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# 2018 08 15 111 SB

Ordering Provider: David Getuwell, MD Samples Received 08/15/2018

**Report Date** 08/20/2018

**Samples Collected** 

Saliva - 08/12/18 07:40 Saliva - 08/12/18 12:00 Saliva - 08/12/18 18:00 Saliva - 08/12/18 22:00 Blood Spot - 08/12/18 07:40

#### **Patient Name:**

Patient Phone Number: 555 555 5555

Gender Height Waist 5 ft 7 in Male 31 in **DOB** Weight BMI 11/29/1983 (34 yrs) 160 lb 25.1 **RANGE TEST NAME RESULTS | 08/12/18 Blood Spot PSA** 10.8 H <0.5-4 ng/mL (optimal 0.5-2)

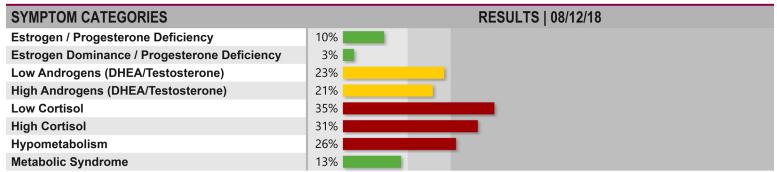
<dL = Less than the detectable limit of the lab. N/A = Not applicable; 1 or more values used in this calculation is less than the detectable limit. H = High. L = Low. \* For research purposes only.</p>

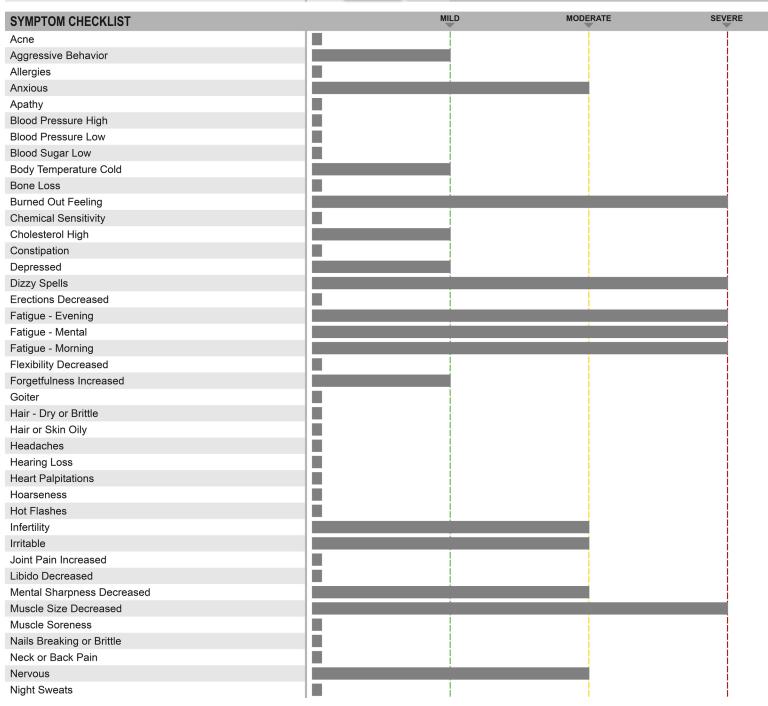
#### **Therapies**

None

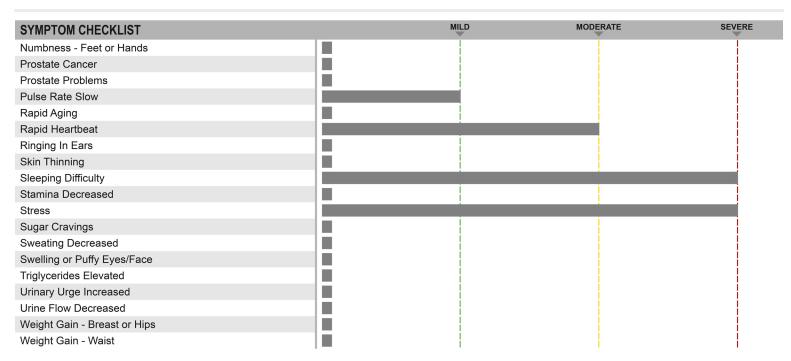
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**Disclaimer:** Symptom Categories below show percent of symptoms self-reported by the patient compared to total available symptoms for each category. For detailed information on category breakdowns, go to www.zrtlab.com/patient-symptoms.





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#### **Lab Comments**

PSA (Prostate Specfic Antigen) is higher than the range of < 4 ng/ml and the optimal range of < 2 ng/ml (level retested and confirmed). A high PSA is usually caused by BPH (Benign Prostatic Hypertrophy), prostate cancer, prostate inflammation or infection, and prostate or perineal trauma. Ejaculation within 48-72 hr of blood collection may also cause a slight elevation in PSA. Prostate surgery can cause a significant rise in PSA outside the normal range and testing for PSA is not recommended for at least three weeks post surgery. Periodic repeat testing for PSA is recommended.