

# MCI GEL®

Mitsubishi chemical's packed columns and packing materials for HPLC



## TECHNICAL INFORMATION 2011-2013

please visit  
<http://www.diaion.com>

### MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION

Mitsubishi Chemical Corporation  
Separation Materials Department  
14-1, Shiba 4-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo 108-0014, Japan  
Phone: +81-3-6414-3390 Fax: +81-3-6414-3407  
<http://www.diaion.com>

Resindion S.R.L.  
Via Roma, 55-20082 Binasco(MI), Italy  
Phone: +39-02-900130211 Fax: +39-02-900907774  
E-mail : [info@resindion.com](mailto:info@resindion.com)  
<http://www.resindion.com>

Tai-Young Chemical Co, Ltd.  
42, Hwa-Chon Road, Ta-Liou Li, Ta-Liou District,  
Kaohsiung City, Taiwan 831  
Phone: +886-7-7871295 Fax: +886-7-7871052  
E-mail : [service@diaion.com.tw](mailto:service@diaion.com.tw)

Mitsubishi Chemical China Commerce Limited  
No. 4209, The Center, 989 Chang Le Road, Shanghai 200031, PRC  
Phone: +86-21-5407-6000 Fax: +86-21-5407-6111

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## Excellent performance

spherical and sharp particle size distribution

## Persistence and highest quality

offers packing materials and packed columns,  
under strict quality control

## Wide range of product line

MCI GEL® has been designed based on technology of  
the world famous Diaion® and Sepabeads®,  
specialized in polymeric packing materials including  
from analytical to preparative use,  
for ion exchange, reversed-phase mode

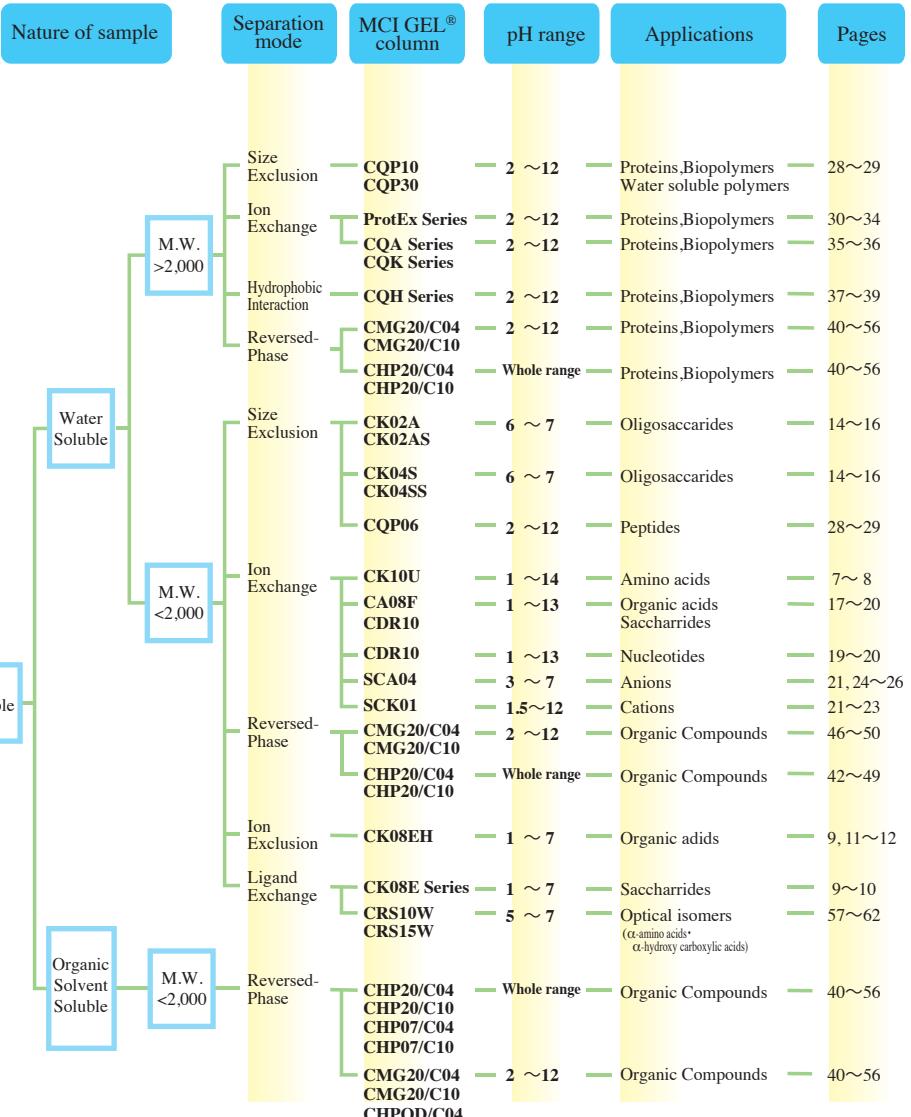
## Abundant accumulation of technology and experience

for more than 30 years, MCI GEL® has been used for  
HPLC applications

## 1

MCI GEL®

## Column selection guide



Particle size [μm]	Analytical		Preparative		
	5	10	30	50	150
Ion exchange	CK ProtEx	CK CA CDR10	CK CA	CK CA	CK CA
			CQA_S CQK_S	CQA_P CQK_P	
Ion chromatography	SCA		SCK		
Size exclusion			CQP	CQP_P	
Hydrophobic interaction			CQH_S	CQH_P	
Reversed - phase	CHP20/C04 CHP07/C04 CMG20/C04 CHPOD/C04	CHP20/C10 CHP50/P10 CMG20/C10 CMG20/P10	CHP20/P20 CHP50/P20 CMG20/P30 CHPOD/P30	CHP20/P30 CHP50/P30	CHP20/P70 CHP20/P120 CMG20/P150
Ligand exchange	CRS				



## MCI GEL®

## 2

## Ion exchange columns and materials

## ○ Cation exchange resins

## MCI GEL® CK series

## ○ Anion exchange resins

## MCI GEL® CA series

## Mitsubishi Chemical Ion Exchange Resins

MCI GEL® specializes in polymer based packing materials. Specifically, polystyrene polymer based ion exchange resins are derived from over 50 years of manufacturing experience of Diaion® product line. MCI GEL® ion exchange resins for HPLC have been developed with the same attention to performance and quality. For several decades, Mitsubishi Chemical has been providing MCI GEL® ion exchange columns are offered in a variety of chemistries, particle sizes and counter ions to support a broad range of applications.

## Features

**1. Variety of products** gel type, porous type, DVB%, particle size, particle size distribution analytical use, preparative use

**2. Persistence of high quality, excellent separation performance**

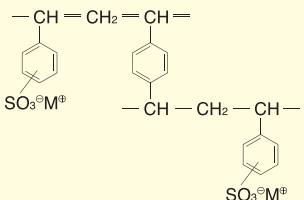
**3. Accumulation of abundant knowledge and experience of applications**

Ion exchange resins are generally used for analysis of amino acids, sugars, organic acids and amines, etc. MCI GEL® custom pre-packed columns are specifically designed for each application using the most appropriate packing material among our product line and using the most suitable column dimensions.

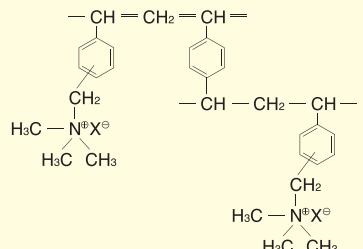
Typical application for each column is shown in this catalog. These data will suggest an appropriate column.

## ● Chemical structure of ion exchange resin

○ Strongly acidic cation exchange resin)



○ Strongly basic anion exchange resin)



## ● MCI GEL® columns for HPLC

MCI GEL® Cation exchange columns	Product name	Column dimensions I.DxL [mm]	Description			Typical usage					
			Cross linkage [%]	Counter ion	Particle size [μm]	Packing material		Amino acid	Mono saccharide	Oligo-saccharide	Carboxylic acid
						Amino acid	Monosaccharide				
	MCI GEL® CK10U	6x120	10	Na <sup>+</sup>	5	○					○
	MCI GEL® CK08S	8x500	8	Na <sup>+</sup>	11		○				
	MCI GEL® CK08E	8x300	8	Na <sup>+</sup>	9		○				
	MCI GEL® CK08EC	8x300	8	Ca <sup>2+</sup>	9		○				
	MCI GEL® CK08ES	8x300	8	Ag <sup>+</sup>	9		○	○			
	MCI GEL® CK08EH	8x300	8	H <sup>+</sup>	9		○	○	○	○	○
	MCI GEL® CK04S	10x200	4	Na <sup>+</sup>	11		○	○			
	MCI GEL® CK04SS	10x200	4	Ag <sup>+</sup>	11		○				
	MCI GEL® CK02A	20x250	2	Na <sup>+</sup>	20		○				
	MCI GEL® CK02AS	20x250	2	Ag <sup>+</sup>	20		○				
	MCI GEL® CA08F	4.6x250	8	Cl <sup>-</sup>	7		○		○		
	MCI GEL® CDR10	4.6x250	High porous	AcO <sup>-</sup>	7		○		○		○

## ● Packing materials

Packing materials are available. Please look at P.66 and P.67.

## ● Description of a gel type ion exchange column

## MCI GEL® CK08EC

for HPLC use

Cation=K  
Anion=A

DVB%

Counter ion  
(no letter=Na<sup>+</sup>, C=Ca<sup>2+</sup>)  
(S=Ag<sup>+</sup>, H=H<sup>+</sup>)

Particle size (mode)

(A=20μm, S=11μm)  
(E=9μm, F=7μm,  
U=5μm)

## ● Note ; Pre-column and guard column

1. Please consider using a guard column concerning purity of injection sample. Guard columns, are listed in the end of this catalog, should be selected in accordance with a main column.

2. As for analysis of amino acids by MCI GEL® CK10U, MCI GEL® AFR2-PC is recommended as a pre-column. The AFR2-PC column is very effective to stabilize base line because it can trap ammonium ion in eluent. A peak caused of the ammonium ion may disturb base line stability.

**2 MCI GEL®**

**CK10U**

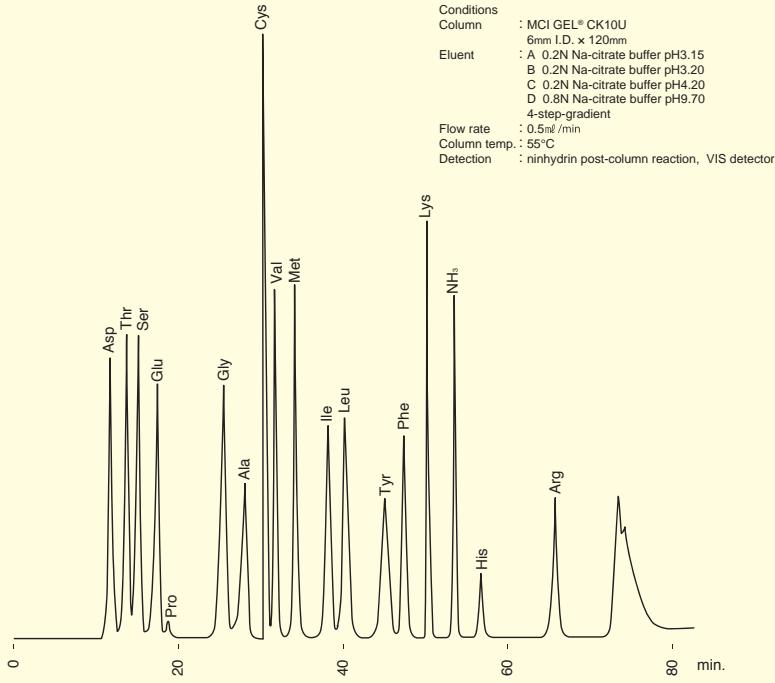
High cross linkage cation exchange column applications; amino acids, amines, etc



CK10U 6×120

### Separation of amino acids

Fig. 2-1 Protein hydrolyzates amino acids



As for analysis of amino acids by a cation exchange column such as MCI GEL® CK10U, MCI GEL® AFR2-PC is recommended as a pre-column. The AFR2-PC column is very effective to stabilize base line because ammonium in eluent is trapped in this column. The ammonium ion may disturb base line stability. The AFR2-PC should be installed between an outlet of HPLC pump and an inlet of sample injector. A gradient elution, commonly used for amino acid analysis, is influenced by HPLC instrument. So to obtain a satisfactory chromatogram, gradient conditions should be optimized in accordance with the HPLC equipment.

### Separation of amino acids

Fig. 2-2 Valine,  $\beta$ -Alanine

Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® CK10U  
6mm I.D. × 120mm  
Eluent : 0.3M Na-phosphate pH5.0  
Flow rate : 0.5 mL/min  
Column temp. : 40°C  
Detection : 210nm  
Sample : 1. Valine  
2.  $\beta$ -Alanine

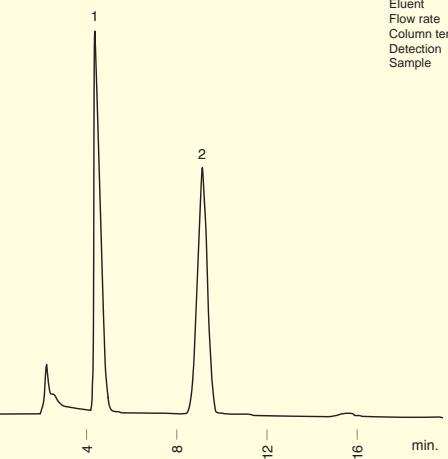
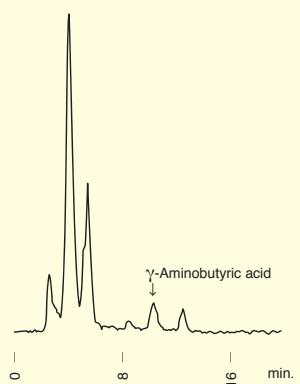


Fig. 2-3  $\gamma$ -Aminobutyric acid

Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® CK10U  
6mm I.D. × 120mm  
Eluent : 0.2N Na-Citrate buffer pH5.2  
Flow rate : 0.5 mL/min  
Column temp. : 55°C  
Detection : 570nm



## 2 MCI GEL®

### CK08E series

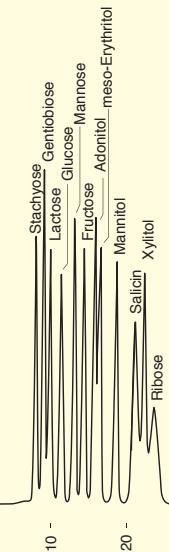
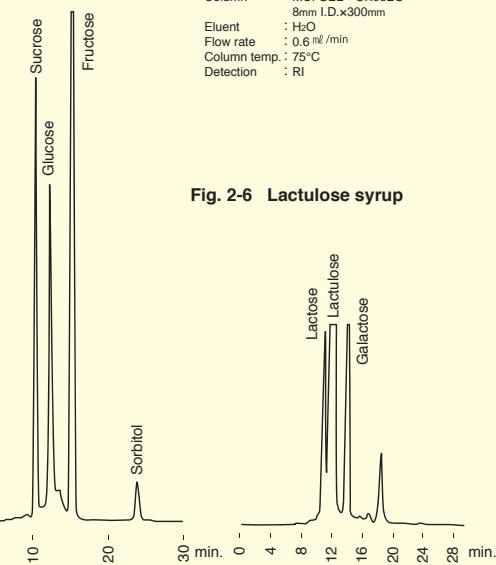
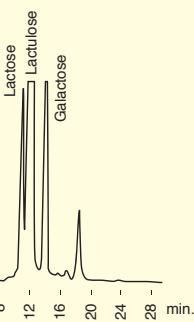
Cation exchange columns  
applications; sugars, carboxylic acids, (poly)alcohols, etc.



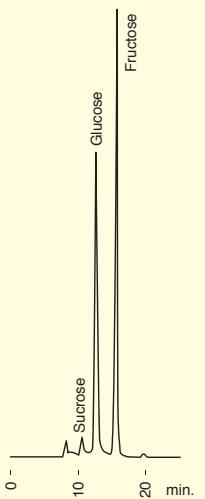
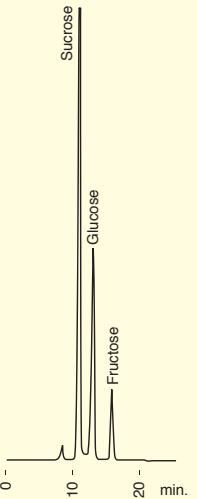
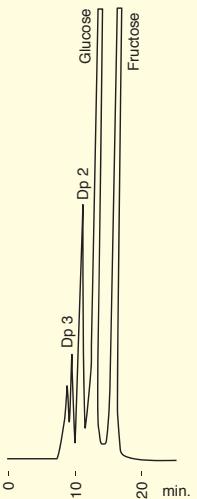
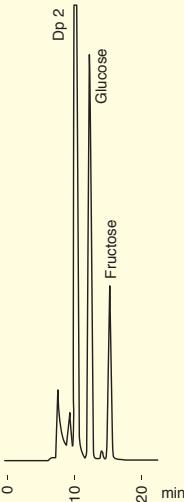
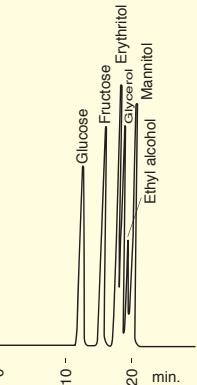
#### ● Column list

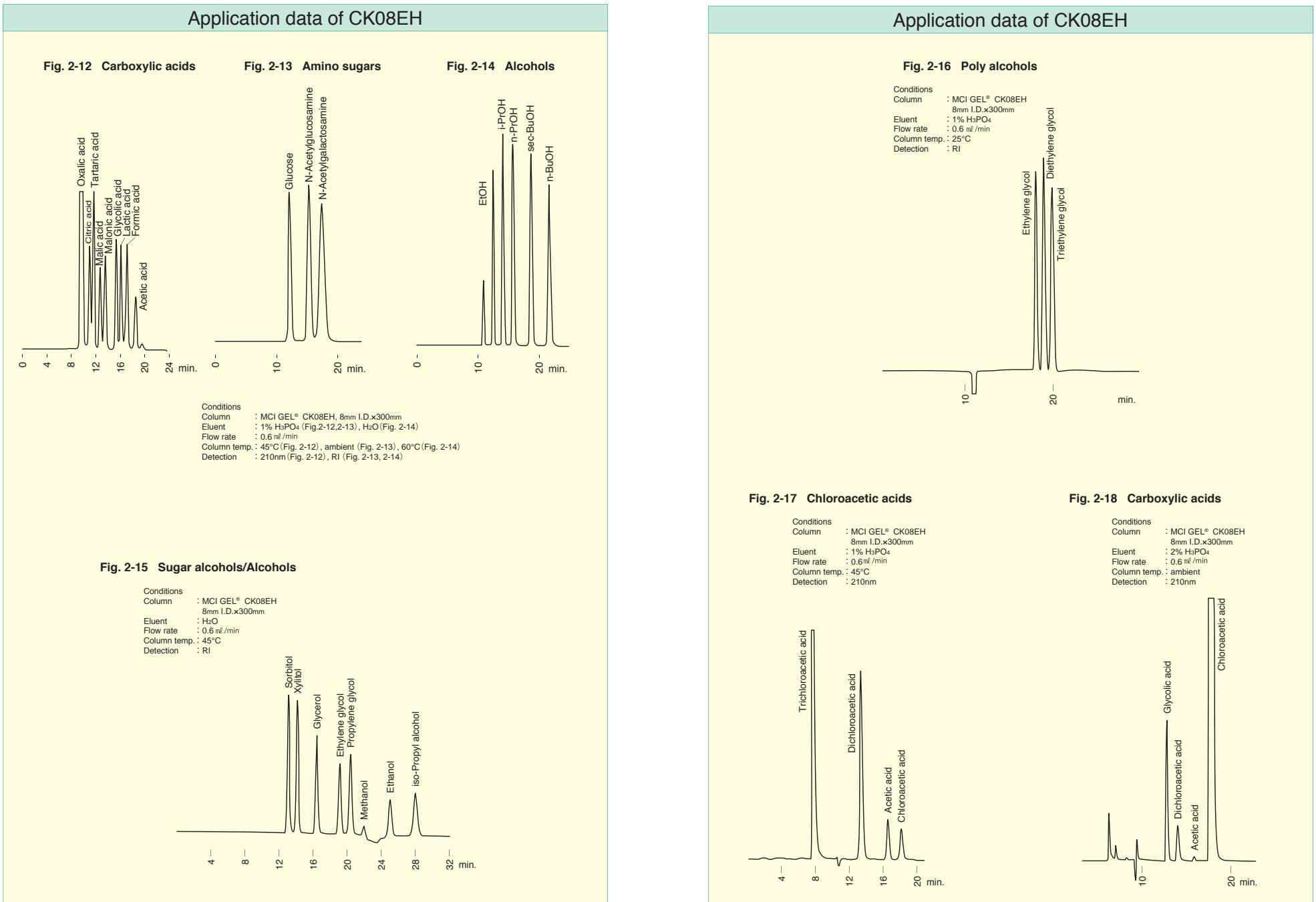
MCI GEL® column	Counter ion	Application areas
MCI GEL® CK08S MCI GEL® CK08E	Na <sup>+</sup>	General sugar separation columns
MCI GEL® CK08EC	Ca <sup>2+</sup>	The most general sugar separation column Highly recommended for fructose and glucose
MCI GEL® CK08ES	Ag <sup>+</sup>	Gel permeation chromatographic effect
MCI GEL® CK08EH	H <sup>+</sup>	Organic acids with H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> eluent; sugars with distilled water eluent

### Application data of CK08EC

**Fig. 2-4 Sugars****Fig. 2-5 Apple juice****Fig. 2-6 Lactulose syrup**

### Application data of CK08EC

**Fig. 2-7 Sports drink A****Fig. 2-8 Sports drink B****Fig. 2-9 Honey****Fig. 2-10 Jam****Fig. 2-11 Sugars/Alcohols**



Peak retention time for Sugars and Sugar alcohols on various columns [min]					
CK08EC Ca <sup>2+</sup>		CK08E Na <sup>+</sup>		CK08ES Ag <sup>+</sup>	
Stachyose	min 9	Stachyose	min 8	*Melezitose	min 12
Melezitose		Melezitose		* Stachyose	
Raffinose		Raffinose		* Raffinose	13
Gentiobiose	10	Gentiobiose	9		
Cellobiose		Cellobiose		* Sucrose	14
Trehalose		Trehalose		Trehalose	
Isomaltose		Sucrose		Cellobiose	
Sucrose		Isomaltose		Gentiobiose	
Maltose		Melibiose		Maltose	
Melibiose		Maltose		Isomaltose	
Lactose	11	Maltulose	10	Maltulose	15
Maltulose		Lactose		Lactose	16
Lactulose	12	Lactulose	11	Melibiose	17
Glucose	13			Lactulose	18
Xylose	14	Glucose	12	Adonitol	
Galactose		Mannitol		Digitoxose	
Mannose		Rhamnose		Rhamnose	
Rhamnose	15	Adonitol		Glucose	
Fructose	16	Sorbitol	13	Xylose	
Fucose		Digitoxose		Xylitol	
Inositol		Mannose		Erythritol	
Arabinose		Xylose		Mannitol	
Digitoxose		Galactose		Fructose	19
Adonitol	17	Fructose			
Erythritol	18	Inositol	14	Dulcitol	20
Mannitol	20	Xylitol		Galactose	
Salicin	22	Fucose		Sorbitol	
Dulcitol	23	Dulcitol		Mannose	
Xylitol		Arabinose		Arabinose	20
Sorbitol	24	Erythritol	15		
Ribose	25	Ribose	17	Fucose	21
		Salicin	27	Ribose	21
				Inositol	23
				Salicin	52

Column temp : CK08EC...75°C, CK08E...45°C, CK08ES...75°C

Column size : 8mm I.D. x 300mm

Eluent : H<sub>2</sub>O

Flow rate : 0.6 mL/min

Sample : 1% aq. solution

Injection vol. : 20 $\mu$ l

\* ; These sugars, containing Fructose component, may partially be decomposed by CK08ES and CK08EH.

2 MCI GEL®

**CK04S, CK04SS  
CK02A, CK02AS**

## Cation exchange columns applications: oligosaccharides

The separation mechanism is based on gel filtration chromatography and elution is achieved via simple distilled water. A larger molecule elutes ahead.

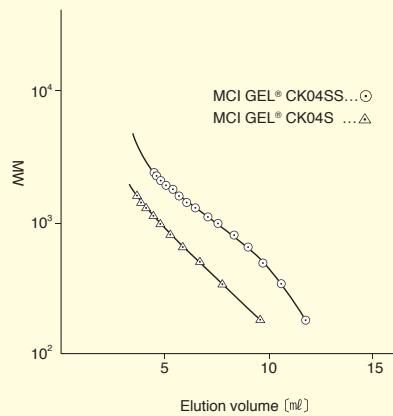


#### ● Separation ability of each column

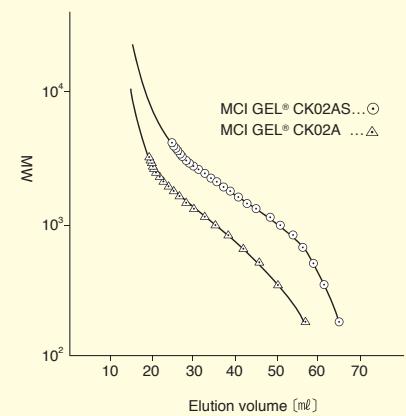
MCI GEL® column	Counter ion	Separation ability (degree of polymerization)
MCI GEL® CK04S	Na <sup>+</sup>	8~9
MCI GEL® CK04SS	Ag <sup>+</sup>	12~13
MCI GEL® CK02A	Na <sup>+</sup>	15~16
MCI GEL® CK02AS	Ag <sup>+</sup>	19~20

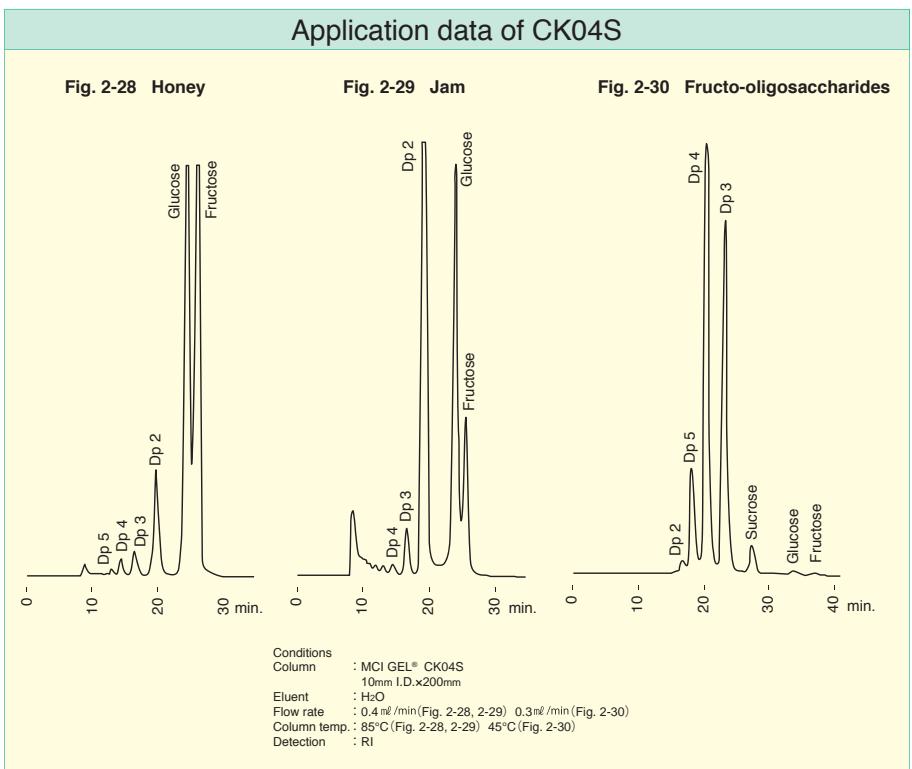
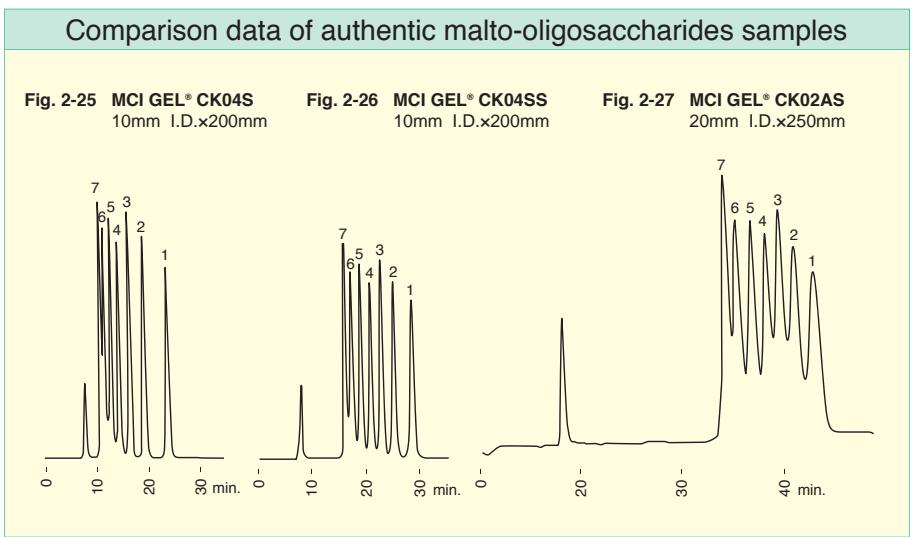
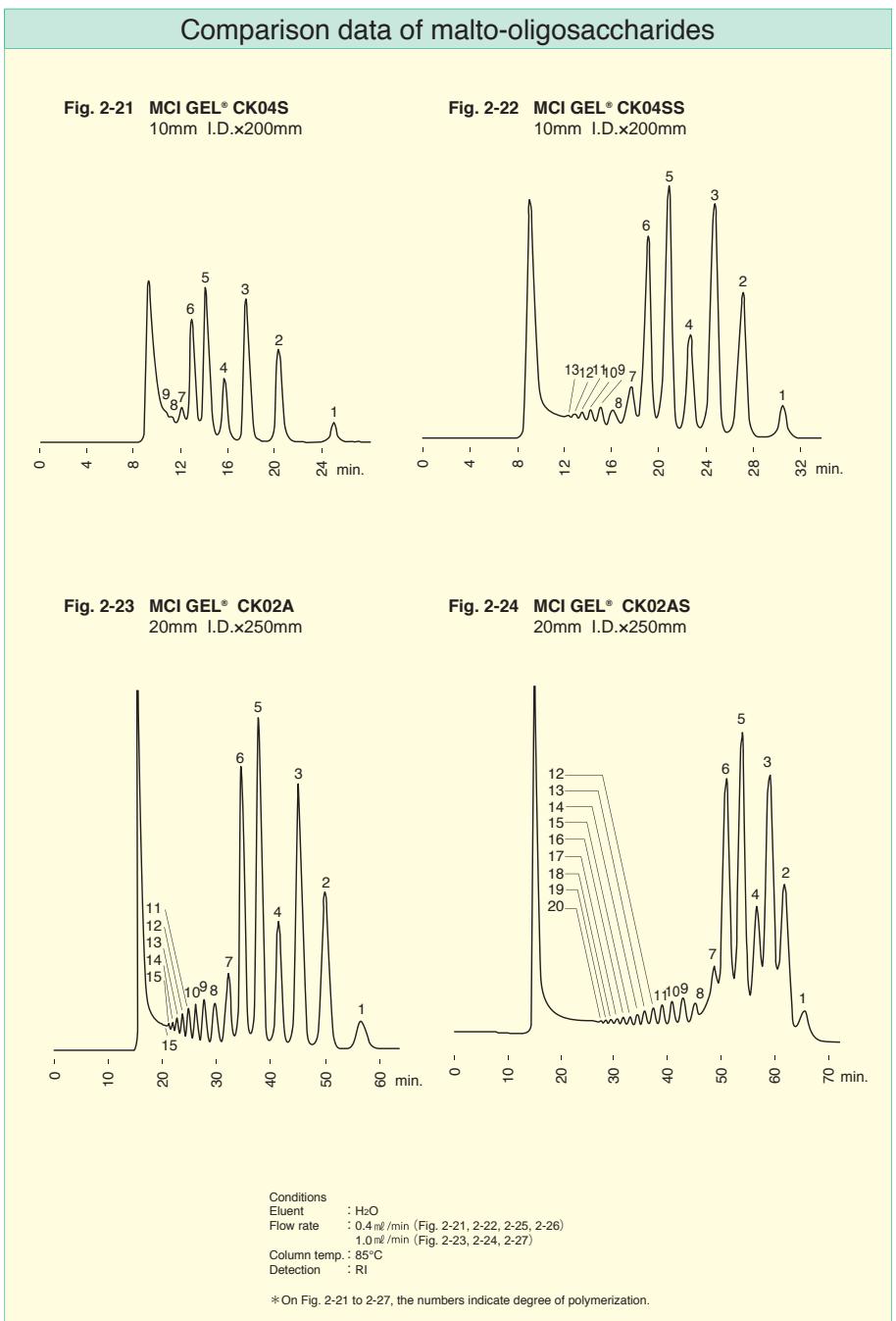
## Calibration curves of malto-oligosaccharides

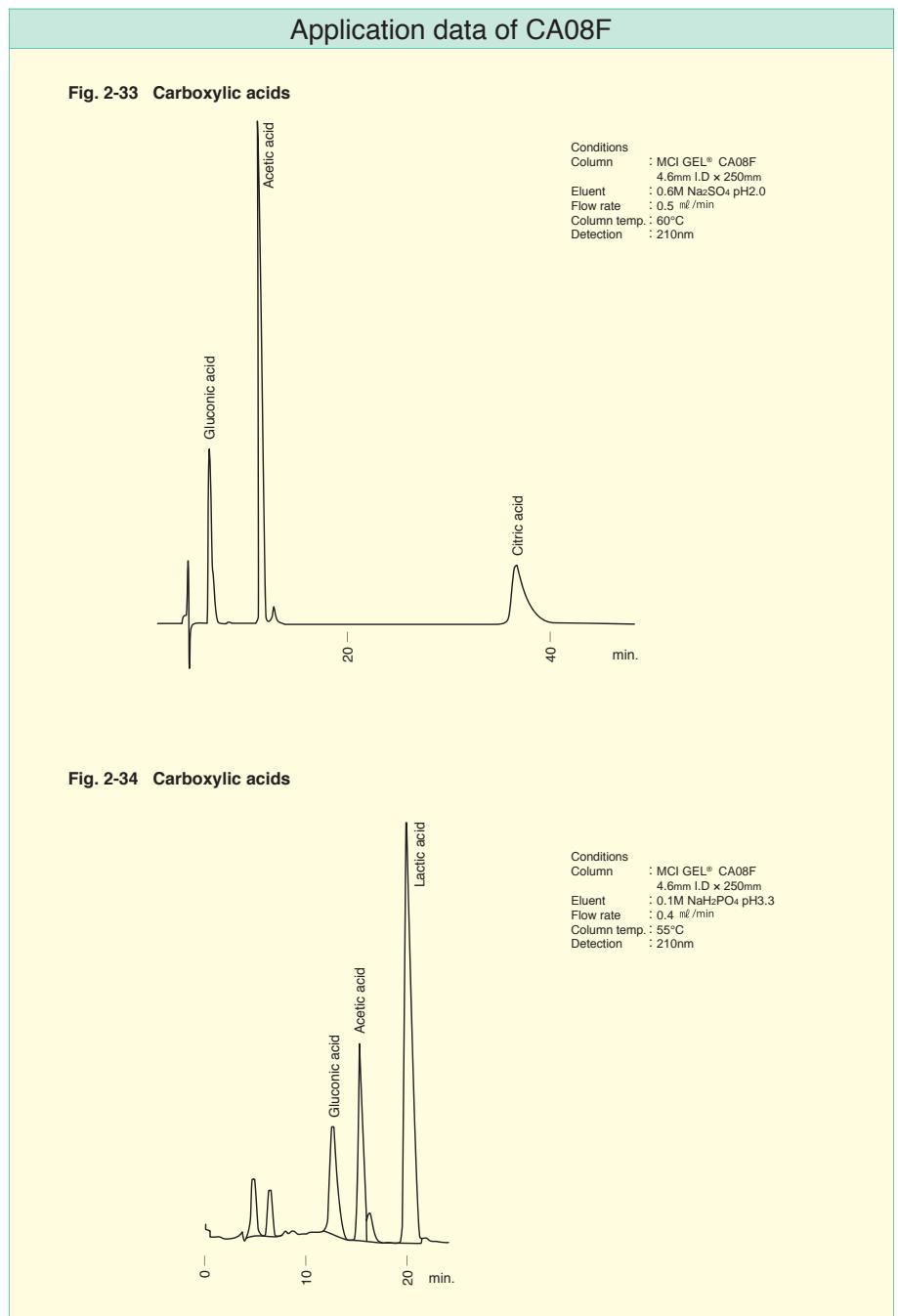
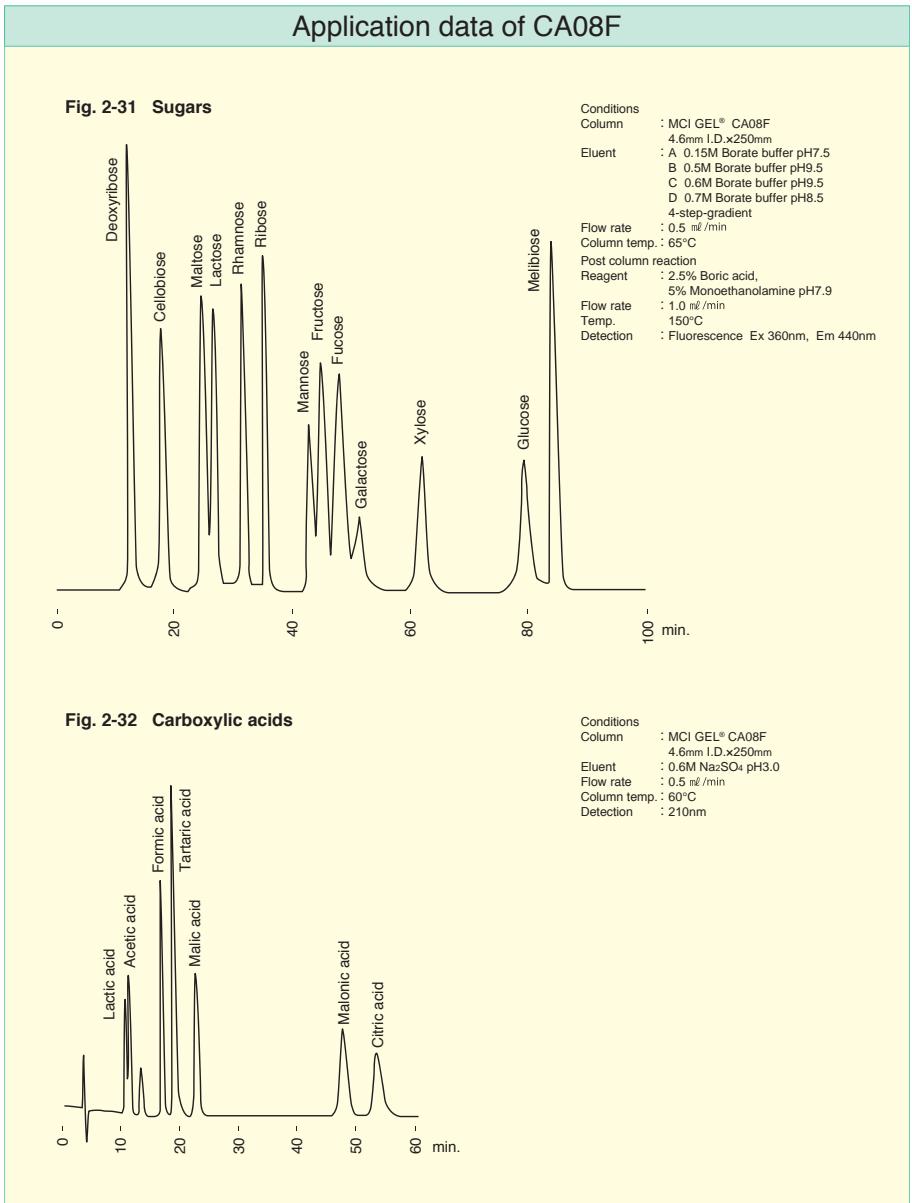
**Fig. 2-19**



**Fig. 2-20**







## 2 MCI GEL®

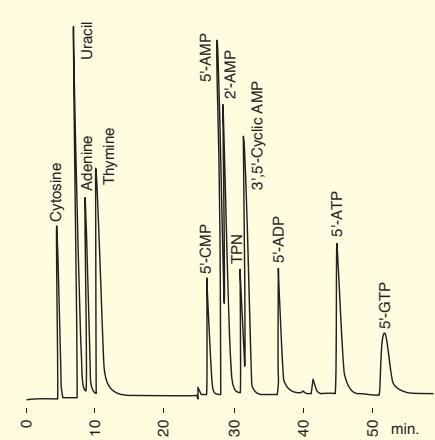
### CDR10

#### High porous type anion exchange columns

Packing material of MCI GEL® CDR10 column is based on a high porous polystyrene functionalized with a quaternary ammonium anion exchange resin. Since a high porous type ion exchange resin is rigid, CDR10 allows usage of aggressive gradient elution, for example water to 6M of acetate buffer gradient. MCI GEL® CDR10 is highly recommended for rapid analysis of physiological fluids like urine and blood.

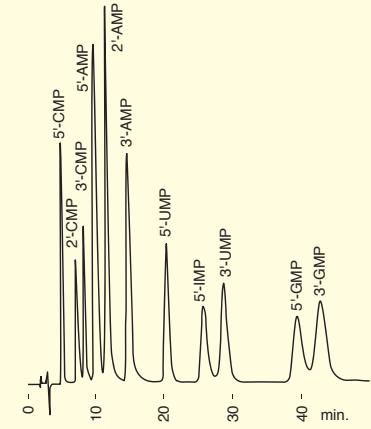
#### Application data of CDR10

**Fig. 2-35 Nucleic acids and related substances**



Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® CDR10  
4.6mm I.D.x250mm  
Eluent : A H<sub>2</sub>O  
B 6M Acetate buffer pH4.4  
A→B 30min linear gradient  
Flow rate : 0.5 ml/min  
Column temp. : 60°C  
Detection : 254nm

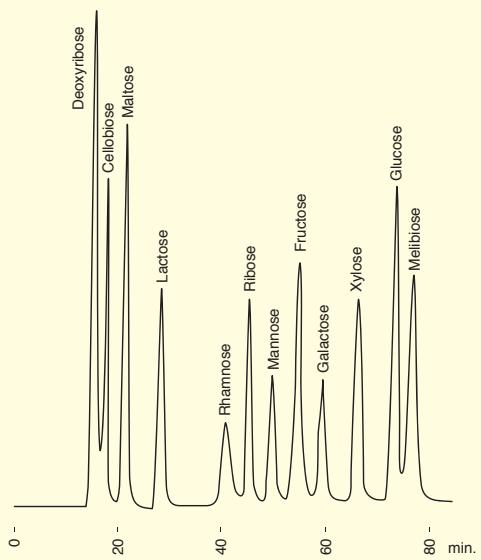
**Fig. 2-36 Mono-nucleotides**



Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® CDR10  
4.6mm I.D.x250mm  
Eluent : 1M Acetate buffer pH3.3  
Flow rate : 1.2 ml/min  
Column temp. : 60°C  
Detection : 254nm

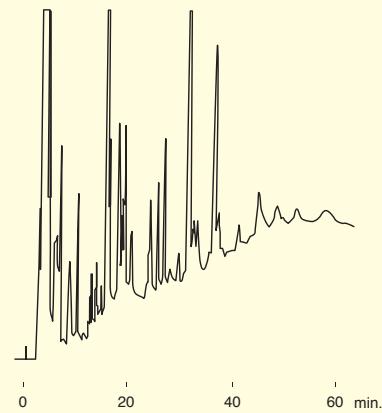
#### Application data of CDR10

**Fig. 2-37 Sugars**



Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® CDR10  
4.6mm I.D.x250mm  
Eluent : A 0.15M Borate buffer pH7.5  
B 0.6M Borate buffer pH9.5  
A→B60min linear gradient  
Flow rate : 0.5 ml/min  
Column temp. : 65°C  
Post column reaction  
Reagent : 2.5% Boric acid, 5% Monoethanolamine pH7.9  
Flow rate : 0.5  
Temp. : 150°C  
Detection : Fluorescence Ex 360nm, Em 440nm

**Fig. 2-38 Human urine**



Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® CDR10  
4.6mm I.D.x250mm  
Eluent : A 0.006M Acetate buffer pH4.4  
B 6M Acetate buffer pH4.4  
A→B60min. linear gradient  
Flow rate : 1.0 ml/min  
Column temp. : 60°C  
Detection : 254nm

**MCI GEL®****3****Ion chromatography columns and materials**

- **Cation chromatography column**  
**MCI GEL® SCK01**
- **Anion chromatography column**  
**MCI GEL® SCA04**

The MCI GEL® ion chromatography columns are based on surface functionalized cation and anion exchange resins designed for non-suppressed ion chromatography applications. The non-suppressed ion chromatography is an analysis technique of cations and anions with combination of a packed column of low capacity ion exchange resin and low concentration of electrolyte solution as an eluent. The advantage of the ion chromatography is that several ions can be analyzed by only one injection with free of complicated sample pre-treatment.

**Cation chromatography column MCI GEL® SCK01**

Packing material of MCI GEL® SCK01 is crosslinked polystyrene functionalized with sulfonic acid. This column is characterized by excellent resolution and rapid analysis for monovalent and divalent cations. Standard monovalent cations like Li<sup>+</sup>, Na<sup>+</sup>, NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>, Rb<sup>+</sup>, Cs<sup>+</sup> and simple amines such as mono-, di- and trimethylamine can be resolved using a nitric acid solution as eluent. Divalent cations, such as alkaline earth metals and transition metal elements, can be efficiently resolved using tartaric acid and complexing reagent such as ethylene diamine to selectively elute the metals from the column.

**Note:**

When using the MCI GEL® SCK01 column for monovalent cations, it is recommended that a pre-column, MCI GEL® SCK-PC, be used to trap heavy metals which might otherwise poison the SCK01 column resulting in a rapid loss of capacity and chromatographic performance.

**Anion chromatography column MCI GEL® SCA04**

Packing material of MCI GEL® SCA04 is based on a hydrophilic vinyl polymer matrix functionalized with quaternary ammonium group and particle size of 5 μm. A solution of potassium hydrogen phthalate and a vanillic acid (VA)/N-methyldiethanolamine (MDEA) solution both can be used as a mobile phase. The unique VA/MDEA eluent, is developed for the SCA04 column, which allows users to determine 7 standard anions in 14 minutes without system peak.

**Note:**

A pre-column, MCI GEL® SCA-PC is recommended for prevention of contamination to the SCA04 column when the VA/MDEA eluent is used. The SCA-PC is effectively prolong SCA04 column life. The SCA-PC should be installed between an outlet of HPLC pump and an sample injector.



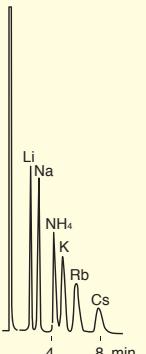
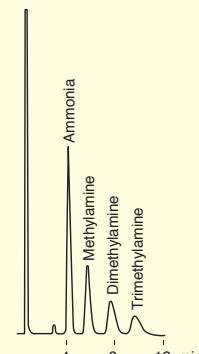
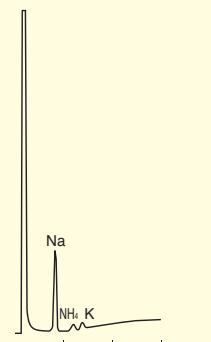
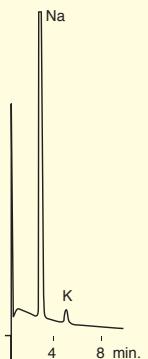
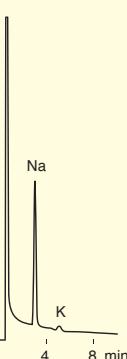
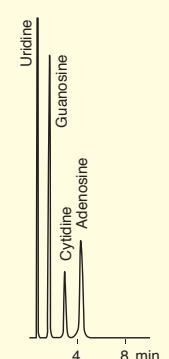
SCA04 4.6×150 PEEK

**Column list**

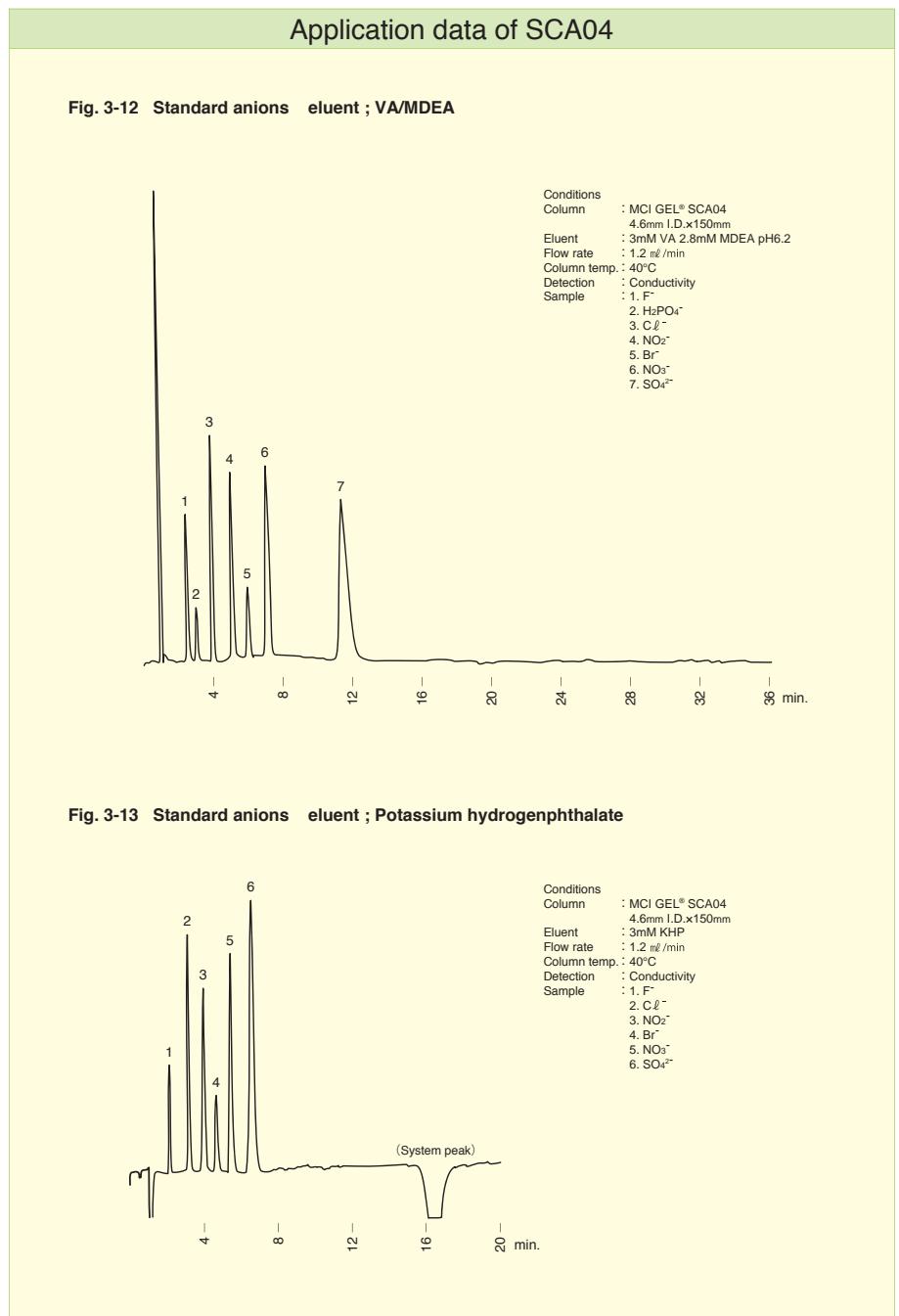
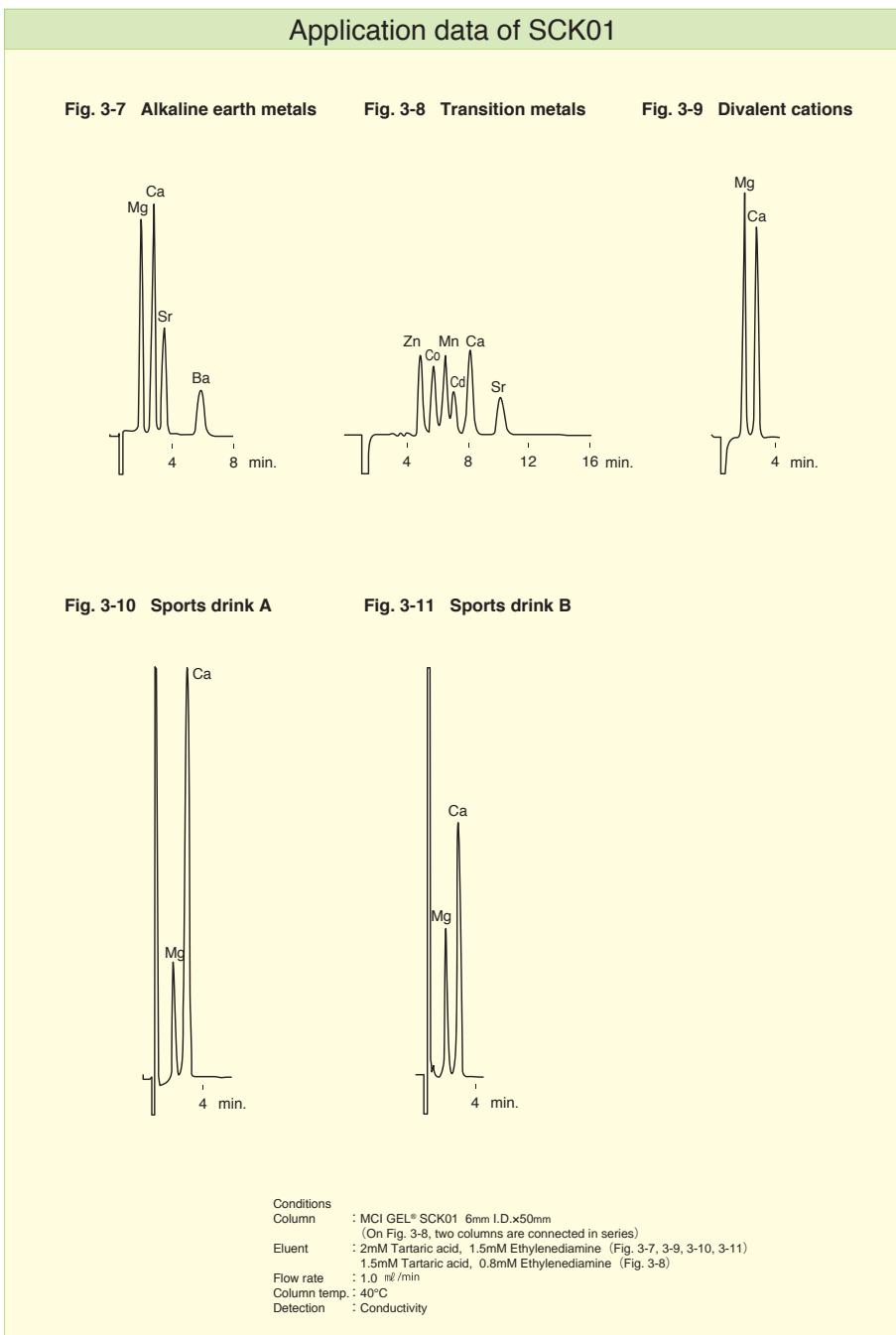
Cation analysis	MCI GEL® SCK01	6mm I.D×50mm	Stainless steel column
Cation analysis	MCI GEL® SCK01	4.6mm I.D×150mm	Stainless steel column
Pre-column for cation analysis	MCI GEL® SCK-PC	6mm I.D×50mm	Stainless steel column
Anion analysis	MCI GEL® SCA04	4.6mm I.D×150mm	Stainless steel column PEEK column
Pre-column for anion analysis	MCI GEL® SCA-PC	8mm I.D×10mm	Stainless steel column

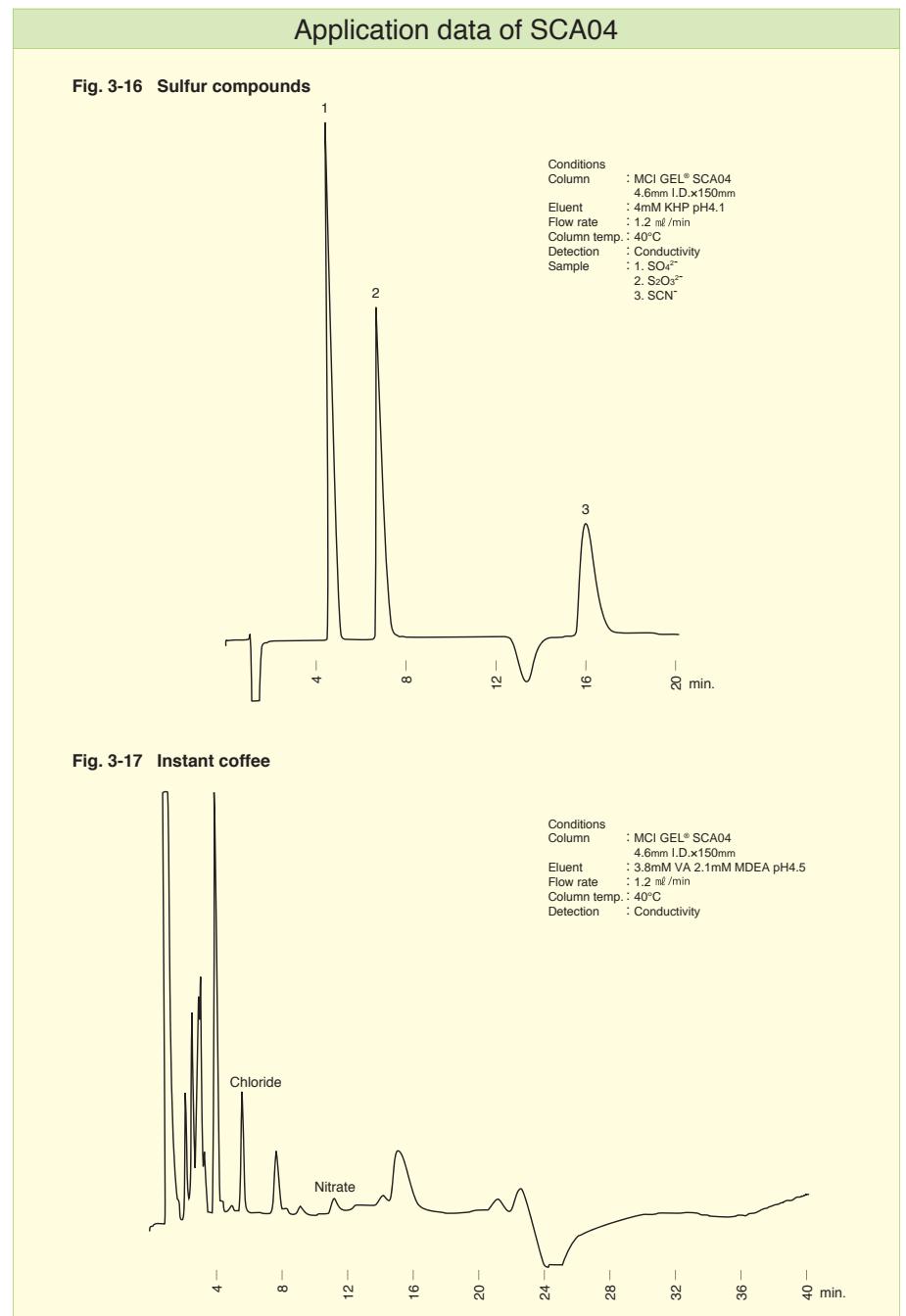
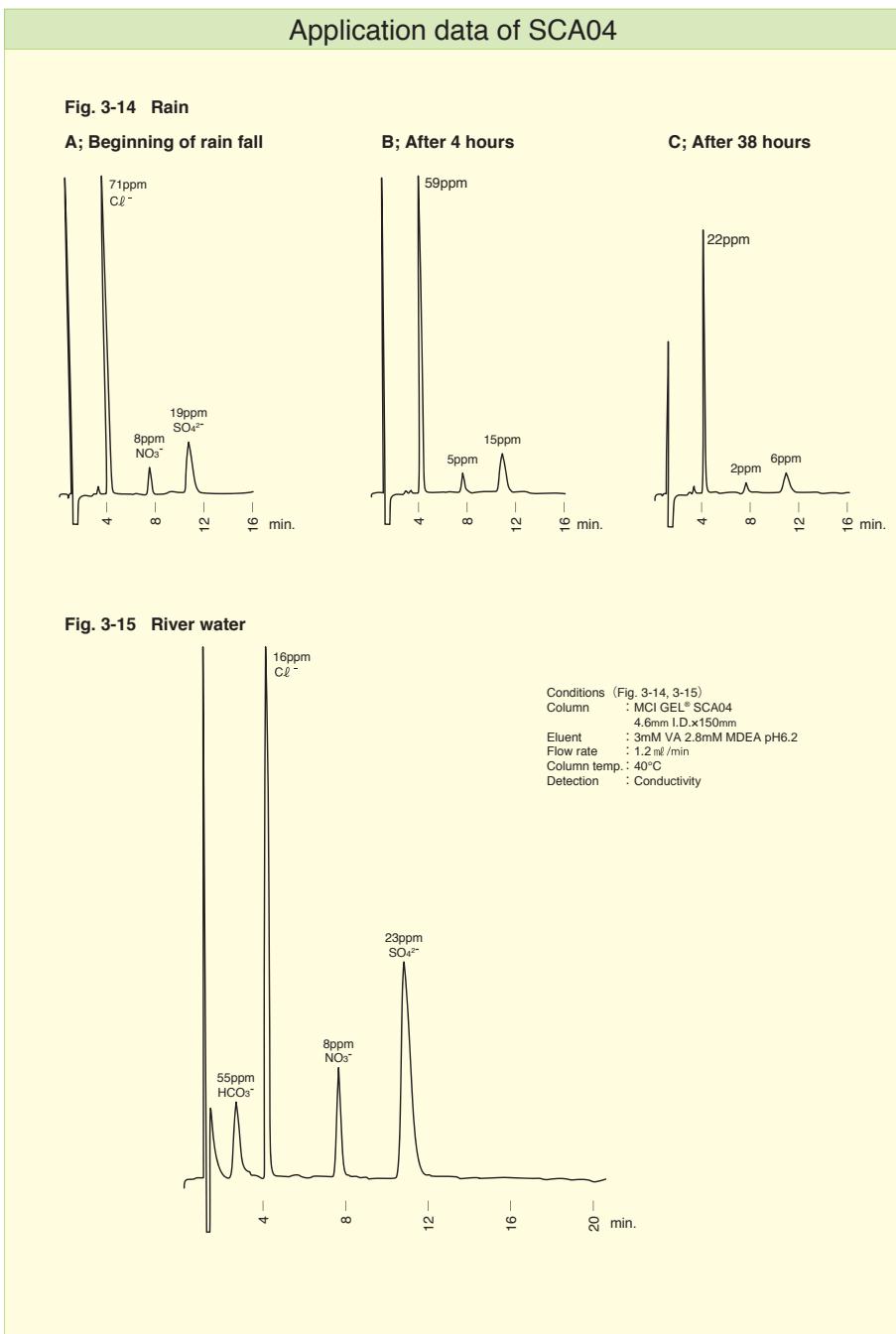
**Packing materials**

Packing materials are available. Please look at P.67.

**Application data of SCK01****Fig. 3-1 Monovalent cations****Fig. 3-2 Amines****Fig. 3-3 Monovalent cations in rain****Fig. 3-4 Monovalent cations in tap water****Fig. 3-5 Sports drink****Fig. 3-6 Nucleoside**

Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® SCK01 6mm I.D.x50mm  
Eluent : 5mM HNO<sub>3</sub>  
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min  
Column temp. : 40°C  
Detection : Conductivity (Fig. 3-1, 3-2, 3-3, 3-4, 3-5) 254nm (Fig. 3-6)





**4 MCI GEL®**

## Bioseparation columns and materials

○ Size exclusion chromatography columns

MCI GEL® CQP series

○ Ion exchange chromatography columns

MCI GEL® ProtEx series

MCI GEL® CQA/CQK series

○ Hydrophobic interaction chromatography columns

MCI GEL® CQH series

### Bioseparation columns

MCI GEL® bioseparation columns are based on a hydrophilic, wide pore and rigid polymer designed for analytical chromatography of proteins, peptides, enzymes and other biomolecules.

MCI GEL® CQP series are for size exclusion chromatography.

For ion exchange chromatography, MCI GEL® ProtEx series and MCI GEL® CQA/CQK series are used.

MCI GEL® ProtEx series columns are unique and brilliant packed columns provide excellent separation of proteins, good protein selectivity and high protein recovery. Specifically, proteins of small structural differences (isoforms) can be effectively separated and small amount of proteins (less than several tens µg) can be quantitatively recovered without nonspecific adsorption. From that point of view, the ProtEx columns can be applied in the field of purification of small amount of protein to obtain sample for structural determination and quality control of proteinaceous pharmaceuticals.

MCI GEL® CQH series are for hydrophobic interaction chromatography.

Column name	Separation mode	Type
MCI GEL® CQP06	Size exclusion	Exclusion limit MW ~10 <sup>3</sup>
MCI GEL® CQP10	Size exclusion	Exclusion limit MW ~10 <sup>4</sup>
MCI GEL® CQP30	Size exclusion	Exclusion limit MW ~10 <sup>6</sup>
MCI GEL® ProtEx-DEAE	Anion exchange	DEAE
MCI GEL® ProtEx-SP	Cation exchange	SP
MCI GEL® CQA31S	Anion exchange	DEAE
MCI GEL® CQA35S	Anion exchange	QA
MCI GEL® CQK30S	Cation exchange	SP
MCI GEL® CQK31S	Cation exchange	CM
MCI GEL® CQH3BS	Hydrophobic interaction	Butyl
MCI GEL® CQH3ES	Hydrophobic interaction	Ether
MCI GEL® CQH3PS	Hydrophobic interaction	Phenyl

**4 MCI GEL®**

## CQP series

Aqueous size exclusion columns

### Size exclusion chromatography columns

Size exclusion chromatography is a liquid chromatographic technique which separates solute molecules according to their size in solution. The column is packed with porous particles and separation takes place as a result of the differential solute distribution outside and within the pores of the packing material. Solute molecules which are larger than the pores of the packing material will be excluded and therefore will elute first and have a lower retention time than the smaller one. The CQP series columns based on a hydrophilic polymer are designed for analysis of water soluble polymers such as oligosaccharides and PEG, etc.

### Column list

● CQP series

MCI GEL® column	Column dimensions	Packing materials		Theoretical plates number [TP / column]	Exclusion limit [PEG]
		Particle size[µm]	Pore size[nm]		
MCI GEL® CQP06	7.5mm I.D. x600mm	10	12	10000	~1x10 <sup>3</sup>
MCI GEL® CQP10	7.5mm I.D. x600mm	10	20	6000	~1x10 <sup>4</sup>
MCI GEL® CQP30	7.5mm I.D. x600mm	10	60	6000	~1x10 <sup>6</sup>

● Guard columns

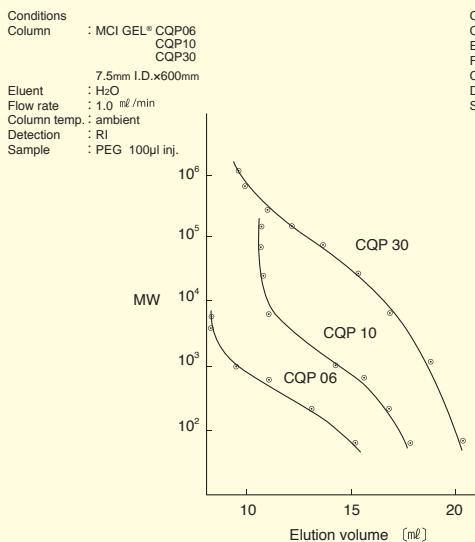
MCI GEL® column	Column dimensions
MCI GEL® CQP06G	4.0mm I.D.x50mm
MCI GEL® CQP10G	4.0mm I.D.x50mm
MCI GEL® CQP30G	4.0mm I.D.x50mm

● Packing materials

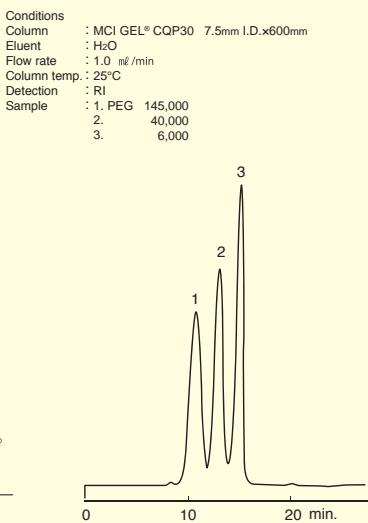
Packing materials are available. Please look at P.67.

## Application data of CQP series

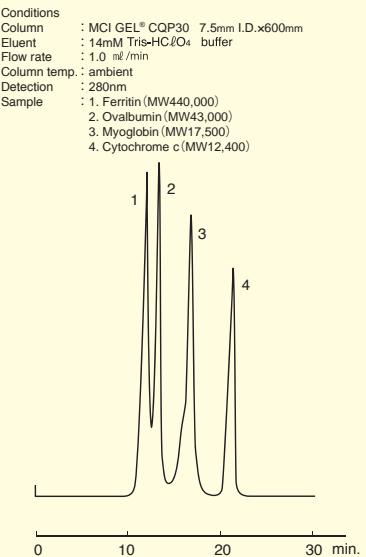
**Fig. 4-1 Calibration curve**



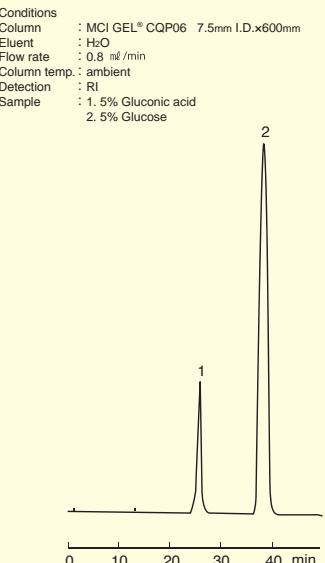
**Fig. 4-2 Separation of PEG mixture**



**Fig. 4-3 Separation of protein mixture**



**Fig. 4-4 Separation of gluconic acid and glucose**



## 4 MCI GEL®

### ProtEx series

Ion exchange chromatography columns



### Separation mechanism and characteristic of ProtEx columns

MCI GEL® ProtEx series packed columns are for ion exchange chromatography mode which separates sample proteins mainly via ionic interaction between packing material and sample molecules.

The packing materials for ProtEx series columns are based on 5 μm, mono disperse, porous type, methacrylate polymer, are specifically designed for separation of proteins.

On a conventional protein separation column, non-specific adsorption of sample proteins is sometimes occurs resulting in loss of valuable sample. But on the ProtEx columns, non-specific adsorption is eliminated because the surface of the packing material is surrounded by hydrophilic layer is chemically bonded to base material and ion exchange functional group are effectively increased.

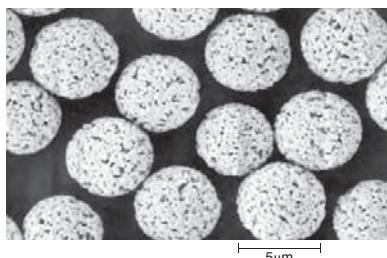
Two types of ion exchange columns, weakly basic diethylaminoethyl (DEAE) type and strongly acidic sulfopropyl (SP) type are available.

### Column list

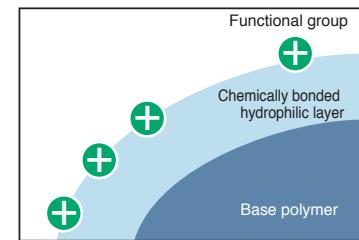
#### ● ProtEx series

Column name	Column dimensions	Column format	Packing material		pH range
			Particle size [μm]	Functional group	
MCI GEL® ProtEx-DEAE	4.6mm I.D. x 50mm	PEEK	5	Diethylaminoethyl	2~12
	7.5mm I.D. x 100mm	PEEK	5	Diethylaminoethyl	2~12
MCI GEL® ProtEx-SP	4.6mm I.D. x 50mm	PEEK	5	Sulfopropyl	1~13
	7.5mm I.D. x 100mm	PEEK	5	Sulfopropyl	1~13

### Packing material of ProtEx-DEAE



Scanning electron micrograph

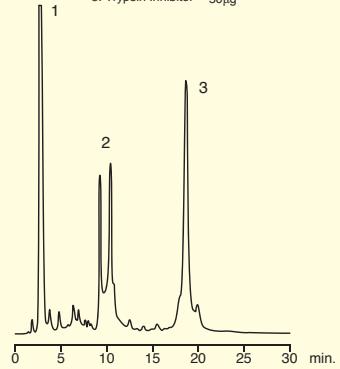


Surface of ProtEx-DEAE

## Application data of ProtEx series

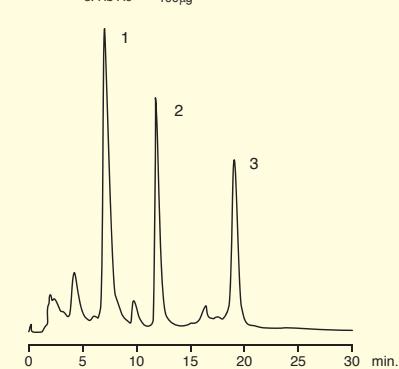
**Fig. 4-5 Separation of proteins mixture**

Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® ProtEx-DEAE 4.6mm I.D.x50mm  
Eluent : A 20mM Tris-HCl pH8.0  
B A+0.5M NaCl  
A → B 30min linear gradient  
Flow rate : 0.5 mL/min  
Column temp. : ambient  
Detection : 280nm  
Sample : 1. Myoglobin 25µg  
2. Conalbumin 25µg  
3. Trypsin Inhibitor 50µg



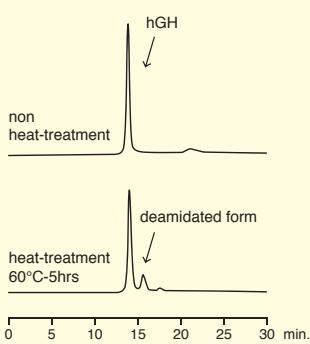
**Fig. 4-6 Separation of hemoglobin (Hb) isoforms**

Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® ProtEx-DEAE 4.6mm I.D.x50mm  
Eluent : A 20mM Tris-HCl pH8.0  
B A+0.5M NaCl  
A → 10% B 30min linear gradient  
Flow rate : 0.5 mL/min  
Column temp. : ambient  
Detection : 280nm  
Sample : 1. Hb A<sub>2</sub> 100µg  
2. Hb S 100µg  
3. Hb A<sub>0</sub> 100µg



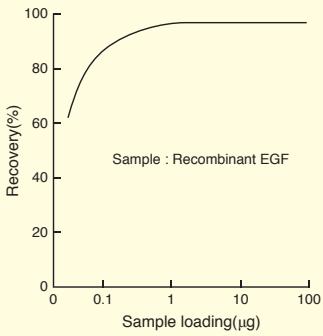
**Fig. 4-7 Separation of human growth hormone (hGH)**

Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® ProtEx-DEAE 4.6mm I.D.x50mm  
Eluent : A 20mM Tris-HCl pH8.0  
B A+0.5M NaCl  
5% B → 70% B 30min linear gradient  
Flow rate : 0.5 mL/min  
Column temp. : ambient  
Detection : 280nm  
Sample : recombinant hGH 10µg



**Fig. 4-8 Protein recovery**

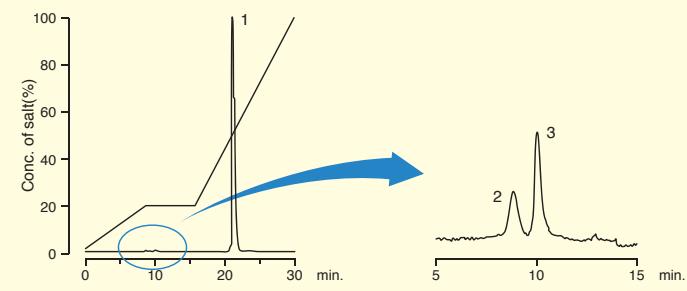
Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® ProtEx-DEAE 4.6mm I.D.x50mm  
Eluent : A 20mM Tris-HCl pH8.15  
B A+0.5M NaCl  
A → 50% B 30min linear gradient  
Flow rate : 0.5 mL/min  
Column temp. : ambient  
Detection : 280nm  
Sample : recombinant epidermal growth factor (EGF)



## Application data of ProtEx series

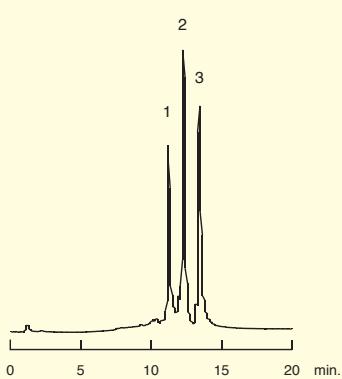
**Fig. 4-9 Separation of interleukin 2 (IL-2) coexisting large amount of bovine serum albumin (BSA) as a stabilizer**

Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® ProtEx-DEAE 4.6mm I.D.x50mm  
Eluent : A 20mM Trimethylene-diamine-HCl pH9.75  
B A+0.5M NaCl  
Flow rate : 0.5 mL/min  
Column temp. : ambient  
Detection : 280nm  
Sample : 1. IL-2 1.5µg  
1. BSA (stabilizer) 400µg  
2. IL-2 (Met-ox)  
3. IL-2



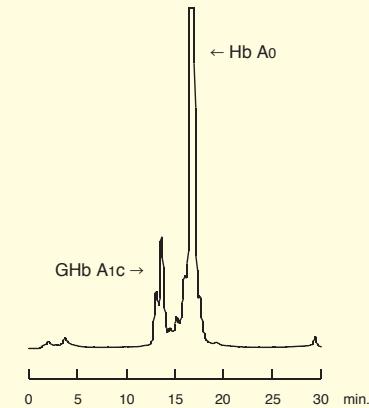
**Fig. 4-10 Separation of protein mixture**

Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® ProtEx-SP 4.6mm I.D.x50mm  
Eluent : A 20mM Phosphate buffer pH6.0  
B A+0.5M NaCl  
A → B 20min linear gradient  
Flow rate : 0.5 mL/min  
Column temp. : ambient  
Detection : 280nm  
Sample : 1. Ribonuclease A 10µg  
2. α-Chymotrypsinogen A 5µg  
3. Cytochrome C 5µg



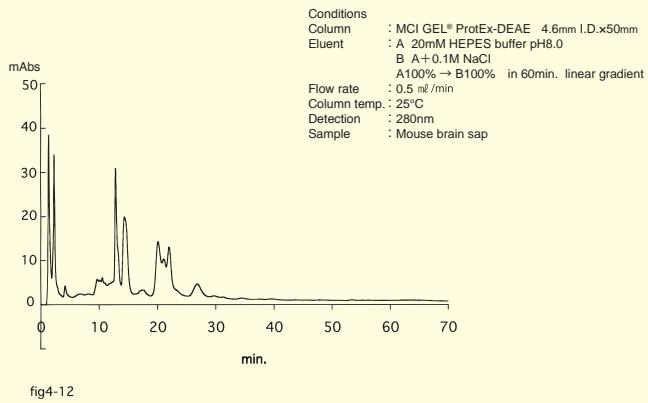
**Fig. 4-11 Separation of glycohemoglobin (GHb)**

Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® ProtEx-SP 4.6mm I.D.x50mm  
Eluent : A 20mM Bis-Tris HCl buffer pH6.0  
B A+0.5M NaCl  
7% B → 40% B 20min linear gradient  
Flow rate : 0.5 mL/min  
Column temp. : ambient  
Detection : 415nm  
Sample : GHb  
1. GHb A<sub>1c</sub>  
2. Hb A<sub>0</sub>



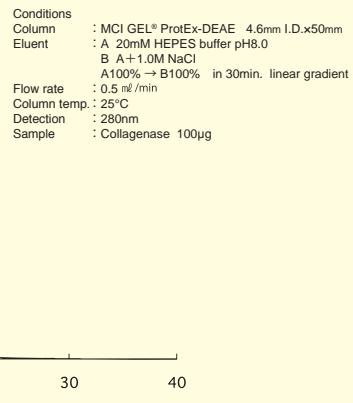
## Application data of ProtEx series

**Fig. 4-12 Separation of mouse brain sap**



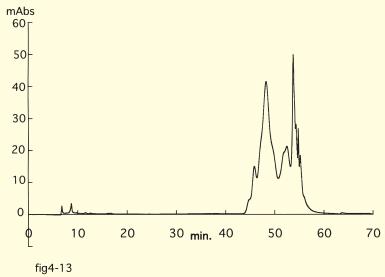
## Application data of ProtEx series

**Fig. 4-15 Separation of collagenase**



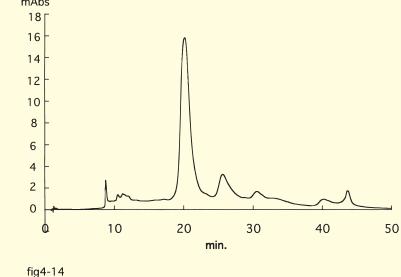
**Fig. 4-13 Separation of RNA**

Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® ProtEx-DEAE 4.6mm I.D.x50mm  
Eluent : A 20mM Phosphate buffer pH7.0  
B A+0.5M NaCl  
A100% → B60% in 5min. B80% → B85% in 45min  
Flow rate : 0.5 mL/min  
Column temp. : 25°C  
Detection : 280nm  
Sample : RNA type III from bakers yeast 20µg



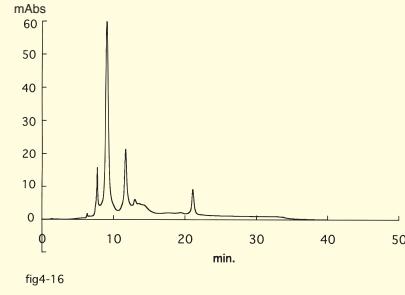
**Fig. 4-14 Separation of IgG2b, K(mouse)**

Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® ProtEx-DEAE 4.6mm I.D.x50mm  
Eluent : A 20mM HEPES buffer pH7.6  
B A+0.5M NaCl  
A100% → B45% in 30min. B45% for 5min  
B45% → B100% in 5min. B100% for 10min  
Flow rate : 0.5 mL/min  
Column temp. : 25°C  
Detection : 280nm  
Sample : IgG2b, K(mouse) 10µg



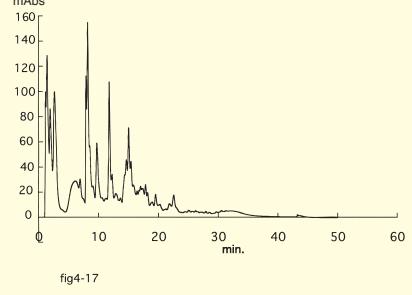
**Fig. 4-16 Separation of IgG1 MOPC21 (mouse)**

Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® ProtEx-DEAE 4.6mm I.D.x50mm  
Eluent : A 10mM HEPES buffer pH8.0  
B A+0.5M NaCl  
A100% → B100% in 30min. linear gradient  
Flow rate : 0.5 mL/min  
Column temp. : 25°C  
Detection : 280nm  
Sample : IgG1 MOPC21 (mouse) 10µg



**Fig. 4-17 Separation of pancreatin**

Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® ProtEx-DEAE 4.6mm I.D.x50mm  
Eluent : A 20mM HEPES buffer pH8.0  
B A+1.0M NaCl  
A100% → B40% in 30min. linear gradient  
Flow rate : 0.5 mL/min  
Column temp. : 25°C  
Detection : 280nm  
Sample : Pancreatin 200µg



## 4 MCI GEL®

### CQA series CQK series

#### Ion exchange chromatography columns

CQA and CQK series packed columns are for ion exchange chromatography mode which separates sample proteins mainly via ionic interaction between packing material and sample molecules.

Four types of ion exchange columns, strongly basic quaternary ammonium (QA), weakly basic diethylaminoethyl (DEAE), strongly acidic sulfopropyl (SP) and weakly acidic carboxymethyl (CM) are available.

#### Column list

##### ●CQA series, CQK series

Column name	Column dimensions	Packing material		pH range
		Particle size [μm]	Functional group	
MCI GEL® CQA31S	7.5mm I.D.×75mm	10	DEAE	2~12
MCI GEL® CQA35S	7.5mm I.D.×75mm	10	QA	2~12
MCI GEL® CQK30S	7.5mm I.D.×75mm	10	SP	1~13
MCI GEL® CQK31S	7.5mm I.D.×75mm	10	CM	4~13

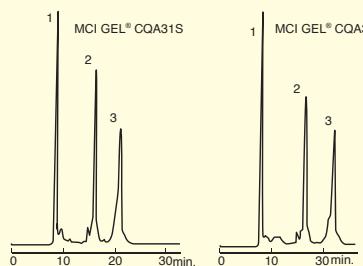
##### ●Packing materials

Packing materials are available. Please look at P.68.

#### Application data of CQA and CQK series

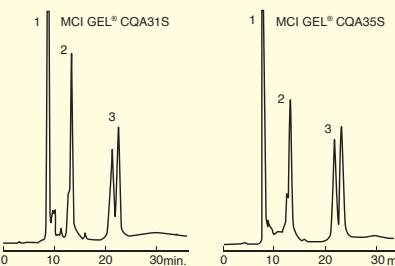
##### Fig. 4-18 Separation of protein mixture

Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® CQA31S 7.5mm I.D.×75mm  
Eluent : A 14mM Tris-HCl buffer pH8.2  
B A +0.5M NaCl  
A → B 30min linear gradient  
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min  
Column temp. : ambient  
Detection : 280nm  
Sample : 1. Myoglobin 60μg  
2. Ovalbumin 200μg  
3. Trypsin Inhibitor 200μg



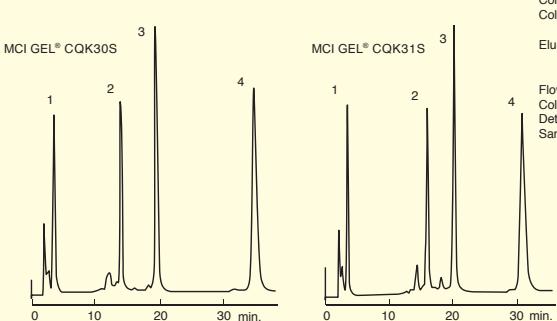
##### Fig. 4-19 Separation of protein mixture

Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® CQA31S 7.5mm I.D.×75mm  
Eluent : A 14mM Tris-HCl buffer pH8.2  
B A +0.5M NaCl  
A → B 30min linear gradient  
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min  
Column temp. : ambient  
Detection : 280nm  
Sample : 1. Myoglobin 120μg  
2. Transferrin 160μg  
3. β-Lactoglobulin 400μg

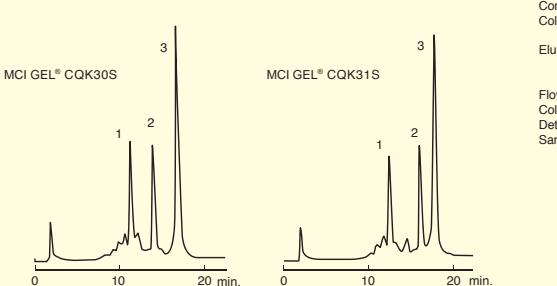


#### Application data of CQA and CQK series

##### Fig. 4-20 Separation of protein mixture

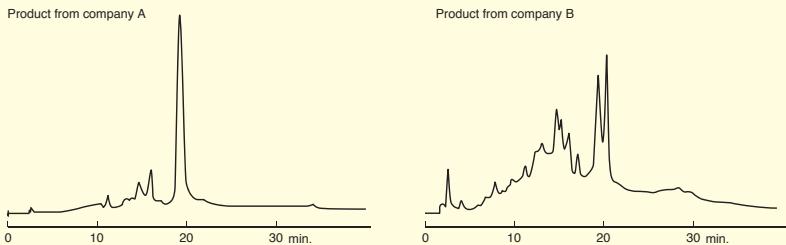


##### Fig. 4-21 Separation of protein mixture



##### Fig. 4-22 Separation of lipoxidase

Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® CQA31S 7.5mm I.D.×75mm  
Eluent : A 14mM Tris-HCl buffer pH8.2  
B A +0.5M NaCl  
A → B 30min linear gradient  
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min  
Column temp. : ambient  
Detection : 280nm  
Sample : Lipoxidase



#### 4 MCI GEL®

## CQH series

Hydrophobic interaction chromatography columns

MCI GEL® CQH series packed columns are for hydrophobic chromatography mode. Functional groups of the packing materials are butyl, phenyl and ether.

The relative hydrophobicity of the CQH series columns decrease in the following order. CQH3PS > CQH3BS > CQH3ES.

### Chromatography column and material list

#### ●CQH\_S series

MCI GEL® CQH\_S series are for analytical chromatography columns and materials for separating biomolecules in the basis of difference of their hydrophobic properties. Average particle size is 10 µm.

##### <Column list>

Column name	Column dimensions	Particle size [µm]	Functional group
MCI GEL® CQH3BS	7.5mm I.D.x75mm	10	Butyl
MCI GEL® CQH3ES	7.5mm I.D.x75mm	10	Ether
MCI GEL® CQH3PS	7.5mm I.D.x75mm	10	Phenyl

##### <Packing material list>

Material name	Particle size [µm]	Functional group
MCI GEL® CQH3BS	10	Butyl
MCI GEL® CQH3ES	10	Ether
MCI GEL® CQH3PS	10	Phenyl

#### ●CQH\_P series

MCI GEL® CQH3BP and CQH3PP are for preparative chromatography materials for separating biomolecules in the basis of difference of their hydrophobic properties. Average particle size is 30 µm. The relative hydrophobicity of the CQH\_P series columns decrease in the following order.

CQH3PP > CQH3BP.

The chromatographic characteristics of CQH\_S series and CQH\_P series are same, so experimental results of separating conditions of CQH\_S series can be applied to CQH\_P series.

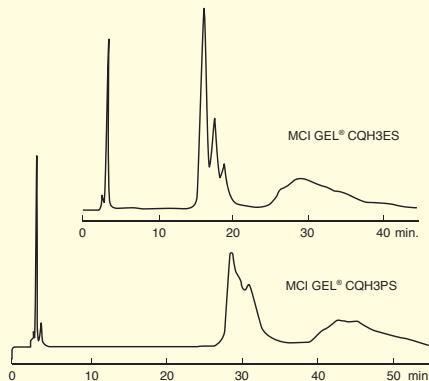
##### <Packing material list>

Material name	Particle size [µm]	Functional group
MCI GEL® CQH3BP	30	Butyl
MCI GEL® CQH3PP	30	Phenyl

### Application data of CQH series

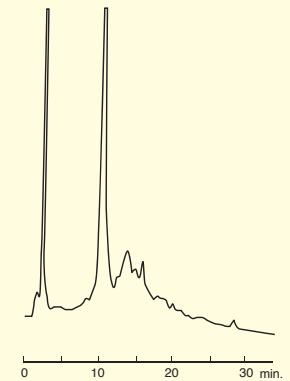
#### Fig. 4-23 Separation of human serum

Conditions  
 Column : MCI GEL® CQH3ES 7.5mm I.D.x75mm  
 MCI GEL® CQH3PS 7.5mm I.D.x75mm  
 Eluent : A B+1.7M(NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>  
 B 0.1M Phosphate buffer pH6.8  
 A → B 60min linear gradient  
 Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min  
 Column temp. : ambient  
 Detection : 280nm  
 Sample : Human serum



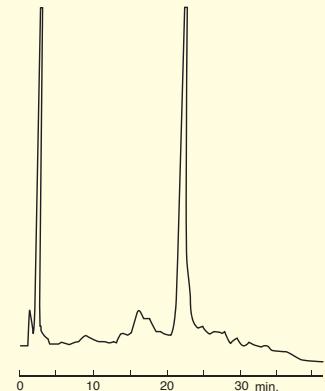
#### Fig. 4-24 Separation of colibacillus extract

Conditions  
 Column : MCI GEL® CQH3ES 7.5mm I.D.x75mm  
 Eluent : A B+1.7M(NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>  
 B 0.1M Phosphate buffer pH6.8  
 A → B 30min linear gradient  
 Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min  
 Column temp. : ambient  
 Detection : 280nm  
 Sample : Colibacillus extract



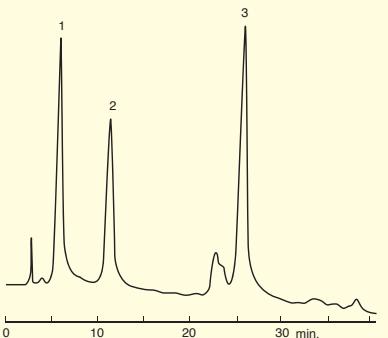
#### Fig. 4-25 Separation of colibacillus extract

Conditions  
 Column : MCI GEL® CQH3PS 7.5mm I.D.x75mm  
 Eluent : A B+1.7M(NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>  
 B 0.1M Phosphate buffer pH6.8  
 A → B 30min linear gradient  
 Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min  
 Column temp. : ambient  
 Detection : 280nm  
 Sample : Colibacillus extract

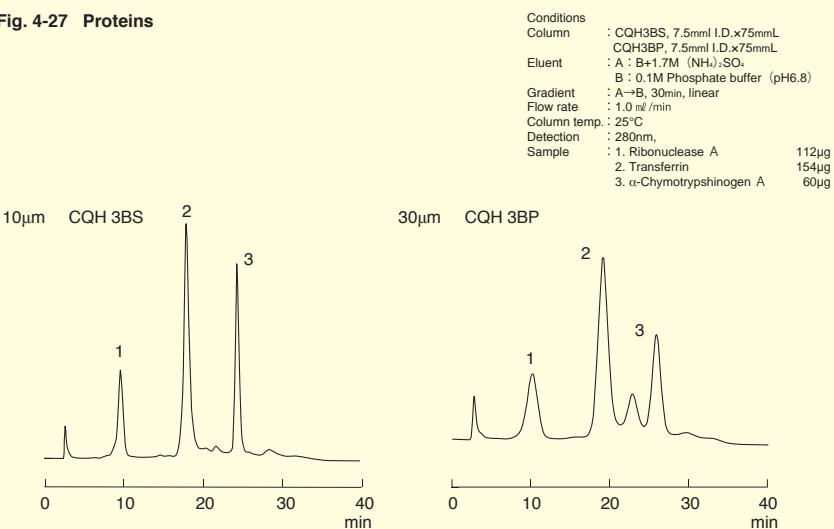
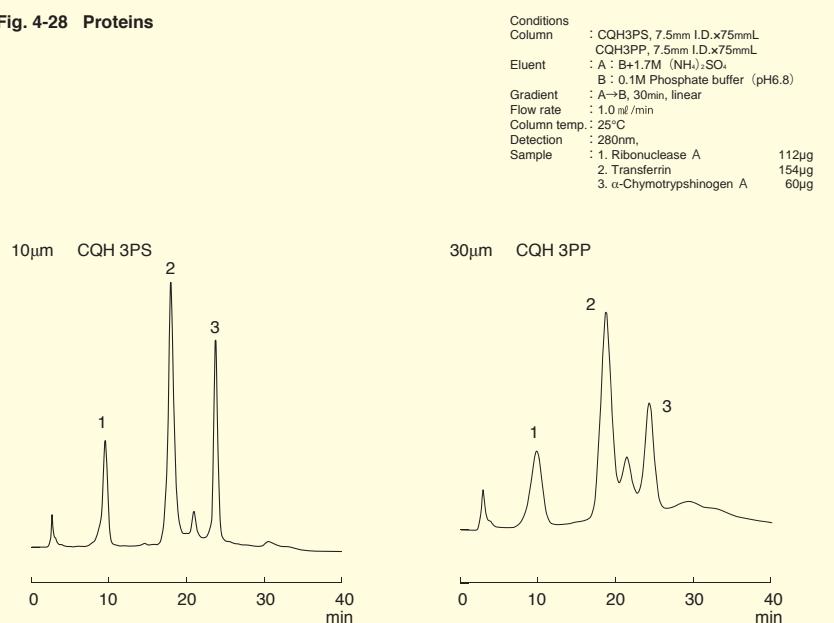


#### Fig. 4-26 Separation of mixture of peptides

Conditions  
 Column : MCI GEL® CQH3PS 7.5mm I.D.x75mm  
 Eluent : A B+1.7M(NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>  
 B 0.1M Phosphate buffer pH6.8  
 A → B 30min linear gradient  
 Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min  
 Column temp. : ambient  
 Detection : 220nm  
 Sample : 1. Met-Leu-Tyr  
 2. Leu-Enkephalin  
 3. Bacitracin



## Application data of CQH series

**Fig. 4-27 Proteins****Fig. 4-28 Proteins**

## MCI GEL®

# 5 Analytical and preparative chromatography columns and materials for pharmaceutical applications

## ○Polymeric reversed-phase chromatography columns and materials MCI GEL® CHP series

A partition chromatography, an adsorption chromatography, an ion exchange chromatography and a size exclusion chromatography are typical separation mechanisms of high performance liquid chromatography. The partition chromatography is most commonly used, separates solute samples in accordance with the difference of partition of the samples between a stationary phase and a mobile phase, can be applied to broad range of applications of organic compounds such as pharmaceuticals, agricultural chemicals and those intermediate substances. There are two separation mechanisms in the partition chromatography, one is a normal phase and the other is a reversed phase are discriminated by comparison of polarity of stationary phase and mobile phase. On the normal phase chromatography, a polarity of the stationary phase is stronger than that of the mobile phase. As for the reversed-phase (RP) mode, the relationship of the polarities of the two phases reverses. The RP chromatography is the most popular separation mode is said that RP occupies 60-70 % of HPLC applications.

MCI GEL® specializes in polymer based packing materials. The use of polymeric based RP columns has become more widespread thanks to unique selectivity of the polymer matrix, no specific adsorption common with silica based packings and can be operated with a wide pH range, basic eluents and acidic eluents due to the chemical stability of the inert polymeric materials. The MCI GEL® reversed-phase columns are based on a polystyrene and polymethacrylate porous polymers are normally applied to the separation of aromatic and aliphatic based compounds in the isocratic and gradient elution modes. The applications include pharmaceuticals, steroids, small peptides, amphoteric molecules such as sulfonamides and cephalosporin antibiotics, plus basic drugs, simple amines, antihistamines and carbamate pesticides.

The MCI GEL® reversed-phase packing materials are based on the same chemistries offered in the Diaion® and Sepabeads® synthetic adsorbents resins. These polymer chemistries, like Diaion® HP series and Sepabeads® SP series are widely used and documented in the biopharmaceutical industry for fermentation extraction, the food industry and industrial reversed phase separations. The MCI GEL® reversed-phase packing materials are available as packed columns for analytical applications and as bulk packings for analytical, preparative and production chromatography applications.

## ●Description of reversed-phase chromatography columns and materials

### MCI GEL® CHP20/C04

Matrix type \_\_\_\_\_

Particle size \_\_\_\_\_

{ C=Column  
P=Material }

## 5 MCI GEL®

### CHP column series

Polymeric reversed-phase chromatography columns

MCI GEL® CHP column series are suitable for reversed-phase chromatography and there are four kinds of columns of various hydrophobicity; Porous polystyrene, Modified Porous polystyrene, Polymethacrylates and Octadecyl-alkylated aliphatic Porous polymers. Thus proper kind of columns can be selected in accordance with the properties of the target compounds.

Polystyrene packing	: MCI GEL® CHP20/C04, CHP20/C10
Modified polystyrene packing	: MCI GEL® CHP07/C04, CHP07/C10
Polymethacrylates packing	: MCI GEL® CMG20/C04, CMG20/C10
Octadecyl-alkylated aliphatic packing	: MCI GEL® CHPOD/C04

The hydrophobicities of the columns are in the following order:

MCI GEL® CHP07/C04=CHP07/C10 > CHP20/C04=CHP20/C10 > CHPOD/C04 ≥ ODS columns ≥ CMG20/C04=CMG20/C10  
Polymer columns for HPLC, with superior chemical resistance, can be applied with various mobile phases of broad pH range, acidic through alkaline. They have the following advantages due to their high hydrophobicity:

- 1) In the reversed phase distribution chromatography to separate acidic or alkaline compounds, the eluents suppressing the ionic properties of such compounds are generally used. Polymer columns can be applied for the unsuitable compounds to ODS columns.
- 2) Some of high hydrophilic compounds, e.g. amino acids, can be separated with strong hydrophobic CHP07/C04 and CHP07/C10 column.
- 3) Polymer columns can be washed with acidic and/or basic solutions when deteriorated by contamination.

Polymethacrylates, CMG20/C04 and CMG20/C10, can be applied not only for reversed phase distribution chromatography but also for normal phase one.



### Column list

#### ● CHP column series

Matrix Type	Product name	Old name	Particle size [μm]	Column size [mm I.D.xmm]	pH range
Styrene Divinylbenzene	CHP20/C04	CHP10M	4	4.6×150 20×150	Whole range
	CHP20/C10	NEW	10	4.6×250 10×250 20×150 20×250	Whole range
Brominated Styrene Divinylbenzene	CHP07/C04	CHP207M	4	4.6×150 20×200	Whole range
	CHP07/C10	CHP207S	10	4.6×250 10×150 20×150 20×250	Whole range
Methacrylates	CMG20/C04	CHP2MGM	4	4.6×150 20×150	2~12
	CMG20/C10	CHP2MG	10	4.6×250 10×250 20×150 20×250	2~12
C18-alkylated aliphatics	CHPOD/C04	CHPOD1M	4	4.6×150 20×200	2~12

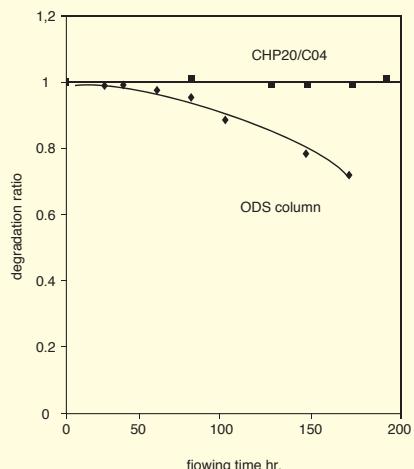
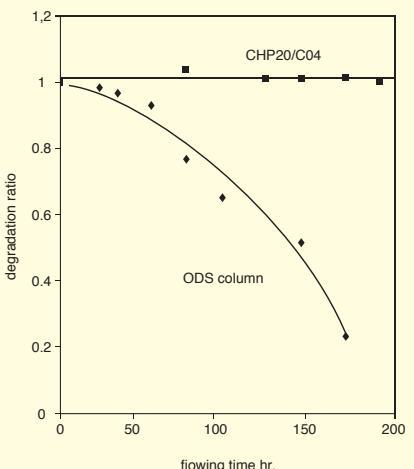
\*CHP5C is abolished and substitute is CHP20/C10.

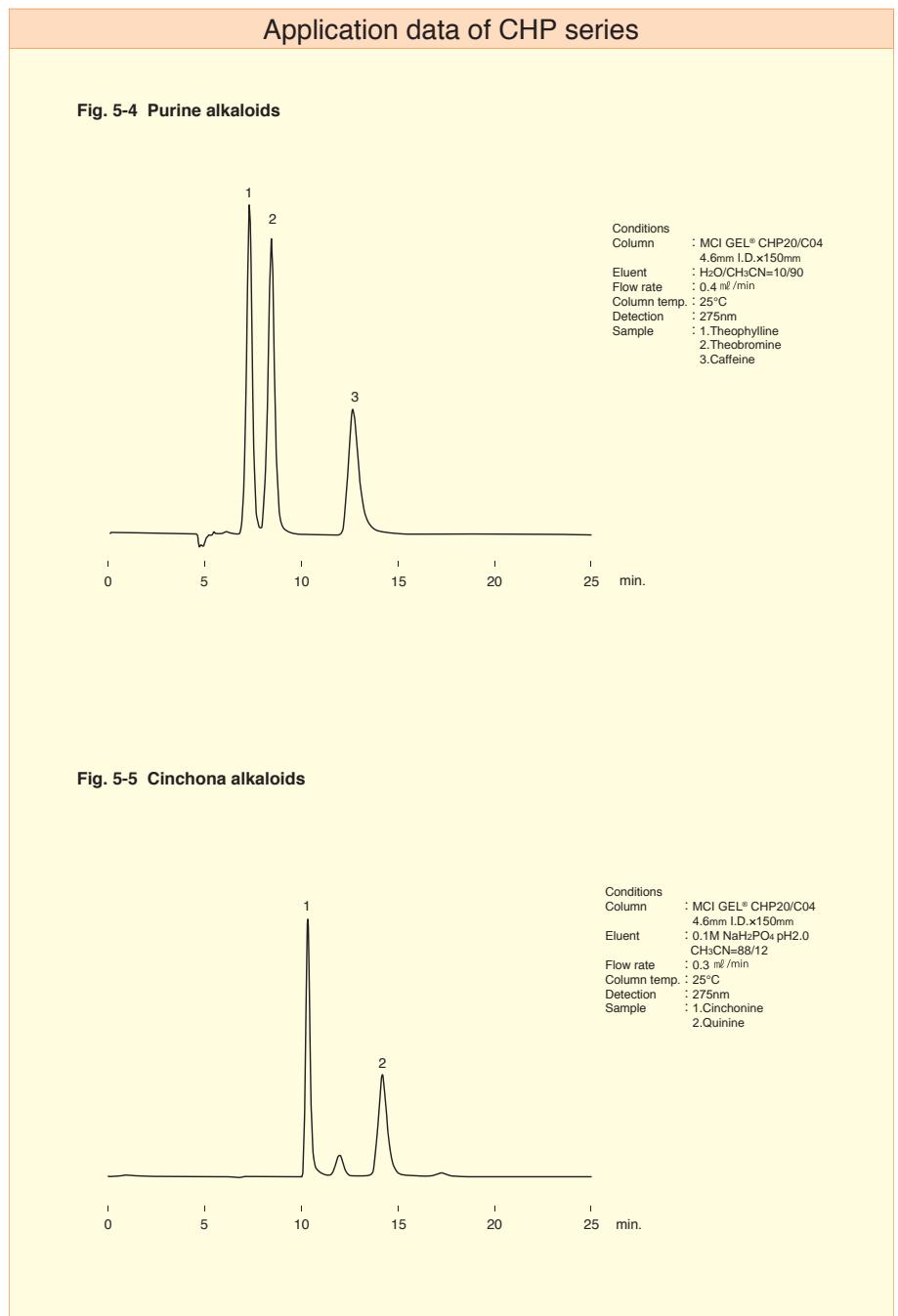
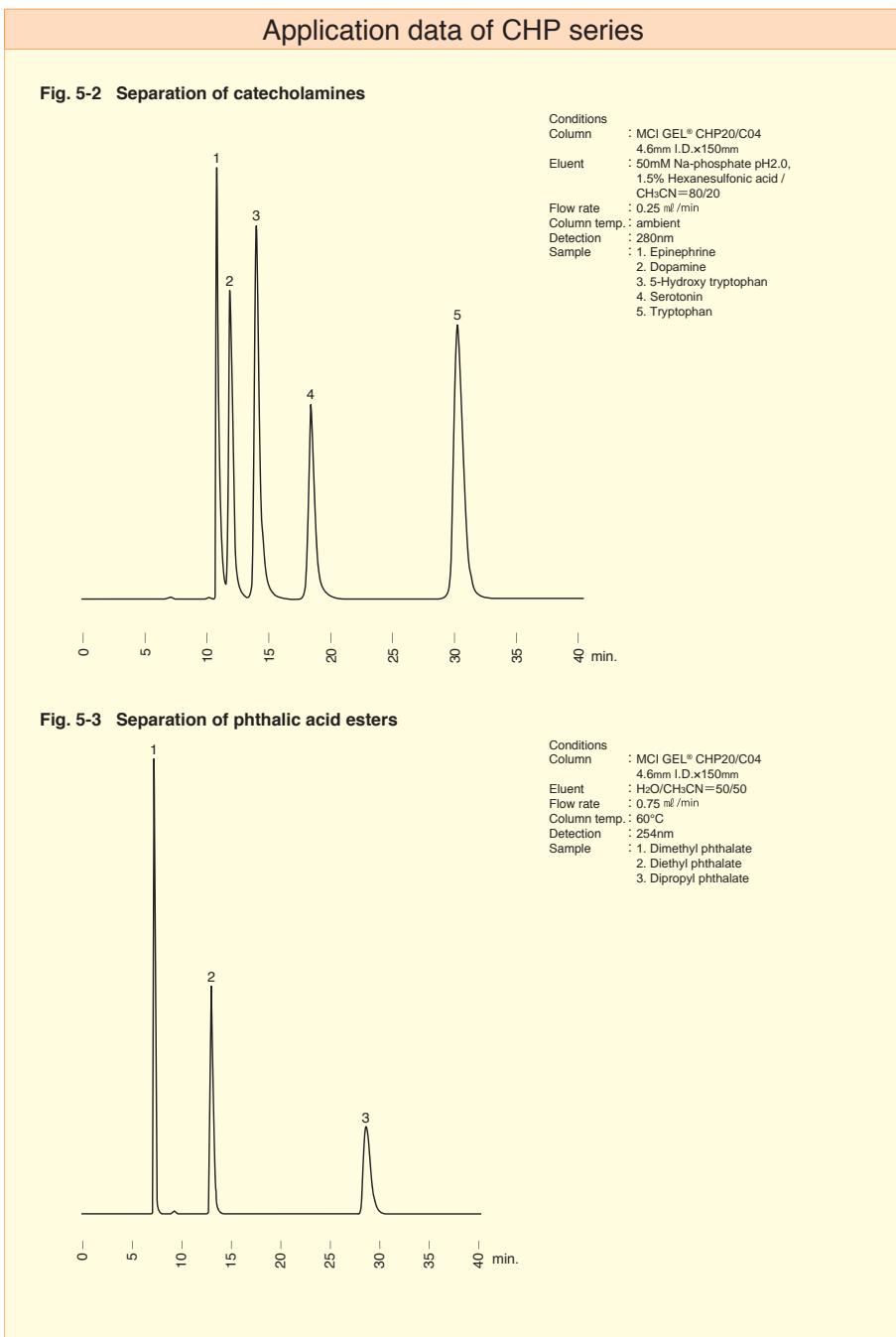
### Durability of polymeric column

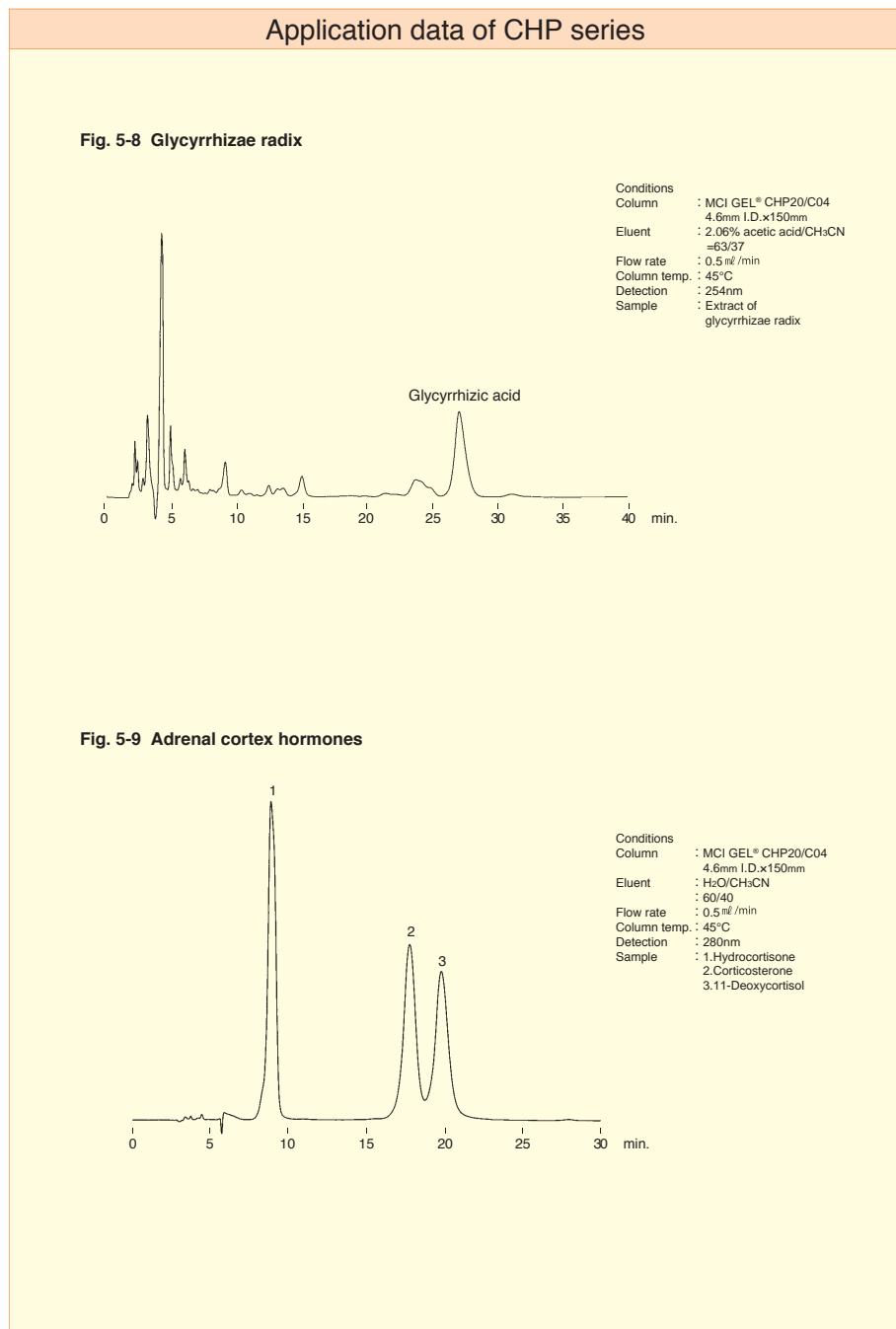
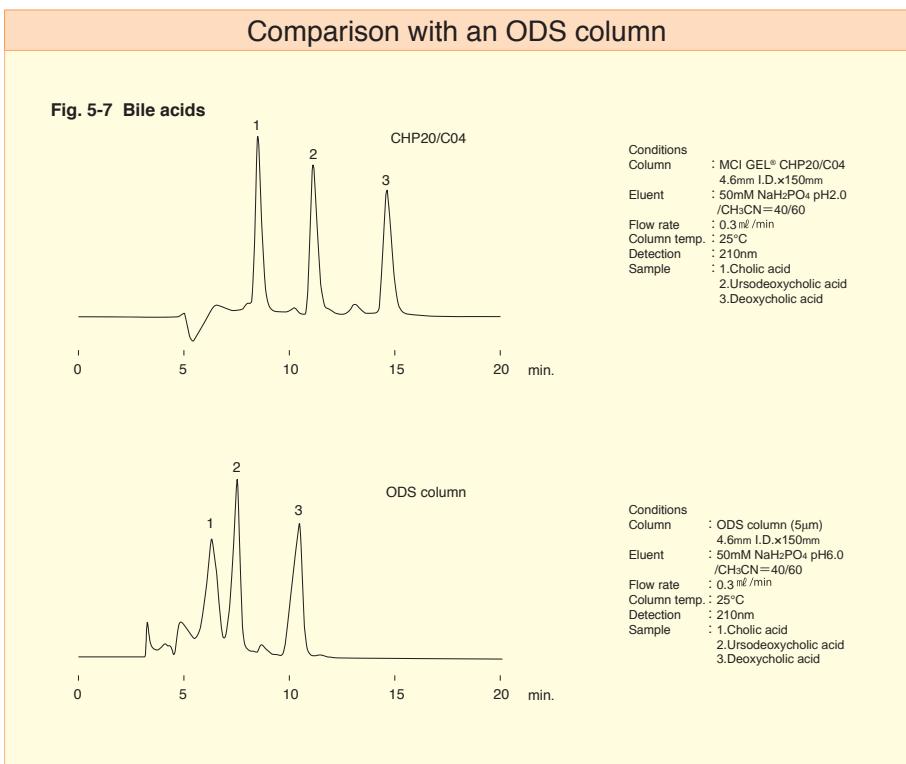
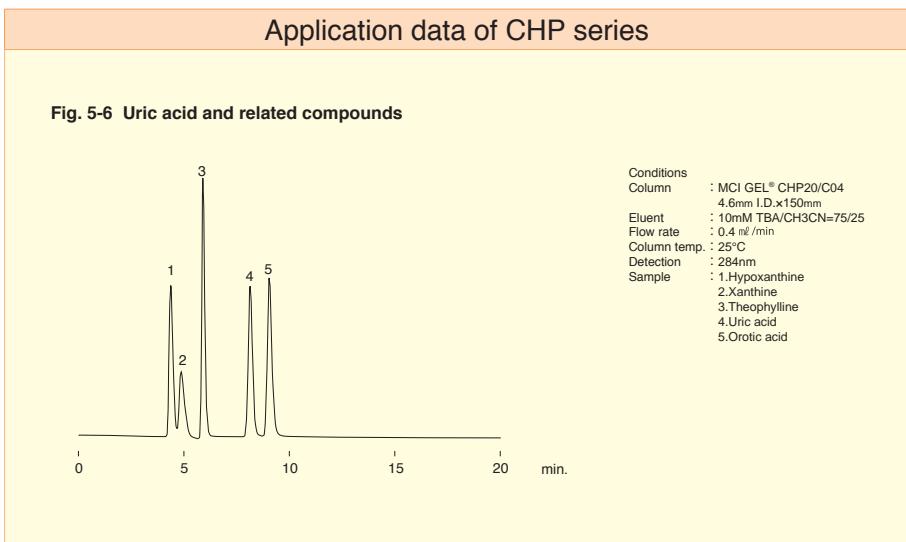
The polymeric RP columns are chemically stable. Specifically, the columns have resistance to an alkaline eluent. The following graphs demonstrate stability of the polymeric columns. After feeding a solution of pH 12 into the MCI GEL® CHP20/C04, there is no change of column performance.

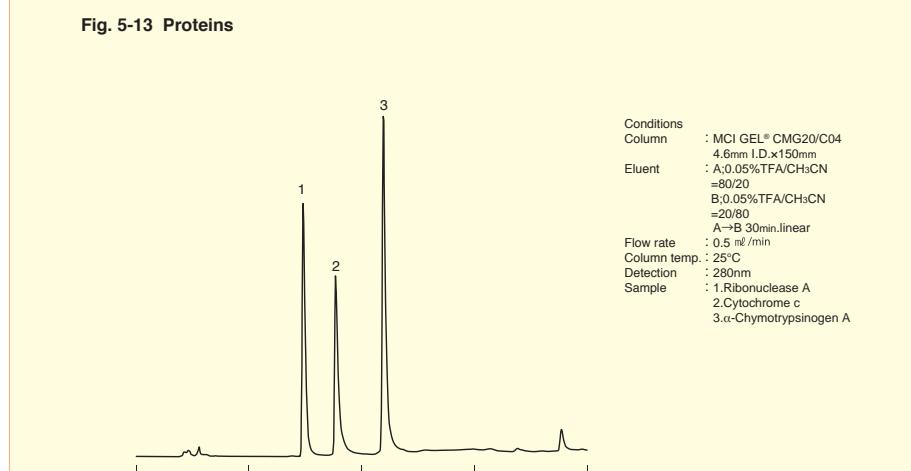
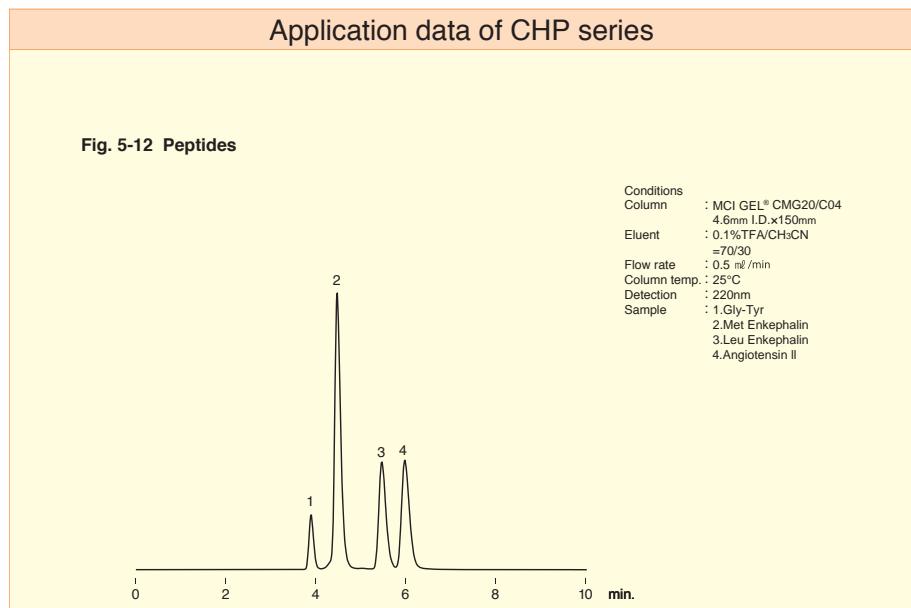
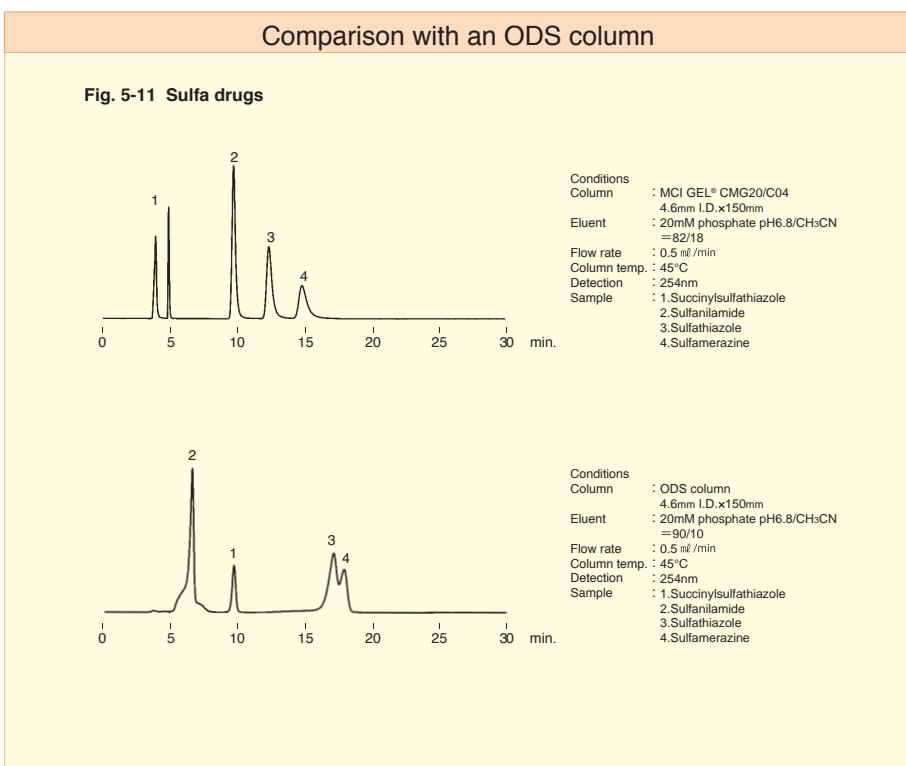
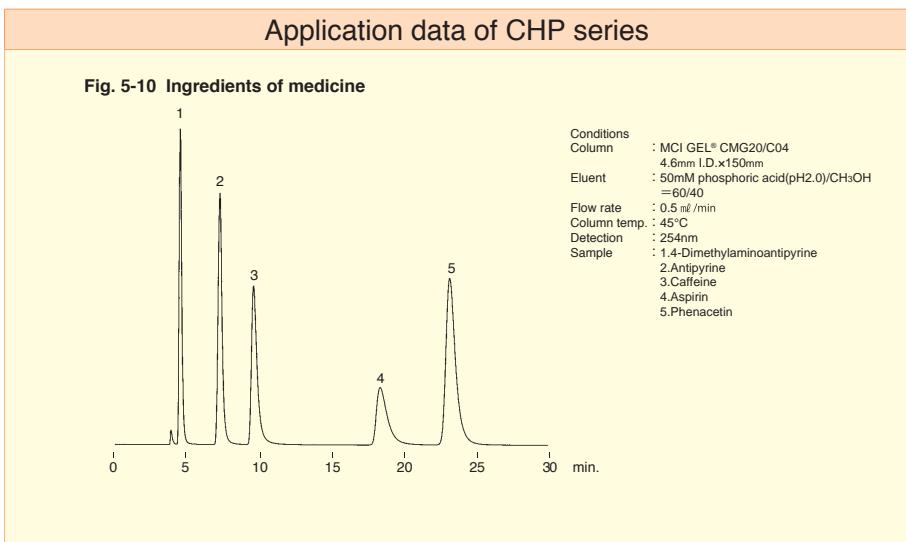
Fig. 5-1 Column durability at pH12 comparison between CHP20/C04 and an ODS column

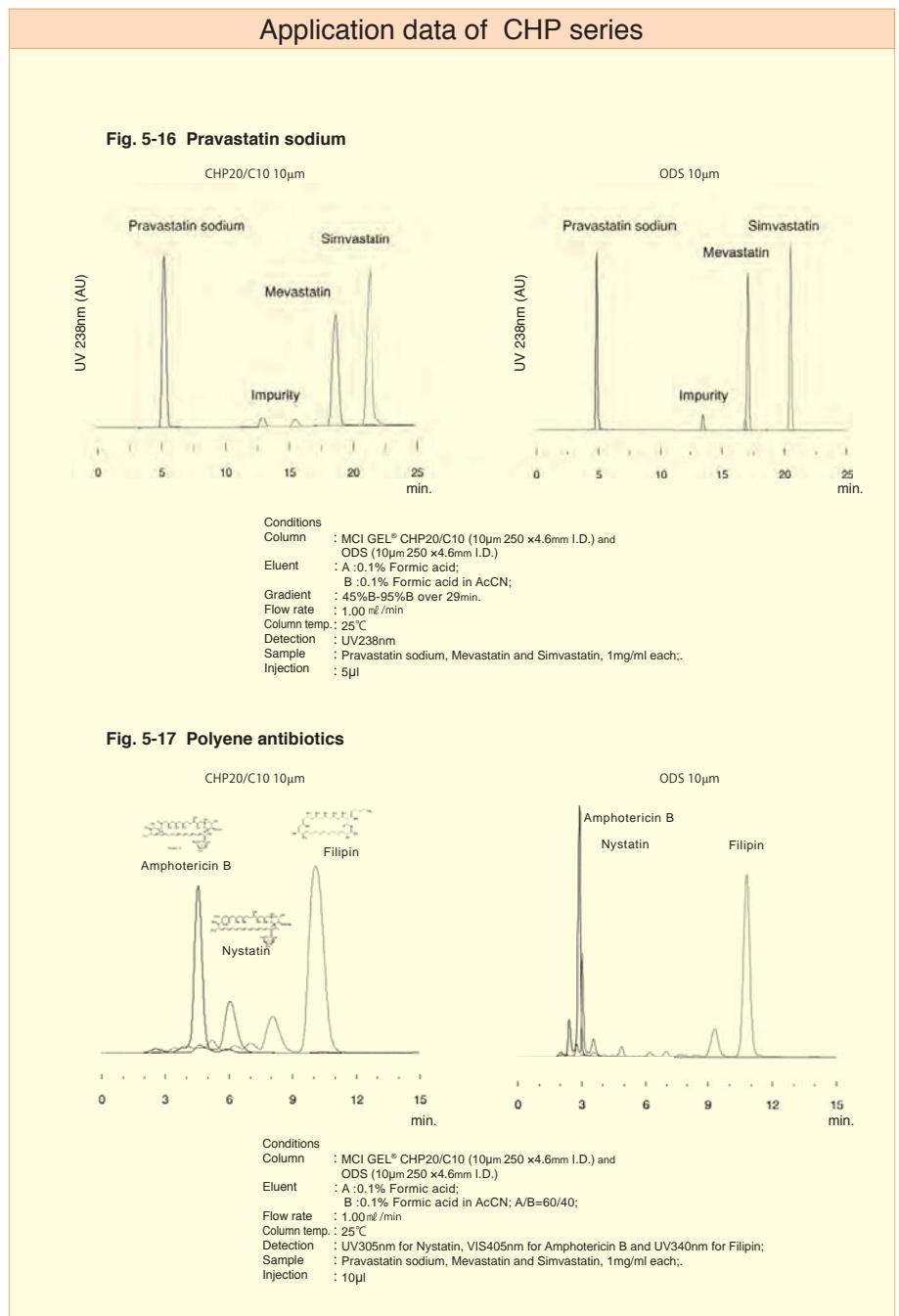
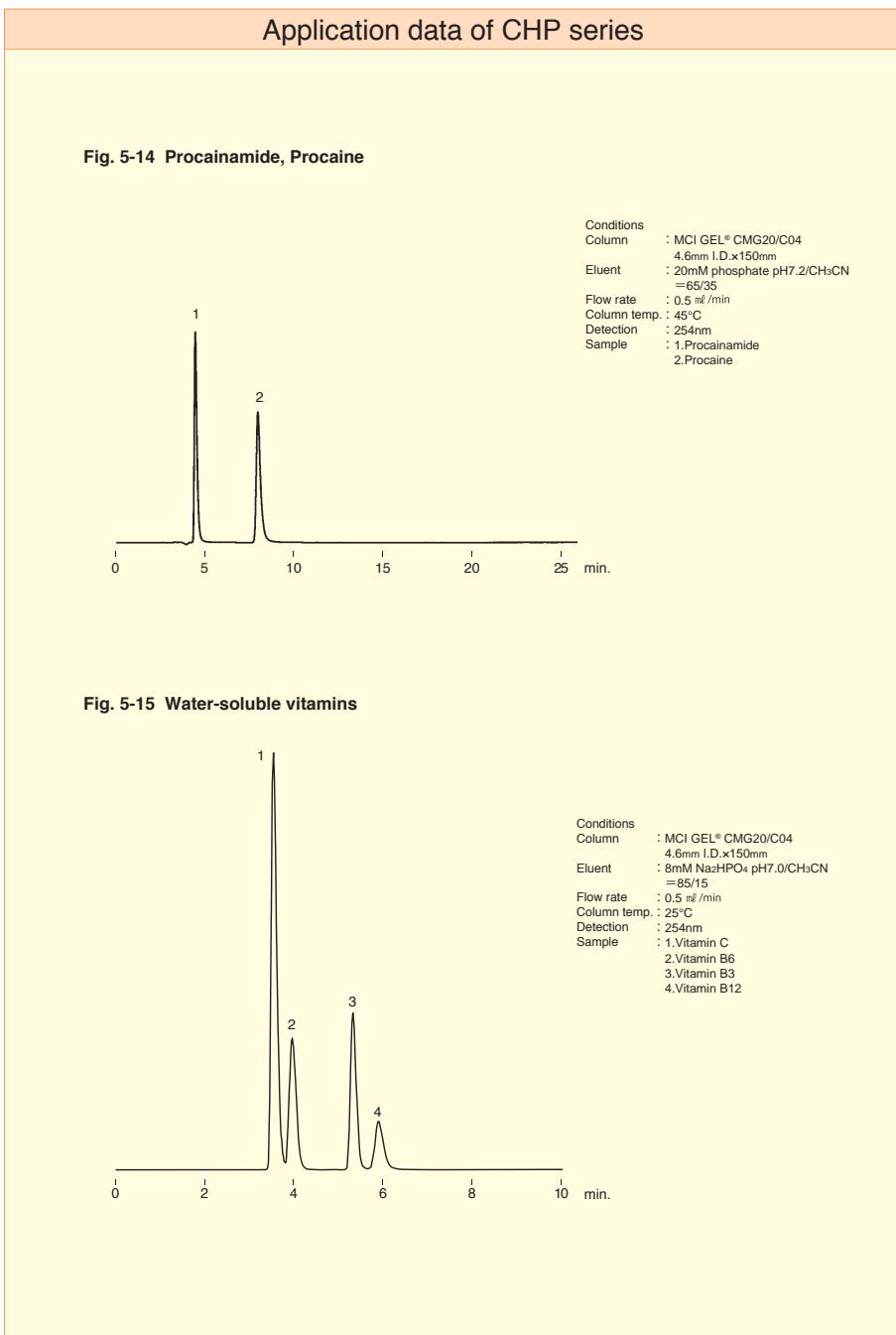
Conditions  
 Column : MCI GEL® CHP20/C04 4.6mmI.D x 150mm  
 Eluent : 20mM Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub> pH12/CH<sub>3</sub>CN=60/40  
 Flow rate : 0.4 mL/min  
 Column temp. : 25°C  
 Detection : 254nm  
 Sample : 1000ppm Dimethyl phthalate 5μL

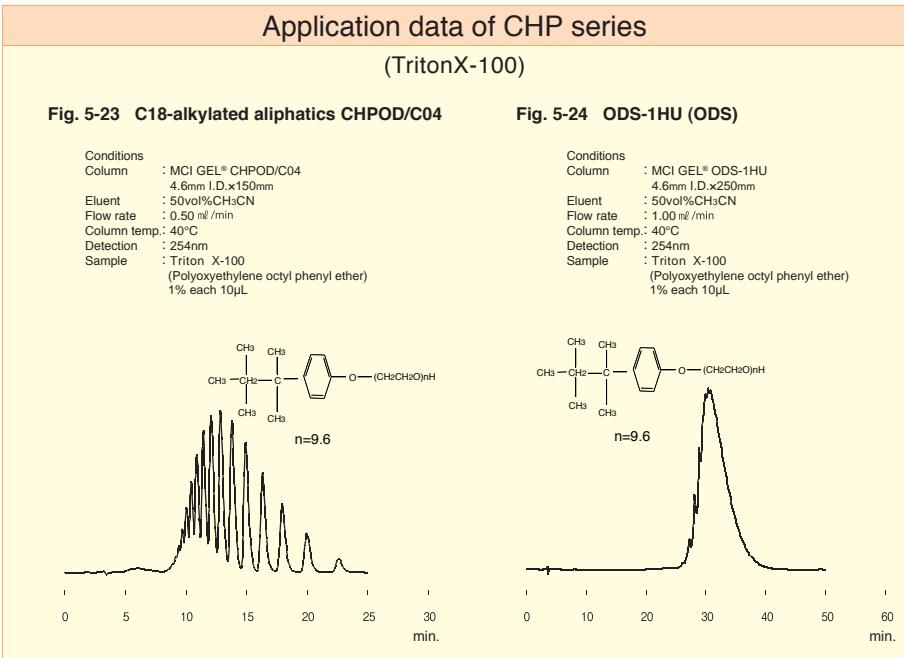
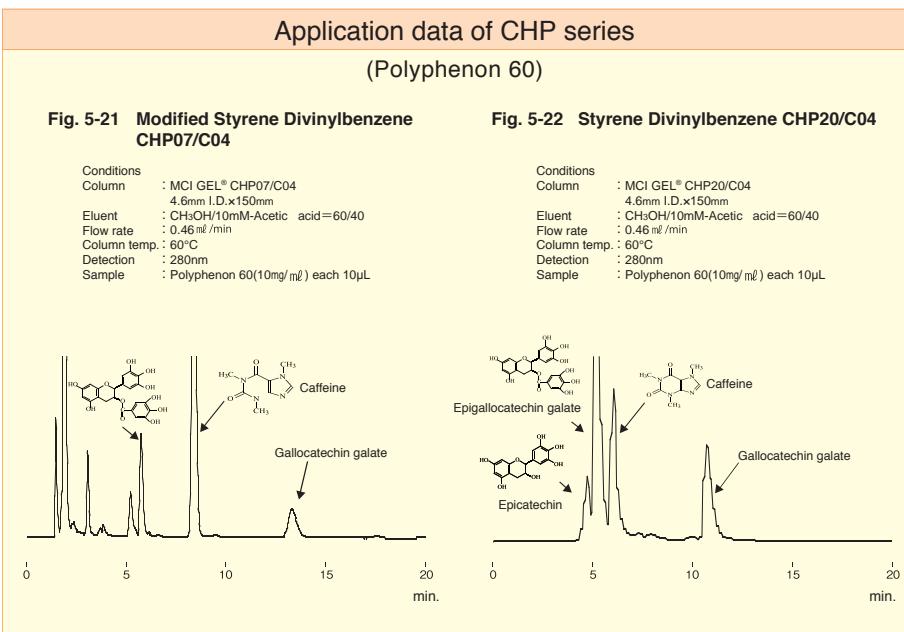
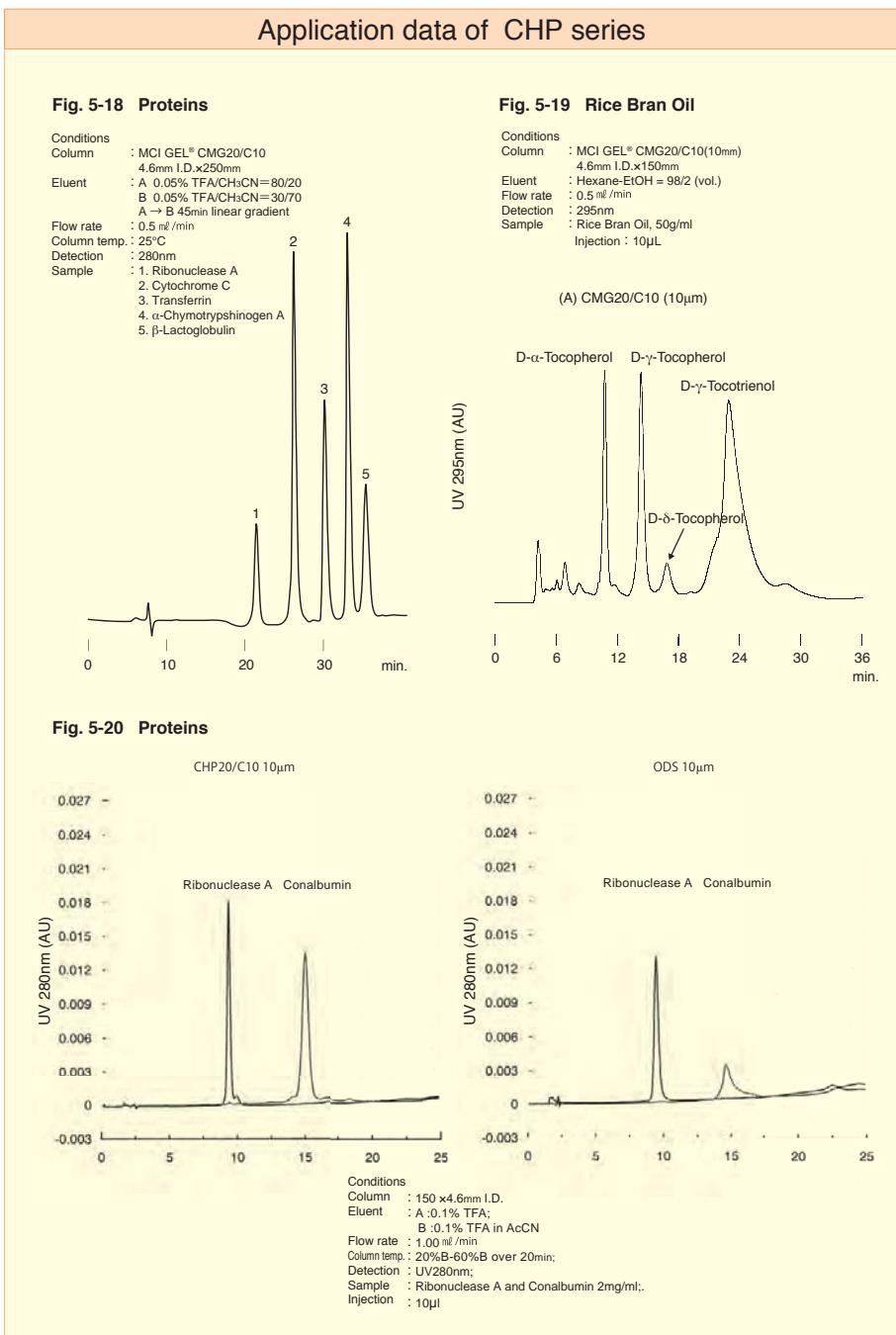












## CHP material series

Polymeric reversed-phase chromatography materials

MCI GEL® CHP material series are chromatography materials of porous type polymers.

Because polymeric materials are chemically stable, wide pH range, from acidic to alkaline eluents are able to be applied to MCI GEL® CHP material series.

MCI GEL® CHP50 series and CHP20 series are both ST/DVB polymers, but they differences in porosity. Pore size of CHP20 series is fairly larger than that of CHP50 series. Appropriate packing material can be selected in accordance with molecular size of injection samples.

### ● CHP material series

Product name	Old name	Base polymer	Particle size [μm]	Pore diameter [nm]	Main application	Equivalent HPLC column
CHP20/P20	CHP20A	ST/DVB	20	45	CHP20/C04 CHP20/C10	
CHP20/P30	CHP20Y		30			
CHP20/P50	CHP20P		50			
CHP20/P70	NEW		70			
CHP20/P120	CHP20P		120			
CHP50/P20	CHP55A	ST/DVB	20	25	— CHP20/C10	
CHP50/P30	CHP55Y		30			
CSP50/P10	NEW		10			
CHP07/P120	CSP207P	ST/DVB	120	25	CHP07/C04 CHP07/C10	
CMG20/P10	CHP2MG	MA	10	25	CMG20/C04 CMG20/C10	
CMG20/P30	CHP2MGY		30			
CMG20/P150	CHP2MGP		150			

ST/DVB: styrene-divinylbenzene MA: polymethacrylate

\*CHP5C is abolished and substitute is CSP50/P10.

## Application data of CHP series

Fig. 5-25 Phthalic acid esters

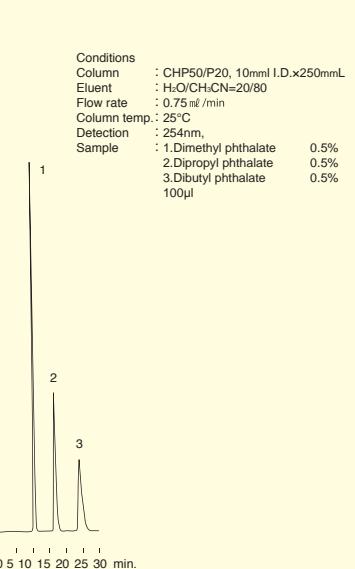


Fig. 5-26 Penicillin antibiotics

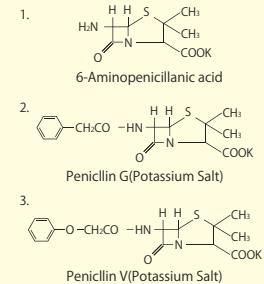
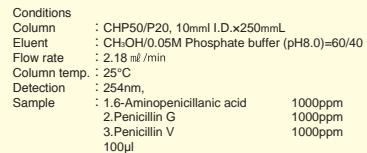
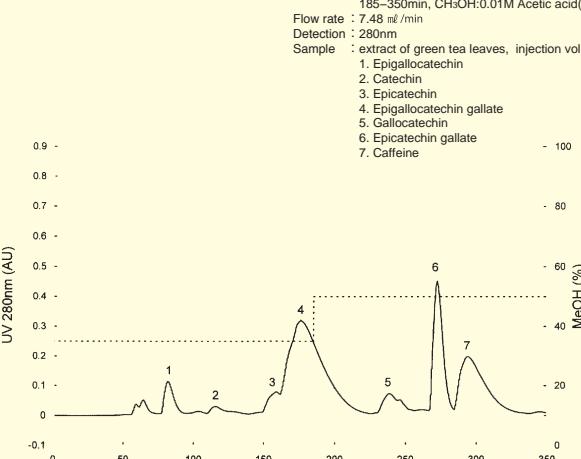
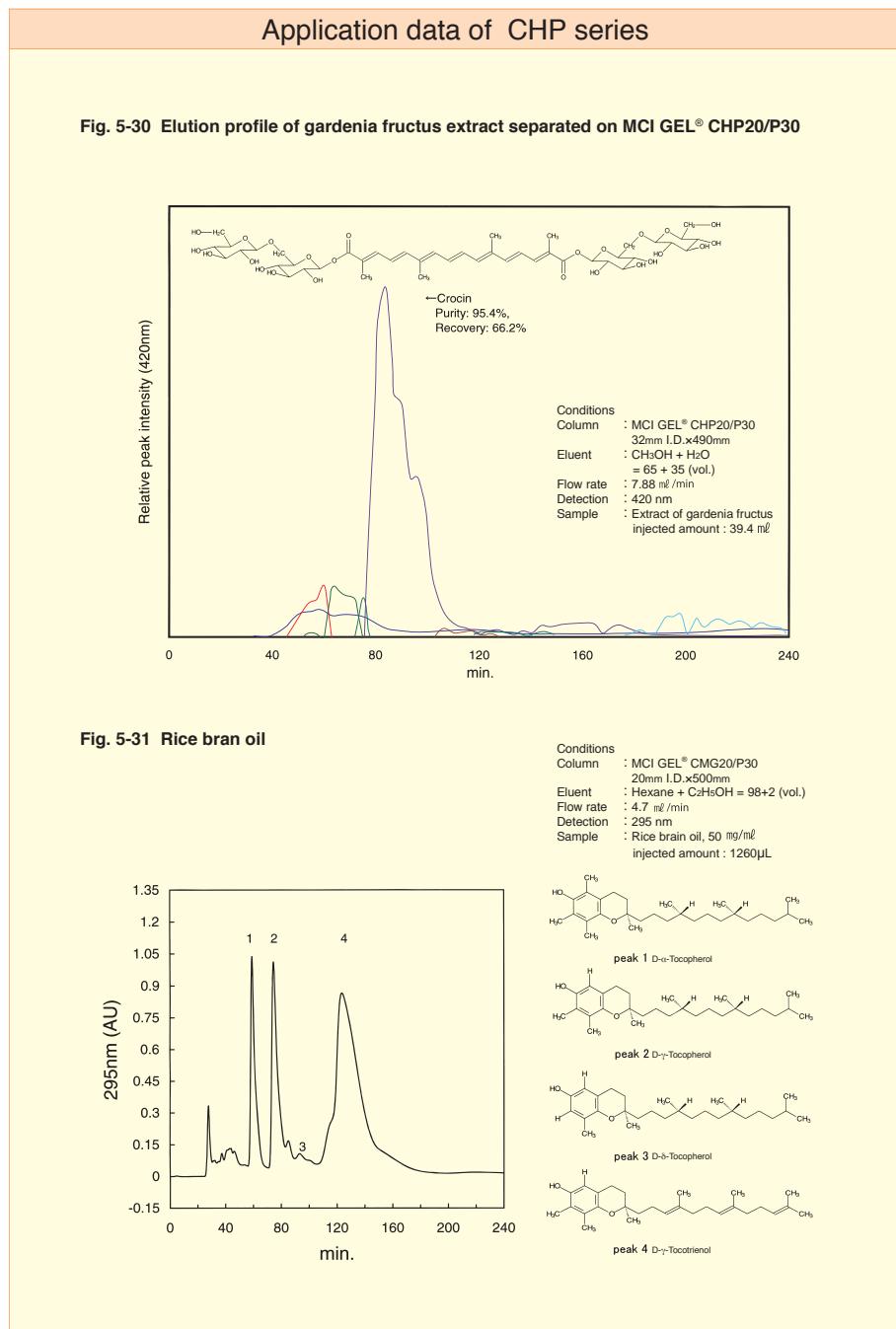
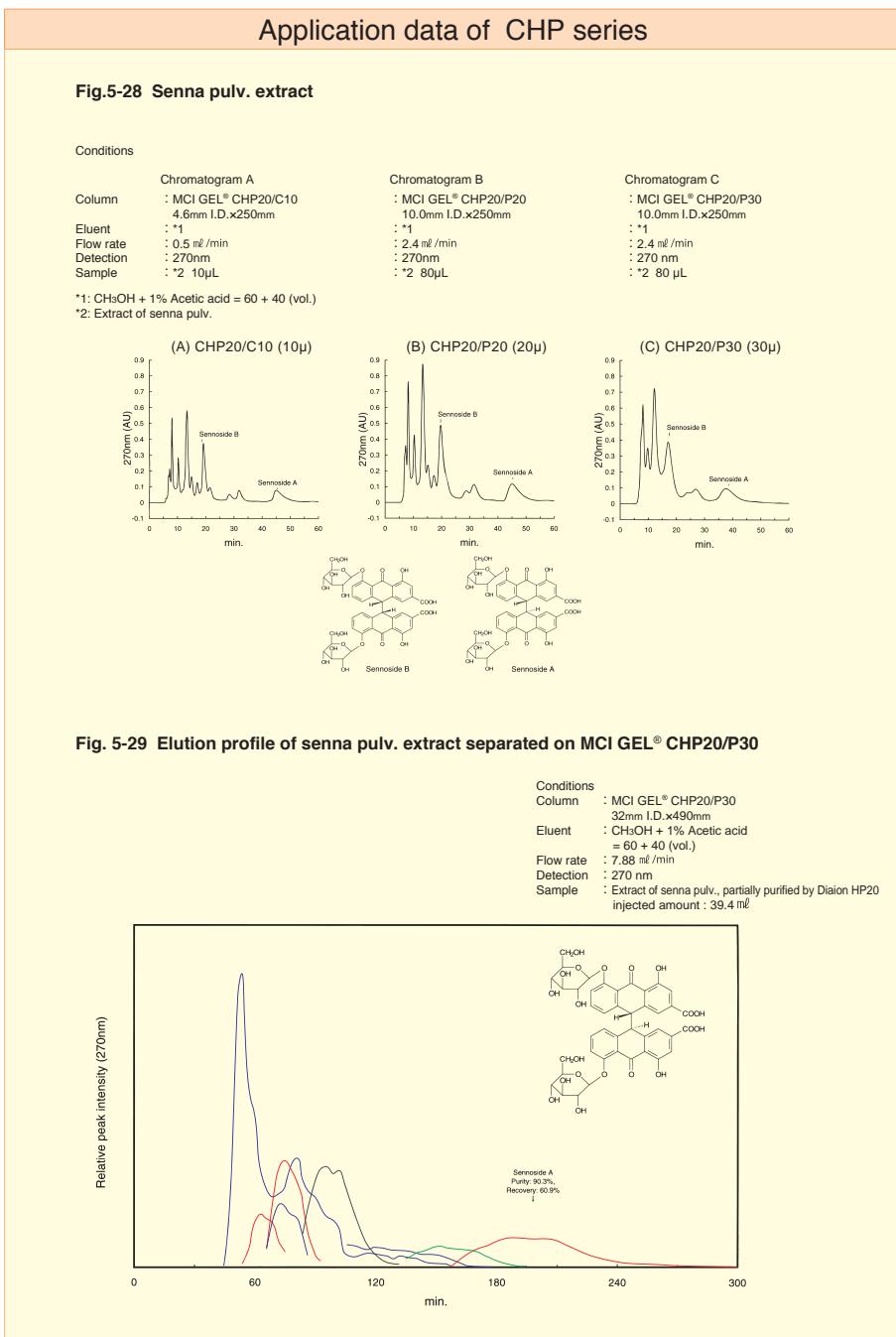


Fig. 5-27 Extract of green tea leaves

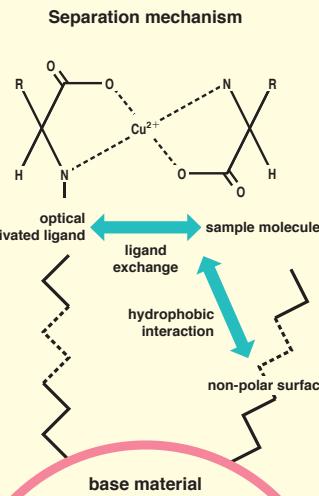




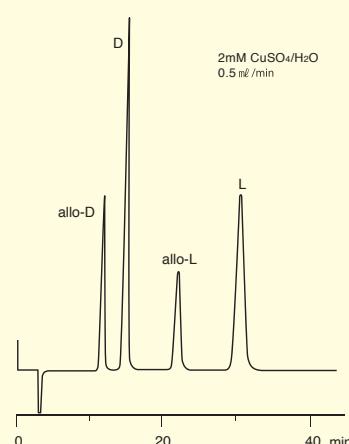


○ Chiral separation columns  
MCI GEL® CRS10W (DLAA)  
MCI GEL® CRS15W (LDAA)

### Separation mechanism and performance of MCI GEL® CRS series



Application of CRS10W  
Fig. 6-1 DL-Isoleucine



● Separation mechanism

MCI GEL® CRS10W and its companion product MCI GEL® CRS15W (an optical isomer of CRS10W) are based on a 3 μm with 10 nm mean pore diameter of silica gel coated with N,N-Dioctyl -L-(or D)-alanine which is a novel optical activated ligand. The chiral resolution mechanism is a combination of ligand exchange and hydrophobic interaction. A copper sulfate aqueous solution is used as an eluent. Elution samples are directly detected at wave length of 254 nm because complex compound, composed of sample molecule and copper in the eluent, are object of detection. With the CRS10W, D-isomers generally elute in front of L-isomers while L-isomers elute ahead of D-isomers on the CRS15W. The hydrophobic interaction mechanism allows hydrophilic samples to elute faster than hydrophobic molecules. Long alkyl chain or aromatic compounds will elute late or require an organic solvent (CH3CN or CH3OH, max. of 15v/v%) to prevent adsorption onto the stationary phase.

● Separation performance

1. The CRS series columns separate over 20 D,L-α-Amino acids by only single column. The columns separate not only α-Amino acids but also α-Hydroxy carboxylic acids and derivative amino acids such as Acetylated amino acids.
2. The columns provide excellent resolution operated at room temperature.
3. The columns show high durability.

### Application data of CRS10W

For all chromatograms, column temperature is room temperature and wave length is 254nm.  
All eluents are CuSO4 aqueous solution except for Fig. 6-9 and Fig. 6-10.

Fig. 6-2 Separation of amino acids mixture

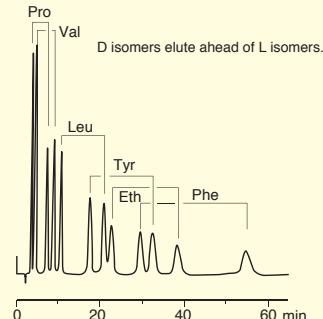


Fig. 6-3 Separation of amino acids mixture

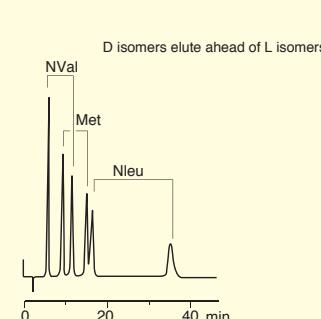


Fig. 6-4 Separation of DL-Ser.

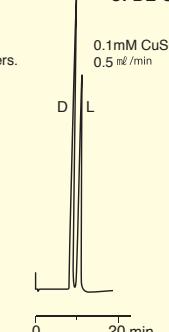


Fig. 6-5 Separation of DL-aspartic acid

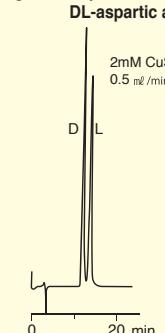


Fig. 6-6 Separation of DL-glutamic acid

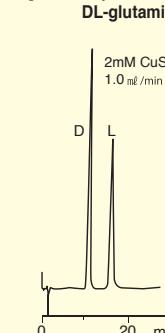


Fig. 6-7 Separation of DL-histidine

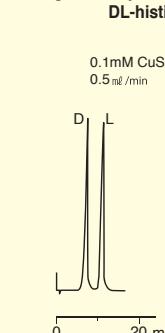


Fig. 6-8 Separation of DL-lysine

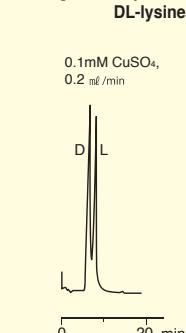


Fig. 6-9 Separation of DL-phenylalanine

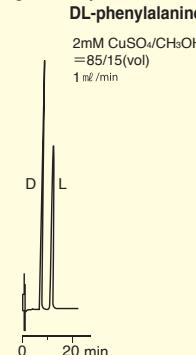


Fig. 6-10 Separation of DL-tryptophan

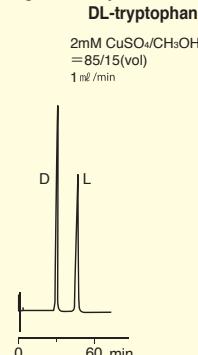


Fig. 6-11 Separation of DL-lactic acid

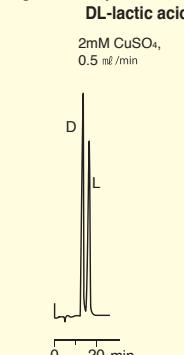
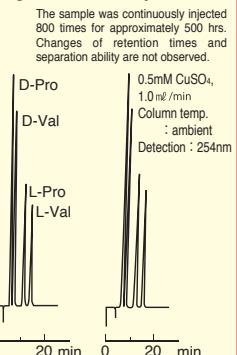


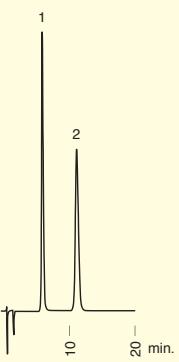
Fig. 6-12 Durability test



## Application data of CRS10W

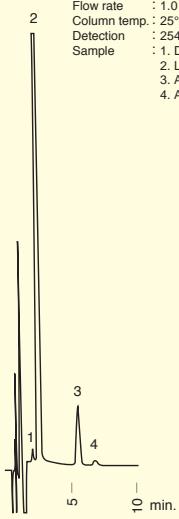
**Fig. 6-13 Separation of DL- $\alpha$ -Phenylglycine**

Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® CRS10W 4.6mm I.D.x50mm  
Eluent : 2mM CuSO<sub>4</sub>/CH<sub>3</sub>OH=85/15  
Flow rate : 1.0 ml/min  
Column temp. : 25°C  
Detection : 254nm  
Sample : 1. D- $\alpha$ -Phenylglycine  
2. L- $\alpha$ -Phenylglycine



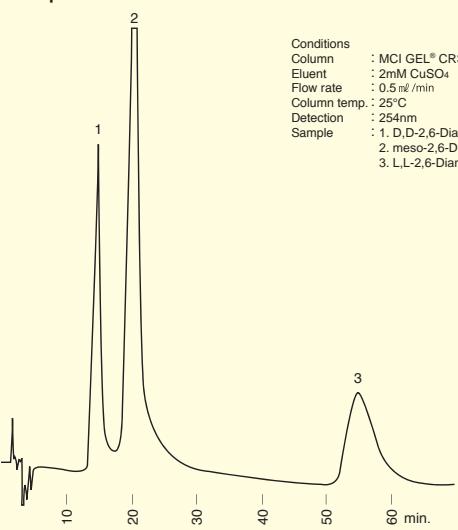
**Fig. 6-14 Separation of methionine and acetylmethionine**

Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® CRS10W 4.6mm I.D.x50mm  
Eluent : 2mM CuSO<sub>4</sub>/CH<sub>3</sub>CN=90/10  
Flow rate : 1.0 ml/min  
Column temp. : 25°C  
Detection : 254nm  
Sample : 1. D-Met  
2. L-Met  
3. Acetyl-D-Met  
4. Acetyl-L-Met



**Fig. 6-15 Separation of diaminopimelic acid**

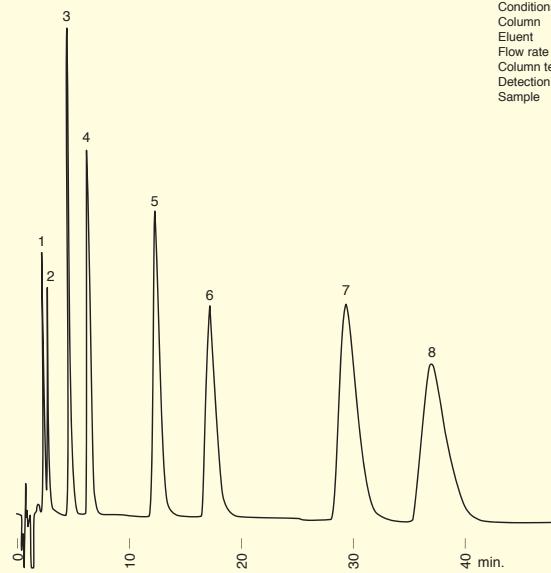
Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® CRS10W 4.6mm I.D.x50mm  
Eluent : 2mM CuSO<sub>4</sub>  
Flow rate : 0.5 ml/min  
Column temp. : 25°C  
Detection : 254nm  
Sample : 1. D,D-2,6-Diaminopimelic acid  
2. meso-2,6-Diaminopimelic acid  
3. L,L-2,6-Diaminopimelic acid



## Application data of CRS10W

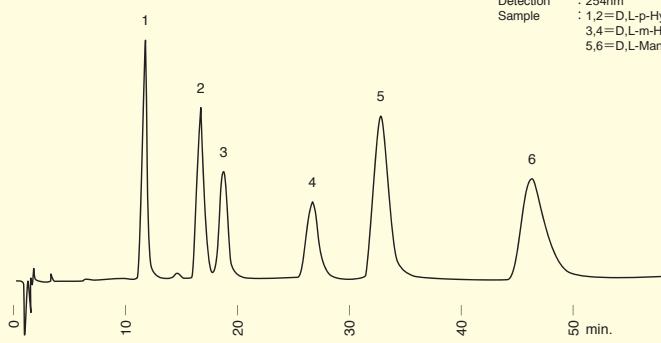
**Fig. 6-16 Separation of 2-hydroxy carboxylic acids**

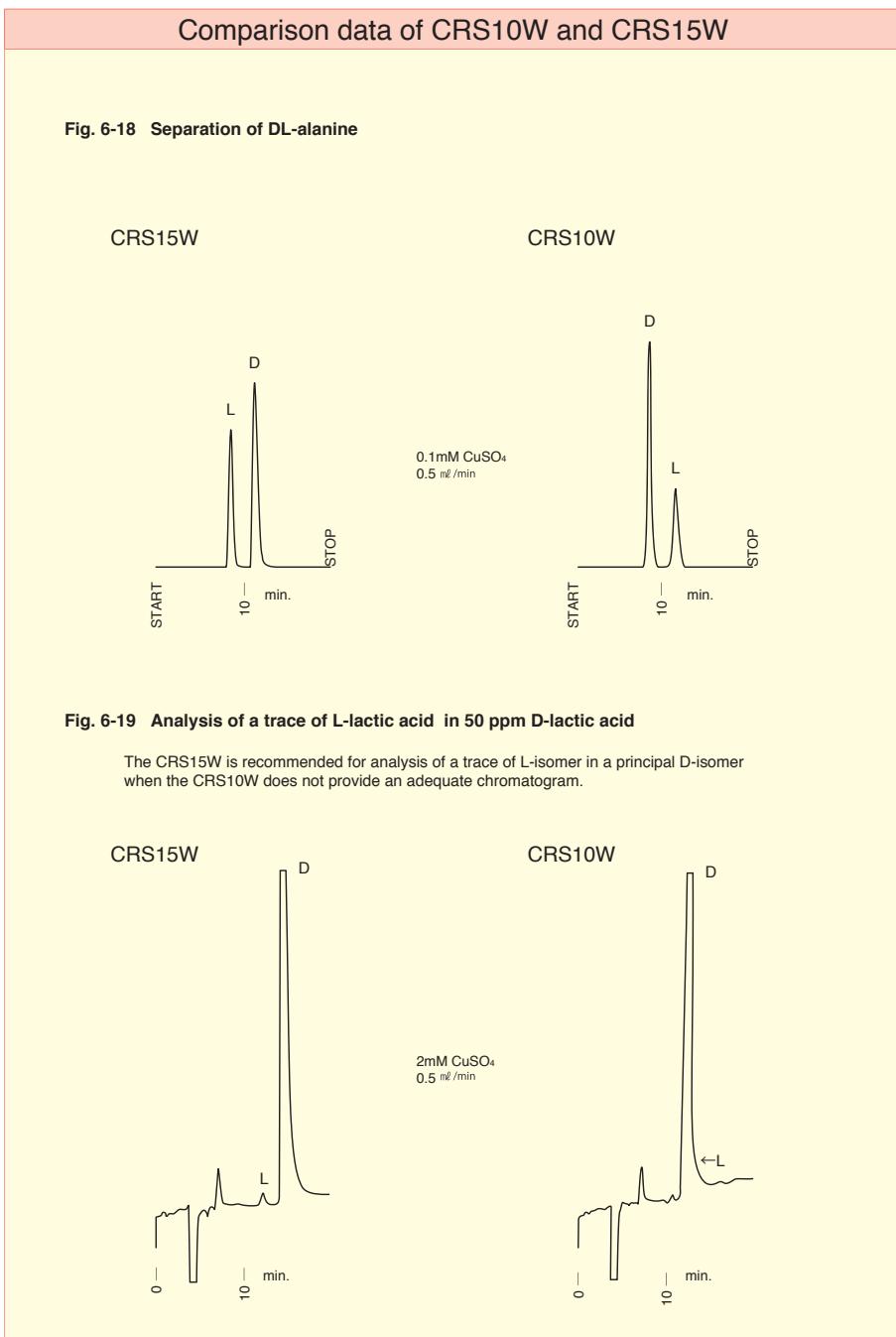
Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® CRS10W 4.6mm I.D.x50mm  
Eluent : 2mM CuSO<sub>4</sub>/CH<sub>3</sub>CN=90/10  
Flow rate : 1.0 ml/min  
Column temp. : ambient  
Detection : 254nm  
Sample : 1,2=D,L-Lactic acid  
3,4=D,L-2-Hydroxy-n-butrylic acid  
5,6=D,L- $\alpha$ -Hydroxy-n-valeric acid  
7,8=D,L- $\alpha$ -Hydroxy isocaproic acid



**Fig. 6-17 Separation of 2-hydroxy carboxylic acids**

Conditions  
Column : MCI GEL® CRS10W 4.6mm I.D.x50mm  
Eluent : 2mM CuSO<sub>4</sub>/CH<sub>3</sub>CN=90/10  
Flow rate : 1.0 ml/min  
Column temp. : ambient  
Detection : 254nm  
Sample : 1,2=D,L-p-Hydroxymandelic acid  
3,4=D,L-m-Hydroxymandelic acid  
5,6=D,L-Mandelic acid





## Examples of chromatographic conditions and datas

Amino acids	CuSO <sub>4</sub> aq. soln. [mM]	Flow rate [mL/min]	Retention time; L-isomers [min]	Separation factor [ $\alpha$ ]	Separation rate [Rs]
1 Orn+HCl	0.1	0.2	6.8	1.26	<1
2 Lys+HCl	0.1	0.2	7.7	1.45	<1
3 Ala	0.1	0.5	11.0	1.39	1.4
4 His+HCl	0.1	0.5	10.5	1.63	1.7
5 Ser	0.1	0.5	10.1	1.25	1.0
6 Thr	0.1	0.5	11.3	1.29	1.3
7 Cit	0.5	0.5	10.4	1.75	2.3
8 Hyp	1.0	0.2	23.8	1.23	1.1
9 Pro	1.0	1.0	7.3	2.13	4.5
10 Val	1.0	1.0	8.9	2.04	5.0
11 Nval	1.0	1.0	11.5	2.07	4.7
12 Asp	2.0	0.5	13.2	1.18	0.8
13 Glu	2.0	1.0	16.2	1.54	2.3
14 Ileu(DL)	2.0	0.5	30.4	2.14	6.5
15 Ileu(allo)	2.0	0.5	21.9	1.97	6.0
16 Leu	2.0	1.0	14.6	1.97	4.6
17 Nleu	2.0	1.0	24.1	2.16	6.5
18 Met	2.0	1.0	10.3	1.64	2.6
19 Tyr	2.0	1.0	22.5	1.85	5.3
20 Eth	2.0	1.0	26.4	1.69	5.0
21 Phe	2.0	1.0	37.8	1.84	6.3

1. Column temperature; ambient Detection; 254nm
2. These are example data and do not guarantee the column specifications.
3. Improved resolution or appropriate chromatogram can be obtained by further investigating chromatographic conditions.
4. For each amino acid in the table, D-isomer elutes ahead of L-isomer except for Hydroxyproline.

## Notes

1. It will take hours for equilibrium between ligand of stationary phase and copper ion of eluent. Two to three hours of conditioning the column with the eluent is advised before sample injection or after changing concentration of CuSO<sub>4</sub> of eluent.
2. For acidic amino acids, higher CuSO<sub>4</sub> concentration of eluent provides better resolution.
3. For weakly retained hydrophilic amino acids, low flow rate (0.2-0.5 mL/min) yields better resolution.
4. Peak area may decrease with continuous injection of samples, when the concentration of amino acids in sample solution is much higher than that of CuSO<sub>4</sub> in the eluent.
5. Please be careful not to flow both water soluble organic solvents (CH<sub>3</sub>CN, CH<sub>3</sub>OH, etc) and non water soluble organic solvents (n-hexane, chloroform, etc) into the column. The column will be fatally damaged and will never separate optical isomers. Please be particularly careful if HPLC equipment is used together with RP mode and NP mode.
6. Please do not use acid or alkali solutions to adjust pH of eluent. And also do not use buffer solutions. These solutions may cause forming precipitation, hence cause of blockage of the column.
7. For strongly retained hydrophobic amino acids, addition of CH<sub>3</sub>CN or CH<sub>3</sub>OH in the eluent enables faster elution. The concentration of these organic solvents should be below 15 v/v%.
8. DOPA and other non-polar amino acids will be strongly adsorbed on the packing material and will cause contamination of the column.
9. Regeneration of contaminated column is difficult.

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MCI GEL®

## MCI GEL® column list

Main column			Guard/Pre-column		
Code No.	Name	Column dimensions [mm]	Code No.	Name	Column dimensions [mm]
Ion exchange chromatography cation exchange resin for amino acids					
0-019-01	CK10U	6x120	0-033-21	AFR2-PC	6x50
Ion exchange chromatography cation exchange resin for sugars					
0-009-01	CK08S	8x500	0-009-11	CK08SG	6x50
0-010-01	CK08E	8x300	0-010-11	CK08EG	6x50
0-010-02	CK08EC	8x300	0-010-12	CK08ECG	6x50
0-010-03	CK08ES	8x300	0-010-13	CK08ESG	6x50
Ion exchange chromatography cation exchange resin for carboxylic acids					
0-010-05	CK08EH	8x300	0-010-15	CK08EHG	6x50
Ion exchange chromatography cation exchange resin for oligosaccharides					
0-001-01	CK02A	20x250	0-001-11	CK02AG	8x10
0-001-02	CK02AS	20x250	0-001-12	CK02ASG	8x10
0-003-01	CK04S	10x200	0-017-11 0-003-11	CK10SG CK04SG	6x50 8x10
0-003-02	CK04SS	10x200	0-017-11 0-003-12	CK10SG CK04SSG	6x50 8x10
Ion exchange chromatography anion exchange resin for carboxylic acids and sugars					
0-111-01	CA08F	4.6x250	0-111-11	CA08FG	4x10
0-119-01	CDR10	4.6x250	0-119-11	CDR10G	4x10
Ion chromatography for cations					
0-034-01	SCK01	6x50	0-034-21	SCK-PC	6x50
0-034-04	SCK01	4.6x150			
Ion chromatography for anions					
0-133-01	SCA04/SUS	4.6x150	0-133-12	SCA04G	4.6x30
0-133-02	SCA04/PEEK	4.6x150	0-130-22	SCA-PC	8x10
Bioseparation for size exclusion					
0-213-01	CQP06	7.5x600	0-213-11	CQP06G	4x50
0-214-01	CQP10	7.5x600	0-214-11	CQP10G	4x50
0-215-01	CQP30	7.5x600	0-215-11	CQP30G	4x50
Bioseparation for ion exchange chromatography					
0-146-03	ProtEx-DEAE	4.6x50			
0-146-04	ProtEx-DEAE	7.5x100			
0-037-03	ProtEx-SP	4.6x50			
0-037-04	ProtEx-SP	7.5x100			

Main column			Guard/Pre-column			
Code No.	Name	Column dimensions [mm]	Code No.	Name	Column dimensions [mm]	
Bioseparation for ion exchange chromatography						
0-126-01	CQA31S	7.5x75				
0-130-01	CQA35S	7.5x75				
0-036-01	CKQ30S	7.5x75				
0-038-01	CKQ31S	7.5x75				
Bioseparation for hydrophobic interaction chromatography						
0-216-01	CQH3BS	7.5x75				
0-217-01	CQH3ES	7.5x75				
0-218-01	CQH3PS	7.5x75				
Chiral separation columns						
0-219-01	CRS10W	4.6x50				
0-220-01	CRS15W	4.6x50				
Main column			Guard/Pre-column			
Code No.	Name	Old name	Column dimensions [mm]	Code No.	Name	Column dimensions [mm]
Analytical and preparative chromatography columns for pharmaceutical applications [CHP column series]						
0-401-05	CHP20/C04	CHP10M	4.6X150			
0-401-03	CHP20/C04	CHP10M	20X150			
0-403-01	CHP20/C10	NEW	4.6X250			
0-403-02	CHP20/C10	NEW	10X250			
0-403-03	CHP20/C10	NEW	20X150			
0-403-04	CHP20/C10	NEW	20X250			
0-405-01	CHP07/C04	CHP207M	4.6X150			
0-405-04	CHP07/C04	CHP207M	20X200			
0-406-01	CHP07/C10	CHP207S	4.6X250			
0-406-02	CHP07/C10	CHP207S	10X150			
0-406-03	CHP07/C10	CHP207S	20X150			
0-406-04	CHP07/C10	CHP207S	20X250			
0-402-05	CMG20/C04	CHP2MGM	4.6X150			
0-402-03	CMG20/C04	CHP2MGM	20X150			
0-202-05	CMG20/C10	CHP2MG	4.6X250			
0-202-02	CMG20/C10	CHP2MG	10X250			
0-202-03	CMG20/C10	CHP2MG	20X150			
0-202-04	CMG20/C10	CHP2MG	20X250			
0-504-01	CHPOD/C04	CHPOD1M	4.6X150			
0-504-04	CHPOD/C04	CHPOD1M	20X200			

\* CHP5C is abolished and substitute is CHP20/C10.

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MCI GEL®

## MCI GEL® material list



## Characteristics

**1. Excellent performance**

Sphere packing and sharp particle size distribution provide high performance.

**2. Persistence and highest quality**

Produced with Mitsubishi Chemical's excellent technology, experience and under strict quality control.

**3. Wide range of product line**

MCI GEL® packing materials include ion exchange resins (cation and anion), non-functionalized polymer used for reversed phase chromatography and other varieties of products. Also MCI GEL® offers mean particle size of 4 µm to approximately 300 µm packing materials, this means that MCI GEL® products are applied to analysis use and preparative use.

**4. Abundant experience**

Mitsubishi Chemical has been supplying packing materials for more than 50 years.

## ● Ion exchange chromatography cation exchange resins [CK series, AFR series]

Code No.	Name	Packing size [g]	Base material	Functional group	Counter ion	Mean particle size [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]	Cross linkage [%]	Ion exchange capacity [meq./ml]	Remarks
1-001-01	CK02A	10	ST/DVB	RSO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	Na <sup>+</sup>	20	2	>0.5	Oligosaccharides
1-003-01	CK04S	10	ST/DVB	RSO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	Na <sup>+</sup>	11	4	>0.8	Oligosaccharides
1-003-02	CK04S	25							
1-003-03	CK04S	50							
1-004-01	CK06S	10	ST/DVB	RSO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	Na <sup>+</sup>	11	6	>1.5	Oligosaccharides
1-004-02	CK06S	25							
1-004-03	CK06S	50							
1-009-01	CK08S	10	ST/DVB	RSO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	Na <sup>+</sup>	11	8	>1.9	Sugars, Carboxylic acids
1-009-02	CK08S	25							
1-009-03	CK08S	50							
1-010-01	CK08E	10	ST/DVB	RSO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	Na <sup>+</sup>	9	8	>1.9	Sugars, Carboxylic acids
1-010-02	CK08E	25							
1-010-03	CK08E	50							
1-013-01	CK08Y	50	ST/DVB	RSO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	Na <sup>+</sup>	25	8	>1.9	Sugars, Carboxylic acids
1-013-02	CK08Y	300							
1-014-01	CK08P	100 ml	ST/DVB	RSO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	H <sup>+</sup>	120	8	>1.9	Sugars, Carboxylic acids
1-017-01	CK10S	10	ST/DVB	RSO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	Na <sup>+</sup>	11	10	>2.0	Carboxylic acids, Amino acids
1-017-02	CK10S	25							
1-017-03	CK10S	50							
1-018-01	CK10F	5	ST/DVB	RSO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	Na <sup>+</sup>	7	10	>2.0	Amino acids
1-018-02	CK10F	10							
1-019-01	CK10U	3	ST/DVB	RSO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	Na <sup>+</sup>	5	10	>2.0	Amino acids
1-019-03	CK10U	5						>2.0	
1-019-04	CK10U	10							
1-020-05	CK10M	5	ST/DVB	RSO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	Na <sup>+</sup>	4	10	>2.0	Amino acids
1-020-06	CK10M	3							
1-021-01	CK10Y	50	ST/DVB	RSO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	Na <sup>+</sup>	25	10	>1.9	Amino acids
1-033-01	AFR2	5	ST/DVB	RSO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	H <sup>+</sup>	25	-	>1.9	Ammonia trap

Abbreviation; ST/DVB = Styrene-divinylbenzene copolymer

### ●Ion exchange chromatography anion exchange resins [CA series, CDR series]

Code No.	Name	Packing size [g]	Base material	Functional group	Counter ion	Mean particle size [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]	Cross linkage [%]	Ion exchange capacity [ $\text{meq./mL}$ ]	Remarks
1-104-01	CA06S	10	ST/DVB	QA	Cl <sup>-</sup>	11	6	>1.2	Sugars, Carboxylic acids
1-104-02	CA06S	25							
1-104-03	CA06S	50							
1-109-01	CA08S	10	ST/DVB	QA	Cl <sup>-</sup>	11	8	>1.2	Sugars, Carboxylic acids
1-109-02	CA08S	25							
1-109-03	CA08S	50							
1-111-01	CA08F	5	ST/DVB	QA	Cl <sup>-</sup>	7	8	>1.2	Sugars, Carboxylic acids
1-111-02	CA08F	10							
1-112-01	CA08Y	50	ST/DVB	QA	Cl <sup>-</sup>	25	8	>1.2	Sugars, Carboxylic acids
1-113-01	CA08P	100 mL	ST/DVB	QA	Cl <sup>-</sup>	120	8	>1.3	Sugars, Carboxylic acids
1-116-01	CA10S	10	ST/DVB	QA	Cl <sup>-</sup>	11	10	>1.2	Sugars, Carboxylic acids
1-116-02	CA10S	25							
1-116-03	CA10S	50							
1-119-01	CDR10	7	ST/DVB	QA	Cl <sup>-</sup>	7	-	>0.3	Nucleic acids, Sugars
1-119-02	CDR10	14							

Abbreviations : ST/DVB=styrene-divinyl benzene copolymer QA : Quaternary ammonium

### ●Ion chromatography materials [SCA, SCK series]

Code No.	Name	Packing size [g]	Base material	Functional group	Counter ion	Mean particle size [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]	Cross linkage [%]	Ion exchange capacity [ $\text{meq./g}$ ]	Remarks
1-034-01	SCK01	5	ST/DVB	RSO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	H <sup>+</sup>	11	-	25	Cation analysis
1-034-02	SCK01	10							
1-133-01	SCA04	5	HMA	QA	Cl <sup>-</sup>	5	-	30	Anion analysis
1-133-02	SCA04	10							

Abbreviations; ST/DVB = Styrene-divinylbenzene copolymer HMA = Polyhydroxymethacrylate QA = Quaternary ammonium

### ●Bioseparation columns -Size exclusion chromatography materials- [CQP series]

Code No.	Name	Packing size [g]	Base material	Functional group	Counter ion	Mean particle size [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]	Pore size [nm]	Exclusion limit	Remarks
1-213-01	CQP06	10	HMA	—	—	10	12	$1\times 10^3$	Water soluble polymer
1-213-02	CQP06	25							
1-213-03	CQP06	50							
1-214-01	CQP10	10	HMA	—	—	10	20	$1\times 10^4$	Water soluble polymer
1-214-02	CQP10	25							
1-214-03	CQP10	50							
1-215-01	CQP30	10	HMA	—	—	10	60	$1\times 10^6$	Water soluble polymer
1-215-02	CQP30	25							
1-215-03	CQP30	50							
1-222-01	CQP30P	100 mL	HMA	—	—	30	60	$1\times 10^6$	

Abbreviation; HMA = Polyhydroxymethacrylate

### ●Bioseparation columns -Ion exchange materials- [CQA series, CQK series]

Code No.	Name	Packing size [g]	Base material	Functional group	Counter ion	Mean particle size [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]	Pore size [nm]	pH range	Remarks
1-126-01	CQA31S	10	HMA	DEAE	Cl <sup>-</sup>	10	60	<11	Proteins
1-126-02	CQA31S	25							
1-126-03	CQA31S	50							
1-127-01	CQA31P	100 mL	HMA	DEAE	Cl <sup>-</sup>	30	60	<11	
1-130-01	CQA35S	10	HMA	QA	Cl <sup>-</sup>	10	60	2~12	Proteins
1-130-02	CQA35S	25							
1-130-03	CQA35S	50							
1-131-01	CQA35P	100 mL	HMA	QA	Cl <sup>-</sup>	30	60	2~12	
1-036-01	CQK30S	10	HMA	SP	Na <sup>+</sup>	10	60	1~13	Proteins
1-036-02	CQK30S	25							
1-036-03	CQK30S	50							
1-037-01	CQK30P	100 mL	HMA	SP	Na <sup>+</sup>	30	60	1~13	
1-038-01	CQK31S	10	HMA	CM	Na <sup>+</sup>	10	60	>4	Proteins
1-038-02	CQK31S	25							
1-038-03	CQK31S	50							
1-039-01	CQK31P	100 mL	HMA	CM	Na <sup>+</sup>	30	60	>4	

Abbreviations; HMA = Polyhydroxymethacrylate SP = Sulfopropyl CM = Carboxymethyl DEAE = Diethylaminoethyl  
QA = Quaternary ammonium

### ●Bioseparation columns -Hydrophobic interaction chromatography materials-

Code No.	Name	Packing size [g]	Base material	Functional group	Counter ion	Mean particle size [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]	Pore size [nm]	Ion exchange capacity [ $\text{meq./mL}$ ]	Remarks
1-216-01	CQH3BS	10	HMA	Butyl	—	10	60	—	Proteins
1-216-02	CQH3BS	25							
1-216-03	CQH3BS	50							
1-217-01	CQH3ES	10	HMA	Ether	—	10	60	—	Proteins
1-217-02	CQH3ES	25							
1-217-03	CQH3ES	50							
1-218-01	CQH3PS	10	HMA	Phenyl	—	10	60	—	Proteins
1-218-02	CQH3PS	25							
1-218-03	CQH3PS	50							
1-226-01	CQH3BP	25	HMA	Butyl	—	30	60	—	Proteins
1-226-02	CQH3BP	100							
1-226-03	CQH3BP	1000 mL							
1-227-01	CQH3PP	25	HMA	Phenyl	—	30	60	—	Proteins
1-227-02	CQH3PP	100							
1-227-03	CQH3PP	1000 mL							

Abbreviation; HMA = Polyhydroxymethacrylate

## ● Analytical and preparative chromatography materials for pharmaceutical applications [CHP material series]

Code No.	Product Name	Old Name	Packing size [mℓ]	Base material	Functional group	Counter ion	Mean particle size [μm]	Pore size [nm]	pH range	Remarks
1-307-06	CHP20/P20	CHP20A	25	ST/DVB	–	–	20	45	Whole range	Reversed-phase chromatography
1-307-07	CHP20/P20		100							
1-307-08	CHP20/P20		1,000							
1-305-06	CHP20/P30	CHP20Y	25	ST/DVB	–	–	30	45	Whole range	Reversed-phase chromatography
1-305-07	CHP20/P30		100							
1-305-08	CHP20/P30		1,000							
1-310-01	CHP20/P50	CHP20P	100g	ST/DVB	–	–	50	45	Whole range	Reversed-phase chromatography
1-313-02	CHP20/P70	New	500	ST/DVB	–	–	70	45	Whole range	Reversed-phase chromatography
1-313-03	CHP20/P70		1,000							
1-313-04	CHP20/P70		10,000							
1-311-01	CHP20/P120	CHP20P	100	ST/DVB	–	–	120	45	Whole range	Reversed-phase chromatography
1-311-02	CHP20/P120		500							
1-311-03	CHP20/P120		1,000							
1-311-04	CHP20/P120		10,000							
1-311-05	CHP20/P120		50,000							
1-304-06	CHP50/P20	CHP55A	25	ST/DVB	–	–	20	25	Whole range	Reversed-phase chromatography
1-304-07	CHP50/P20		100							
1-304-08	CHP50/P20		1,000							
1-303-06	CHP50/P30	CHP55Y	25	ST/DVB	–	–	30	25	Whole range	Reversed-phase chromatography
1-303-07	CHP50/P30		100							
1-303-08	CHP50/P30		1,000							
1-312-01	CSP50/P10	New	10g	ST/DVB	–	–	10	25	Whole range	Reversed-phase chromatography
1-312-03	CSP50/P10		1,000							
1-314-02	CHP07/P120	CSP207P	100	ST/DVB	–	–	120	25	Whole range	Reversed-phase chromatography
1-314-03	CHP07/P120		1,000							
1-314-04	CHP07/P120		10,000							
1-314-05	CHP07/P120		50,000							
1-309-01	CMG20/P10	CHP2MG	10g	MA	–	–	10	25	2~12	Reversed-phase chromatography
1-309-03	CMG20/P10		1,000							
1-306-06	CMG20/P30	CHP2MGY	25	MA	–	–	30	25	2~12	Reversed-phase chromatography
1-306-07	CMG20/P30		100							
1-306-08	CMG20/P30		1,000							
1-308-02	CMG20/P150	CHP2MGP	100	MA	–	–	150	25	2~12	Reversed-phase chromatography
1-308-03	CMG20/P150		1,000							
1-308-04	CMG20/P150		10,000							
1-308-05	CMG20/P150		50,000							

Abbreviations: MA = Polymethacrylate ST/DVB = Styrene-divinylbenzene copolymer

\* CHP5C is abolished and substitute is CSP50/P10.

## ● Synthetic adsorbents for enrichment organic compounds in environmental water

Code No.	Name	Packing size [mℓ]	Base material	Functional group	Counter ion	Mean particle size [μm]	Specific surface area [m²/g]	Ion exchange capacity [meq./mℓ]	Remarks
1-219-01	CSP800	50	ST/DVB	–	–	120	600	–	Synthetic adsorbents for non-ionic substances
1-132-01	CHPA25	20	ST/DVB	QA	Cl <sup>–</sup>	220	20	>2.0	Synthetic adsorbents for anionic substances

Abbreviations: ST/DVB = Styrene-divinylbenzene copolymer QA = Quaternary ammonium

MCI GEL® CSP800 and MCI GEL® CHPA25 are used for enrichment traces of organic compounds in environmental water with high concentration ratio and high recovery, are recommended for sample preparation for mutagenicity study and GC-MS analysis. The CSP800 is for non-ionic substances such as trichloroethylene. The CHPA25 is for anionic substances such as humin. It is advised combined use these adsorbents.

## ● Chelating resins for solid phase extraction in pretreatment

Code No.	Name	Packing size	Functional group	Mean particle size [μm]	Cross linkage [%]	Ion exchange capacity [meq./mℓ]	Remarks
1-601-02	CHL10P	100g	Iminodiacetic acid	120	–	>1.5	Metal
1-602-02	CHL20P	100g	Polyamine	120	–	>1.8	Metal
1-603-02	CLB10P	100g	Glucamine	120	–	>1.0	Bron

We have an assortment of MCI GEL® CHL series as solid phase adsorbents for the pretreatment in analyzing rare earth metals.

We can also provide solid phase adsorbents with various micro-pore sizes and hydrophobicity, i.e. chemical structures, for R&D of new pharmaceuticals.

## ● Reversed-phase materials

Code No.	Name	Old name	Packing size	Functional group	Mean particle size [μm]	Pore size [nm]	Protein exclusion limit [MW]	pH range	Remarks
1-505-02	CHPOD/P30	CHPOD1Y	100 g	–	30	25	–	2~12	Reversed-phase chromatography
1-315-02	CHP85/P120	CHP50P	100 mL	–	120	–	<14,000	Whole range	Reversed-phase chromatography
1-316-02	CHP87/P120	CHP75P	100 mL	–	120	–	≤14,000	Whole range	Reversed-phase chromatography

CHP85/P120 and CHP87/P120 with the controlled micro-pore size, in particular, have a distinctive advantage not to adsorb high molecular weight proteins but to adsorb only low molecular weight organic compounds.

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	Compound	Classification	MCI GEL® column	Figure	Page						
1	Acetic acid	Carboxylic acid	CK08EH	2-12	11	61	Chloride ion	Anion	SCA04	3-14	25
2	Acetic acid	Carboxylic acid	CK08EH	2-17	12	62	Chloride ion	Anion	SCA04	3-15	25
3	Acetic acid	Carboxylic acid	CK08EH	2-18	12	63	Chloride ion	Anion	SCA04	3-17	26
4	Acetic acid	Carboxylic acid	CA08F	2-32	17	64	Chloroacetic acid	Carboxylic acid	CK08EH	2-17	12
5	Acetic acid	Carboxylic acid	CA08F	2-33	18	65	Chloroacetic acid	Carboxylic acid	CK08EH	2-18	12
6	Acetic acid	Carboxylic acid	CA08F	2-34	18	66	Cholic acid	Bile acid	CHP20/C04	5-7	45
7	N-Acetylgalactosamine	Amino sugar	CK08EH	2-13	11	67	$\alpha$ -Chymotrypsinogen A	Protein	ProtEx-SP	4-10	32
8	N-Acetylglucosamine	Amino sugar	CK08EH	2-13	11	68	$\alpha$ -Chymotrypsinogen A	Protein	CQK31S	4-21	36
9	Acetyl-D-Met.	Acetyl-D-amino acid	CRS10W	6-14	59	69	$\alpha$ -Chymotrypsinogen A	Protein	CQK30S	4-21	36
10	Acetyl-L-Met.	Acetyl-L-amino acid	CRS10W	6-14	59	70	$\alpha$ -Chymotrypsinogen A	Protein	CQH3BP	4-27	39
11	Adenine	Nucleic base	CDR10	2-35	19	71	$\alpha$ -Chymotrypsinogen A	Protein	CQH3BS	4-27	39
12	Adenosine	Nucleoside	SCK01	3-6	22	72	$\alpha$ -Chymotrypsinogen A	Protein	CQH3PP	4-28	39
13	Adonitol	Sugar alcohol	CK08EC	2-4	9	73	$\alpha$ -Chymotrypsinogen A	Protein	CQH3PS	4-28	39
14	5'-ADP	Nucleotide	CDR10	2-35	19	74	$\alpha$ -Chymotrypsinogen A	Protein	CMG20/C04	5-13	48
15	Alanine	Amino acid	CK10U	2-1	7	75	$\alpha$ -Chymotrypsinogen A	Protein	CMG20/C10	5-18	51
16	$\beta$ -Alanine	Amino acid	CK10U	2-2	8	76	Cinchonine	Cinchona alkaloid	CHP20/C04	5-5	44
17	D-Alanine	D-Amino acid	CRS10W/CRS15W	6-18	61	77	Citric acid	Carboxylic acid	CK08EH	2-12	11
18	L-Alanine	L-Amino acid	CRS10W/CRS15W	6-18	61	78	Citric acid	Carboxylic acid	CA08F	2-32	17
19	$\gamma$ -Aminobutyric acid	Amino acid	CK10U	2-3	8	79	Citric acid	Carboxylic acid	CA08F	2-33	18
20	6-Aminopenicillanic acid	Penicillin antibiotic	CHP50/P20	5-26	54	80	2'-CMP	Nucleotide	CDR10	2-36	19
21	Ammonia	Ammonia	SCK01	3-2	22	81	3'-CMP	Nucleotide	CDR10	2-36	19
22	Ammonium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-1	22	82	5'-CMP	Nucleotide	CDR10	2-35	19
23	Ammonium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-3	22	83	5'-CMP	Nucleotide	CDR10	2-36	19
24	2'-AMP	Nucleotide	CDR10	2-35	19	84	Cobalt ion	Cation	SCK01	3-8	23
25	2'-AMP	Nucleotide	CDR10	2-36	19	85	Colibacillus extract	Protein	CQH3ES	4-24	38
26	3'-AMP	Nucleotide	CDR10	2-36	19	86	Colibacillus extract	Protein	CQH3PS	4-25	38
27	5'-AMP	Nucleotide	CDR10	2-35	19	87	Collagenase	Protein	ProtEx-DEAE	4-15	34
28	5'-AMP	Nucleotide	CDR10	2-36	19	88	Conalbumin	Protein	ProtEx-DEAE	4-5	31
29	Amphotericin B	Antibiotic	CHP20/C10	5-17	50	89	Conalbumin	Protein	CHP20/C10	5-20	51
30	Angiotensin II	Peptide	CMG20/C04	5-12	48	90	Corticosterone	Adrenal cortex hormone	CHP20/C04	5-9	46
31	Antipyrine	Ingredients of medicine	CMG20/C04	5-10	47	91	Crocin	Crude drug	CHP20/P30	5-30	56
32	Arginine	Amino acid	CK10U	2-1	7	92	3',5'-Cyclic AMP	Nucleotide	CDR10	2-35	19
33	Aspartic acid	Amino acid	CK10U	2-1	7	93	Cysteine	Amino acid	CK10U	2-1	7
34	D-Aspartic acid	D-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-5	58	94	Cytidine	Nucleoside	SCK01	3-6	22
35	L-Aspartic acid	L-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-5	58	95	Cytochrome C	Protein	COP30	4-3	29
36	Aspirin	Ingredients of medicine	CMG20/C04	5-10	47	96	Cytochrome C	Protein	ProtEx-SP	4-10	32
37	5'-ATP	Nucleotide	CDR10	2-35	19	97	Cytochrome C	Protein	CQK30S	4-20	36
38	Bacitracin	Peptide	CQH3PS	4-26	38	98	Cytochrome C	Protein	CQK31S	4-20	36
39	Barium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-7	23	99	Cytochrome C	Protein	CMG20/C04	5-13	48
40	Bovine Serum Albumin	Protein	ProtEx-DEAE	4-9	32	100	Cytochrome C	Protein	CMG20/C10	5-18	51
41	Bromide ion	Anion	SCA04	3-12	24	101	Cytosine	Nucleic base	CDR10	2-35	19
42	Bromide ion	Anion	SCA04	3-13	24	102	Deoxycholic acid	Bile acid	CHP20/C04	5-7	45
43	n-Butyl alcohol	Alcohol	CK08EH	2-14	11	103	11-Deoxycortisol	Adrenal cortex hormone	CHP20/C04	5-9	46
44	sec-Butyl alcohol	Alcohol	CK08EH	2-14	11	104	Deoxyribose	Deoxysugar	CA08F	2-31	17
45	Cadmium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-8	23	105	Deoxyribose	Deoxysugar	CDR10	2-37	20
46	Caffeine	Purine alkaloid	CHP20/C04	5-4	44	106	D,D-2,6-Diaminopimelic acid	D,D-Diamino carboxylic acid	CRS10W	6-15	59
47	Caffeine	Ingredients of medicine	CMG20/C04	5-10	47	107	L,L-2,6-Diaminopimelic acid	L,L-Diamino carboxylic acid	CRS10W	6-15	59
48	Caffeine	Purine alkaloid	CHP50/P20	5-27	54	108	meso-2,6-Diaminopimelic acid	meso-Diamino carboxylic acid	CRS10W	6-15	59
49	Calcium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-7	23	109	Dibutyl phthalate	Phthalic acid ester	CHP50/P20	5-25	54
50	Calcium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-8	23	110	Dichloroacetic acid	Carboxylic acid	CK08EH	2-17	12
51	Calcium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-9	23	111	Dichloroacetic acid	Carboxylic acid	CK08EH	2-18	12
52	Calcium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-10	23	112	Diethylene glycol	Polyalcohol	CK08EH	2-16	12
53	Calcium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-11	23	113	Diethyl phthalate	Phthalic acid ester	CHP20/C04	5-3	43
54	Carbonate ion	Anion	SCA04	3-15	25	114	Dimethylamine	Amine	SCK01	3-2	22
55	Catechin	Catechin	CHP50/P20	5-27	54	115	4-Dimethylaminoantipyrine	Ingredients of medicine	CMG20/C04	5-10	47
56	Cellobiose	Disaccharide	CA08F	2-31	17	116	Dimethyl phthalate	Phthalic acid ester	CHP20/C04	5-3	43
57	Cellobiose	Disaccharide	CDR10	2-37	20	117	Dimethyl phthalate	Phthalic acid ester	CHP50/P20	5-25	54
58	Cesium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-1	22	118	Dipropyl phthalate	Phthalic acid ester	CHP20/C04	5-3	43
59	Chloride ion	Anion	SCA04	3-12	24	119	Dipropyl phthalate	Phthalic acid ester	CHP50/P20	5-25	54
60	Chloride ion	Anion	SCA04	3-13	24	120	Dopamine	Catecholamine	CHP20/C04	5-2	43

	Compound	Classification	MCI GEL® column	Figure	Page
126	Erythritol	Sugar alcohol	CK08EC	2-11	10
127	meso-Erythritol	Sugar alcohol	CK08EC	2-4	9
128	D-Ethionine	D-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-2	58
129	L-Ethionine	L-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-2	58
130	Ethyl alcohol	Alcohol	CK08EC	2-11	10
131	Ethyl alcohol	Alcohol	CK08EH	2-14	11
132	Ethyl alcohol	Alcohol	CK08EH	2-15	11
133	Ethylene glycol	Polyalcohol	CK08EH	2-15	11
134	Ethylene glycol	Polyalcohol	CK08EH	2-16	12
135	Extract of green tea leaves	Catechins	CHP50/P20	5-27	54
136	Ferritin	Protein	CQP30	4-3	29
137	Filipin	Antibiotic	CHP20/C10	5-17	50
138	Fluoride ion	Anion	SCA04	3-12	24
139	Fluoride ion	Anion	SCA04	3-13	24
140	Formic acid	Carboxylic acid	CK08EH	2-12	11
141	Formic acid	Carboxylic acid	CA08F	2-32	17
142	Fructose	Sugar	CK08EC	2-4	9
143	Fructose	Sugar	CK08EC	2-5	9
144	Fructose	Sugar	CK08EC	2-7	10
145	Fructose	Sugar	CK08EC	2-8	10
146	Fructose	Sugar	CK08EC	2-9	10
147	Fructose	Sugar	CK08EC	2-10	10
148	Fructose	Sugar	CK08EC	2-11	10
149	Fructose	Sugar	CK04S	2-28	16
150	Fructose	Sugar	CK04S	2-29	16
151	Fructose	Sugar	CK04S	2-30	16
152	Fructose	Sugar	CA08F	2-31	17
153	Fructose	Sugar	CDR10	2-37	20
154	Fructo-oligosaccharide	Fructo-oligosaccharide	CK04S	2-30	16
155	Fucose	Sugar	CA08F	2-31	17
156	Galactose	Sugar	CK08EC	2-6	9
157	Galactose	Sugar	CA08F	2-31	17
158	Galactose	Sugar	CDR10	2-37	20
159	Gallocatechin	Catechin	CHP50/P20	5-27	54
160	Gentibiose	Disaccharide	CK08EC	2-4	9
161	Gluconic acid	Carboxylic acid	CA08F	2-33	18
162	Gluconic acid	Carboxylic acid	CA08F	2-34	18
163	Gluconic acid	Carboxylic acid	CQP06	4-4	29
164	Glucose	Sugar	CK08EC	2-4	9
165	Glucose	Sugar	CK08EC	2-5	9
166	Glucose	Sugar	CK08EC	2-7	10
167	Glucose	Sugar	CK08EC	2-8	10
168	Glucose	Sugar	CK08EC	2-9	10
169	Glucose	Sugar	CK08EC	2-10	10
170	Glucose	Sugar	CK08EC	2-11	10
171	Glucose	Sugar	CK08EH	2-13	11
172	Glucose	Sugar	CK04S	2-28	16
173	Glucose	Sugar	CK04S	2-29	16
174	Glucose	Sugar	CK04S	2-30	16
175	Glucose	Sugar	CA08F	2-31	17
176	Glucose	Sugar	CDR10	2-37	20
177	Glucose	Sugar	CQP06	4-4	29
178	Glutamic acid	Amino acid	CK10U	2-1	7
179	D-Glutamic acid	D-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-6	58
180	L-Glutamic acid	L-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-6	58
181	Glycerol	Polyalcohol	CK08EC	2-11	10
182	Glycerol	Polyalcohol	CK08EH	2-15	11
183	Glycine	Amino acid	CK10U	2-1	7
184	Glycohemoglobin	Protein	ProtEx-SP	4-11	32
185	Glycolic acid	Carboxylic acid	CK08EH	2-12	11
186	Glycolic acid	Carboxylic acid	CK08EH	2-18	12
187	Glycyrrhetic acid	Chinese medicinal drug	CHP20/C04	5-8	46
188	Gly-Tyr	Peptide	CMG20/C04	5-12	48
189	3'-GMP	Nucleotide	CDR10	2-36	19
190	5'-GMP	Nucleotide	CDR10	2-36	19

	Compound	Classification	MCI GEL® column	Figure	Page
191	5'-GTP	Nucleotide	CDR10	2-35	19
192	Guanosine	Nucleoside	SCK01	3-6	22
193	Hemoglobin A0	Protein	ProtEx-DEAE	4-6	31
194	Hemoglobin A2	Protein	ProtEx-DEAE	4-6	31
195	Hemoglobin S	Protein	ProtEx-DEAE	4-6	31
196	Histidine	Amino acid	CK10U	2-1	7
197	D-Histidine	D-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-7	58
198	L-Histidine	L-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-7	58
199	Human growth hormone	Hormone	ProtEx-DEAE	4-7	31
200	Human serum	Serum	CQH3ES	4-23	38
201	Human serum	Serum	CQH3PS	4-23	38
202	Hydrocortisone	Adrenal cortex hormone	CHP20/C04	5-9	46
203	5-Hydroxytryptophan	Amino acid	CHP20/C04	5-2	43
204	D-2-Hydroxy-n-butyric acid	D-α-Hydroxycarboxylic acid	CRS10W	6-16	60
205	L-2-Hydroxy-n-butyric acid	L-α-Hydroxycarboxylic acid	CRS10W	6-16	60
206	D-α-Hydroxy isocaproic acid	D-α-Hydroxycarboxylic acid	CRS10W	6-16	60
207	L-α-Hydroxy isocaproic acid	L-α-Hydroxycarboxylic acid	CRS10W	6-16	60
208	D-α-Hydroxy-n-valeric acid	D-α-Hydroxycarboxylic acid	CRS10W	6-16	60
209	L-α-Hydroxy-n-valeric acid	L-α-Hydroxycarboxylic acid	CRS10W	6-16	60
210	D-m-Hydroxymandelic acid	D-α-Hydroxycarboxylic acid	CRS10W	6-17	60
211	L-m-Hydroxymandelic acid	L-α-Hydroxycarboxylic acid	CRS10W	6-17	60
212	D-p-Hydroxymandelic acid	D-α-Hydroxycarboxylic acid	CRS10W	6-17	60
213	L-p-Hydroxymandelic acid	L-α-Hydroxycarboxylic acid	CRS10W	6-17	60
214	Hypoxanthine	Uric acid related compound	CHP20/C04	5-6	45
215	IgG1 MOPC21(mouse)	monoclonal antibody	ProtEx-DEAE	4-16	34
216	IgG2b, κ (mouse)	monoclonal antibody	ProtEx-DEAE	4-14	33
217	5'-IMP	Nucleotide	CDR10	2-36	19
218	Interleukin 2	Protein	ProtEx-DEAE	4-9	32
219	Isoleucine	Amino acid	CK10U	2-1	7
220	D-Isoleucine	D-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-1	57
221	L-Isoleucine	L-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-1	57
222	allo-D-Isoleucine	D-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-1	57
223	allo-L-Isoleucine	L-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-1	57
224	Isopropyl alcohol	Alcohol	CK08EH	2-14	11
225	Isopropyl alcohol	Alcohol	CK08EH	2-15	11
226	Lactic acid	Carboxylic acid	CK08EH	2-12	11
227	Lactic acid	Carboxylic acid	CA08F	2-32	17
228	Lactic acid	Carboxylic acid	CA08F	2-34	18
229	D-Lactic acid	D-α-Hydroxycarboxylic acid	CRS10W	6-11	58
230	L-Lactic acid	L-α-Hydroxycarboxylic acid	CRS10W	6-11	58
231	D-Lactic acid	D-α-Hydroxycarboxylic acid	CRS10W	6-16	60
232	L-Lactic acid	L-α-Hydroxycarboxylic acid	CRS10W	6-16	60
233	D-Lactic acid	D-α-Hydroxycarboxylic acid	CRS10W/CRS15W	6-19	61
234	L-Lactic acid	L-α-Hydroxycarboxylic acid	CRS10W/CRS15W	6-19	61
235	β-Lactoglobulin	Protein	CQA31S	4-19	35
236	β-Lactoglobulin	Protein	CQA35S	4-19	35
237	β-Lactoglobulin	Protein	CMG20/C10	5-18	51
238	Lactose	Disaccharide	CK08EC	2-4	9
239	Lactose	Disaccharide	CK08EC	2-6	9
240	Lactose	Disaccharide	CA08F	2-31	17
241	Lactose	Disaccharide	CDR10	2-37	20
242	Lactulose	Disaccharide	CK08EC	2-6	9
243	Leucine	Amino acid	CK10U	2-1	7
244	D-Leucine	D-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-2	58
245	L-Leucine	L-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-2	58
246	Leu Enkephalin	Peptide	CQH3PS	4-26	38
247	Leu Enkephalin	Peptide	CMG20/C04	5-12	48
248	Lipoxygenase	Enzyme	CQA31S	4-22	36
249	Lithium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-1	22
250	Lysine	Amino acid	CK10U	2-1	7
251	D-Lysine	D-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-8	58
252	L-Lysine	L-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-8	58
253	Lysozyme	Protein	CKK30S	4-20	36
254	Lysozyme	Protein	CKK31S	4-20	36
255	Magnesium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-7	23

	Compound	Classification	MCI GEL® column	Figure	Page
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	Compound	Classification	MCI GEL® column	Figure	Page
256	Magnesium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-9	23
257	Magnesium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-10	23
258	Magnesium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-11	23
259	Malic acid	Carboxylic acid	CK08EH	2-12	11
260	Malic acid	Carboxylic acid	CA08F	2-32	17
261	Malonic acid	Carboxylic acid	CK08EH	2-12	11
262	Malonic acid	Carboxylic acid	CA08F	2-32	17
263	Maltose	Disaccharide	CA08F	2-31	17
264	Maltose	Disaccharide	CDR10	2-37	20
265	D-Mandelic acid	D- $\alpha$ -Hydroxycarboxylic acid	CRS10W	6-17	60
266	L-Mandelic acid	L- $\alpha$ -Hydroxycarboxylic acid	CRS10W	6-17	60
267	Manganese ion	Cation	SCK01	3-8	23
268	Mannitol	Sugar alcohol	CK08EC	2-4	9
269	Mannitol	Sugar alcohol	CK08EC	2-11	10
270	Mannose	Sugar	CK08EC	2-4	9
271	Mannose	Sugar	CA08F	2-31	17
272	Mannose	Sugar	CDR10	2-37	20
273	Melibiose	Disaccharide	CA08F	2-31	17
274	Melibiose	Disaccharide	CDR10	2-37	20
275	Met Enkephalin	Peptide	CMG20/C04	5-12	48
276	Methionine	Amino acid	CK10U	2-1	7
277	D-Methionine	D-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-3	58
278	L-Methionine	L-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-3	58
279	D-Methionine	D-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-14	59
280	L-Methionine	L-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-14	59
281	Methyl alcohol	Alcohol	CK08EH	2-15	11
282	Methylamine	Amine	SCK01	3-2	22
283	Met-Leu-Tyr	Peptide	CQH3PS	4-26	38
284	Mevastatin	Medicine	CHP20/C10	5-16	50
285	Mouse brain sap	Mouse brain sap	ProtEx-DEAE	4-12	33
286	Myoglobin	Protein	CQP30	4-3	29
287	Myoglobin	Protein	ProtEx-DEAE	4-5	31
288	Myoglobin	Protein	CQA31S	4-18	35
289	Myoglobin	Protein	CQA35S	4-18	35
290	Myoglobin	Protein	CQA31S	4-19	35
291	Myoglobin	Protein	CQA35S	4-19	35
292	Myoglobin	Protein	CQK30S	4-20	36
293	Myoglobin	Protein	CQK31S	4-20	36
294	Nitrate ion	Anion	SCA04	3-12	24
295	Nitrate ion	Anion	SCA04	3-13	24
296	Nitrate ion	Anion	SCA04	3-14	25
297	Nitrate ion	Anion	SCA04	3-15	25
298	Nitrate ion	Anion	SCA04	3-17	26
299	Nitrite ion	Anion	SCA04	3-12	24
300	Nitrite ion	Anion	SCA04	3-13	24
301	D-Norleucine	D-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-3	58
302	L-Norleucine	L-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-3	58
303	D-Norvaline	D-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-3	58
304	L-Norvaline	L-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-3	58
305	Nystatin	Antibiotic	CHP20/C10	5-17	50
306	Oligosaccharide	Dp1-Dp9	CK04S	2-21	15
307	Oligosaccharide	Dp1-Dp13	CK04S	2-22	15
308	Oligosaccharide	Dp1-Dp15	CK02A	2-23	15
309	Oligosaccharide	Dp1-Dp20	CK02AS	2-24	15
310	Oligosaccharide	Dp1-Dp7	SCK04S	2-25	16
311	Oligosaccharide	Dp1-Dp7	CK04SS	2-26	16
312	Oligosaccharide	Dp1-Dp7	CK02AS	2-27	16
313	Orotic acid	Uric acid related compound	CHP20/C04	5-6	45
314	Ovalbumin	Protein	CQP30	4-3	29
315	Ovalbumin	Protein	CQA31S	4-18	35
316	Ovalbumin	Protein	CQA35S	4-18	35
317	Oxalic acid	Carboxylic acid	CK08EH	2-12	11
318	Pancreatin	Digestive enzyme	ProtEx-DEAE	4-17	34
319	Penicillin G	Penicillin antibiotic	CHP50/P20	5-26	54
320	Penicillin V	Penicillin antibiotic	CHP50/P20	5-26	54

	Compound	Classification	MCI GEL® column	Figure	Page
321	Phenacetin	Ingredients of medicine	CMG20/C04	5-10	47
322	Phenylalanine	Amino acid	CK10U	2-1	7
323	D-Phenylalanine	D-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-2	58
324	L-Phenylalanine	L-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-2	58
325	D-Phenylalanine	D-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-9	58
326	L-Phenylalanine	L-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-9	58
327	D- $\alpha$ -Phenylglycine	D-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-13	59
328	L- $\alpha$ -Phenylglycine	L-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-13	59
329	Phosphate	Anion	SCA04	3-12	24
330	Polyethylene glycol	Water soluble polymer	CQP30	4-2	29
331	Polyphenol 60	Polyphenol	CHP07/C04	5-21	52
332	Polyphenol 60	Polyphenol	CHP20/C04	5-21	52
333	Potassium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-1	22
334	Potassium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-3	22
335	Potassium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-4	22
336	Potassium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-5	22
337	Prabatstatin Na	Medicine	CHP20/C10	5-16	50
338	Procainamide	Procainamide	CMG20/C04	5-14	49
339	Procaine	Procaine	CMG20/C04	5-14	49
340	Proline	Amino acid	CK10U	2-1	7
341	D-Proline	D-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-2	58
342	L-Proline	L-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-2	58
343	n-Propyl alcohol	Alcohol	CK08EH	2-14	11
345	Quinine	Cinchona alkaloid	CHP20/C04	5-5	44
346	Rhamnose	Sugar	CA08F	2-31	17
347	Rhamnose	Sugar	CDR10	2-37	20
348	Ribonuclease A	Protein	ProtEx-SP	4-10	32
349	Ribonuclease A	Protein	CQK30S	4-20	36
350	Ribonuclease A	Protein	CQK31S	4-20	36
351	Ribonuclease A	Protein	CQK31S	4-21	36
352	Ribonuclease A	Protein	CQK30S	4-21	36
353	Ribonuclease A	Protein	CQH3BP	4-27	39
354	Ribonuclease A	Protein	CQH3PP	4-27	39
355	Ribonuclease A	Protein	CMG20/C04	5-13	48
356	Ribonuclease A	Protein	CMG20/C10	5-18	51
357	Ribonuclease A	Protein	CHP20/C10	5-20	51
358	Ribose	Sugar	CK08EC	2-4	9
359	Ribose	Sugar	CA08F	2-31	17
360	Ribose	Sugar	CDR10	2-37	20
361	RNA	RNA	ProtEx-DEAE	4-13	33
362	Rubidium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-1	22
363	Salicin	Phenol glycoside	CK08EC	2-4	9
364	Sennoside A	Crude drug	CHP20/C10	5-28	55
365	Sennoside A	Crude drug	CHP20/P20	5-28	55
366	Sennoside A	Crude drug	CHP20/P30	5-28	55
367	Sennoside A	Crude drug	CHP20/P30	5-29	55
368	Sennoside B	Crude drug	CHP20/C10	5-28	55
369	Sennoside B	Crude drug	CHP20/P20	5-28	55
370	Sennoside B	Crude drug	CHP20/P30	5-28	55
371	Serine	Amino acid	CK10U	2-1	7
372	D-Serine	D-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-4	58
373	L-Serine	L-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-4	58
374	Serotonin	Catecholamine	CHP20/C04	5-2	43
375	Simvastatin	Medicine	CHP20/C10	5-16	50
376	Sodium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-1	22
377	Sodium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-3	22
378	Sodium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-4	22
379	Sodium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-5	22
380	Sorbitol	Sugar alcohol	CK08EC	2-5	9
381	Sorbitol	Sugar alcohol	CK08EH	2-15	11
382	Stachyose	Tetrasaccharide	CK08EC	2-4	9
383	Strontium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-7	23
384	Strontium ion	Cation	SCK01	3-8	23
385	Succinylsulfathiazole	Sulfa drugs	CMG20/C04	5-11	47

	Compound	Classification	MCI GEL® column	Figure	Page
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	Compound	Classification	MCI GEL® column	Figure	Page
386	Sucrose	Disaccharide	CK08EC	2-5	9
387	Sucrose	Disaccharide	CK08EC	2-7	10
388	Sucrose	Disaccharide	CK08EC	2-8	10
389	Sucrose	Disaccharide	CK04S	2-30	16
390	Sulfate ion	Anion	SCA04	3-12	24
391	Sulfate ion	Anion	SCA04	3-13	24
392	Sulfate ion	Anion	SCA04	3-14	25
393	Sulfate ion	Anion	SCA04	3-15	25
394	Sulfate ion	Anion	SCA04	3-16	26
395	Sulfamerazine	Sulfa drugs	CMG20/C04	5-11	47
396	Sulfanilamide	Sulfa drugs	CMG20/C04	5-11	47
397	Sulfathiazole	Sulfa drugs	CMG20/C04	5-11	47
398	Tartaric acid	Carboxylic acid	CK08EH	2-12	11
399	Tartaric acid	Carboxylic acid	CA08F	2-32	17
400	Theobromine	Purine alkaloid	CHP20/C04	5-4	44
401	Theophylline	Purine alkaloid	CHP20/C04	5-4	44
402	Theophylline	Purine alkaloid	CHP20/C04	5-6	45
403	Thiocyanic ion	Anion	SCA04	3-16	26
404	Thiosulfuric ion	Anion	SCA04	3-16	26
405	Threonine	Amino acid	CK10U	2-1	7
406	Thymine	Nucleic base	CDR10	2-35	19
407	D- $\alpha$ -tocopherol	Vitamin	CMG20/C10	5-19	51
408	D- $\gamma$ -tocopherol	Vitamin	CMG20/C10	5-19	51
409	D- $\delta$ -tocopherol	Vitamin	CMG20/C10	5-19	51
410	D- $\gamma$ -tocotrienol	Vitamin	CMG20/C10	5-19	51
411	D- $\alpha$ -tocopherol	Vitamin	CMG20/P30	5-31	56
412	D- $\delta$ -tocopherol	Vitamin	CMG20/P30	5-31	56
413	D- $\gamma$ -tocopherol	Vitamin	CMG20/P30	5-31	56
414	D- $\gamma$ -tocotrienol	Vitamin	CMG20/P30	5-31	56
415	TPN	Nucleotide	CDR10	2-35	19
416	Transferrin	Protein	CQA31S	4-19	35
417	Transferrin	Protein	CQA35S	4-19	35
418	Transferrin	Protein	CQH3BP	4-27	39
419	Transferrin	Protein	CQH3BS	4-27	39
420	Transferrin	Protein	CQH3PP	4-28	39
421	Transferrin	Protein	CQH3PS	4-28	39
422	Transferrin	Protein	CMG20/C10	5-18	51
423	Trichloroacetic acid	Carboxylic acid	CK08EH	2-17	12
424	Triethyleneglycol	Polyalcohol	CK08EH	2-16	12
425	Trimethylamine	Amine	SCK01	3-2	22
426	TritonX-100	Surfactant	CHPOD/04	5-23	52
427	TritonX-100	Surfactant	ODS-1HU	5-24	52
428	Trypsin Inhibitor	Enzyme	ProtEx-DEAE	4-5	31
429	Trypsin Inhibitor	Enzyme	CQA31S	4-18	35
430	Trypsin Inhibitor	Enzyme	CQA35S	4-18	35
431	Trypsinogen	Enzyme	CQK30S	4-21	36
432	Trypsinogen	Enzyme	CQK31S	4-21	36
433	Tryptophan	Amino acid	CHP20/C04	5-2	43
434	D-Tryptophan	D-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-10	58
435	L-Tryptophan	L-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-10	58
436	Tyrosine	Amino acid	CK10U	2-1	7
437	D-Tyrosine	D-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-2	58
438	L-Tyrosine	L-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-2	58
439	3'-UMP	Nucleotide	CDR10	2-36	19
440	5'-UMP	Nucleotide	CDR10	2-36	19
441	Uracil	Nucleic base	CDR10	2-35	19
442	Uric acid	Uric acid	CHP20/C04	5-6	45
443	Uridine	Nucleoside	SCK01	3-6	22
444	Urine	Urine	CDR10	2-38	20
445	Ursodeoxycholic acid	Bile acid	CHP20/C04	5-7	45
446	Valine	Amino acid	CK10U	2-1	7

	Compound	Classification	MCI GEL® column	Figure	Page
447	Valine	Amino acid	CK10U	2-2	8
448	D-Valine	D-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-2	58
449	L-Valine	L-Amino acid	CRS10W	6-2	58
450	Vitamin B3	Water soluble vitamin	CMG20/C04	5-15	49
451	Vitamin B6	Water soluble vitamin	CMG20/C04	5-15	49
452	Vitamin B12	Water soluble vitamin	CMG20/C04	5-15	49
453	Vitamin C	Water soluble vitamin	CMG20/C04	5-15	49
454	Xanthine	Uric acid related compound	CHP20/C04	5-6	45
455	Xylitol	Sugar alcohol	CK08EC	2-4	9
456	Xylitol	Sugar alcohol	CK08EH	2-15	11
457	Xylose	Sugar	CA08F	2-31	17
458	Xylose	Sugar	CDR10	2-37	20
459	Zinc ion	Cation	SCK01	3-8	23

## Limited warranty

Mitsubishi Chemical Corporation warrants that its pre-packed columns (including separation media products) shall meet published specifications at the time of shipment from Mitsubishi Chemical Corporation. Because of the susceptibility of these products to deterioration, all warranty claims must be made within the stipulated in the listed sales office. All claims shall be deemed waived in the event the purchaser fails to notify the company within the period.

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This warranty is null and void if any product has been (1) altered or modified such that its stability or reliability is any way affected ; (2) misused ; or (3) damaged by abuse, negligence or accident. The term "misuse" includes, but is not limited to, use not in compliance with the "Column Handling Instructions".

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## Changes

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