

Any Age

Ancient Egypt Express Lapbook

Mini Lapbook, Study Guide, Activities and Crafts



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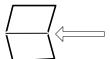
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Things to Know

Hamburger Fold-Fold horizontally



Hotdog Fold-Fold vertically

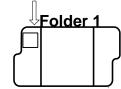


Dotted Lines-These are the cutting lines.

Accordion Fold-This fold is like making a paper fan. Fold on the first line so that title is on top. Turn over and fold on next line so that title is on top again. Turn over again and fold again on the next line so that title is on top. Continue until all folds are done.

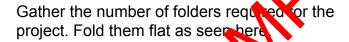
Cover Labels-Most of the booklets that are folded look nicer with a label on top instead of just a blank space. They will be referred to as "cover label."

How do I know where to place each template in the folder?

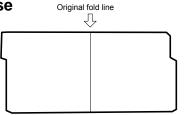


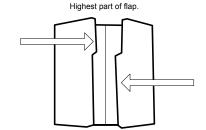
This placement key tells you the temp at goes in the first folder at the top of the left flap.

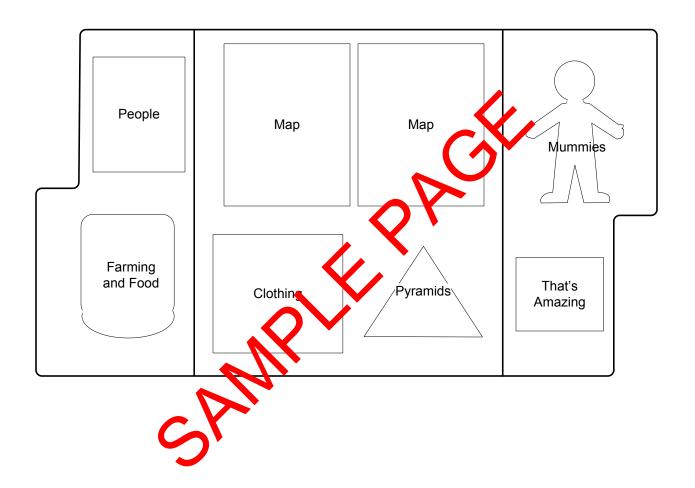
Folding a phook Base



For each folder, fold the left and right sides inward toward the oritination to create two flaps. Crease so that the highest part of each flap is touching the original line. It is important not to let the two flaps overlap. You may want to take a ruler and run it down each crease to make it sharper.







Cut out the page around the dotted lines. Glue to the back of your closed lapbook. Complete an Egyptian scene. Remember to add camels, people and more.



Ancient Egyptians lived along the banks of the Nile a long, long time ago. The Nile river is the longest river in the world. It has two main branches: the White Nile which starts at Lake Victoria on the border of Uganda, Tanzania, and Kenya and the Blue Nile which begins at Lake Tana in Ethiopia. These two branches join around the city of Khartoum in Sudan. It then flows through desert country in Egypt until it reaches the Mediterranean Sea.

Egypt is located in the northeastern corner of the continent of Africa and it is attached to the continent of Asia by the Sinai Peninsula.

They farmed the rich land left behind by the floodwaters of the Nile. The Ancient Egyptians were also incredible builders. Some of the structures they built still stand today, thousands of years later.

Ancient Egyptians were ruled by a king called a pharaoh. The pharaoh and his family lived in a grand palace and wore the finest cothing. Their food, made by their servants, was only the best. The pharaoh was considered not only the king by also the high priest.

Another important people in Ancient Egyptian society were the scribes. Scribes were very well educated. They were called scribes because they knew how to write the complicated Egyptian writing called hieroglyphs. They wrote scrolls and inscriptions on temple walls and tombs. The ordinary people were the majority. They were the ones that did most of the work. They raised cattle, fished in the river, made the crafts, and built the temples and houses. The houses were built of mud bricks. The streets were full of garbage (No garbage collection back then!) and very smelly.

Egypt has very hot weather so light, cool clothing is needed. Ancient Egyptian children wore nothing but sandals until they were close to the age of ten. Men and women wore clothing made out of linen. Working men wore just a short piece of cloth wrapped around their hips like a skirt or wrapped between the legs like a loincloth. Working women wore tunics that reached to their knees.

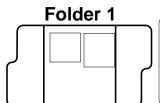
Wealthy people wore a more delicate linen. The women wore their tunics long, while the men wore tunics that reached to their knees.

The Egyptian pyramids have been around for a long, long time. They were built more than 4,500 years ago. A pyramid has four sides or faces that procest at a point at the top. The pyramids were built to serve as tombs for the pharaohs. They are made of stones and took a long time to build.

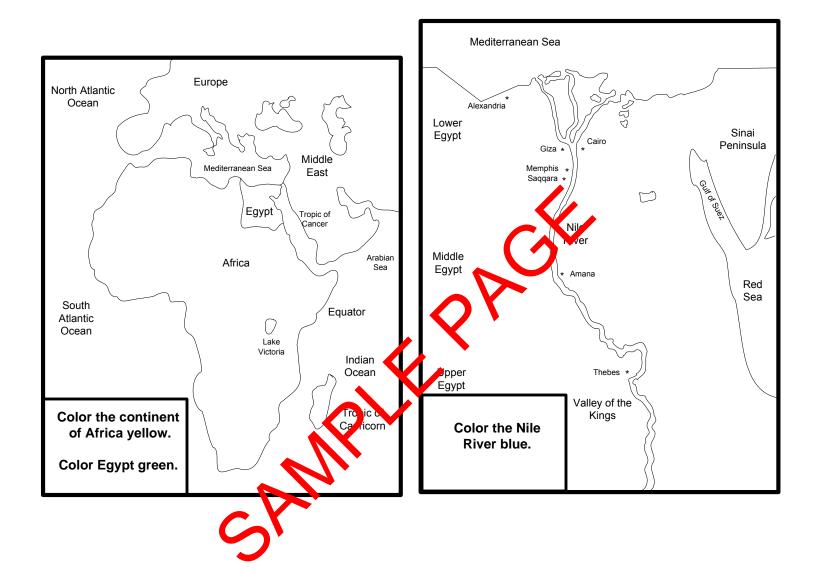
The largest pyramid in Egypt is known as the Great Pyramid. This pyramid, along two other large pyramids and several smaller ones, were built at a place called Giza. The Great Pyramid was built for King Khufu and it is believed that it took 20 years to build it.

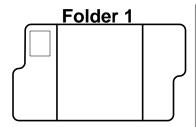
Ancient Egyptar's believed that when a person dies, the soul leaves the body. The soul is judged by the god Osiris. If the person is judged to have lived a good life, the soul is welcomed into the world of the spirits to live there forever. In this case, the soul, they believe, would still need a body to live in. It is important, then, to keep the person's body in good condition.

The process used to preserve the body is called mummification. The body that has been preserved is called a mummy. Preserving the body this way is a long and costly process. Only the rich and powerful were able to afford it.



Cut out the two maps on this page. Glue into lapbook. **Directions:** Follow the directions inside each map below.





Cut out the booklet on the outside lines as one piece. Fold up the bottom section. Next, fold down the top section. This creates an envelope. Glue or staple the sides. Glue into lapbook. Cut out cards from the next page.

Directions: Draw something about each of the three types of people on your cards. Place into the envelope when you are done.



