

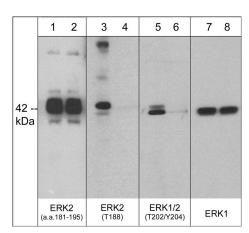
# ERK1(T207)/ERK2(T188)[conserved], phospho-specific

# Rabbit Polyclonal

Cat. # EP4101 **Size** 100 µl

## **Background**

The ERK1/2 (p44/42) MAPK signaling pathway can be activated in response to a diverse range of extracellular stimuli including mitogens, growth factors, and cytokines. Upon stimulation, a sequential three-part MAP kinase cascade is initiated, consisting of a MAP kinase kinase kinase (MAPKKK), a MAP kinase kinase (MAPKK), and a MAP kinase (MAPK). Activation of the MAPKs, ERK1 and ERK2, leads to phosphorylation of activation loop residues Thr-202/Tyr-204 and Thr-185/Tyr-187, respectively. In addition to dual phosphorylation, ERK1 and 2 are autophosphorylated on Thr-207 or Thr -188, respectively. This phosphorylation is required for nuclear translocation of ERK, and leads to phosphorylation of several nuclear proteins involved in cardiac hypertrophy. Mouse models with mutation of Thr-188 in ERK2 show that this site is critical for ERK-mediated cardiac hypertrophy. Thus, phosphorylation of Thr-188 in ERK2 may be important for controlling the nuclear functions of activated ERK1 and ERK2.



Western blot analysis of human A431 epithelial cells treated with 100 nM calyculin A for 30 min. (lanes 1, 3, 5, & 7) then the blot was treated with lambda phosphatase (lanes 2, 4, 6, & 8). The blots were probed with polyclonal anti-ERK2 (a.a. 181-195) (lanes 1 & 2), anti-ERK2 (Thr-188) (lanes 3 & 4), anti-ERK1/2 (Thr-202/Tyr -204) (lanes 5 & 6), or monoclonal anti-ERK1 (Cterminal region) (lanes 7 & 8).

# **Background References**

Roux, P.P. & Blenis, J. (2004) Microbiol Mol Biol Rev 68:320. Murphy, L.O. & Blenis, J. (2006) Trends Biochem Sci 31:268. Owens, D.M. & Keyse, S.M. (2007) Oncogene 26:3203.

#### **Applications Species Reactivity** Specificity

WB 1:1000 Hu, Rt, Ms, Ck, F

**ELISA** 1:2000

End user should determine optimal dilution for their particular applications

Western blot membranes were incubated with diluted antibody in 5% non-fat milk, PBS, 0.04% Tween20 for 1 hour at room temperature.

-207) and ERK2 (Thr-188) on SDS-PAGE immunoblots of human A431 epithelial cells stimulated with calyculin A. It does not detect these ERK proteins in control cells or in blots treated with lambda phosphatase.

The antibody detects 42 and 44 kDa\* proteins corresponding to ERK1 (Thr

\*All molecular weights (MW) are confirmed by comparison to Bio-Rad Rainbow Markers and to western blot mobilities of known proteins with similar MW

#### **Immunogen** Uniprot ID: P63085

Phospho-ERK2 (Thr-188) synthetic peptide (coupled to carrier protein) corresponds to amino acids surrounding Thr-188 in mouse ERK2. This sequence is conserved in human, rat, chicken, and fish ERK2, and is highly conserved in ERK1 (Thr-207), ERK5 (Thr-224), and ERK7 (Thr-180).

### **Buffer and Storage**

Rabbit polyclonal, affinity-purified antibody is supplied in 100µl phosphate-buffered saline, 50% glycerol, 1 mg/ml BSA, and 0.05% sodium azide. Store at -20°C. Stable for 1 year.

### Related Products

EK6440 ERK1/2 Phospho-Regulation Antibody Sampler Kit

EM2331 ERK1 (C-terminal region) Mouse Monoclonal

EM2061 ERK1 (Thr-202/Tyr-204)[conserved], phospho-specific Mouse

EP4071 ERK2 (a.a.181-195) [conserved site] Rabbit Polyclonal

p38a MAP Kinase (Tyr-323), phospho-specific Rabbit Polyclonal

### **Product References**

H. Huang, et al. (2015) Cardiovasc Res. 108(1):50.

WB: mouse heart

Lu, J. et al. (2013) Basic Res Cardiol. 108(2):326.

WB fluorescence: mouse heart

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