SAFETY DATA SHEET

BRENNTAG

CAUSTIC POTASH FLAKE

mcpf100

Identification of the substance/preparation and of the company/undertaking

Product name : CAUSTIC POTASH FLAKE Supplier : Brenntag UK and Ireland

Albion House Rawdon Park Green Lane Yeadon Leeds LS19 7XX

Chemical product name : POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE

Synonyms : POTASSIUM HYDRATE

EMERGENCY ONLY : (N.C.E.C. CULHAM) 01865 407333 **Telephone No.** : (0113) 3879200

TELEPHONE NUMBER

Fax No. : (0113) 3879280

Formula : KOH Molecular Mass : 56.11

2. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/Preparation : Substance

Chemical name*	CAS No.	%	EC Number	Symbol	R-Phrases
1) POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-58-3	>=89.5	215-181-3	C	R22, R35
2) SODIUM HYDROXIDE%	1310-73-2	<=1	215-185-5		R35

^{*} Occupational Exposure Limit(s), if available, are listed in Section 8

CAS No. 1310-58-3 **EINECS Number** 215-181-3

3. Hazards identification

Human health hazards : Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe burns

First-aid measures

First-Aid measures

Inhalation : Remove from exposure. Keep warm and at rest. If there is difficulty in breathing, give oxygen. If breathing stops or shows signs of failing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth to mouth ventilation. Obtain medical attention

urgently.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Have victim drink 240-300ml of water to dilute stomach contents. Obtain medical

attention. Do not induce vomiting.

Skin contact : Immediately flood the skin with large quantities of water, preferably under a shower. Boric saline solution should be used if available. Obtain medical attention if blistering occurs or redness persists. Remove contaminated clothing as

washing proceeds. Contaminated clothing should be washed or dry-cleaned before re-use.

Eye Contact : Immediately flood the eye with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eye open. Obtain medical attention

urgently.

Effects and symptoms

Inhalation : Exposure to mist at high concentrations may have the following effects:- bronchitis. pulmonary oedema.

Ingestion : Swallowing may have the following effects:- haematemisis. perforation of the oesophagus. gastric perforation.

Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting may severely damage the lungs.

Skin contact : corrosive The amount of tissue damage depends upon length of contact. Skin contact can produce inflammation and

blistering.

Eye Contact : Corrosive to eyes. Eye contact can result in corneal damage or blindness.

Aggravating conditions : Repeated exposure of the eyes to a low level of dust can produce eye irritation. Repeated skin exposure can produce

local skin destruction or dermatitis. Repeated inhalation of dust can produce varying degrees of respiratory irritation or

lung damage.

Notes to physician : In the case where material has entered the eyes, a sterile pad and bandage should be applied.

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5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing Media

Suitable

: Select extinguishing agent appropriate to other materials involved. Use water spray, fog or alcohol resistant foam. Do not use dry extinguishers containing ammonium compounds- see stability and reactivity.

Unusual fire/explosion Hazards

The product reacts with water to generate heat which may be sufficient to ignite nearby combustible materials. This product may give rise to hazardous fumes in a fire.

Hazardous thermal (de)composition products

- Attacks many metals liberating hydrogen gas. Product decomposes into toxic fumes of potassium oxide.
- Special fire-fighting procedures
- : Fire fighters should wear self-contained positive pressure breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.
- **Protection of fire-fighters**
- : Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions

- Wear appropriate protective clothing. Wear respiratory protection.
- **Environmental precautions and** cleanup methods
- Small spillages may be flushed with large quantities of water. Large spillages should be collected for disposal. Finally flush area with plenty of water.
- Advise Authorities if spillage has entered water course or sewer or has contaminated soil or vegetation.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

: Use in well ventilated are a. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Emergency shower and eye wash facilities should be readily available

Storage

Storage area should be: dry. cool. under cover. well ventilated. Keep containers closed to prevent ingress of moisture. If outdoor storage of solid caustic is unavoidable, pallets should be protected by black sheets to prevent extremes of we ather. Suitable storage materials are:-stainless steel. polyethylene. Do not store in:-aluminium and its alloys. brass. tin. zinc.

Packaging materials

Recommended use : Use original container.

Exposure controls/personal protection

Engineering measures

- : Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.
- Hygiene measures
- Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking, using lavatory, and at the end of day

Ingredient Name

Workplace Exposure Limits

1) POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE

STEL: 2 mg/m3

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory system

: Dust respirator.

Skin and body

Wear: dust-proof overall with hood. rubber apron. rubber boots.

Hands

PVC or rubber gloves.

Eyes

: Chemical splash goggles

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state

Solid Flakes

Colour

White Odourless.

Odour **Boiling point**

1320

Melting point

360°C (680°F)

Density

0.84 g/cm³ 1.3 hPa (719°C)

Vapour pressure **Solubility**

120g / 100ml water at 25°C

pН

Flash point

>11.5 at 1% w/w in water.

14 at 20°C, 100g/l

Not available.

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Stability and reactivity

Stability

: The product is stable.

Conditions to Avoid

- : Exposure to water or moisture. Exposure to direct sunlight.
- Materials to avoid
- Acids. Ammonium salts. Haloge nate d solve nts. Nitroalkane s. Acid anhydride s. Aluminium. Magne sium. Zinc. Tin.

Brass

Hazardous decomposition products

: Attacks many metals liberating hydrogen gas. Product decomposes into toxic fumes of potassium oxide.

Toxicological information

Local effects

Skin irritation :

- : Extremely hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive).
- : Extremely hazardous in case of eye contact (corrosive)
- : Oral LD50 (rat) 273mg/kg. Estimated fatal dose for adults is 5g.

Inhalation: Causes irritation of the respiratory tract.

Ingestion: Causes burns in the mouth and oesophagus. May cause intestinal perforation.

Chronic toxicity

Acute toxicity

: Repeated exposure of the eyes to a low level of dust can produce eye irritation. Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or dermatitis. Repeated inhalation of dust can produce varying degrees of respiratory irritation or lung damage.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: Ecotoxicity in water:

(LC50): 80 mg/l, 96 hours [Fish].

Harmful to aquatic organisms. The hazard of KOH for the environment is caused by the hydroxyl ion (pH effect). For this reason the effect of KOH on the organisms depends on the buffer capacity of the aquatic or terrestrial .

Disposal considerations

Methods of disposal; Waste of residues; Contaminated packaging

: Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.

Waste Classification : Not applicable

14. Transport information

International transport regulations

UN: UN number

1813

N: Proper shipping name

Potassium hydroxide, solid

JN: Class

0

UN: Packing group

II

UN: Label

ADR/RID : Class

Class 8

ADR/RID : Item Number

41(b)

ADR/RID: Hazard identification number

TEC(R)-123

TREMCARD TEC(R)

(POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE)

IMDG: Packing group

IMDG:

IATA:

II 8

IMDG: Class

(POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE)

IATA: Packing group

p II 8

IATA: Class
IATA: Additi

Additional Information

Proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

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CAUSTIC POTASH FLAKE

Regulatory information

EU Regulations

Hazard symbol(s)

Classification : Corrosive

Risk Phrases : R35 Causes severe burns.

R22 Harmful if swallowed.

Safety Phrases : S1/2 Keep locked up and out of reach of children.

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

S36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

Contains : - POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE

Product Use : Classification and labe lling have be en performed according to EU directives 67/548/EEC, 88/379/EEC, including

amendments and the intended use.

- Consumer applications.

16. Other information

HISTORY

 Date of printing
 : 13/02/2009.

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Prepared by : Michael Hale / Alistair Hunter

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