

Water directly at the base of the plants to moisten (not saturate) the soil. Avoid standing water in your terrarium. Terrariums will do best with bright, indirect light.

Succulents: Allow to dry out completely between waterings. Foliage: Keep soil moist and fertilize once per month.

D/Y Terrarium WorkshopSupplies



- Glass Terrarium with Cement Base
- (3) 2.5" Succulents or (3) 2" Assorted Foliage Houseplants
- E.B. Stone™ Naturals Cactus Mix or GreenAll® Natural & Organic Potting Soil
- E.B. Stone™ Organics Charcoal

- Exotic Pebbles Decorative Stones (White, Brown, Green, or Combination)
- Exotic Decor Sand (Various colors available)
- Super Moss® Preserved Sheet Moss
- Terrarium Tools for Grooming

Directions

- 1. Start by selecting your terrarium and plants. For this recipe, we're using an open glass terrarium with a cement base.
- 2. Add a drainage layer: A layer of sand and/or small pebbles will ensure your terrarium has good drainage and will create humidity.
- 3. Add a layer of charcoal and sphagnum moss: Charcoal will help absorb odor and excess moisture. The moss will prevent the soil, which will be added next, from settling into the sand and small pebbles.
- 4. Add about 1" of potting soil: Regular potting soil will get the job done. However, if you are creating your terrarium with succulents, a cactus planting mix is best.
- 5. Place your plants, while still in their containers, within your terrarium to find the perfect arrangement. Once you are happy with your terrarium landscape, you can start planting.
- 6. Add finishing touches and clean up: Place ornaments and/or decorations in your terrarium to suit your taste, and of course, the season. Use a brush to remove excess soil from the sides.





















