according to UK REACH Regulation

GYEON Q2 Mohs EVO

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

GYEON Q2 Mohs EVO

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture

Vehicle protective product - ceramic coating designed for paintwork Enthusiasts and professional use (End consumer)

Uses advised against

Any non-intended use.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer

Company name: Gyeon Technology

Street: 1405-538, 212, Gasan digital 1-ro Place: Geumcheon-gu, Seoul, Korea

Telephone: +82-10-4339-3599 Contact person: Robert Gyeon

e-mail: sales@gyeonquartz.com

Responsible Department: Dr. Gans-Eichler e-mail: info@tge-consult.de

Chemieberatung GmbH Tel.: +49(0)2534 6441185 Otto-Hahn-Str. 36 www.tge-consult.de

D-48161 Münster

Supplier

Company name: Gyeon UK Ltd

Street: 20 Crichiebank Business Centre, Mill Road

Place: GB-AB51 5NQ Inverurie e-mail: hello@gyeonquartz.uk

Contact person: Richard Cooper Telephone: +44 (0)7984 056790

1.4. Emergency telephone +82-10-4339-3599

number:

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GB CLP Regulation

Hazard categories:

Flammable liquid: Flam. Liq. 3
Aspiration hazard: Asp. Tox. 1
Skin corrosion/irritation: Skin Corr. 1B

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Eye Dam. 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment: Aquatic Chronic 2

Hazard Statements:

Flammable liquid and vapour.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Causes serious eye damage.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

GB CLP Regulation

according to UK REACH Regulation

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Hazard components for labelling

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha

Cyclosilazanes, di-Me, Me hydrogen, polymers with di-Me, Me hydrogen silazanes, reaction products with 3-(triethoxysilyl)-1-propanamine

Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:









Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water or shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components

CAS No	Chemical name					
	EC No	Index No	REACH No			
	GHS Classification					
64742-48-9	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha					
	265-150-3	649-327-00-6				
	Flam. Liq. 3, Asp. Tox. 1, Aquatic Chronic 2; H226 H304 H411					
475645-84-2	Cyclosilazanes, di-Me, Me hydrogen, polymers with di-Me, Me hydrogen silazanes, reaction products with 3-(triethoxysilyl)-1-propanamine					
	Flam. Liq. 2, Acute Tox. 4, Skin Corr. 1B, Eye Dam. 1, Aquatic Chronic 3; H225 H302 H314 H318 H412					

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

according to UK REACH Regulation

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Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
	Specific Conc. L	imits, M-factors and ATE	
64742-48-9	265-150-3	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha	
	inhalation: LC50 = (5,61) mg/l (dusts or mists); dermal: LD50 = >2000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = >5000 mg/kg		
475645-84-2		Cyclosilazanes, di-Me, Me hydrogen, polymers with di-Me, Me hydrogen silazanes, reaction products with 3-(triethoxysilyl)-1-propanamine	7 - < 10 %
	oral: ATE = 500 mg/kg		

Further Information

- Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha (P)

Note P: The harmonised classification as a carcinogen or mutagen applies unless it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (Einecs No 200-753-7).

Product does not contain listed SVHC substances > 0,1 % according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Article 59 (REACH)

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

After inhalation

In case of accident by inhalation: remove casualty to fresh air and keep at rest. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. In the case of lung irritation: Primary treatment using corticoide spray, eg. Auxiloson spray, Pulmicort-dosage-spray. (Auxiloson and Pulmicort are registered trademarks).

After contact with skin

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In case of skin irritation, seek medical treatment.

After contact with eyes

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

After ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Let water be drunken in little sips (dilution effect). Observe risk of aspiration if vomiting occurs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person or a person with cramps. When in doubt or if symptoms are observed, get medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Foam. Carbon dioxide. In case of major fire and large quantities: Water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High power water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Can be released in case of fire: Gas/vapours, irritant. Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2).

according to UK REACH Regulation

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5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Additional information

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water. Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers.

In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

Remove persons to safety. Provide adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Wear personal protection equipment. (See section 8.)

For non-emergency personnel

Wear personal protection equipment (refer to section 8).

For emergency responders

No special measures are necessary.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Eliminate leaks immediately. Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal.

For cleaning up

Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

Other information

Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents). Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7 Disposal: see section 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Wear suitable protective clothing. (See section 8.)

Conditions to avoid: aerosol or mist formation

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition. - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Flammable vapours can accumulate in head space of closed systems. In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

The usual precautions for handling chemicals should be considered.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Always close containers tightly after the removal of product. When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff. Wash hands before breaks and after work. Protect skin by using skin protective cream. Take off contaminated clothing.

Further information on handling

General protection and hygiene measures: See section 8.

according to UK REACH Regulation

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7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Protect against direct sunlight.

Ensure adequate ventilation of the storage area.

Make sure spills can be contained (e.g. sump pallets or kerbed areas).

Hints on joint storage

Do not store together with: Gas. Explosives. Flammable solids. Pyrophoric liquids and solids. Self-heating substances and mixtures. Substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases. Oxidizing liquids. Oxidizing solids. ammonium nitrate. Self-reactive substances and mixtures. Organic peroxides. Non-combustible toxic substances. Radioactive substances. Infectious substances.

Further information on storage conditions

Keep the packing dry and well sealed to prevent contamination and absorbtion of humidity.

Protect against: UV-radiation/sunlight. heat. Humidity frost.

storage temperature: 15-25°C

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See section 1.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Additional advice on limit values

To date, no national critical limit values exist.

8.2. Exposure controls











Appropriate engineering controls

Technical measures and the application of suitable work processes have priority over personal protection equipment.

Provide adequate ventilation as well as local exhaustion at critical locations.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection. BS/EN 166

Hand protection

In case of prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact: Wear suitable gloves. (BS EN 374)

Suitable material: Butyl rubber.

Thickness of glove material: 0,5 mm

Breakthrough time >= 480 min. penetration time (maximum wearing period): ~ 120 min. (estimated)

In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. Before using check leak tightness / impermeability.

For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Skin protection

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Minimum standard for preventive measures while handling with working materials are specified in the TRGS 500 (D).

Respiratory protection

With correct and proper use, and under normal conditions, breathing protection is not required.

Respiratory protection necessary at:

according to UK REACH Regulation

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Generation/formation of aerosols

Exceeding exposure limit values

Insufficient ventilation

Suitable respiratory protective equipment: Combination filtering device (EN 14387) Type: A/P1-3

The filter class must be suitable for the maximum contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If the concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: liquid.
Colour: colourless
Odour: characteristic

Changes in the physical state

Melting point/freezing point:

Boiling point or initial boiling point and

103 °C

boiling range:

Flash point: 40 °C

Explosive properties

In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Lower explosion limits:not determinedUpper explosion limits:not determinedAuto-ignition temperature:not determinedDecomposition temperature:not determined

Oxidizing properties

none

pH-Value: not determined Viscosity / dynamic: not determined

(at 40 °C)

Viscosity / kinematic: not determined

(at 20 °C)

Flow time: not determined Water solubility: not miscible

Solubility in other solvents

not determined

Vapour pressure: not determined

(at 20 °C)

Density: not determined
Relative vapour density: not determined

9.2. Other information

Other safety characteristics

Solvent separation test:

Solvent content:

not determined

Solid content:

not determined

Evaporation rate:

not determined

according to UK REACH Regulation

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Further Information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No information available.

10.2. Chemical stability

The mixture is chemically stable under recommended conditions of storage, use and temperature.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No information available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Protect against: UV-radiation/sunlight. heat. moisture.

In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents, strong. Strong acid. Air. (Formations of peroxides possible.)

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Can be released in case of fire: Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in GB CLP Regulation

Toxicocinetics, metabolism and distribution

No data available.

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

The product has not been tested.

CAS No	Chemical name					
	Exposure route	Dose		Species	Source	Method
64742-48-9	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha					
	oral	mg/kg		Rat	ECHA Dossier	
	dermal			Rabbit	ECHA Dossier	
	\ /	LC50 (9 mg/l	5,61)	Rat	ECHA Dossier	
475645-84-2	Cyclosilazanes, di-Me, Me hydrogen, polymers with di-Me, Me hydrogen silazanes, reaction products with 3-(triethoxysilyl)-1-propanamine					
	oral	ATE 5 mg/kg	500			

Irritation and corrosivity

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Causes serious eye damage.

Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

according to UK REACH Regulation

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Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

In-vitro mutagenicity: Method: OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test); Result: negative. Literature information: ECHA Dossier; Carcinogenicity: Method: (dermal.) OECD Guideline 451 (Carcinogenicity Studies); Species: Mouse.; Length of test: 2 years; Result: negative. Literature information: ECHA Dossier; Reproductive toxicity: Method: OECD Guideline 416 (Two-Generation Reproduction Toxicity

Study); Species: Rat; Result: NOAEL >= 20000 mg/kg; Literature information: ECHA Dossier

Developmental toxicity/teratogenicity: Method: OECD Guideline 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study);

Species: Rat Result: NOAEL = 239000 mg/kg; Literature information: ECHA Dossier

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

Subchronic inhalative toxicity:

Method: OECD Guideline 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity Studies); Exposure time: 2 years;

Species: Rat; Results: NOAEC = 1402 mg/m3; Literature information: ECHA Dossier

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Specific effects in experiment on an animal

No data available.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.

Further information

Solvent:

Symptoms: Depression of the central nervous system. Liver and kidney damage. drowsiness. vomiting. Nausea. Dizziness. unconsciousness. Impaired consciousness. Intoxication. erythema (redness)

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

The product has not been tested.

CAS No	Chemical name						
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h] [d]	Species	Source	Method
64742-48-9	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boi		ling poin	t ydrogen treated naphtha			
	Acute fish toxicity	te fish toxicity LC50 LL50: 8,2 mg/l		96 h	Pimephales promelas	ECHA Dossier	
	Acute algae toxicity ErC50 EL5/ 3,1 mg/l	EL50:		Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata	ECHA Dossier		
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 4,5 mg/l	EL50:	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA Dossier	
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC 2,6 mg/l	NOELR:	21 d	Daphnia magna	ECHA Dossier	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

The product has not been tested.

according to UK REACH Regulation

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CAS No	Chemical name				
	Method	Value	d	Source	
	Evaluation				
64742-48-9	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha				
	OECD Guideline 301 F 77% 28 ECHA Dossier				
	Easily biodegradable (concerning to the criteria of the OECD)				

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

The product has not been tested.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

Further information

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations

Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation. Consult the local waste disposal expert about waste disposal. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. According to (EWC) European Waste Catalogue, allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out in a specific way for every industry and process.

Control report for waste code/ waste marking according to (EWC) European Waste Catalogue:

List of Wastes Code - residues/unused products

160305 WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST; off-specification batches and unused

products; organic wastes containing hazardous substances; hazardous waste

List of Wastes Code - used product

160305 WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST; off-specification batches and unused products; organic wastes containing hazardous substances; hazardous waste

List of Wastes Code - contaminated packaging

150110 WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED; packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste); packaging containing residues of or contaminated by

hazardous substances; hazardous waste

Contaminated packaging

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

8

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number: UN 2920

14.2. UN proper shipping name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Cyclosilazanes, di-Me, Me

hydrogen, polymers with di-Me, Me hydrogen silazanes, reaction products

with 3-(triethoxysilyl)-1-propanamine)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):

according to UK REACH Regulation

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14.4. Packing group:

Hazard label: 8+3



Classification code: CF1
Special Provisions: 274
Limited quantity: 1 L
Excepted quantity: E2
Transport category: 2
Hazard No: 83
Tunnel restriction code: D/E

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

Revision date: 10.09.2021

14.1. UN number or ID number: UN 2920

14.2. UN proper shipping name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Cyclosilazanes, di-Me, Me

hydrogen, polymers with di-Me, Me hydrogen silazanes, reaction products

with 3-(triethoxysilyI)-1-propanamine)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 8

14.4. Packing group: II
Hazard label: 8+3



Classification code: CF1
Special Provisions: 274
Limited quantity: 1 L
Excepted quantity: E2

Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number or ID number: UN 2920

14.2. UN proper shipping name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Cyclosilazanes, di-Me, Me

hydrogen, polymers with di-Me, Me hydrogen silazanes, reaction products

with 3-(triethoxysilyI)-1-propanamine)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 8

14.4. Packing group:

Hazard label: 8+3



Marine pollutant:

Special Provisions:

Limited quantity:

Excepted quantity:

E2

EmS:

F-E, S-C

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number or ID number: UN 2920

14.2. UN proper shipping name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Cyclosilazanes, di-Me, Me

8

hydrogen, polymers with di-Me, Me hydrogen silazanes, reaction products

with 3-(triethoxysilyl)-1-propanamine)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):

according to UK REACH Regulation

GYEON Q2 Mohs EVO

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14.4. Packing group:

Hazard label: 8+3



Limited quantity Passenger: 0.5 L
Passenger LQ: Y840
Excepted quantity: E2

IATA-packing instructions - Passenger:851IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:1 LIATA-packing instructions - Cargo:855IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:30 L

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: Yes



Danger releasing substance: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen

treated naphtha

14.6. Special precautions for user

See section 8.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not relevant.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulatory information

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):

Entry 3

2010/75/EU (VOC): No information available. 2004/42/EC (VOC): No information available.

Information according to 2012/18/EU

(SEVESO III):

E2 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment

Additional information: P5c

Additional information

Safety Data Sheet according to UK-REACH Regulation

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

UK REACH Appendix XVII, No (mixture): 3, 40

National regulatory information

Employment restrictions: Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile

work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

Water hazard class (D): 2 - obviously hazardous to water

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

SECTION 16: Other information

Changes

Rev. 1.0; 10.09.2021, Initial release

according to UK REACH Regulation

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Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement

concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP: Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level

d: day(s)

EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ELINCS: European LIst of Notified Chemical Substances

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency EWC: European Waste Catalogue

IARC: INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR RESEARCH ON CANCER

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO)

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals GefStoffV: Gefahrstoffverordnung (Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany)

h: hour

LOAEL: Lowest observed adverse effect level

LOAEC: Lowest observed adverse effect concentration

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

NOAEL: No observed adverse effect level

NOAEC: No observed adverse effect concentration

NLP: No-Longer Polymers

N/A: not applicable

OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

PNEC: predicted no effect concentration PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative toxic

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de

fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation of Chemicals

SVHC: substance of very high concern TRGS: Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe

UN: United Nations

H225

VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to GB CLP Regulation

Highly flammable liquid and vapour

Classification	Classification procedure	
Flam. Liq. 3; H226	On basis of test data	
Asp. Tox. 1; H304	Calculation method	
Skin Corr. 1B; H314	Calculation method	
Eye Dam. 1; H318	Calculation method	
Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	Calculation method	

Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

	. ng.nj nammazio ngala ama rapoam
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

according to UK REACH Regulation

GYEON Q2 Mohs EVO

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H412

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Further Information

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.

(The data for the hazardous ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)