

unphosphorylated βIII-Tubulin (Ser-444)

Rabbit Polyclonal

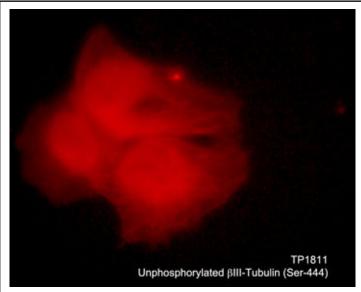
Cat. # TP1811 **Size** 100 μl

Background

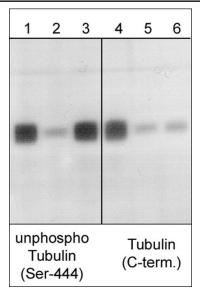
Microtubules (MTs) are cytoskeletal elements that play an essential role in cell division and cytoplasmic organization. MTs are dynamic polymers of a/β -Tubulin heterodimers. At least two populations of MTs, called dynamic and stable according to their rates of turnover, are readily distinguishable in cells. The proteins associated with MTs (MAPs) are among the best-known factors that regulate MT dynamics and stability. In addition, a variety of different post-translational modifications may also regulate MT dynamics and stability. Phosphorylation is one of these modifications and it can occur on serine, threonine, and tyrosine residues in β -Tubulin isoforms. Multiple kinases can phosphorylate Ser-444 at the C-terminus of β III-Tubulin in vitro. Unphosphorylated Ser-444 in β III-Tubulin is an early marker for cells of neuronal lineage, while phosphorylation of Ser-444 is upregulated after neuronal maturation and may preferentially occur in assembled MTs. By contrast, Cdk1 phosphorylation of Ser-172 in β -Tubulin occurs in mitotic cells and may impair tubulin incorporation into microtubules.

Background References

Diaz-Nido, J. et al. (1990) J Biol. Chem. 265(23):13949. Fanarraga, M.L. et al. (1999) Eur. J. Neurosci. 11:517. Westermann, S. & Weber, K. (2003) Nat. Rev. Mol. Cell. Biol. 4:938. Fourest-Lieuvin, A. et al. (2006) Mol. Biol. Cell. 17(3):1041.



Immunocytochemical labeling of β -tubulin in aldehyde fixed and NP -40 permeabilized human NCI-H1299 lung carcinoma cells. The cells were labeled with rabbit polyclonal anti-unphosphorylated β -Tubulin (TP1811). The antibody was detected using goat anti-rabbit DyLight® 594.



Western blot analysis of mouse brain. The blot was probed with anti-unphosphorylated βIII -Tubulin (Ser-444) (lanes 1-3) and anti- βIII -Tubulin (C-terminus) (lanes 4-6) polyclonal antibodies. Both antibodies were used in the presence of unphosphorylated βIII -Tublin (Ser-444) peptide (lanes 2 & 5; TX1815) and phospho- βIII -Tublin (Ser-444) peptide (lanes 3 & 6; TX1695).

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Cat. # TP1811 **Size** 100 μl

Immunogen Uniprot ID: Q13509

Unphosphorylated β III-Tubulin (Ser-444) synthetic peptide (coupled to KLH) corresponding to amino acid residues around serine 444 of human β III-Tubulin. This sequence is not found in bl or β II-Tubulin isotypes, but is well conserved in β III-Tubulins from rat and mouse.

Buffer and Storage

Rabbit polyclonal, affinity-purified antibody is supplied in 100μ l phosphate-buffered saline, 50% glycerol, 1 mg/ml BSA, and 0.05% sodium azide. Store at -20°C. Stable for 1 year.

Applications

Species Reactivity

WB 1:1000 ICC 1:100

ELISA 1:2000

1:1000 Hu, Rt, Ms 1:100

End user should determine optimal dilution for their particular applications and experiments. Western blot membranes were incubated with diluted antibody in 5% non-fat milk, Tris buffer, 0.04% Tween20 for 1 hour at room temperature. Abbreviations: E = ELISA, ICC = immunocytochemistry, IHC = immunobiscochemistry, IP = immunoprecipitation, MS = mass spectrometry, WB = western blot Hu = Human, Ms = Mouse, Rt = Rat, Ck = Chicken, F = Frog, B = Bovine

Specificity

This antibody was cross-adsorbed to phospho-βIII-Tubulin (Ser-444) peptide before affinity purification using unphosphorylated βIII-Tubulin (Ser-444) peptide (without carrier). The antibody detects a 50 kDa* protein corresponding to the molecular mass of unphosphorylated βIII-Tubulin on SDS-PAGE immunoblots of purified brain tubulin and mouse brain tissue.

Related Products

TM1541 β-Tubulin Mouse Monoclonal

TP1691 βIII-Tubulin (C-terminus) Rabbit Polyclonal

TP1721 β-Tubulin (Ser-172), phospho-specific Rabbit Polyclonal

TP1781 β-Tubulin (a.a. 168-177) Rabbit Polyclonal

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^{*}All molecular weights (MW) are confirmed by comparison to MW standards and to western blot mobilities of known proteins with similar MW.

All indictual weights (involved committed by Comparison to liver standards and to western blot mountees or known proteins with similar liver.

"Native" western blot utilizes non-reducing sample buffer (no mercaptoethanol or SDS), normal SDS-PAGE gel electrophoresis, and no methanol in transfer buffers.