knobs located at the rear of the condenser (not the knobs at the front as used in step 6 above).

NOTE: Brightfield work can be achieved by setting the condenser at the “0” marking. Likewise, the “DF” setting is for Darkfield work.

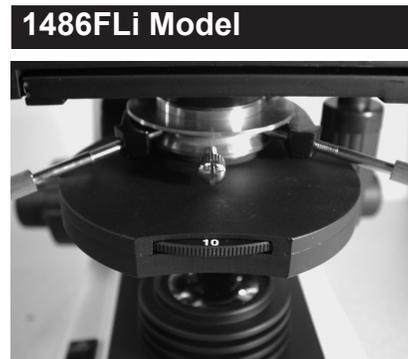


Figure 16



Figure 17

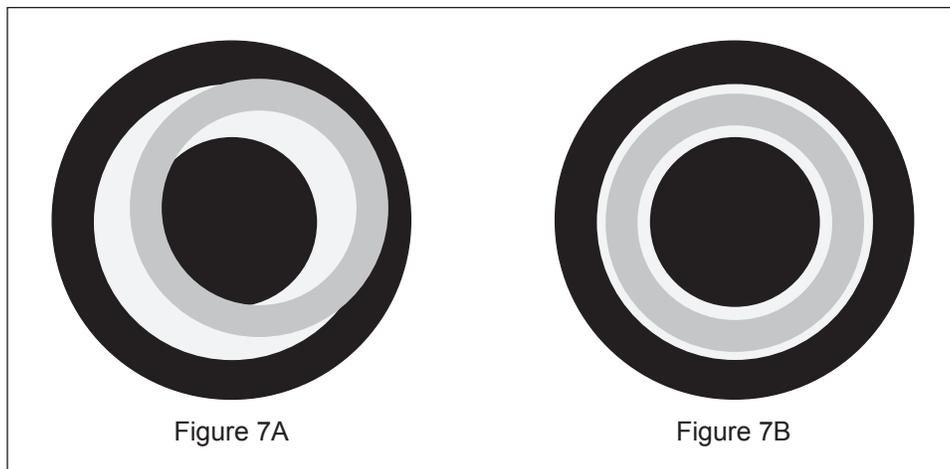


Figure 7A

Figure 7B

Note: This completes the setup for the 1486FLi. The next 5 pages will explain how to use and make adjustments to the microscope.



Using your 1400FLi Series Microscope

Focusing and Mechanical Stage Mechanisms **All Models**

1. Focusing adjustment is achieved by turning the coarse/fine focus controls (see figures 19a and 20a). The large knob is used for coarse adjustment, the smaller knob for fine adjustment. The coaxial arrangement allows for easy, precise adjustment without stage drift.
2. Turning the coarse/fine focus control raises and lowers the stage vertically. One complete turn of the fine focusing knob raises or lowers the stage 0.3mm; the smallest graduation refers to 2 microns of vertical movement. One complete turn of the coarse focusing knob raises or lowers the stage 3.6mm. To ensure long life, turn the focusing knobs slowly and uniformly.
3. The focusing tension control knob is located just inside of the right-hand focus control knob (see figure 19b). For tighter tension, turn the control knob in a clockwise motion. For looser tension, turn the control knob in a counterclockwise motion.
4. Vertical Focusing: The condenser can be raised and lowered with the substage adjustment knob (see figure 20b) to focus the light for optimal illumination.
5. Aperture Adjustment: The light path can be adjusted with the iris diaphragm adjustment lever located underneath the condenser. Aperture adjustments are made to induce contrast into a specimen, not to adjust light intensity.

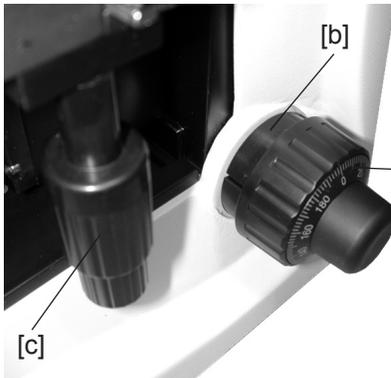


Figure 19



Figure 20

6. The mechanical stage X-Y controls, located underneath the right-hand side of the mechanical stage (see figure 19c), provide easy and accurate positioning of the sample. One complete turn of the longitudinal (Y) control (lower half of the stage controls) will move the specimen 34mm left or right. One complete turn of the transverse (X) control (upper half of the stage controls) will move the specimen 20mm front or back.
7. The spring-loaded slide holder can be removed for users who prefer to not use a mechanical stage. Simply loosen the knurled slide holder knobs which lock the slide holder on the stage, and slip out the slide holder.

Setting the Up-Stop Mechanism

All Models

The up-stop mechanism is located just inside of the left-hand focus control knob (see figure 20c). It allows the user to set a maximum point to which the stage can be raised.

1. To set this point, turn the up-stop mechanism in a counterclockwise motion, so that its tab is facing up.
2. Raise or lower the stage, by turning the focus control knobs, to the desired height. **Be careful not to raise the stage high enough to crash into the objective.**
3. Once achieved, turn the up-stop mechanism in a clockwise motion, so that its tab is facing forward.
4. Once gently tightened, the up-stop mechanism will not allow the stage to be raised higher than the set point.



Using your 1400FLi Series Microscope

Interpupillary and Diopter Adjustments

All Models

1. Interpupillary adjustment (the distance between eyepieces) is made through a “folding” action. The Seidentopf design allows for a folding adjustment which is quickly and easily done for each user (see figure 21).
2. Dioptic adjustment allows for proper optical correction based on each individual’s eyesight. This adjustment is easily made and is recommended prior to each use by different users to prevent eyestrain.
3. Using the 40X objective and a sample slide (i.e. one which produces an easily focused image), close your right eye and bring the image into focus in your left eye with the coarse/fine focus control. Once the image is well-focused using only your left eye, close your left eye and check the focus with your right. If the image is not perfectly focused, make fine adjustments with the diopter adjustment mechanism located on the right eyetube (see figure 22a). Once complete, the microscope is corrected for your vision.



Figure 21

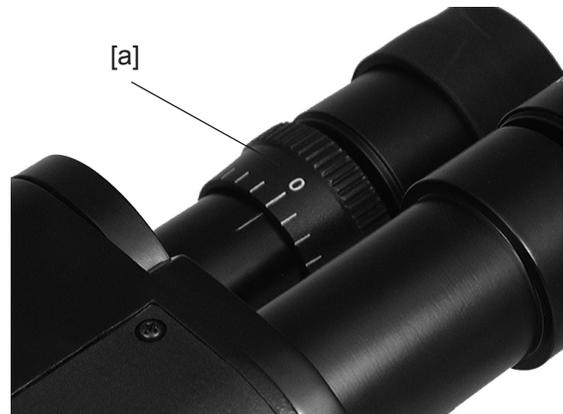


Figure 22

Oil Immersion Objectives

All Models

The 100X objective which comes with this microscope must be used with immersion oil in order to maintain image quality. After use, the objective tip must be wiped clean so that no oil residue remains.

Procedure for cleaning the 100X Oil Immersion Objective:

1. Lightly moisten a cotton swab with lens cleaner.
2. Wipe the objective with a twisting motion in order to remove all traces of the immersion oil.
3. Check that all the immersion oil has been removed before storing the objective.

Under no circumstances should an oil immersion objective be left sitting in oil for an extended period of time. Exceptionally long immersion periods can cause oil to penetrate the objective’s sealant and obscure the optics, which is not covered under warranty.



Using your 1400FLi Series Microscope

Using the Camera Port

1. Make sure that you have installed the camera port tube as described on page 7 and shown in figure 23.
2. Assemble the adapters and connect to the camera using the instructions provided with the camera/adaptor kit.

Note: Camera kit is not included with this microscope. Please see page 4 for available camera kits.

3. Remove the camera port dust cap, then slide the adapter into the camera port (see figure 24).
4. Pull the prism slider completely out to divert the image to the camera port. The prism slider is the silver knob on the right side of the head assembly (see figure 24).

Note: The 1400FLi Series Microscopes utilize a 70/30 split sliding prism. This split prism diverts 70% of the light to the camera port and the remaining 30% to the eyepieces. This allows the eyepieces to be used while the prism slider is pulled out, although the image seen through the eyepieces will be dim when compared to normal use.

5. When the camera port is not in use, be sure to cover with the camera port dust cap.

All Models



Figure 23



Figure 24

Using Filters

Your VanGuard Microscope was supplied with either two or three colored filters depending on model. Brightfield models come with a dispersion (frosted) filter and a blue filter. Phase contrast models add a green filter.

Procedure for Using Filters:

1. Locate the drop-in filter holder (see figure 25a) located on the top of the substage illuminator.
2. Place the desired filter into the filter holder.

Dispersion filters can be used to soften harsh illumination for both viewing and photomicroscopy.

The **green filter** (provided with model 1486FLi) is used mainly for adding contrast and photograph color correction during phase contrast work.

The **blue filter** is used to approximate natural light and photograph color correction.

Filtering is a user preference and application specific issue and therefore is beyond the scope of this manual. There are many sources available that explain proper filtering technique and theory.

All Models

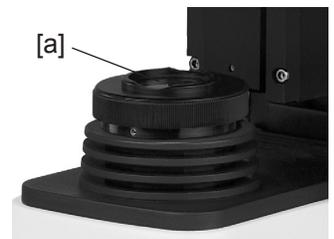


Figure 25



Using your 1400FLi Series Microscope

External Power Supply

All Models

1. Follow the instructions on page 10 to setup the external power supply.

WARNING: DO NOT attempt to operate the power supply unless the illuminator unit is connected and has a 100W HBO Mercury lamp in place.

2. Activate the power supply by switching on the power switch located on the right side of the power supply face.
3. Allow 10 to 15 minutes for the mercury lamp to stabilize before viewing fluorescence objects through the microscope.
4. The power supply is equipped with a timer to log the total time the mercury lamp is in use. The lamp should be replaced after 100 hours of use. This is very critical for maintaining good illumination and to help prevent the lamp from bursting.
5. Follow the instructions on page 10 to replace the lamp.

NOTE: Allow the lamp to cool for an extended period of time before replacing.

6. After lamp replacement reset the timer by inserting a small pin (paperclip, etc.) into the reset hole located on the front of the power supply face.
7. Although the lamp has a finite service life, it is recommended that it NOT be switched on and off frequently. Doing so can shorten the life of the lamp and the power supply. **Once the power supply is turned off, allow the unit to cool down for at least 15 minutes before powering on again.**
8. To turn off the power supply, move the power switch to the off position.
9. If the external power supply is plugged in but the lamp is not turning on, the fuse could be blown. To replace the fuse, **UNPLUG THE POWER SUPPLY**, then unthread the fuse holders from the rear of the power supply.
10. If a fuse is blown (the wire inside is broken, or the glass is blackened), replace by inserting a new fuse into the fuse holder, then thread the fuse holder back into the power supply by turning in a clockwise direction.

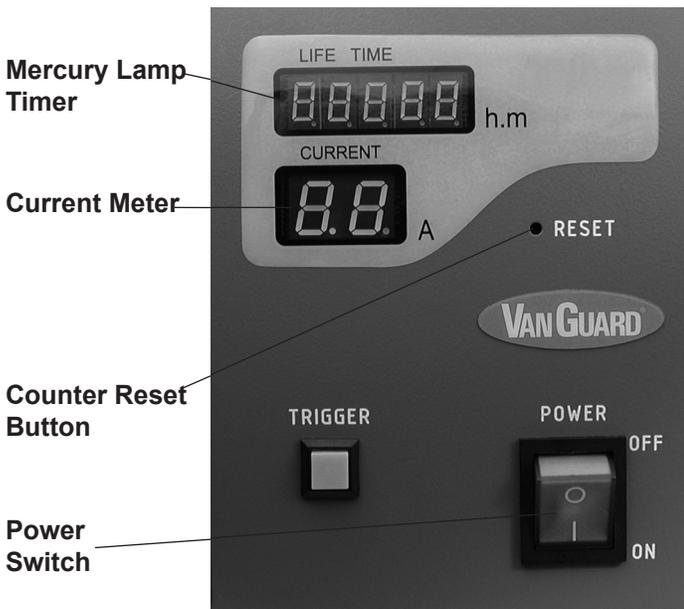


Figure 26

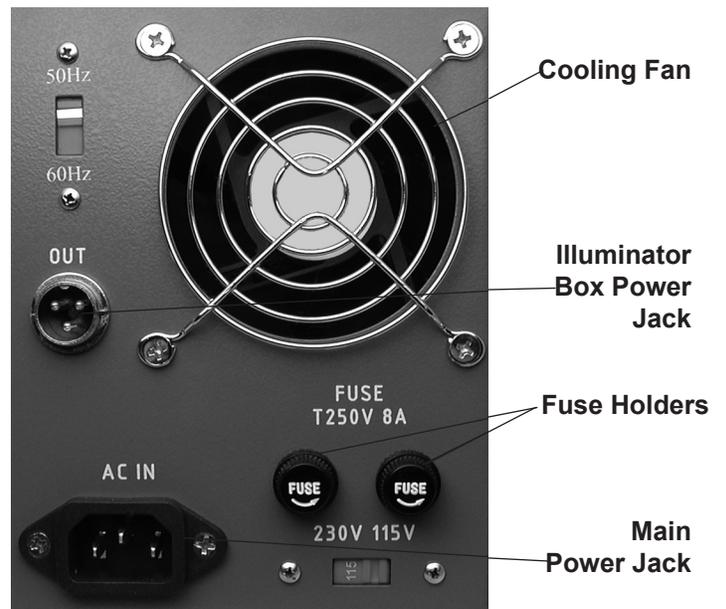


Figure 27



Using your 1400FLi Series Microscope

Fluorescence Viewing

All Models

WARNING: Avoid prolonged exposure to unfiltered ultraviolet

1. Select the desired magnification by choosing the appropriate objective. It is usually easiest to focus initially by using brightfield or phase contrast.
2. For non-fluorescence operations, it is not necessary to turn off the power supply. Instead move the *illumination tube slider* into the 1st or "blocked" position.
3. Once the specimen is in place, switch to epi-illumination by moving the illumination tube slider into the 2nd or 3rd "open" position. Select the appropriate filter cube by moving the *fluorescence filter slider* into the "B" or "G" position. For the blue filter, push the fluorescence filter slider all the way to the left. For the green filter, pull the fluorescence filter slider all the way to the right. The "0" (off) position is located halfway between the blue and green filter cubes.

Position	Color	Excitation	Emission	Intended Dyes
B	blue-green	430-490nm	520nm	FITC, Acridine Orange
G	green-red	480-550nm	590nm	Ethidium Bromide, Propidium Iodide & TRITC

100W HBO Short-Arc Mercury Lamps

All Models

The supplied 100W HBO Short-Arc Mercury Lamps have a discharge vessel made of high optical quality quartz glass containing mercury and a noble gas. The special characteristics of HBO lamps are extremely high luminance, strong ultraviolet radiation, good luminous efficacy, and high arc stability.

UV Radiation and Glare

All Models

During operation, HBO lamps generate intensive radiation in the ultraviolet and visible range due to the high luminance of the arc. When inadvertently touched, it should be degreased immediately with spirit and a soft, lint-free cloth. Afterwards, gently wipe the quartz envelope until dry.



SAFETY WARNING



HBO lamps should be replaced as soon as the bulb shows advanced blackening, otherwise the risk of the lamp bursting is greatly increased. With normal operation, a lamp burst is very unlikely. In the rare case that an HBO lamp bursts and the mercury is released, it is recommended that all personnel should leave the immediate area **at once**, so that no mercury vapor is inhaled. The area should be thoroughly ventilated for a minimum of 30 minutes.

VAN GUARD® Maintenance

Replacing the Lower Lamp **All Models**

1. Before attempting to replace or remove the lamp, UNPLUG THE MICROSCOPE FROM ANY POWER SOURCE AND ALLOW SUFFICIENT TIME FOR THE LAMP TO COOL.
2. Lamp replacement is done by laying the microscope on its back and opening the trap door located on the bottom of the base by pulling on the release knob (see figure 28).

Note: Be careful not to touch the glass lamp when replacing -- use a tissue or other medium to grasp the lamp. This will prevent the oils from your hand from reducing lamp life. If contact is made with the lamp, clean lamp with rubbing alcohol and allow a brief drying period.

3. Once the door is open, the lamp can easily be removed simply by grasping the lamp and pulling it from the fixture (see figure 29).
4. When replacing, insert the new lamp into the same fixture. Make sure that the pins on the lamp slide easily into the slots. You should not have to force the lamp.

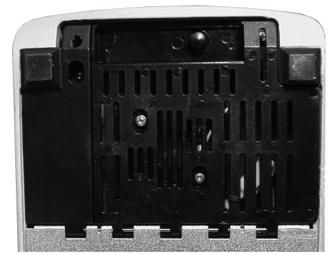


Figure 28

Replacing the Microscope Fuse **All Models**

1. If the microscope is plugged in but the lamp is not turning on, the fuses could be blown. To check the fuses, UNPLUG THE MICROSCOPE FROM YOUR POWER SOURCE and remove the 5 screws securing the back panel (see figure 30).
2. Once the screws are removed, carefully pull the rear cover away from the microscope. There is a small circuit board connected to the rear cover that houses the two fuses (see figure 31 - *note: connecting wires removed for clarity*). Avoid pulling on the rear cover hard enough to loosen any of the wires that connect the circuit board to the microscope.
3. To replace the blown fuse(s) (the wire inside is broken, or the glass is blackened) pull the fuse out of it's holder and snap a new fuse in. You might need to use a screwdriver to lever the fuse out, but be careful not to scratch the circuit board.
4. Replace the rear cover and the five screws.

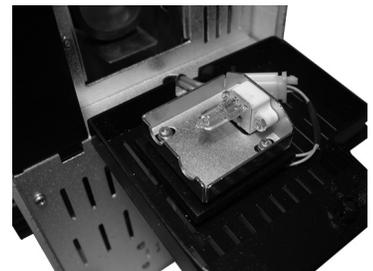


Figure 29

Refer to page 16 (steps 9-10) for instructions on replacing the fuse in the external power supply.

Replacement Lamp (Lower) -- 20W Halogen (Part No. 1400-20WHL)

Replacement Lamp (Upper) -- 100W HBO Mercury (Part No. 1400-100WMLO)

Replacement Fuse (Microscope) -- 0.25A, 250V (Part No. 1400-FS1) [2 required]

Replacement Fuse (External Power Supply) -- 8A, 250V (Part No. 1400-FS4) [2 required]



Figure 30

Maintenance **All Models**

The eyepieces and objectives on VanGuard Microscopes are coated. They should never be wiped while dry as any dirt or dust will scratch the coating. The surfaces should either be blown off with an air canister, or blown and cleaned with an air-bulb and camel-hair brush. It is recommended to then use a lens cleaner. Apply with a cotton swab for a minimum of wetting, then wipe the surface clean with a quality lens tissue. Xylene, since it breaks down the bonding material holding the lenses, should never be used as a cleaner. Periodically your VanGuard Microscope should be fully serviced by a qualified service technician.



Figure 31

For information about parts, accessories, or service -- contact your dealer directly or contact VanGuard Microscopes at 1-800-423-8842.



Specifications

1400FLi Microscopes

Viewing Head:	Trinocular
Viewing Head Type:	Seidentopf
Head Rotation:	360°
Head Inclination:	30°
Sliding Prism:	70/30 Split
Interpupillary Adjustment:	55-75mm
Dioptric Adjustment:	-5 to +5
Eyepiece Magnification:	10X Widefield, High Eyepoint
Eyepiece Field Diameter:	18.5mm
Nosepiece:	Quintuple/Reversed
Fluorescence Objectives (All Models):	4X [0.10 N.A., 17.0mm W.D., 4.5mm F.O.V.]
Achromatic, Infinity	10X [0.25 N.A., 8.0mm W.D., 1.8mm F.O.V.]
	40X [0.65 N.A., 0.40mm W.D., 0.45mm F.O.V.]
	100X [1.25 N.A., 0.25mm W.D., 0.18mm F.O.V.]
Brightfield Objectives (1482FLi):	4X [0.10 N.A., 17.0mm W.D., 4.5mm F.O.V.]
Plan Achromatic, Infinity	10X [0.25 N.A., 8.0mm W.D., 1.8mm F.O.V.]
	40X [0.65 N.A., 0.40mm W.D., 0.45mm F.O.V.]
	100X [1.25 N.A., 0.25mm W.D., 0.18mm F.O.V.]
Phase Contrast Objectives (1486FLi):	10X [0.25 N.A., 8.0mm W.D., 1.8mm F.O.V.]
Plan Achromatic, Infinity	20X [0.40 N.A., 0.50mm W.D., 0.9mm F.O.V.]
	40X [0.65 N.A., 0.40mm W.D., 0.45mm F.O.V.]
	100X [1.25 N.A., 0.25mm W.D., 0.18mm F.O.V.]
Fluorescence Filter Cubes:	Blue Broadband [Dichroic: 500nm, Excitation: 430-490nm, Emmission 520nm] Intended Dyes: FITC, Acridine Orange, & Auramine Green Broadband [Dichroic: 570nm, Excitation: 480-550nm, Emmission: 590nm] Intended Dyes: Ethidium Bromide, Propidium Iodide, & TRITC
Stage Dimensions:	160mm x 140mm
Stage Motion:	Right-Hand Coaxial Control/Rack & Pinion Drive
Stage Movement Range:	50 x 75mm
Focusing Movement:	Coaxial Coarse & Fine Controls/Safety Autostop
Focusing Range:	40mm
Focusing Graduation:	2 Microns/Division
Brightfield Condenser (1482FLi):	1.25 N.A. Abbe Condenser with Iris Diaphragm
Phase Contrast Condenser (1486FLi):	1.25 N.A. Zernike Condenser with Iris Diaphragm and Brightfield/Darkfield Stops
Phase Centering Tool (1486FLi):	Telescoping Eyepiece
Lower Illumination:	20W/6V Variable Quartz Halogen with Köhler Field Diaphragm
Upper Illumination:	100W HBO Mercury
Fuses:	0.25A, 250V (2 ea.) [Microscope] 8A, 250V (2 ea.) [External Power Supply]
Voltage:	110V
Base Dimensions:	225mm x 160mm
Overall Dimensions:	225mm (L) x 160mm (W) x 465mm (H)
Weight:	10.7kg



Warranty & Service

5 Year Limited Warranty

VanGuard microscopes are warranted by VEE GEE Scientific LLC to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of five (5) years from the date of purchase, except for electrical components which have a one (1) year limited warranty. During this period, VEE GEE Scientific, or its authorized service station, will at their option and without charge, either repair or replace any part found to be defective in materials or workmanship.

This warranty is subject to the following limitations and exceptions and will not apply if:

- 1) There is lack of proof of date and place of purchase. The purchase invoice must accompany the unit when sent in for repair. The warranty extends to the original consumer purchaser only and is not assignable or transferable.
- 2) The damage is due to normal wear and tear, misuse, abuse, negligence, accident, inadequate maintenance, disregard for operating instruction, or to any other cause not due to the manufacture of the microscope (e.g., objective failure because of oil penetration due to lack of timely cleaning).
- 3) The serial numbers, names, and/or functions are altered or obliterated; or unauthorized repair or replacement of parts by the End-User or an unauthorized third party while under warranty.
- 4) Consumable items (such as, but not limited to, bulbs) have failed.

This warranty expressly excludes transportation damage and adjustment or readjustment. In no case shall VEE GEE Scientific be liable to the Buyer or any person for any special, indirect, incidental, or consequential damage whether claims are based in contract or otherwise with respect to or arising out of product furnished hereunder. For goods manufactured by any third party, VEE GEE Scientific's liability under warranty is limited to the terms of the warranty by the supplier for the goods. All warranty work shall be performed at the authorized service center. Contact your distributor or VEE GEE Scientific to discuss the problem and obtain instructions for the return of your microscope for repair. The original purchaser returning this product must prepay all postage, shipping, transportation, packaging, and delivery costs.

If you experience problems setting up your microscope or have service related questions please contact your dealer or VanGuard Microscopes directly at 1-800-423-8842.

Our standard business hours are 7:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. Central Standard Time.

Contact Information:

Toll Free	800-423-8842
Email	sales@veegee.com techsupport@veegee.com
Web	veegee.com





INFINITE ♦ SOLUTIONS

www.veegee.com | 800-423-8842
sales@veegee.com | techsupport@veegee.com
veegee.com/pages/technical-support-service