

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

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# **SECTION 1: Identification**

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture

Product name : TRIZENTA™ HERBICIDE

Other means of identification : EPA Reg. Number 66330-353

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Herbicide

Restrictions on use : No additional information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Arysta LifeScience North America, LLC

c/o UPL NA Inc.

630 Freedom Business Center, Suite 402, King of Prussia, PA 19406

T 1-866-761-9397

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Exposure calls (PROPHARMA): 1-866-303-6952 or +1-651-603-3432 (international)

Spill calls (CHEMTREC) (Contract # CCN1779): 1-800-424-9300 or +1-703-527-3887

(international)

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **GHS** classification

Flam. Liq. 4 H227 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2B H320 Carc. 2 H351 STOT RE 2 H373

Asp. Tox. 1 H304

Full text of H statements : see section 16

# 2.2. Label elements

# **GHS-US** labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS)



GHS07

GHS08

Signal word (GHS) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS) : H227 - Combustible liquid

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 - Causes skin irritation. H320 - Causes eye irritation

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements (GHS) : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking. heat, sparks, open flames P260 - Do not breathe mist, vapours.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection.

P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a doctor. P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap, water.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

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P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P321 - Specific treatment (see First aid measures on this label).

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide (CO2), dry extinguishing powder, Foam, Water

fog to extinguish.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

### 2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS\_US)

Not applicable.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	% (w/w)	GHS classification
Heavy Aromatic Naphtha Solvent	(CAS-No.) 64742-94-5	59.6 – 59.9	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Clethodim (Main constituent)	(CAS-No.) 99129-21-2	26.4	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 3, H402 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	(CAS-No.) 95-63-6	< 5.8707	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Anionic/nonionic surfactant blend	(CAS-No.) trade secret	2.46	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
Naphthalene	(CAS-No.) 91-20-3	1.0381 – 1.0831	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Description of first aid moss	

First-aid measures general

: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation

: If inhaled and if breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Artificial respiration and/or oxygen if necessary.

First-aid measures after skin contact

Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water, followed by warm water rinse. Wash with plenty of water/.... Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes.

First-aid measures after eye contact

: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

First-aid measures after ingestion

 Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects

: Causes damage to organs.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation

: Inhalation may cause: irritation, coughing, shortness of breath.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact

: Causes skin irritation.

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Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes eye irritation.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Foam. Water fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Combustible liquid.

Explosion hazard : May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Reactivity : No dangerous reactions known.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Precautionary measures fire : Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area.

Firefighting instructions : Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed

containers. In case of fire: stop leak if safe to do so.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Wear a self contained breathing apparatus. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No open flames. No

smoking.

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapour and mist. Wear suitable gloves.

rubber. Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Eliminate ignition sources.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapour and mist. Wear protective rubber

clothing with splash guard. rubber. Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area. Stop leak without risks if possible.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Do not discharge into drains or the environment.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material, then place in suitable container. Contain any

spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for cleaning up : Take up in non-combustible absorbent material and shove into container for disposal. Soak up

spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Section 13: disposal information. Section 7: safe handling. Section 8: personal protective equipment.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable. Keep away from

Sources of ignition. No smoking.

Precautions for safe handling : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been

read and understood. No open flames. No smoking. Avoid breathing mist, spray, vapours. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

Storage conditions : Keep in fireproof place. Keep only in the original container in a cool well ventilated place. Keep

container closed when not in use.

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Incompatible materials : Heat sources. Strong bases. Strong acids. Heat and ignition sources : Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Prohibitions on mixed storage : Incompatible materials.

Storage area : Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Herbicide.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

# 8.1. Control parameters

TRIZENTA™ HERBICIDE		
ACGIH	Not applicable	
OSHA	Not applicable	
Clethodim (99129-21-2)		
Clethodim (99129-21-2)		
Clethodim (99129-21-2) ACGIH	Not applicable	

Heavy Aromatic Naphtha Solvent (64742-94-5)		
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³

Naphthalene (91-20-3)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	52 mg/m³
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)	79 mg/m³
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Hematologic eff; URT & eye irr; Skin; A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans: The agent is carcinogenic in experimental animals at a relatively high dose, by route(s) of administration, at site(s), of histologic type(s), or by mechanism(s) that may not be relevant to worker exposure. Available epidemiologic studies do not confirm an increased risk of cancer in exposed humans. Available evidence does not suggest that the agent is likely to cause cancer in humans except under uncommon or unlikely routes or levels of exposure)
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	50 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	10 ppm

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	123 mg/m³
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
OSHA	Not applicable	

Anionic/nonionic surfactant blend (trade secret)	
ACGIH	Not applicable
OSHA	Not applicable

# 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Avoid creating mist or spray. Avoid splashing. Avoid any leak and work in fully closed specially engineered systems. Either local exhaust or general room ventilation is usually required.

# 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

# Personal protective equipment:

Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

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#### Hand protection:

Wear suitable gloves resistant to chemical penetration. rubber. protective gloves

### Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Safety glasses with side shields

#### Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing. Impervious clothing

#### Respiratory protection:

Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is recommended. Use an approved respirator equipped with oil/mist cartridges.

### Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Appearance : Clear liquid.
Colour : amber
Odour : aromatic

Odour threshold : No data available

pH : 4.11 1% solution @ 25 °C

Melting point : No data available Freezing point : No data available Boiling point : No data available Flash point 62.8 °C Closed Cup Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) Combustible liquid. : No data available Vapour pressure Relative vapour density at 20 °C : No data available Relative density : No data available Density : 0.96 g/ml @ 20 °C

Solubility : insoluble in water. Soluble in hydrocarbon solvents.

Log Pow : No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : 2.096 mm²/s (calculated)

Viscosity, dynamic : 6 mPa·s @ 25 °C

Explosive limits : No data available

Explosive properties : Product is not explosive.

Oxidising properties : can react vigorously with oxidizers.

#### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

Combustible liquid. May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

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#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Open flame. Overheating. Direct sunlight. Heat. Sparks.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong bases. Strong acids.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

May release flammable gases. Burning produces irritating, toxic and noxious fumes. Carbon dioxide. Nitrogen oxides. Sulphur oxides. Toxic chlorine compounds.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure : Inhalation. Skin and eye contact.

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

TRIZENTA™ HERBICIDE	
LD50 oral rat	2.92 g/kg female; 3.61 g/kg male; similar product Select 2EC Herbicide (Low Flash Point)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5 g/kg similar product Select 2EC Herbicide (Low Flash Point)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 5.4 mg/l/4h similar product Select 2EC Herbicide (Low Flash Point)
ATE (oral)	2920 mg/kg bodyweight

Clethodim (99129-21-2)	
LD50 oral rat	1360 – 1630 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	3.9 mg/l/4h
ATE (oral)	1360 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE (vapours)	3.9 mg/l/4h
ATE (dust,mist)	3.9 mg/l/4h

Heavy Aromatic Naphtha Solvent (64742-94-5)		
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 5.28 mg/l/4h	

Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
LD50 oral rat	490 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	20 g/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 340 mg/m³ 1 hour
ATE (oral)	490 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE (dermal)	20000 mg/kg bodyweight

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
LD50 oral rat	3415 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rat	3440 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	954 ppm
ATE (oral)	3415 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE (dermal)	3440 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE (dust,mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes eye irritation. (Irritating to rabbits on ocular application)

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified (Negative. mouse)

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer.

Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen

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Reproductive toxicity : Not classified STOT-single exposure : Not classified

STOT-repeated exposure : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Clethodim (99129-21-2)	
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Viscosity, kinematic : 2.096 mm²/s (calculated)

Symptoms/effects : Causes damage to organs.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Inhalation may cause: irritation, coughing, shortness of breath.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes eye irritation.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1. Toxicity

Clethodim (99129-21-2)	
LC50 fish 1	> 33 mg/l 96 hr Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)
EC50 crustacea	20.2 mg/l
FrC50 (algae)	11.4 mg/l Green Algae

Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
LC50 fish 1	> 0.91 (0.91 – 2.82) mg/l Oncornhynchus mykiss
EC50 crustacea	≥ 1.96 mg/l
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	33 mg/l
LC50 fish 2	> 1 (1 – 6.5) mg/l Pimpephales promelas
LOEC (acute)	3.2 mg/l
NOEC (acute)	1.8 mg/l

NOLO (acute)	1.6 mg/i
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
LC50 fish 1	7.72 mg/l
LC50 other aquatic organisms 1	3.6 mg/l
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	2.356 mg/l

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Heavy Aromatic Naphtha Solvent (64742-94-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable.
Biodegradation	39 %

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
BCF fish 1	≥ 427 (427 – 1158)

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Heavy Aromatic Naphtha Solvent (64742-94-5	
Mobility in soil	Migrates to soil.

# 12.5. Other adverse effects

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

SECTION 13. Disposal considera	MIONS	
13.1. Waste treatment methods		
Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.	
Additional information	: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.	
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# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### **Department of Transportation (DOT)**

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : NA1993 Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (Heavy aromatic naphtha solvent), 3, III

UN-No.(DOT) : NA1993

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Combustible liquid, n.o.s.

Heavy aromatic naphtha solvent

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

Packing group (DOT) : III - Minor Danger

Other information : Non-bulk (<= 119 gallons / 450 Liters) Not Regulated; Bulk (> 119 gallons / 450 Liters)

Regulated as stated. RQ Bulk (≥960 gallons): NA1993 Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (Heavy

aromatic naphtha solvent), 3, III, RQ(Naphthalene).

### Transport by sea

**IMDG** 

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : Not applicable

Marine pollutant : No

Air transport

IATA

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : Not applicable

Marine pollutant : No

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. US Federal regulations

FIFRA Labelling

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Naphthalene	CAS-No. 91-20-3	1.0381 – 1.0831%
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	CAS-No. 95-63-6	< 5.8707%

Clethodim (99129-21-2)		
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag Exempt from TSCA Regulation under FIFRA Section 3 (2)(B)(ii) when used as a pesticide.		
Naphthalene (91-20-3)		
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)		
CERCLA BO	100 lb	

Napritrialerie (91-20-3)	
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
	Immediate (acute) health hazard

EPA Registration Number	66330-353		
This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets (SDS), and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. The hazard information required on the pesticide label is reproduced below. The pesticide label also includes other important information, including directions for use			
FIFRA Signal Word	Warning		
FIFRA Human Health Hazards	Causes substantial but temporary eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Prolonged or frequent repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.		
FIFRA First Aid	Avoid contact with skin. Do not get in eyes, on clothing or on skin. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist.		
FIFRA Environmental Hazards	Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas		

Solano Grass: Solano County, California: the vernal lakes area bounded by the Union Pacific

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below the mean high water mark. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply where weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. The use of this product may pose a hazard to the federally designated endangered species of Solano Grass and Wild Rice. Use of this product is prohibited in the following areas where the species are known to exist:

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FIFRA Labelling	
Railroad and Hastings Road to the north, Highway 113 to the east, Highway 12 to the sand Travis Air Force Base to the west.  Wild Rice: Hays County, Texas.	
FIFRA Physical Hazard	Combustible. Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

## 15.2. International regulations

### **CANADA**

### Clethodim (99129-21-2)

Not listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.

### Heavy Aromatic Naphtha Solvent (64742-94-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.

### Naphthalene (91-20-3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.

### 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.

### 15.3. US State regulations

**MARNING:** 

This product can expose you to Naphthalene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Component	Carcinogenicity	Developmental toxicity	Reproductive toxicity male	Reproductive toxicity female	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
Naphthalene(91-20-3)	Х				5.8 µg/day	

Component	State or local regulations
Naphthalene(91-20-3)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 - List of Hazardous Substances; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene(95-63-6)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Data sources :	ACGIH (American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists). European Chemicals
	Agency (ECHA) Registered Substances list. Accessed at http://echa.europa.eu/. Krister
	Forsberg and S.Z. Mansdorf, "Quick Selection Guide to Chemical Protective Clothing", Fifth
	Edition. National Fire Protection Association; Fire Protection Guide to Hazardous Materials;

10th edition. TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory. Accessed at

http://www.epa.gov/oppt/existingchemicals/pubs/tscainventory/howto.html. Canadian Centre for

Occupational Health and Safety. Accessed at:

http://www.ccohs.ca/oshanswers/legisl/whmis\_classifi.html.

Other information : None.

## Full text of H-statements:

At Of Fratalements.	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H227	Combustible liquid
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H320	Causes eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.

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H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Abbreviations and acronyms:

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP: Classification, Labelling, Packaging.
CAS (Chemical Abstracts Service) number
GHS: Globally Harmonized System (of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals
EC50: Environmental Concentration associated with a response by 50% of the test population.
LD50: Lethal Dose for 50% of the test population
OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health Administration
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limits
TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
TWA: Time Weighted Average

: 1 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause NFPA health hazard

significant irritation.

NFPA fire hazard : 2 - Materials that must be moderately heated or exposed to

relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can

NFPA reactivity : 1 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable but can

become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures.



SDS Prepared by: The Redstone Group

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This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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