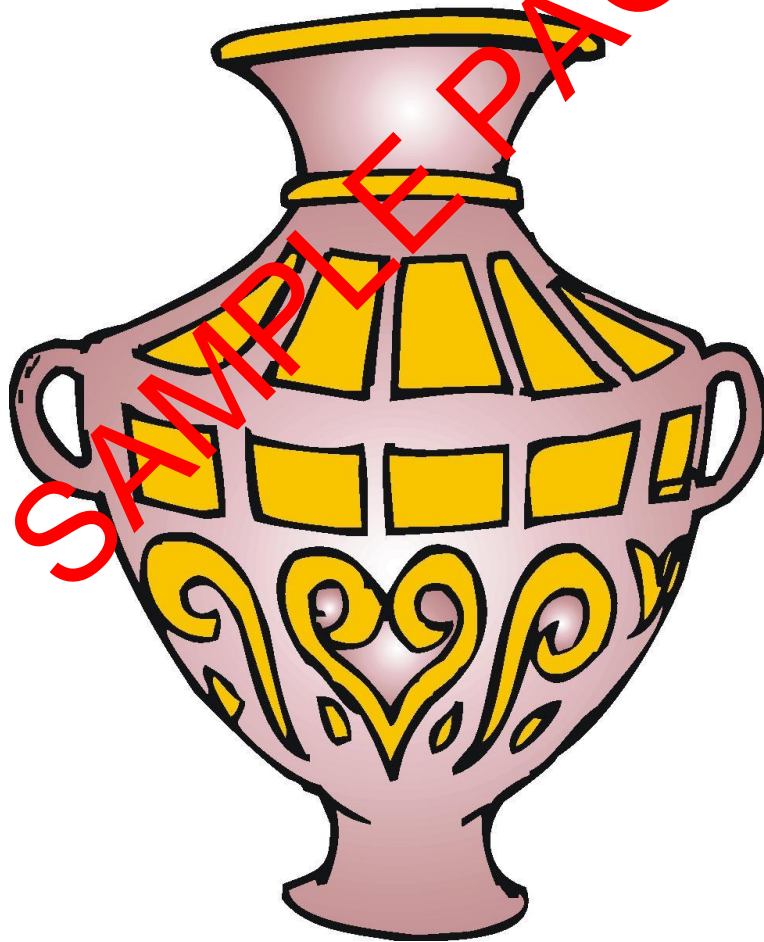




Any Age

Ancient Greece Express Lapbook

Mini Lapbook, Study Guide, Activities and Crafts



A Journey Through Learning
www.ajourneythroughlearning.com

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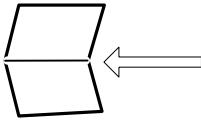
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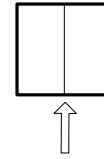
SAMPLE PAGE

Things to Know

Hamburger Fold-Fold horizontally



Hotdog Fold-Fold vertically

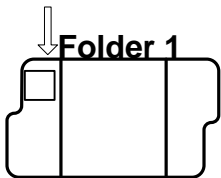


Dotted Lines-These are the cutting lines.

Accordion Fold-This fold is like making a paper fan. Fold on the first line so that title is on top. Turn over and fold on next line so that title is on top again. Turn over again and fold again on the next line so that title is on top. Continue until all folds are done.

Cover Labels-Most of the booklets that are folded look nicer with a label on top instead of just a blank space. They will be referred to as “cover label.”

How do I know where to place each template in the folder?

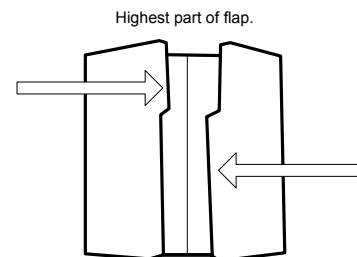
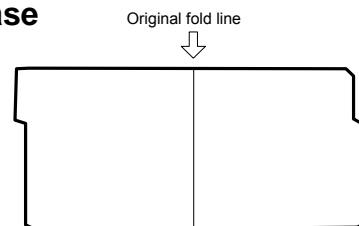


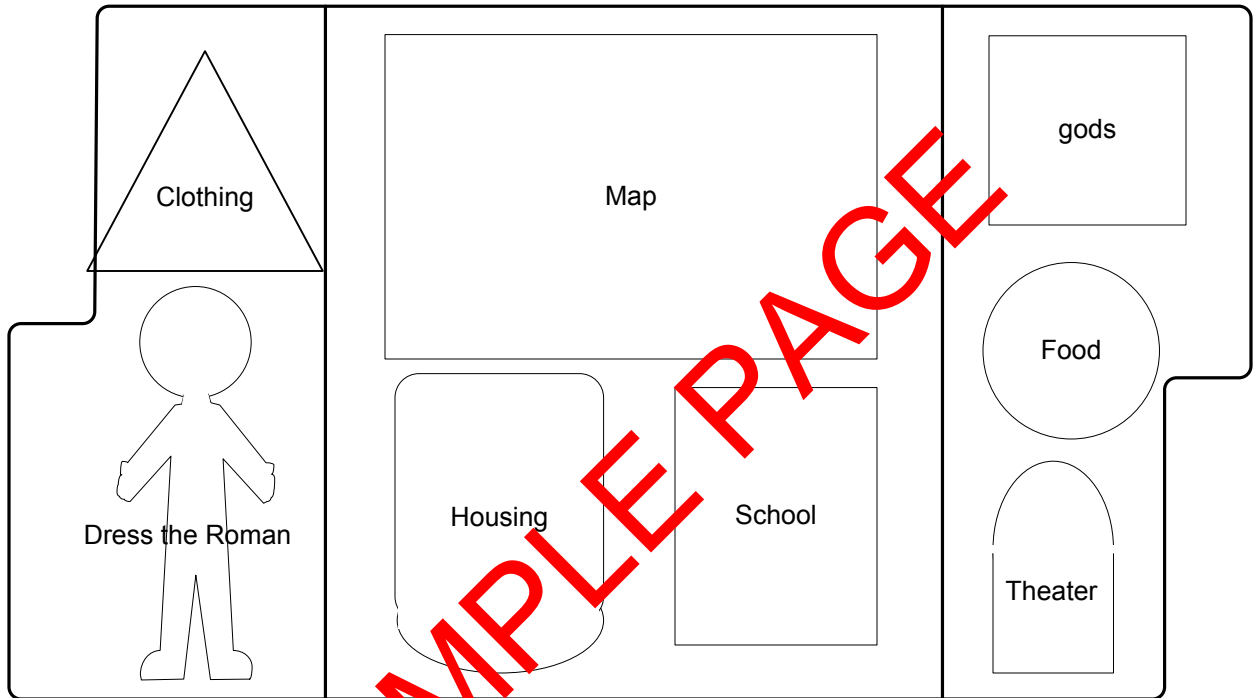
This placement key tells you the template goes in the first folder at the top of the left flap.

Folding a Lapbook Base

Gather the number of folders required for the project. Fold them flat as seen here.

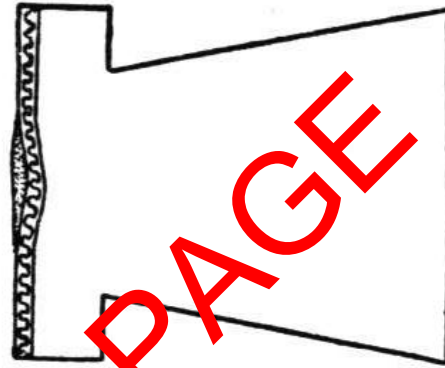
For each folder, fold the left and right sides inward toward the original line to create two flaps. Crease so that the highest part of each flap is touching the original line. It is important not to let the two flaps overlap. *You may want to take a ruler and run it down each crease to make it sharper.*





Cut out around the dotted lines. Glue to the front of your closed lapbook. Dress a Greek child in the Chiton. Add details like a house, trees, mountains, etc.

Ancient Greece Express



SAMPLE PAGE

The Ancient Greeks lived in what is now the countries of Greece, Bulgaria and Turkey, in the continent of Europe.

This empire was most powerful between the years 2000 and 146 BC. Because the land of Greece is criss-crossed by mountains, the different groups of people formed separate communities. They called these communities city-states. From these city states, the two most famous ones are Athens and Sparta.

Life in Ancient Greece was pleasant. The climate of this land was mild. The houses were comfortable. People spent a lot of time outdoors engaged in games and sports.

Since the climate of Greece is mild, ancient Greeks wore light clothing. Men and women wore tunics called chitons. Both men and women liked to be fashionable. Wealthy women wore headbands to adorn their hair and sometimes bought fancy wigs. Men and women liked to use perfume. Women's make up consisted of chalk to make their skin white and juice to make their lips red. Their clothing was made of wool and sometimes linen.

Most of the people who lived in cities lived in houses. Houses were built from mud bricks or stones. The roofs were covered with tiles or reeds. The floors were tiled to keep them cool. Men and women had their own living quarters. Men used their part of the house to entertain their friends. They even had couches where they lounged and ate their food. The women used their quarters to spin and weave cloth as well as for visiting with their friends.

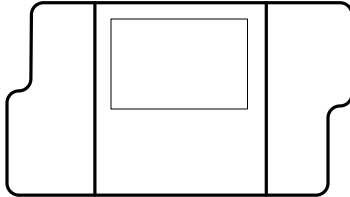
Once children reached the age of six or seven, boys went to school and girls were instructed at home. Girls learned to read, write and do math. They also learned how to help their mom around the house. Boys learned to read, write and count. At 14, boys started attending a school called a palaistra. In the palaistra, they learned wrestling, jumping, and throwing the javelin and the discus. Boys from working families went to work with their fathers to learn a craft or job. Boys from wealthy families continued their studies with teachers known as philosophers. Ancient Greek philosophers, like Socrates, Plato and Aristotle, were so smart that even today, thousands of years later, learned people still read and study their writings.

The ancient Greeks believed in many gods and goddesses. They believed everything about their lives was in the hands of a god or goddess. Every town had its own temple. The temple was not like a church. In reality, it was a house for a statue of a god or goddess. The chief of the gods was Zeus, god of the sky, storms and thunder. They thought the gods lived on Mount Olympus in northeast Greece.

Greeks ate lots of fish, eggs, vegetables and fruit, especially figs. They drank goats' milk and made cheese. Their main meal was in the evening.

Every large city had a theater. Stages were built in circular shapes. The plays were usually about Greek gods or heroes. All actors were men. There were different types of plays- funny plays (comedies), sad plays (tragedies) and plays that made fun of something (satires). Masks were worn to express their emotions.

Folder 1



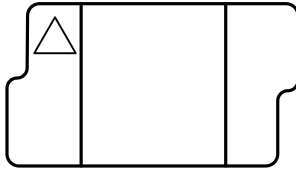
Cut out the booklet. Glue into lapbook.

Directions: Follow the directions at the bottom of the map.



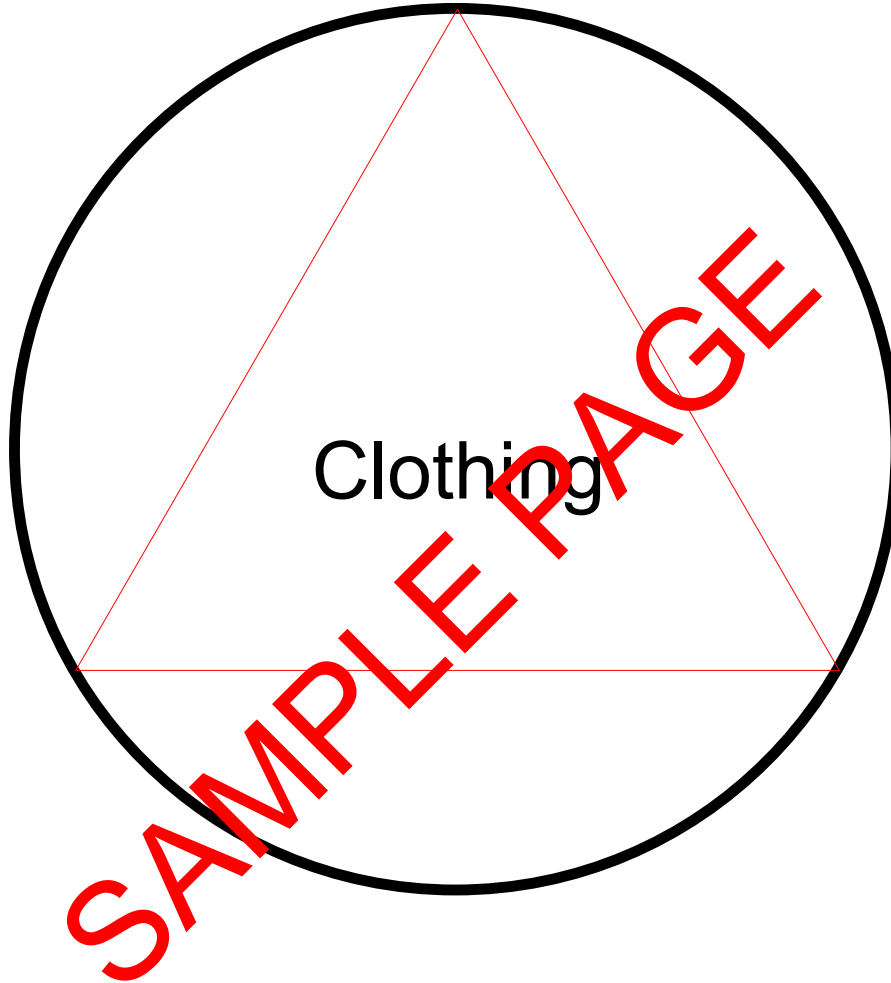
- Circle Athens yellow.
- Circle Sparta green.
- Circle Olympia purple.
- Circle Mount Olympus red.
- Color the Aegean Sea blue.

Folder 1



Cut out the circle. Fold on red lines to form a triangle with title inside. Glue into the lapbook.

Directions: Open the booklet. Inside each flap, tell about the clothing of the ancient Greeks. Let an adult write it for you, if needed.



Folder 1



Cut out the booklet. Glue into lapbook.

Directions: Use crayons or colored pencils to dress the figure like someone from ancient Greece.

