



Case History

AMINE TREATER REGENERATOR VENT SCRUBBER

Background

The following application concerns the removal of H₂S from a water saturated CO₂ gas stream that was produced from an alkanolamine sweetener.

A natural gas plant located in the northwestern New Mexico, removes acid gas with alkanolamine absorption and regeneration. The resulting acid gas rejected in the regenerator vent contains over 99 percent CO₂ and as much as 150 ppm H₂S. Reducing the H₂S concentration to 10 ppm or less permits the gas to be discharged to the atmosphere.

System Data

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Gas Flow Rate}: & 5 \text{ MMScfd} \\ \text{Gas Composition:} & 99 + \% \text{ CO}_2 \\ \text{Pressure:} & 17 - 21 \text{ psig} \\ \text{Incoming H}_2\text{S:} & 150 \text{ ppm} \\ \text{Outgoing H}_2\text{S:} & 0-7 \text{ ppm} \end{array}$

ENVIRO-SCRUB®

Consumption: 0.035 to 0.040 gallons

per ppm H₂S per million Scf. 2.11 to 2.41 lbs. per

gallon of product.

ENVIRO SCRUB®

Solution

ENVIRO-SCRUB® is injected via an atomizer into a horizontal line just ahead of a static mixer in the rich amine feed to the regenerator. Before the CO₂ reaches the contact tower, the H₂S concentration drops from 150 ppm to 40 ppm. The remaining H₂S is removed in the regenerator.

Results

The contact tower is on liquid level control. The 10 ppm permit H₂S level is easily achieved and the air is discharged into the atmosphere. The spent **ENVIRO-SCRUB®** is disposed of in permitted disposal wells. This continuous system has produced substantial economic benefits for the customer.