

# α-Actinin 4 Phospho-Regulation

## Antibody Sampler Kit

Cat. # AK6480 Size Kit

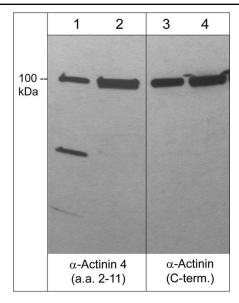
### **Kit Summary**

The  $\alpha$ -Actinin 4 phospho-regulation antibody sampler kit can be used to examine phosphorylation of  $\alpha$ -Actinin 4 at Tyr-4. The kit includes polyclonal anti- $\alpha$ -Actinin 4 antibody to monitor total expression levels of  $\alpha$ -Actinins, peptides for blocking experiments, and HRP-conjugated secondary reagent for primary antibody detection.

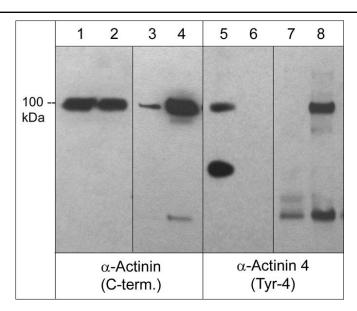
#### **Kit Components**

Cat.#	Description	Product Type	Size	Applications	Species Reactivity	WB Dilution
AP4271	α-Actinin 4 (a.a. 2-11)	Rabbit pAb	50 µl	WB, E	Hu, Rt, Ms	1:500
AX4275	α-Actinin 4 (a.a. 2-11)	Peptide	50 µg	AB, E		
AP4241	α-Actinin 4 (Tyr-4), phospho-specific	Rabbit pAb	50 µl	WB, E	Hu, Rt, Ms	1:1000
AX4245	phospho-α-Actinin 4 (Tyr-4)	Peptide	50 µg	AB, E		
RS3251	Anti-Rabbit Ig Light-Chain Specific:HRP	Mouse mAb	100 µl	WB, E, ICC, IHC	Rb	1:5000

Applications: WB = Western blot, E = ELISA, ICC = Immunocytochemistry, IP = Immunoprecipitation, IHC = Immunohistochemistry, FC = Flow Cytometry Species: H = Human, R = Rat, Ms = Mouse, C = Chicken, F = Fish, Fr = Frog, Rb = Rabbit



Western blot analysis of  $\alpha$ -actinin in human A431 cells (lanes 1 & 3) and rabbit spleen fibroblasts (lanes 2 & 4). The blots were probed with rabbit polyclonal anti- $\alpha$ -actinin 4 (a.a. 2-11) or mouse monoclonal anti- $\alpha$ -actinin (C-terminal region).



Western blot analysis of  $\alpha$ -actinin 4 in A431 cells stimulated with pervanadate (1 mM) for 30 min (lanes 1,2,5,6) or after immunoprecipitation using  $\alpha$ -actinin (C-terminal region) antibody in the absence (lanes 3 & 7) or presence of pervanadate-treated A431 cell lysate (lanes 4 & 8). Some lanes of the blot were treated with alkaline phosphatase (lanes 2 & 6). The blots were probed with anti- $\alpha$ -actinin (C-terminal region) or anti- $\alpha$ -actinin 4 (Tyr-4).

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## **Background**

 $\alpha$ -Actinins are widely expressed cytoskeletal proteins that cross-link actin filaments through antiparallel homodimers of the rod domains. Four  $\alpha$ -actinin genes have been discovered in humans with  $\alpha$ -actinin 1 and 4 being widely expressed in non-muscle cells.  $\alpha$ -Actinins contain three conserved domains that include an N-terminal actin binding domain, four spectrin-like repeats in the central region, and a C-terminal calmodulin binding domain.  $\alpha$ -Actinin cross-links the actin filament networks and associates the network to focal adhesion sites through binding of talin and vinculin.  $\alpha$ -Actinin 1 is phosphorylated at Tyr-12 by FAK, while  $\alpha$ -actinin 4 can be phosphorylated at Tyr-4 and Tyr-31 after EGF treatment. Tyr-4 and Tyr-31 phosphorylation inhibits actin binding and reduces actin-filament driven multinucleation in rat kidney cells. Thus, phosphorylation in  $\alpha$ -actinins may be important for regulating actin binding and actin cytoskeletal remodeling.

#### **Background References**

Izaguirre, G. et al. (2001) J Biol Chem. 276(31):28676.

Shao, H. et al. (2010) J Biol Chem. 285(4):2591.

### **Buffer and Storage**

Rabbit polyclonal antibodies are supplied in phosphate-buffered saline, 50% glycerol, 1 mg/ml BSA, and 0.05% sodium azide. The secondary reagent is supplied in the same buffer without azide, and the peptides are supplied in PBS and 0.05% sodium azide. Store all at -20°C. Stable for 1 year.

#### **Product Citations**

Cat. #	Citation & Application
AP4271	Kojima, S. et al. (2014) Am J Nephrol. 39(1):36-45 (WB: human kidney cells)
AP4241	Kojima, S. et al. (2014) Am J Nephrol. 39(1):36-45 (WB: human kidney cells)
RS3251	Kawasaki, H. et al. (2013) World J Gastroenter. 19(17):2629. (WB, ICC: mouse intestinal myofibroblasts and
RS3251	Estrada-Bernal, A. et al. (2011) J Neurooncol. 102:353. (Western blot)

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