

Bend Fire & Rescue EMS Performance Standards

Laryngoscope Blades (various sizes)

Endotracheal Tubes (various sizes)

Magill Forceps

Sylet(s)

Stethoscope

Pulse Oximeter

Waveform Capnography

Oral Intubation (Adult) -3.1.3

Performance Objective

• Secure placement of an endotracheal tube to ensure a patent airway for positive pressure ventilation.

Equipment Needed

- PPE
- OPA (various sizes)
- NPA (various sizes)
- Suction Equipment
- BVM w/ Tubing
- O2 Cylinder
- RSI Medications
- Laryngoscope(s)

Procedure

- A. Take or verbalize appropriate body substance isolation precautions.
 - Examples: gloves, goggles, mask, gown, etc.
- **B.** Evaluate BLS airway adjuncts / positive pressure ventilation (PPV) for adequacy and determine need for advanced airway.
 - Inadequate chest rise / fall.
 - No improvement in patient's color / condition.
 - Patient requires definitive airway.
- **C.** Place patient in a position that will provide for optimal oxygenation / ventilation.
- D. Prepare equipment and medications needed for endotracheal intubation (ETI) with sizing appropriate for patient.
- E. Test cuff inflation system, remove air from cuff prior to insertion.
- **F.** Pre-medicate patient, if necessary.
- G. Inspect oropharynx for secretions, foreign bodies, dentures, etc.
 - Use suction / Magill forceps as needed.
- H. Visualize anatomical structures during direct laryngoscopy.
 - Minimize oral trauma through use of proper technique.
 - *Note: Patient should not go without ventilation for greater than 30 seconds.
- I. Place endotracheal tube (ETT) securely in the trachea at correct depth and inflate cuff with appropriate volume.
- J. Immediately re-establish ventilations with supplemental oxygen.
- **K.** Confirm successful placement of ETT.
 - Direct visualization of ETT passing through cords.
 - Appropriate chest rise / fall.
 - Auscultate over epigastrum for absence of airflow with PPV.
 - Auscultate over lung fields for confirmation of airflow with PPV.
 - Waveform capnography.
 - Oxygen saturation.
- L. Note depth of ETT / secure and administer medication for continued sedation, if necessary.
- **M.** Maintain effective oxygenation / ventilation and reassess airway frequently.