## **Chapter 5 Practice Test**

#### Directions:

This is a 26-question practice test. It does not count toward your overall score, and you may take it as many times as you choose. Once you've completed a take, click on the **Guide** button in the **Results** section below for a study guide covering the questions that you missed.

#### 1) QID: 50607

If (-4, -17) is a member of f, and  $f^{-1}$  exists, then the point \_\_\_\_\_ is a member of  $f^{-1}$ .

Enter the answer as a coordinate pair including the parentheses and comma. If a coordinate is not an integer, enter it as a fraction in simplest form.

#### 2) QID: 54414

Given the following list of points that represent a function,	0	$\{(-4,9),(-2,5),(1,-1),(3,-5)\}$
$\{(-4,9), (-2,5), (1,-1), (3,-5)\}$ , choose the list that	0	$\{(9,4),(5,2),(-1,-1),(-5,-3)\}$
represents the inverse.	0	$\{(-4,-9),(-2,-5),(1,1),(3,5)\}$
_	0	{(9,-4),(5,-2),(-1,1),(-5,3)}
SAM	0	None of the above

- i and iv only
- i, ii, and iv only
- ii and iv only
- iv only
- None of the above

# SAMPLE

Use the horizontal line test to decide which of the following is one-to-one and thus has an inverse function.



Algebraically verify whether f and g are inverses of each other or not:  $f(r) = \sqrt{-7 + r}$  domain  $[7 \infty)$ 

$$g(x) = -7 - x^2, \text{ domain } [0,\infty)$$

5) QID: 3704



o no

yes

• The inverse does not exist.

Find the inverse of the function,  $f^{-1}(x)$ , if it exists.

$$f(x) = \frac{2+4x}{-4-5x}$$

Assume that  $x \neq -0.8$ .

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{-5x - 4}{4x + 2}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{4 + 2x}{-5 - 4x}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{-4x - 2}{5x + 4}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) \text{ does not exist.}$$

• None of the above

7) QID: 50797

Find the inverse of the function,  $f^{-1}(x)$ , if it exists.  $f(x) = 3\sqrt{4x+1} - 1$ (Assume that  $x \ge -0.25$ .)

S

if it exists.  

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x^2 + 2x - 8}{-36}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x^2 + 2x - 8}{36}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = -36x^2 + 2x - 8$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = 36x^2 + 2x - 8$$
None of the above

### Graph the function.

$$f(x) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x$$



# Solve. $16^{4x-7} = 64$

Enter only a number. Do NOT enter an equation. If the number is not an integer, enter it as a fraction in simplest form. If there is no solution, "no solution" should be entered.

10) QID: 20499

Solve.	• 0
$7^{2x+3} = 49^{8-x}$	• 4
	13
	<u> </u>
	13
	• 13
	4
	• None of the above

#### 11) QID: 54464

Suppose \$40,000 is invested into an account where interest is compounded quarterly. After 20 years the balance is \$145,818. What was the interest rate as a percent?

Enter the percent with the percent symbol. Express your answer to the nearest hundredth of a percent if needed. If the percent is between 0 and 1, place a 0 to the left of the decimal point.

12) QID: 54472

Evaluate:  $\log_2 \frac{1}{64}$ 

If the answer is not an integer, enter the answer as a fraction in simplest form.

13) QID: 54478

Evaluate: log<sub>81</sub>3

• 4 • -4 •  $\frac{1}{4}$ •  $-\frac{1}{4}$ 

# Evaluate: $\frac{5}{2} \log_4 \sqrt[3]{4}$ $\frac{5}{2} \log_4 \sqrt[3]{4}$ 12 10 None of the above

#### 15) QID: 51617

Solve.	• 25
$\log_{105} x = \frac{2}{2}$	• 10
3	● ¾25
	• $\sqrt{125}$
	• None of the above

#### 16) QID: 51699

Solve. $\log_x 256 = -\frac{4}{5}$	SAM 4 1024 1024 5
	<u> <u> 1 </u> <u> 1024 </u> </u>
	<ul><li>None of the above</li></ul>



Match the correct graph to the function.  $f(x) = \log_2(x) + 2$ 



Fully expand the following logarithm, and simplify if possible.

$$\log_4 \frac{x^9 \sqrt{x^2 - 6}}{(x - 3)^5}$$

$$\log_4 x^9 + \log_4 \sqrt{x^2 - 6} - \log_4 (x - 3)^5$$
  

$$9\log_4 x + \frac{1}{2}\log_4 x^2 - \frac{1}{2}\log_4 6 - 5\log_4 x + 5\log_4 3$$
  

$$9\log_4 x + \frac{1}{2}\log_4 (x^2 - 6) - 5\log_4 (x - 3)$$
  

$$9\log_4 x + \log_4 \sqrt{x^2 - 6} - 5\log_4 (x - 3)$$

20) QID: 51807



21) QID: 40791

Solve.  $0.3^{1+x} = 1.7^{2x-1}$ 

- -0.5999
- 2.5141
- -0.2973
- ─ −0.7215
- None of the above

#### 22) QID: 52198

Solve for <i>x</i> .
$\log_2(x+4) - \log_2(x+2) = \log_2 3$

• 1

-5

● −1

2

None of the above

Solve for	х.
$e^{\ln(x+15)}$	= 5 + 6 x

-6
2
-2
3
None of the above

#### 24) QID: 40159

Suppose \$2,500 is invested in a semiannually compounding<br/>account at 12%. Approximately how long it will take for the<br/>balance to reach \$10,000?9 years, 8 months15 years, 1 month<br/>13 years, 2 months

• 11 years, 11 months

25) QID: 52440



26) QID: 52429

An investor wants to analyze the earnings of a mutual fund account. Three years ago, the value of the account was \$36,000 and it is now worth \$50,400. If the account is compared to a bank account paying interest that is compounded continuously, what interest rate rounded to the nearest hundredth of a percent would the bank account have to pay to match the mutual fund account's earnings? (Assume the only deposit was to open the account.)

Enter the interest rate as a percent with the percent symbol. If the interest rate is not a whole value, enter it as a decimal where the last digit is not zero and there is a zero before the decimal point for values less than 1. Round the interest rate to the nearest hundredth of a percent, if necessary.