

Battery Guard® GENIE Battery Charger 12 Volt Model 750 Milliamp

IMPORTANT SAFETY & OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS:

This manual contains important safety and operating instructions for Battery Guard® Charger.

CAREFULLY READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING THE BATTERY CHARGER.

WARNING AND CAUTION LABEL DEFINITIONS:

▲ WARNING

WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, could result in serious injury or death.

A CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.

A CAUTION

CAUTION used without the safety alert symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation that if not avoided, may result in property damage.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

▲ WARNING

Battery posts, terminals and related accessories contain lead and lead components, and other chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Always wash your hands after handling these devices.

A WARNING

Do not operate the battery charger with damaged AC power cords or plugs or DC output cords or accessories - Replace accessories immediately. Since neither the AC power cord nor the DC output cord can be replaced, if either cord is damaged the battery charger should be scrapped. The limited warranty does not cover AC power cords or DC output cords that are damaged in use.

A CAUTION

WORKING WITH LEAD ACID BATTERIES AND BATTERY CHARGERS:

All lead acid batteries have the potential to emit gasses that may combine into a combustible or explosive mixture. In many cases, it is possible that lead acid batteries will emit these gasses during normal discharge and charging operations. Because of this potential danger, it is important that you follow the precautions recommended by both the battery and battery charger manufacturers before using either one. For example, do not exceed the recommended maximum recharge rate (charger output current limit), or remove cell caps while charging flooded batteries.

⚠ CAUTION

CHARGER VOLTAGE COMPATIBILITY: NEVER use a battery charger unless the battery voltage matches the output voltage rating of the charger. For example, do not use a 12-volt charger with a 6-volt battery and viceversa.

CHARGER LOCATION: LOCATE the charger as far away from the battery as is allowed by the length of the output cable harness. **NEVER** set the charger above the battery. **NEVER** set the charger on a surface constructed from combustible material. **NEVER** place the battery, the charger, or any of the electrical connections between them in an area that is likely to become wet.

EXCESSIVE MOISTURE: Do not expose the battery charger or any of its electrical connections (either AC or DC) to rain, snow, or extremely high, condensing humidity.

CHARGER ATTACHMENTS: Do not use attachments that are not recommended or sold by the charger manufacturer. To do otherwise may result in the risk of electric shock, fire or possibly some other unforeseen potential personal injury situations.

HANDLING POWER CORDS: When handling electric power cords, always pull by the plug rather than by the cord. This will reduce the risk of damage to both the plug and cord, and it will minimize the likelihood of electric shock resulting from that damage.

LOCATION OF POWER CORDS: Make sure all electric power cords are located so that they cannot be stepped on, tripped over, or otherwise subjected to damage or stress.

MONITORING SEALED & NON-SEALED BATTERIES: When leaving a battery charger connected to either a sealed (AGM or GEL) or non-sealed (flooded battery) for extended periods of time (weeks, months, etc.), periodically check the battery to see if it is unusually warm. This is an indication that the battery may have a weak cell and that it could go into a thermal runaway condition. If the battery releases an excessive amount of gas or if the battery gets hotter than 130°F (55°C) during charging, disconnect the charger and allow the battery to cool. Overheating may result in plate distortion, internal shorting, drying out or other damage. For flooded batteries also check individual cell fluid levels against manufacturer's recommendations for safe operation.

A WARNING

ELECTRIC SPARK & OPEN FLAME: NEVER smoke or allow a source of electric spark or open flame in the vicinity of the battery or engine. (For example: Don't charge the battery next to a gas water heater.)

VENTILATION: Do not operate the charger where ventilation is restricted. The intent here is to allow sufficient airflow to minimize and dissipate the heat generated by the charger and to diffuse the gasses that may be emitted by the battery.

CHARGER MAINTENANCE: NEVER DISASSEMBLE OR A ATTEMPT TO DO INTERNAL REPAIRS. THIS VOIDS THE WARRANTY.

Assembling the charger incorrectly may result in the risk of electric shock or create a fire hazard.

▲ WARNING

EXTENSION CORDS: An extension cord should not be used unless absolutely necessary. Using improper extension cord could result in a risk of fire and electric shock. If extension cord must be used, make sure that:

- > The pins on the extension cord plug have the same number, size and shape as those of the AC power cord plug on the charger.
- > The extension cord is property wired and is in good electrical condition.

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS

▲ WARNING

WHEN YOU WORK NEAR LEAD-ACID BATTERIES:

- 1. Someone should be within range of your voice or close enough to come to your aid if you have an accident.
- 2. Have plenty of fresh water and soap nearby in case battery acid contacts skin, clothing, or eyes.
- 3. Wear complete eye protection and protective clothing. Avoid touching your eyes while working near a battery. If battery acid contacts your skin or clothing, wash immediately with soap and water. If acid enters an eye, immediately flood the eye with running cold water for at least 10 minutes and get medical attention as soon as possible.
- 4. Be extra cautious when handling metal tools around a battery. If you drop a metal tool near a battery it might spark or create a short circuit between the battery terminals and some other metal part. Either event may cause a dangerous electrical shock hazard, a fire, or even an explosion.
- 5. Remove all personal metal items such as rings, bracelets, necklaces and watches when working with a lead-acid battery. A lead-acid battery can produce a short-circuited current high enough to weld a metal ring or other piece of jewelry, causing a severe burn.
- 6. **Use Battery Guard® Charger for charging lead-acid batteries only.** They are not intended to supply power to an extra low-voltage electrical

system or to charge dry-cell batteries. Charging dry-cell batteries may cause them to burst and cause injury to persons and damage to property:

INFORMATION NOTE ABOUT DRY-CELL BATTERIES:

There are some wet, non-spillable, lead acid batteries on the market whose manufacturers' make the claim that they are dry-cell batteries. These batteries are sealed, gas-recombinant, starved electrolyte, possibly with AGM (Absorbed Glass Mat) type construction. It is perfectly safe to use Battery Guard® chargers to charge these types of batteries. The dry-cell battery warning is intended for rechargeable or non-rechargeable alkaline and other similar types of batteries. If you have any doubt about the type of battery that you have, please contact the battery manufacturer before attempting to charge the battery.

7. **NEVER** charge a visibly damaged or frozen battery.

<u>PREPARING TO CHARGE</u>: First, follow all General & Personal Precautions as previously explained, and then continue.

▲ WARNING

IF THE BATTERY MUST BE REMOVED FROM THE VEHICLE:

- 1. To avoid an electric arc (or spark), turn off or disconnect all of the accessories in the vehicle. Then always remove the cable that is connected to grounded terminal from battery first.
- 2. If necessary, clean the battery terminals. Be careful to keep the corrosion and other debris from coming in contact with your eyes.
- 3. If the battery is not a sealed battery, then if necessary, add distilled water to each cell until the battery acid solution reaches the level specified by battery manufacturer. Do not overfill.
- 4. Before inserting the charger AC power plug into the electrical outlet, check the polarity of the battery posts, and attach at least a 24 inch long 6 (AWG) insulated, battery extension cable to the negative battery post. Then connect the appropriate charger DC output connectors to the battery and the extension cable, positive to positive and negative to negative. Never allow the alligator clips or terminal rings to touch each other after they are connected to the battery charger.
- 5. Connect the AC power plug to the electrical outlet.

A WARNING

IF THE BATTERY REMAINS INSTALLED IN THE VEHICLE:

1. DO NOT CONNECT THE CHARGER AC POWER PLUG TO THE ELECTRICAL OUTLET UNTIL ALL OTHER CONNECTIONS ARE MADE!

- 2. Place both the AC and DC power cords in the best position to avoid accidental damage by movable vehicle parts. ie. hoods, doors, or moving engine parts (fan blades, belts, or pulleys).
- 3. Check the polarity of the battery posts. If the positive (pos, p, +) post is connected to the vehicle chassis, then the vehicle has a positive ground system. If the negative (neg, n, -) post is connected to the vehicle chassis, then the vehicle has a negative ground system. Negative ground systems are the most common.
- 4. For negative ground systems, connect the positive (red) alligator clip, or ring terminal to the positive battery post. Then connect the negative (black) alligator clip, or ring terminal to the vehicle chassis. Do not make the negative charger clip or ring connection to the carburetor, fuel lines, or thin, sheet metal parts. Make that connection to the engine block or a heavy gauge metal part of the frame.
- 5. For positive ground systems, connect the negative (black) alligator clip, or ring terminal to the negative battery post. Then connect the positive (red) alligator clip, or ring terminal to the vehicle chassis. Do not make the positive charger clip or ring connection to the carburetor, fuel lines, or thin, sheet metal parts. Make that connection to the engine block or a heavy gauge metal part of the frame.
- 6. Connect the AC power plug to the electrical outlet.

ADDITIONAL CHARGER INFORMATION

AUTOMATIC CHARGING AND BATTERY STATUS MONITORING: The Battery Guard® (GENIE) charger is completely automatic and may be left connected to both AC power and to the battery that it is charging for long periods of time. However, it is prudent to periodically check both the battery and the charger for normal operation during these extended charging periods.

The charger output power, voltage and current all depend on the condition of the battery that is being charged. Battery Guard® (GENIE) Charger has status lights that indicate the operating mode of the charger and the condition of the battery that is connected to the charger.

The charger operate in one of the 3 primary charge modes:

- 1. Qualification (Ensures safety by verifying battery status prior to charging).
- 2. Bulk Charge (Raise battery voltage to 14.4 Vdc).
- 3. Float Charge (Maintains fully charged battery at 13.2 Vdc).

When the battery is fully charged, the green status indicator light will turn on and the charger will switch to a maintenance/storage charge mode. Battery Guard® (GENIE) Charger will automatically monitor and maintain the battery at full charge.

SPECIAL FEATURES: The Battery Guard® (GENIE) Charger has the following special features:

- 1. Reverse polarity protection ensures safety
- 2. Spark Proof
- 3. Fire retardant plastic housing

TIME REQUIRED TO CHARGE A BATTERY:

The Battery Guard® (GENIE) charges at a rate of 0.75 Amps (0.75 Amp-Hours per hour). Therefore, a fully discharged 15 Amp-Hour battery will take approximately 16 hours to recharge to 80% capacity. Some large automotive or marine, deep cycle type batteries may take several days to fully recharge.

WORKING WITH A DEAD BATTERY OR A BATTERY WITH A VERY LOW VOLTAGE:

If you try to charge a dead battery having a voltage below 3 Volts, the Battery Guard® Charger will not start to charge because an internal safety circuit prevents the battery chargers from generating any DC output voltage.

NOTE:

If a 12 Volt, Lead-Acid battery has an output voltage of less than 9 volts when it is at rest, when it is neither being charged nor supplying electrical current to an external load, there is a good chance that the battery is defective. As a frame of reference, a fully charged 12-Volt, Lead-Acid battery will have a rest-state, no-load voltage of approximately 12.9 volts. A fully discharged 12-Volt, Lead-Acid battery will have a rest-state, no-load voltage of approximately 11.4 volts. That means that a voltage change of only 1.5 volts represents the full range of charge 0% to 100% on a 12-Volt, Lead-Acid battery. Depending on the manufacturer, and the age of the battery, the specific voltages will vary by a few tenths of a volt, but the 1.5-volt range will still be a good indicator of the battery charge %.

STATUS INDICATOR LIGHTS: The following describes the indicator light operation: Note that the Battery Guard (GENIE) has a single light that will shine either RED or GREEN.

- NEITHER THE RED OR GREEN LIGHT TURN ON This is an abnormal condition and most likely indicates that the charger is not properly connected to the AC power or DC output cable is connected to wrong polarity battery terminal.
- RED LIGHT FLASHING The red light flashing indicates that the battery charger has AC power available and that the microprocessor is functioning properly. If the red light continues to flash, then either the battery voltage is too low (less than 3 volts) or the output alligator clips or accessory ring terminals are not connected correctly.

- ➤ **RED LIGHT ON STEADY -** Whenever the red light is on steady, a battery is connected properly and the charger is charging the battery. The red light will remain on until the charger completes the charging stage.
- GREEN LIGHT ON STEADY When the green light is on steady, the charge is complete and the battery can be returned to service if necessary.
- > SINGLE LIGHT ORANGE This is abnormal and most likely indicates either that the battery is sulfated or that there is a poor electrical connection between the charger DC output and the battery posts.

TROUBLESHOOTING CHECK LIST:

- NEITHER OF THE CHARGER LIGHTS TURN ON AFTER THE AC POWER PLUG IS CONNECTED TO THE AC ELECTRICAL OUTLET: Check the charger AC power plug connection at the AC electrical outlet. Verify that the AC electrical outlet is functioning properly by plugging in another appliance or a voltmeter.
- 2. THE CHARGER GREEN LIGHT GOES ON IMMEDIATELY WHEN AC POWER IS APPLIED TO THE CHARGER: The charger connections at the battery may be intermittent, the battery may be defective, or the battery might already be fully charged.
- 3. CHARGER IS CHARGING BUT THE GREEN LIGHT DOES NOT TURN ON IN A REASONABLE AMOUNT OF TIME: The battery may be large and requires more time to fully charge than originally expected, there may be another appliance drawing electric power from the battery while it is charging, or the battery may be defective. Also, a newly purchased battery may not be fully charged and may take longer to charge initially.
- 4. THE RED LIGHT COMES ON AGAIN AFTER THE GREEN LIGHT CAME ON: There may be another appliance drawing electric power from the battery causing its voltage to drop below the reset level. The battery charger then goes back into full charge mode. Also, the charger connections at the battery may be intermittent or the battery may be defective.

SPECIFICATION SUMMARY:

Technical Specifications	
AC Input Voltage Frequency	120 VAC, 60 Hz
DC Output Voltage (Nominal)	12 Volts
DC Output Current (Maximum)	0.75Amps
Maximum Operating Temperature	50°C Typical
Charger Case Dimensions:	

Charger Case Dimensions:

Size: 2-5/8" x 2" x 3-1/4" 58 mm x 50 mm x 83 mm

Shipping Weight: with Accessories:

Approx.: 800 gms

Design Conformance & Revision: All charger products are 100% inspected and electrically tested prior to shipment. All battery charger designs are proprietary and subject to change without notice. Manufacturer makes no specific claims nor does it either make or imply any specific guarantee or warranty with respect to either the physical configuration or performance of any of the battery charger products listed herein, including suitability for purpose or merchantability.