

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

# SECTION 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

# **PRODUCT: 600 SILICONE SEALANT**

Supplier: American Sealants, Inc. P.O. Box 80307 Fort Wayne, IN 46818

Phone: (260) 489-0728Fax: (260) 489-0519Emergency: (800) 535-5053Revision date: 01/16/06Reviewed: 12/01/10

Chemical Family/Use: Silicone Rubber Formula: Mixture

### SECTION 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Product Composition/	Approx.	ACGIH	TLV	OSHA I	PEL	
CAS. Reg. No.	Wgt. % TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL	Units	
A. Hazardous						
Methyltriacetoxysilane						
4253-34-3	1-5	10(R)	NE	10(R)	NE	PPM
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane						
556-67-2	1-5	5 ppm	NE	GE REC	NE	GUIDE
B. Non-hazardous						
Silanol/STPD Siloxane W/ME SI	LSQXNS					
68554-67-6	5-10	NF	NE	NF	NE	NA
Tetramer Treated Fumed Silica						
68583-49-3	10-30	10	NE	15	NE	MG/M3
Dimethyl Polysiloxane Silanol/ST	Γ					
70131-67-8	60-80	NA	NE	NA	NE	NA
Red Iron Oxide						
1309-37-1	1-5	5	NE	10	NE	MG/M3

See Section 15 for description of any WHMIS Trade Secret(s)

-

## SECTION 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:
This section not in use
Potential Health Effects:
Ingestion: Irritation of the mouth, throat, and stomach
Skin Contact: Uncured product contact will irritate lips, gums and tongue
Uncured product contact may irritate the skin
Inhalation: Causes mild respiratory irritation
Eye Contact: Uncured product contact irritation.
Medical Conditions Aggravated: None Known
Subchronic (Target Organ) Effects: Reproductive Disorders. May cause liver effects
Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity: This product or one of its ingredients present 0.1% or more is NOT
listed as a carcinogen or suspected carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA.
Products/Ingredients: This space reserved for special use
Principle routes of exposure: Eyes, Inhalation
Other: Acetic Acid released during curing.
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane
Ingestion: Rodents give large dose via oral gavage of octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (1600
mg/kg day, 14 days) developed increased liver weight relative to unexposed

control animals due to hepatocellular hyperplasia (increased number of liver cells which appeared normal) as well as hypertrophy (increased cell size). In inhalation studies, laboratory rodents exposed to octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (300 ppm five days week, 90 days) developed increased liver weights in female animals relative to unexposed control animals. When the exposure was stopped, liver weights returned to normal. Microscopic examination of the liver cells id not show any evidence of pathology. Inhalation studies utilizing laboratory rabbits and guinea pigs showed no effects of liver weights. Inhalation exposures typical of industrial usage (5-10 ppm) showed no toxic effects in rodents.

Range finding reproductive studies were conducted (whole body inhalation, 70 days prior to mating, through mating, gestation and lactation). With octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4). Rats were exposed to 70 and 700 ppm. In the 700 ppm group, there was a statistically significant reduction in mean litter size and in implantation sites. No D4 related clinical signs were observed in the pups and no exposure related pathological findings were found.

Interim results from a two generation reproductive study in rats exposed to 500 and 700 ppm D4 (whole body inhalation, 70 days prior to mating, through mating, gestation and lactation) resulted in a statically significant decrease in live mean litter size as well as extended periods of off spring delivery (dystocia). These results were not observed at the 70 and 300 ppm dosing levels.

The relevance of these data to humans in unclear. Further studies are ongoing.

This product contains Methylpolysiloxanes which can generate Formaldehyde at approximately 300°F (150°C) and above, in atmospheres which contain oxygen. Formaldehyde is a skin and respiratory sensitizer, eye and throat irritant, acute toxicant, and potential cancer hazard.

### SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Ingestion: None Known

**Eye:** In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention if irritation persists.

Skin: To clean from skin, remove completely with a dry cloth or paper towel, before washing with detergent and water.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Note to Physician: None known

#### SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point (Method Used):	NA	(C) NA	(F) NA
Method:	NA		
Ignition Temp	UNK	(C) UNK	(F) UNK
Flammability Limits in air:	Lower (%): NA	Upper(%): NA	
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact (Y/N):	No		
Sensitivity to Static Discharge:	Sensitivity to stat	ic discharge is not expected	1
Extinguishing Media:	All standard firef	fighting media	
Special Firefighting Procedures: None k	nown		

#### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Action to be taken if material is released or spilled: Wipe, scrape or soak up in an inert material and put in a container for disposal. Wash walking surfaces with detergent and water to reduce slipping hazards. Wear proper protective equipment as specified in the protective equipment section.

# SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions To Be Taken In Handling And Storing:

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Remove contact lenses before using sealant. Do not handle lenses until all sealant has

been cleaned from the fingertips for several days and transfer to lenses and cause severe eye irritation.

Product releases acetic acid during application and curing.

Use mechanical ventilation to stay below TLV of 10 ppm acetic acid.

Uncured product contact irritates eyes.

Uncured product contact may irritate skin.

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls: Exhaust ventilation

 Eyewash stations
 Use in a well ventilated area
 Localized ventilation should be used to control dust levels.

 Respiratory Protection: Use in a well ventilated area

 Use approved NIOSH respiratory protection if TLV exceeded or over exposure is likely.

 Protective Gloves: Cloth gloves

 Eyes and face Protection: Use safety glasses
 Ventilation: Use only in well ventilated area
 Mechanical ventilation

Other Protective Equipment: None known

#### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Product Information			
Boiling Point:	NA	(C) NA	(F)
Vapor Pressure (20°C) (MM HG):	NEG		
Vapor Density (AIR=1):	NEG		
Freezing Point:	UNK	(C) UNK	(F)
Melting Point:	UNK	(C) UNK	(F)
Physical State:	Solid		
Odor:	Acetic Acid		
Color:	Red		
Odor Threshold (PPM)	1.0		
% Volatile by Volume:	<3.9		
Evap. Rate (Butyl Acetate=1)	Neg		
Specific Gravity (Water=1)	1.06		
Density (KG/M3)	1060		
Acid/Alkalinity (MEQ/G)	UNK		
PH	NA		
VOC (EPA METH.24) (G/L)	1060		
Solubility in Water (20°C)	Insoluble		
Solubility in Organic Solvent (State Sol	lvent): Toluene		

#### **SECTION 10. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS**

 Stability:
 Stable

 Hazardous Polymerization:
 Will Not Occur

 Hazardous Thermal Decomposition/Combustion Products:
 Carbon Monoxide

 Carbon Dioxide
 Silicon Dioxide

 Silicon Dioxide
 Acetic Acid

# SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Methyltriacetoxysilane:	
Acute Oral LD50 (MG/KG):	2,060 (RAT)
Acute Dermal LD50 (MG/KG):	None Found
Acute Inhalation LC50 (MG/L)	None Found
Other:	None Found
AMES Test:	
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	
Acute Oral LD50 (MG/KG):	>64,000 (RAT)
Acute Dermal LD50 (MG/KG):	>16,00 (RBT)
Acute Inhalation LC50 (MG/L)	>41 MG/L 6HR (RAT)
Other:	Non-irritating to the skin (human)
AMES Test:	
Silanol/STPD Siloxane W/ME SILSQXN	S
Acute Oral LD50 (MG/KG):	>40,000 RAT, ESTM.
Acute Dermal LD50 (MG/KG):	None Found
Acute Inhalation LC50 (MG/L)	.535 MG/L ESTM
Other:	
AMES Test:	
Tetramer Treated Fumed Silica	
Acute Oral LD50 (MG/KG):	NA
Acute Dermal LD50 (MG/KG):	NA
Acute Inhalation LC50 (MG/L)	NA
Other:	
AMES Test:	
Dimethyl Polysiloxane Silanol/ST	
Acute Oral LD50 (MG/KG):	RAT>40,000
Acute Dermal LD50 (MG/KG):	Unknown
Acute Inhalation LC50 (MG/L)	RAT >535 MG/L (4HR)
Other:	
AMES Test: Red Iron Oxide	
	None found
Acute Oral LD50 (MG/KG):	None found None Found
Acute Dermal LD50 (MG/KG):	None Found None Found
Acute Inhalation LC50 (MG/L)	πομε γουμα
Other:	

# SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological Information: Chemical Fate Information: No data at this time No data at this time

# SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### **Disposal Method:**

Disposal should be made in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Dot Shipping Name:	None
Dot Hazard Class:	Not Dot Regulated
Dot Label(s):	None
UN/NA Number:	None
Placards:	None
IATA:	Not regulated by IATA
IMO IMDG-code:	NA
European Class:	
RID (OCTI):	NA
ADR (ECE):	NA
RAR (DATA):	NA

#### SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA Section 302:	None Found	
SARA (311, 312) Hazar	rdous Class: Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard	
SARA (313) Chemicals:	None	
<b>CPSC Classification:</b>	Irritant	
WHMIS Hazard Class:	D2A Very Toxic Materials	
	D2B Toxic Materials	
WHMIS Trade Secret:	None	
Export:		
SCHDLE B HTSUS: 3910.00 Silicones in Primary Form		
ECCN:	EAR99	
Hazard Rating System		
HMIS	Flammability 0, Reactivity 0, Health 2	
NFPA	Flammability 0, Reactivity 0, Health 2	
California Proposition 6	5: None	

## **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

This product or its components are on the European inventory of existing commercial chemicals (EINCES)...... These data are offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. No warranty, either expressed or implied, is made. The recommended handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable. However, each user should review these recommendations in the specific content of the intended use.

These data are offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. No warranty, either expressed or implied, is hereby made. The recommended industrial hygiene and safe handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable. However, each user should review these recommendations in the specific context of the intended use and determine whether they are appropriate.