

Easy Bucket Drumming

By Matthew Dane Peavoy

Special Thanks to Denise Gagne and Carey-Lyn Holt

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Themes & Variations

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Introduction

Easy Bucket Drumming is a collection of fun and upbeat arrangements for students age six and above. As students work through this resource, they will learn to read quarter and eighth note rhythms, adapt to different tempos and develop hand independence. Students will also learn about musical concepts such as form, dynamics, accents, and improvisation.

Buckets are cheap and easy to store! Can you imagine trying to store a set of 30 congas in your music room? You probably already have a few buckets lying around and could easily get a class set from donations alone. Drum sticks are also inexpensive, but a set of wooden dowels from a dollar store will work just as well!

You can produce four unique sounds on a bucket drum by hitting the sides, top, rim or clicking the sticks. By using larger or smaller buckets, you can create even more weight in sounds and form a bucket drumming ensemble. We have developed an easy to read notation that allows students to switch between these sounds and prepares them for reading other persuation notation.

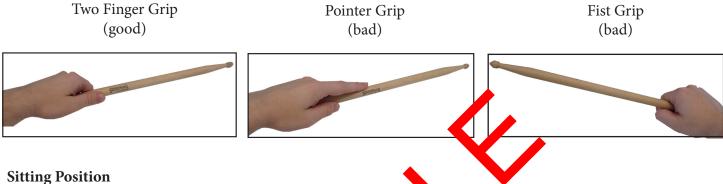
What's in Easy Bucket Drumming?

- 18 pieces sequenced to boild a ling and performance skills
- A basic guide to training schnique
- Music Room Rule cant with body percussion
- Variety of styles: po, hip hop, rock, jazz, and classical
- Project Buck Drumming notation with embedded audio
- One-page ements and links to play along with pop songs
- Notation Movies with automatic page turns and easy guide arrows
- Teacher tips and suggestions for classroom management
- Opportunities to improvise
- MP3 audio with click tracks

Playing Position

Holding the Drum Sticks

Grip the drum stick between your first finger and thumb with your palm facing the floor. This allows the drum stick to bounce. Be careful not to grip it with a closed fist, as this will prevent the drum from sounding properly. The pointer finger should not extended along the drum stick, but should be gently wrapped around it.



You can sit on the floor, on another bucket, or a low store. Sit to with year elbows slightly raised to the side Hold the drum between your legs and have it tilted slightly forward. This will give the drum a better sound. ar elbows slightly raised to the side.

Different Parts on the Bucket

You can create different sounds by stri differed parts of the bucket. The lowest line in the music is the side the thet often produce the lowest sound, although this might vary of the bucket. This is because the sides depending on the bucket. Be careful not seet the bucket move when you hit the sides. Next is the top of the bucket, and then the rim. When striking the rim, hit the part of the rim farthest away from you as this will make it easier to play. Finally, the the book of music is played by clicking the sticks. This is written as an x to remind you to cross the drum sticks.



Music Room Rules

Process

- 1. Have the students read the rhythms (ex. Ta, ti ti, or 12 + 3 + 4 +)
- 2. Read the words in rhythm. Talk about what they mean in a music classroom.
- 3. Divide the class into 2 groups one reads the A section and the other reads the B section.
- 4. Give the students the suggested body percussion to go with part A or have students come up with their own. For example: stomp stomp stomp pat pat pat pat pat pat pat
- 5. Read part B and give the students the suggested body percussion or have them come up with their own. Keep a beat on a woodblock or a drum and have them do the line four times to practice. Divide the class in half and have one half perform and the other watch.
- 6. Divide the class into 4 groups and give each group either side, top, reasonable and first, then add body percussion and finally bucket drums.
- 7. This chant is a great way to open a concert. To play along with the audio or video included on the disk follow the following form: Intro AB AB.

Listen for 8 beats, Play A for 8 beats (2x B for 6 beats, A for 8 beats(2x), B for 16 beats

Divide the students back into the four groups and give each one a line of the music. First time through, speak the music rules chant only. Second time, add body, ere will not bucket drumming. Try creating your own accompaniment and have one half of the classroom speaking while the other half plays bucket drums.

Music Rules Poster Pack

This chant is taken from our fusional Posters Pack. This poster pack includes posters for music room rules, audience behavior and instrument care there are 20 posters and lesson plans to use with the posters. Find this and similar products at musicplay. In the Teaching Aids section.

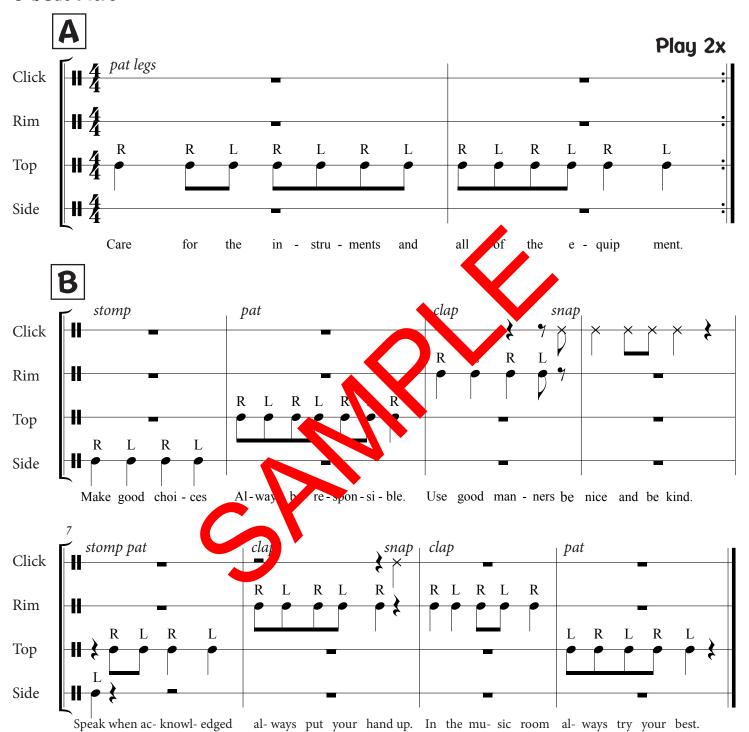






Music Room Rules

8 beat intro



Form: Intro AB AB



The First Bucket Drumming Class

Process

1. Set up the bucket drums with the sticks inside them around the room and have students sit behind them without touching the buckets or the sticks.

2. Teach this chant:



- 3. Rest position for bucket drumming is to hold a drumstick in each hand and put your hands on your lap with each drumstick pointed at the knee. To teach rest position, play a Simon Says game. For this game, the teacher is Simon and the class are the players. Standing in front of the group, Simon tells the players what they must do. However, the players must only obey commands that begin with the words "Sixton Says." If Simon says, "Simon Says sticks on your head," then players must put sticks on their head. If Sixton says, "Sticks in rest position" and the players follow the command they are out.
- 4. If students would like to practice, they are allowed to promon eir less instead of hitting the drums.
- 5. Open up the projectable PDF to teach students about p ving position. Check that each student is holding the drum sticks correctly.
- 6. Open up the movie or projectable PDF for the first pace, Side Step". Have students practice in the air 8 beats of right hand and 8 beats of left hand. Have students pace, 8 beats on the side of the bucket, the top of the bucket, the rim, and clicking sticks.
- 7. Practice "Side Step" on the dams and en play with the Projectable PDF or movie.

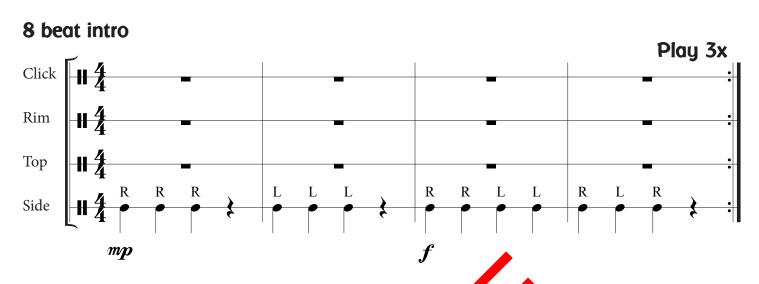
Teacher Tip! The movies have automatic page turns and easy guide arrows so you won't lose your place in the music sector come pieces have different length introductions, the movies also have a four beat click track to tell you when to play.

8. Ask the students what symbols like mp and f mean. Dynamics are important for classroom management, as 30 bucket drums can often overpower the accompaniment tracks. Ask if they can think of any other dynamics?

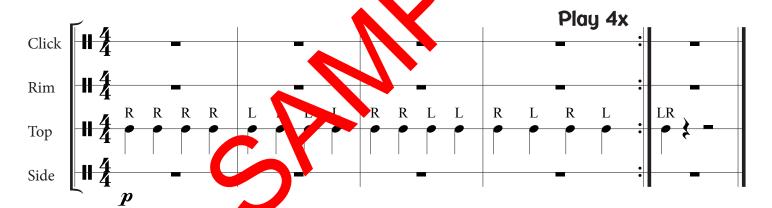
Dynamics					
p	mp	mf	f		
piano	mezzo-piano	mezzo-forte	forte		
quiet	medium quiet	medium loud	loud		



1. Side Step



8 beat intro



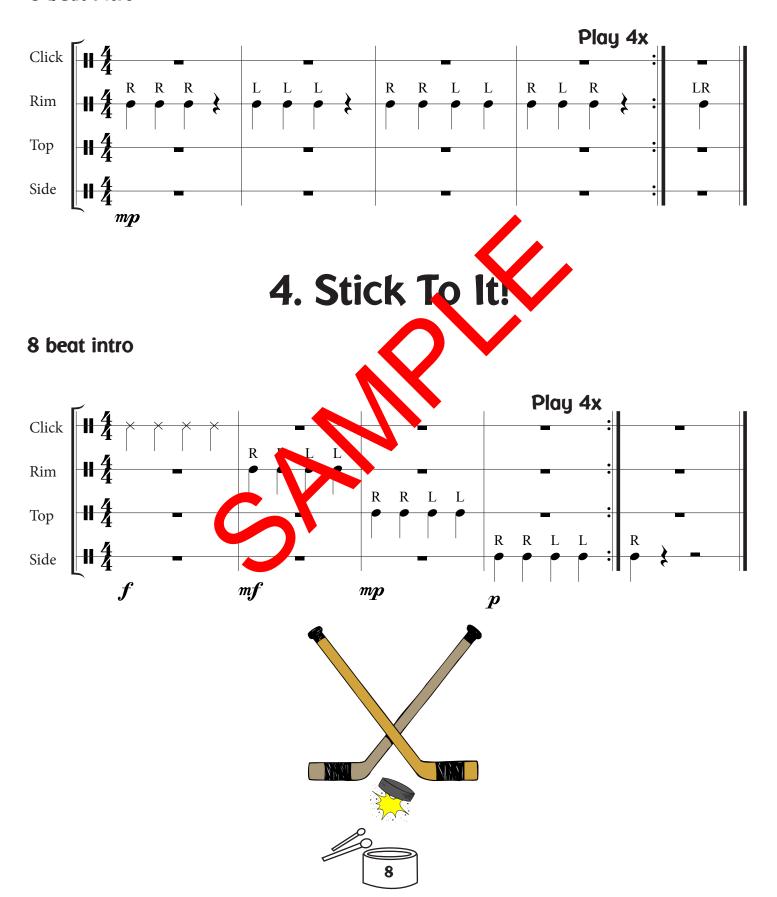
2. Top Hats





3. Off the Rim

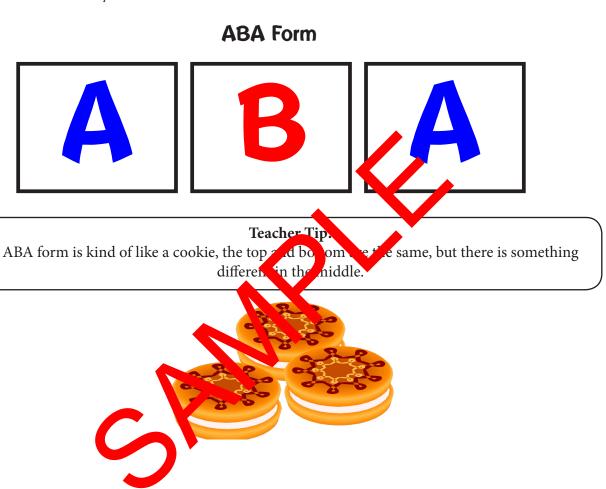
8 beat intro



Musical Form and Phrasing

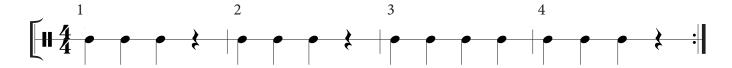
Form

The way music is organized is called its form. Form makes it easy for a listener or a performer to understand the music and gives it some variety. One of the most common forms is called:



Phrasing

Form is made up of musical phrases. A phrase is made up of sections of music usually 4, although in some cases a phrase can be 8, 16, or even 32 measures long



Play "Dance of the Reed Pipes". Does this follow ABA form? How long is each musical phrase?



Easy Pop Song Arrangements

Pop Songs!

For this collection, we have chosen three pop songs that are clean and have positive messages for students.

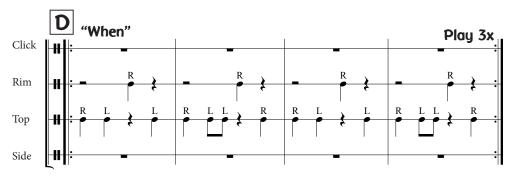
Wavin' Flag (Coca Cola Celebration Mix) by K'NAAN

Better When I'm Dancin' by Meghan Trainor

CAN'T STOP THE FEEL NG by Justin Timberlake

Process

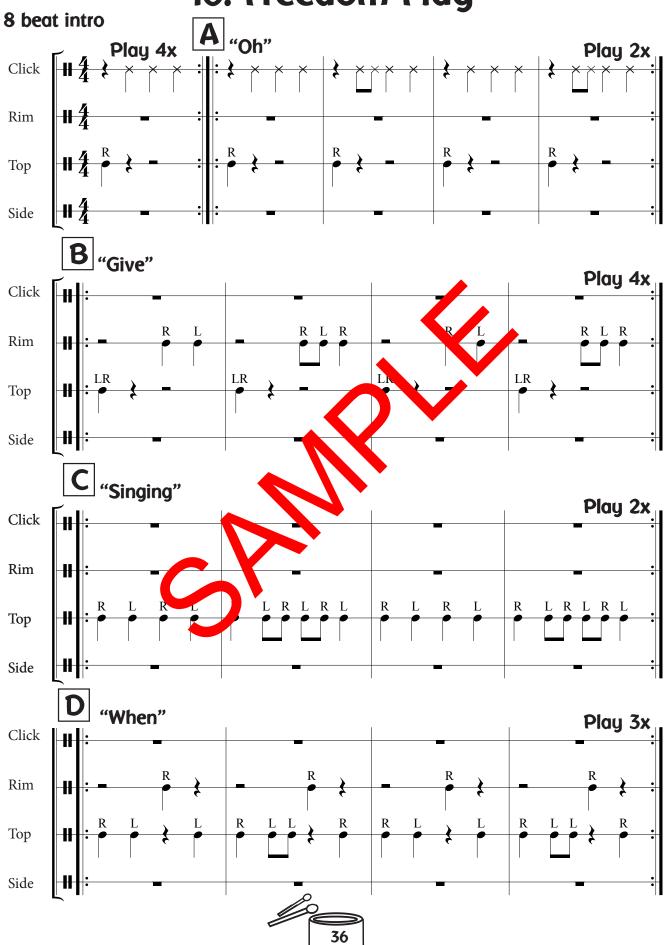
- 1. Learn the arrangement from this book first. Once ou have practiced each phrase and gotten used to the form, play along with the Projectable PDF or Management.
- 2. Play along with the accompaniment track using the me-page arrangements and get used how the form is laid out.
- 3. Listen to the pop song from the lights provided in the Projectable PDF. Point to the form letters at the bottom and count the repeats.
- 4. Play along to the pop sore me in the me-page arrangement. We have provided "word cues" at the start of every section to help you ollow to with the performance. Using the one-page arrangement will allow a teacher to help students navigate the song without worrying about page turns.

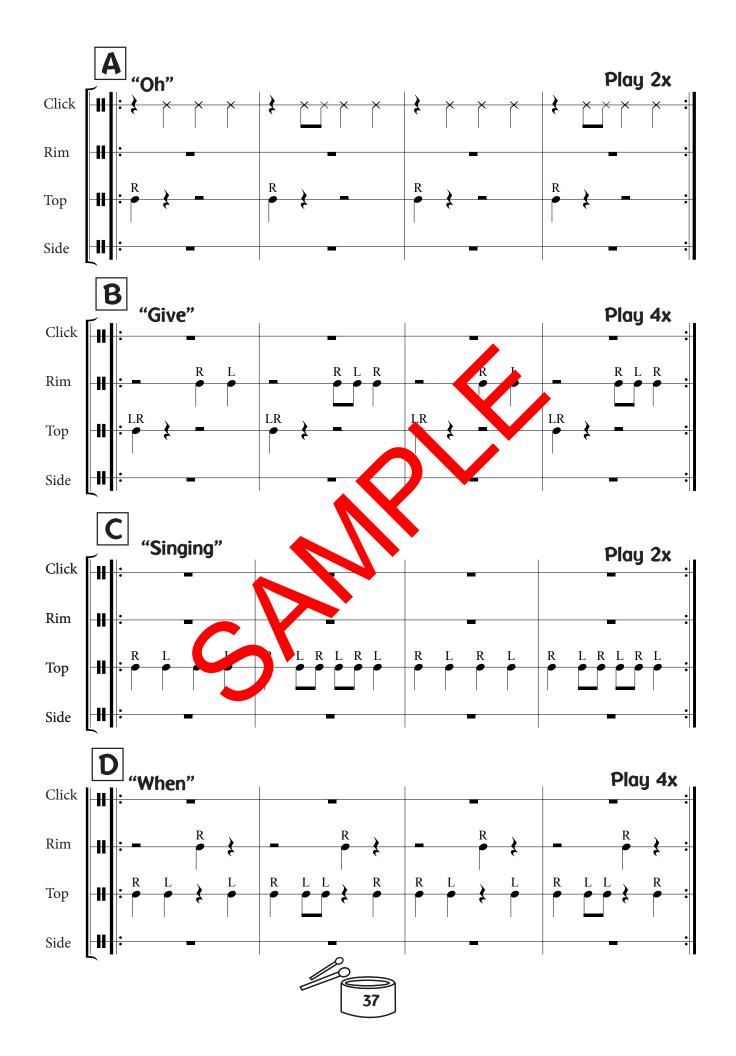


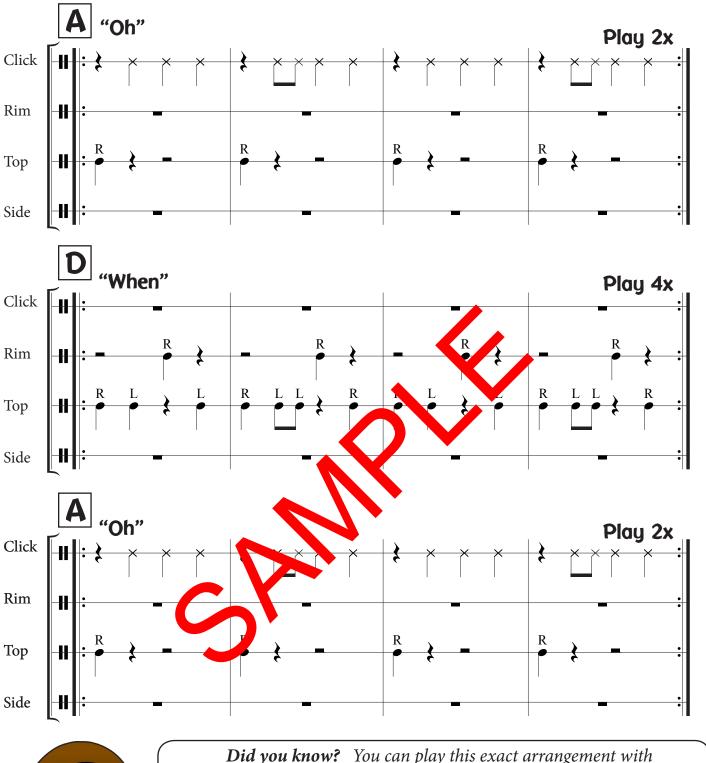
Form: Intro ABCD ABCD ADA



16. Freedom Flag





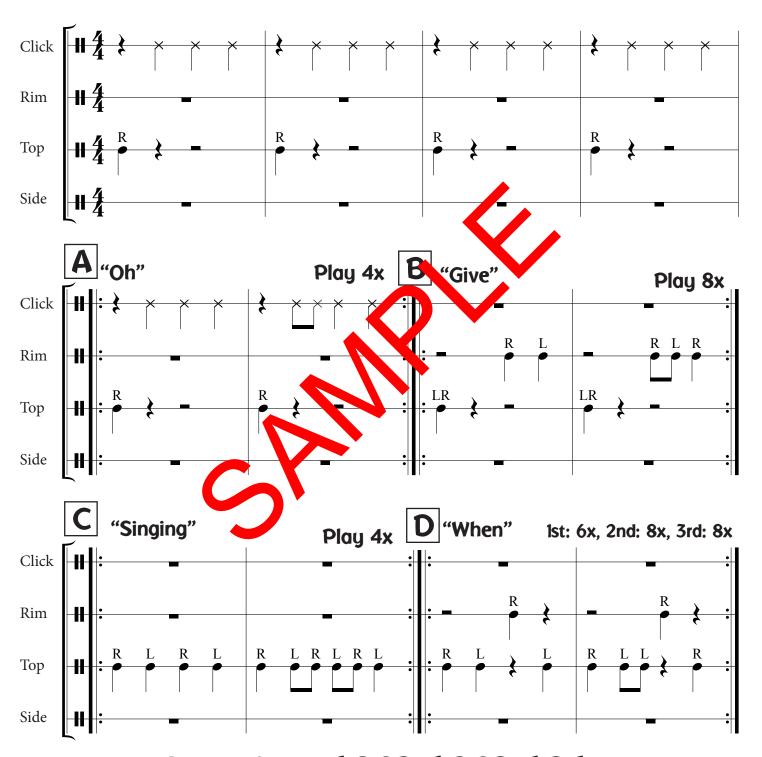




Did you know? You can play this exact arrangement with K'NAAN's "Wavin' Flag (Coca Cola Celebration Mix)" Find the Youtube link in the Projectable PDF!

16. Freedom Flag One-page Arrangement

8 beat intro



Form: Intro ABCD ABCD ADA

