1. MATERIAL AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Material Name Product Code Uses	:	Shell Tellus S2 M 46 001D7744 Hydraulic oil.		
Manufacturer/Supplier	:	Shell Oil Products US P.O. Box 4427 Houston TX 77210-4427 USA		
SDS Request	:	(+1) 877-276-7285		
Emergency Telephone Number				
Spill Information	:	877-242-7400		
Health Information	:	877-504-9351		

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO-extract, according to IP346.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance and Odour	Emergency Overview : Amber. Liquid at room temperature. Slight hydrocarbon.
Health Hazards	: High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis.
Safety Hazards	: Not classified as flammable but will burn.
Environmental Hazards	: Not classified as dangerous for the environment.
Health Hazards	: Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
Health Hazards Inhalation	: Under normal conditions of use, this is not expected to be a primary route of exposure.
Skin Contact	 Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.
Eye Contact	: May cause slight irritation to eyes.
Ingestion	: Low toxicity if swallowed.
Other Information	 High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities.
Signs and Symptoms	: Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Loc necrosis is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue
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Material Safety Data Sheet	Shell Tellus S2 M 46 MSDS# 17931DA Version 1.4 Effective Date 02/05/2014 According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200
Aggravated Medical Conditions Environmental Hazards Additional Information	 damage a few hours following injection. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. Pre-existing medical conditions of the following organ(s) or organ system(s) may be aggravated by exposure to this material: Skin. Not classified as dangerous for the environment. Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency, this product does not meet the definition of a hazardous chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
4. FIRST-AID MEASURES	
General Information	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
Inhalation :	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
Skin Contact :	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.
Eye Contact :	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Advice to Physician :	Treat symptomatically. High pressure injection injuries require prompt surgical intervention and possibly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue damage and loss of function. Because entry wounds are small and do not reflect the seriousness of the underlying damage, surgical exploration to determine the extent of involvement may be necessary. Local anaesthetics or hot soaks should be avoided because they can contribute to swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt surgical decompression, debridement and evacuation of foreign material should be performed under general anaesthetics, and wide exploration is essential.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

Flash point Upper / lower		Typical 230 °C / 446 °F (COC) Typical 1 - 10 %(V)(based on mineral oil)
Flammability or Explosion limits		
•	-	> 320 °C / 608 °F Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex
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mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds. Suitable Extinguishing Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon 2 dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. Media **Unsuitable Extinguishing** Do not use water in a jet. 2 Media **Protective Equipment for** Proper protective equipment including breathing apparatus : Firefighters must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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Avoid contact with spilled or released material. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. See Chapter 13 for information on disposal. Observe the relevant local and international regulations.

Protective measures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
Clean Up Methods	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay,
Additional Advice	:	sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE		
General Precautions	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data
Handling	:	sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
Storage	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labelled and closeable containers. Store at
Product Transfer	:	ambient temperature. This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.
Recommended Materials	:	For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene.
Unsuitable Materials Additional Information	:	PVC. Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high
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temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Limits

Material	Source	Туре	ppm	mg/m3	Notation
Oil mist, mineral	ACGIH	TWA(Inhalabl e fraction.)		5 mg/m3	
Oil mist, mineral	OSHA Z1	PEL(Mist.)		5 mg/m3	

Biological Exposure Index (BEI)

No biological limit allocated.

Exposure Controls :	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations. Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated. Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping. Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers. No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation.
	specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where

Hand Protection Eye Protection Protective Clothing	air-filtering respirators are suitable, secombination of mask and filter. Select combined particulate/organic gases a >65°C(149°F)]. Where hand contact with the product gloves approved to relevant standards US: F739) made from the following m suitable chemical protection: PVC, ne gloves. Suitability and durability of a gusage, e.g. frequency and duration of resistance of glove material, dexterity from glove suppliers. Contaminated g Personal hygiene is a key element of Gloves must only be worn on clean ha hands should be washed and dried th non-perfumed moisturizer is recomment breakthrough time of more than 240 m for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves offering may not be available and in this case time may be acceptable so long as ap and replacement regimes are followed a good predictor of glove make and more than whether the suitable gloves offering may not be available and in this case time may be acceptable so long as ap and replacement regimes are followed a good predictor of glove make and more than whether suitable gloves for thickness should be typically gr depending on the glove make and more weak state the glove short of glove thickness should be typically gr depending on the glove make and more weak state the glove short of glove thickness should be typically gr depending on the glove make and more weak state the glove short of glove the should be typically gr depending on the glove make and more weak states the glove short of glove the should be typically gr depending on the glove make and more weak clothes.	a filter suitable for nd vapours [boiling point may occur the use of s (e.g. Europe: EN374, aterials may provide oprene or nitrile rubber love is dependent on contact, chemical Always seek advice loves should be replaced. effective hand care. ands. After using gloves, oroughly. Application of a ended. d gloves with ninutes with preference es can be identified. For mend the same, but this level of protection a lower breakthrough propriate maintenance d. Glove thickness is not o a chemical as it is of the glove material. eater than 0.35 mm del. If splashes are likely to beyond standard issue
Monitoring Methods	Monitoring of the concentration of sub zone of workers or in the general work confirm compliance with an OEL and controls. For some substances biolog be appropriate. Validated exposure m should be applied by a competent per analysed by an accredited laboratory. recommended exposure measurement below or contact the supplier. Further available.	cplace may be required to adequacy of exposure ical monitoring may also easurement methods son and samples Examples of sources of nt methods are given
	National Institute of Occupational Safe USA: Manual of Analytical Methods he Occupational Safety and Health Admi Sampling and Analytical Methods http Health and Safety Executive (HSE), U Determination of Hazardous Substand http://www.hse.gov.uk/ Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen G	tp://www.cdc.gov/niosh/ nistration (OSHA), USA: ://www.osha.gov/ IK: Methods for the ces

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	Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany. http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France
Environmental Exposure	http://www.inrs.fr/accueil Take appropriate measures to fulfil the requirements of
Controls	relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Odour pH Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range Pour point Flash point Upper / lower Flammability or Explosion limits Auto-ignition temperature Vapour pressure Specific gravity	 Amber. Liquid at room temperature. Slight hydrocarbon. Not applicable. > 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s) Typical -30 °C / -22 °F Typical 230 °C / 446 °F (COC) Typical 1 - 10 %(V) (based on mineral oil) > 320 °C / 608 °F < 0.5 Pa at 20 °C / 68 °F (estimated value(s)) Typical 0.879 at 15 °C / 59 °F
Density Water solubility n-octanol/water partition coefficient (log Pow) Kinematic viscosity Vapour density (air=1) Electrical conductivity Evaporation rate (nBuAc=1)	 Typical 46 mm2/s at 40 °C / 104 °F > 1 (estimated value(s)) This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Conditions to Avoid Materials to Avoid Hazardous Decomposition Products	 Stable. Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Strong oxidising agents. Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.
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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for Assessment	 Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is 		
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	representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Acute Oral Toxicity	: Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rat
Acute Dermal Toxicity	: Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rabbit
Acute Inhalation Toxicity	: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Skin Irritation	: Expected to be slightly irritating. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.
Eye Irritation	: Expected to be slightly irritating.
Respiratory Irritation	: Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation.
Sensitisation	: Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.
Repeated Dose Toxicity	: Not expected to be a hazard.
Mutagenicity	: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.
Carcinogenicity	: Not expected to be carcinogenic. Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skin-painting studies. Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	:	Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil (IP346 <3%)	:	ACGIH Group A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
Highly refined mineral oil (IP346 <3%)	:	IARC 3: Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Highly refined mineral oil (IP346 <3%)	:	GHS / CLP: No carcinogenicity classification

Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity	:	Not expected to be a hazard.
Additional Information	:	Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal. ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible. High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Acute Toxicity	 Poorly soluble mixture. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms. Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l (to aquatic organisms) LL/EL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract. Mineral oil is not expected to cause any chronic effects
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Shell Tellus S2 M 46 MSDS# 17931DA Version 1.4 Effective Date 02/05/2014 According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR Material Safety Data Sheet 1910.1200 to aquatic organisms at concentrations less than 1 mg/l. Mobility Liquid under most environmental conditions. If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile. Floats on water. Persistence/degradability Expected to be not readily biodegradable. Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but the product contains components that may persist in the environment. Bioaccumulation Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate. Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are not **Other Adverse Effects** expected to be released to air in any significant quantities. Not expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential. **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS** Material Disposal Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses. **Container Disposal** Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Local Legislation : Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US Department of Transportation Classification (49CFR)

This material is not subject to DOT regulations under 49 CFR Parts 171-180.

IMDG

This material is not classified as dangerous under IMDG regulations.

IATA (Country variations may apply)

This material is either not classified as dangerous under IATA regulations or needs to follow country specific requirements.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Federal Regulatory Status

Notification Status

EINECS	All components listed or
	polymer exempt.
TSCA	All components listed.
DSL	All components listed.

Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA.

SARA Hazard Categories (311/312)

No SARA 311/312 Hazards.

State Regulatory Status

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65)

This material does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

SDS Revisions: A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.SDS Regulation: The content and format of this MSDS is in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.SDS Distribution: The information in this document should be made available to all who may handle the product.Disclaimer: The information contained herein is based on our current knowledge of the underlying data and is intended to describe the product for the purpose of health, safety and environmental requirements only. No warranty or guarantee is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of these data or the results to be obtained from the use of the product.9/10	NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reactivity) SDS Version Number SDS Effective Date		0, 1, 0 1.4 02/05/2014
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