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SEPABEADS®
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RELISORB®
RELIZYME®



2011 Industrial and Preparative Resin Catalog

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#### Strongly Acidic Cation Exchange Resins

These are the resins of cross linked polystyrene matrix having sulfonic acid groups. There are SK-grade of gel type, PK-grade of porous type, and RCP160M of highly porous type (on the next page). The standard shipping form is sodium salt. In some cases, the hydrogen form is available for catalysis applications such as esterification, alkylation, hydrolysis, hydration...

SK1B resin is our "flagship" premium grade, gel-type, strong acid cation resin. It has excellent properties for industrial applications and is recommended for industrial scale softening and demineralization applications. It has standard crosslinkage. In situations where the raw water contains oxidizing substances, the higher crosslinkage resins such as SK110 and SK112 are recommended to provide better performance and longer operating life. SK110 is also recommended for regenerable mixed bed applications. SK102 (2%) and SK104 (4%) have low crosslinkage. They are mainly used as a catalyst and special applications where low crosslinked density is necessary to allow penetration of large organic molecules, or where faster reaction rate is required.

The PK resin grades are based on a porous styrene DVB polymer matrix. Their porous structure provides excellent durability against osmotic shock by swelling and shrinkage. PK216 is recommended for general water treatment. PK228 is recommended for condensate demineralization (L grade is recommended for best pressure flow performance). PK grades area also recommended for special applications such as deashing, decolonization, and as a catalyst (as they have higher reaction rate in organic solvents than gel-type resins).

| Grades                 | SI    | K102                        | Sl        | K104          | S         | K1B*           | Sl       | X110*                           | SI     | X112    |
|------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|----------------|----------|---------------------------------|--------|---------|
| Brand Name             |       |                             |           |               | I         | Diaion         |          |                                 |        |         |
| Matrix type            |       |                             | Ge        | l (styrene, D | VB):      |                | R-S      | O <sub>3</sub> -Na <sup>+</sup> |        |         |
| Counter Ion            |       | Na <sup>+</sup>             | for stand | ard form, H   | + for cat | alyst applicat | ions and | demineraliza                    | ation  |         |
| Total Capacity         | >0.6  | Na form                     | > 1.2     | Na form       | >2.0      | Na form        | >2.0     | Na form                         | >2.1   | Na form |
| (meq/ml-R)             | >0.6  | H form                      | >1.1      | H form        | >1.7      | H form         |          |                                 |        |         |
| Water Retention (%)    | 72-82 | Na form                     | 57-67     | Na form       | 43-50     | Na form        | 35-45    | Na form                         | 32 -42 | Na form |
|                        | 75-85 | H form                      | 62-72     | H form        | 50-60     | H form         |          |                                 |        |         |
| Shipping Density       | ~ 745 | Na form                     | ~ 780     | Na form       | ~ 825     | Na form        | ~ 845    | Na form                         | ~ 855  | Na form |
| (grams/liter)          | ~ 750 | H form                      | ~ 740     | H form        | ~ 780     | H form         |          |                                 |        |         |
| Particle Size          |       |                             |           |               | On 1180   | μm: 5% max     | r        |                                 |        |         |
| Distribution           |       |                             |           | ,<br>1        | Thru 300  | ) μm: 1% ma.   | x        |                                 |        |         |
| Effective Size (mm)    |       |                             |           |               | 0.        | 40 min         |          |                                 |        |         |
| Uniformity Coefficient |       |                             |           |               | 1.        | .6 max         |          |                                 |        |         |
| Whole Bead Count (%)   |       | 90% min                     |           |               |           |                |          |                                 |        |         |
| Operating Temperature  |       | 120°C (H form, Na form) max |           |               |           |                |          |                                 |        |         |
| Crosslinked            |       | 2%                          |           | 4%            |           | 8%             |          | 10%                             | 1      | 2%      |

| Grades                         | PK             | 208*              | PK         | 212*         | PI             | X216*                    | PF       | <b>K220</b> *                    | PK             | X228*             |
|--------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|------------|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Brand Name                     |                |                   |            |              | Γ              | Diaion                   |          |                                  |                |                   |
| Matrix type                    |                |                   | Poroi      | ıs (styrene, | DVB):          |                          | R-       | SO <sub>3</sub> -Na <sup>+</sup> |                |                   |
| Counter Ion                    |                | Na <sup>+</sup>   | for standa | ard form, H- | + for cata     | alyst applicat           | ions and | demineraliza                     | ation          |                   |
| Total Capacity (meq/ml-R)      | >1.2<br>>1.0   | Na form<br>H form | > 1.5      | Na form      | >1.75<br>>1.6  | Na form<br>H form        | >1.9     | Na form                          | >2.05<br>>1.9  | Na form<br>H form |
| Water Retention (%)            | 58-68<br>63-73 | Na form<br>H form | 52-58      | Na form      | 46-52<br>50-60 | Na form<br>H form        | 41-47    | Na form                          | 37-43<br>39-49 | Na form<br>H form |
| Shipping Density (grams/liter) | ~ 745<br>~ 720 | Na form<br>H form | ~ 765      |              | ~ 780<br>~ 740 | Na form<br>H form        | ~ 790    |                                  | ~ 805<br>~ 770 | Na form<br>H form |
| Particle Size Distribution     |                |                   |            |              |                | μm: 5% max<br>μm: 1% max |          |                                  |                |                   |
| Effective Size (mm)            |                |                   |            |              | 0.4            | 40 min                   |          |                                  |                |                   |
| Uniformity Coefficient         |                |                   |            |              | 1.             | 6 max                    |          |                                  |                |                   |
| Whole Bead Count (%)           |                | 95% min           |            |              |                |                          |          |                                  |                |                   |
| Operating Temperature          | _              |                   |            | 120°         | C (H for       | m, Na form)              | max      |                                  |                |                   |
| Crosslinked                    |                | 4%                |            | 6%           |                | 8%                       |          | 10%                              | 1              | 14%               |

<sup>\*</sup> Also available as L grades where the particle size thru 425  $\mu$ m is 1% max.

#### More Strongly Acidic Cation Exchange Resins

Ion exchange resins with good uniformity in particle size increase their necessity to reduce the reagents costs and spent waste waters in manufacturing pure waters. They are also used in other fields because they have little amount of large particles easy to be broken by swelling and shrinkage. Gel type UBK ion exchange resins of uniform particle size are now launched to meet such necessity. UBK16 has high (16%) crosslinkage. It is used for special process applications such as purification of pharmaceuticals.

SKL10 is a strong gel cation resin specially formulated using an optimized matrix of styrene and divinyl benzene for lysine isolation.

The Relite brands were added later to support the growing water treatment business as well as other applications. JC600, JC610, JC660 have excellent properties for industrial application and are suitable for industrial scale softening and demineralization applications and other various uses such as catalyst, sugar processing, amino acid purification etc... JC603 is the hydrogen form resin for JC600. While the JC600 series are gel resins, JC700 are porous type resins that are suitable for water treatment, sugar processing, and other special chemical process applications.

Diaion RCP160M is based on a macroporous crosslinked polystyrene matrix with sulfonic acid functional groups. This matrix is more open and porous than conventional grade resin with increased polymer surface available for intimate contact with solutes. In catalysis, the reaction rates are faster with RCP160M than standard grade resins, resulting in a higher degree of conversion during catalytic applications.

| Grades                         | UBK08               | UBK10                       | UBK12                | UBK16                  | SKL10                                     |  |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---|--|
| Brand Name                     |                     |                             | Diaion               |                        |   |  |
| Matrix type                    |                     | Gel (styrene, D             | VB):                 | R-SO <sub>3</sub> -Na+ |   |  |
| Counter Ion                    | Na <sup>+</sup>     | for standard form, H-       | + for catalyst appli | cations and demine     | ralization                                |  |
| Total Capacity (meq/ml-R)      | >2.0 Na form        | > 2.2 Na form               | >2.3 Na form         | >2.3 Na form           | >2.0 Na form                              |  |
| Water Retention (%)            | 43-50 Na form       | 35-45 Na form               | 33-39 Na form        | 27-37 Na form          | 41-48 Na form                             |  |
| Shipping Density (grams/liter) | ~ 840 Na form       | ~ 850 Na form               | ~ 855 Na form        | ~ 865 Na form          | ~ 835 Na form                             |  |
| Particle size Distribution     | $600 \pm 50  \mu m$ | $580 \pm 20 \ \mu m$        | $650 \pm 50 \mu m$   | $600 \pm 50 \mu m$     | On 1180 μm: 5% max<br>Thru 300 μm: 1% max |  |
| Effective Size (mm)            |                     |                             |                      |                        | 0.40 min                                  |  |
| Uniformity Coefficient         |                     | 1.2 ma                      | ıx                   |                        | 1.6 max                                   |  |
| Whole Bead Count (%)           | 90% min             |                             |                      |                        |   |  |
| Operating Temperature          |                     | 120°C (H form, Na form) max |                      |                        |   |  |
| Crosslinked                    | 8%                  | 10%                         | 12%                  | 16%                    | Confidential                              |  |

| Grades                        | JC600  | JC603  | JC660  | JC703   | RCP160M   |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|---|---|
| Brand Name                    |  | Relite   |  |   | Diaion  |
| Matrix type                   | Gel<br>styrene, DVB<br>R-SO <sub>3</sub> Na <sup>+</sup> | Gel<br>styrene, DVB<br>R-SO <sub>3</sub> -H <sup>+</sup> | Gel<br>styrene, DVB<br>R-SO <sub>3</sub> Na <sup>+</sup> | Porous<br>styrene, DVB<br>R-SO <sub>3</sub> -H <sup>+</sup> | Highly Porous<br>styrene, DVB<br>R-SO <sub>3</sub> - H <sup>+</sup> |
| Counter Ion                   | Na <sup>+</sup> for standard fo                          | rm, H+ for catalyst ap                                   | plications and den                                       | nineralization  |   |
| Total Capacity (meq/ml-R)     | >2.0 Na form   | > 1.8 H form   | >1.8 Na form   | >1.7 H form   | >1.5 H form   |
| Water Retention (%)           | 43-50 Na form  | 49-55 H form   | 50-55 Na form  | 54-57 H form  | 45-55 H form  |
| Particle Size<br>Distribution |  | On 1180 μm:<br>Thru 300 μm:                              |  |   | On 710 μm: 25% max<br>Thru 250 μm: 1% max                           |
| Effective Size (mm)           |  | 0.45 mi  | in   |   |   |
| Uniformity Coefficient        |  | 1.7 ma   | X  |   | 1.6 max   |
| Whole Bead Count (%)          |  | 90% min  |  |   |   |
| Operating Temperature         |  | 120°C (H form, Na form) max                              |  |   |   |
| Crosslinked                   | 8%   | 8%   | 6%   | 6%  | High  |

#### Strongly Basic Anion Exchange Resins

Diaion Strong base anion exchange resins are based on crosslinked polystyrene matrix having quaternary ammonium groups ( $NR_3^+$ ). Among the Diaion product line, there are SA-grades of gel type, PA-grades of porous type, and HPA-grades of highly porous-type. The standard shipping is Cl<sup>-</sup> form (in some cases OH<sup>-</sup> form is available). Type I resins have trimethyl ammonium groups which impart higher basicity. In the co-current regeneration mode, the treated water will have the lowest silica leakage. Type I resins also have higher chemical stability and can be applied at higher temperature than type II or acrylic based resins.

SA10A is a type I resin with standard crosslinkage. SA12A is a type I resin with slightly lower crosslinkage and typically recommended for treatment of surface waters with troublesome organic content. These resins are mainly used for water treatment. SA11A is type I resin with low crosslinkage used for special applications such as high organic removal or as a primary bed polisher anion. NSA100 is a gel type I resin with high crosslinkage. It is used for special applications such as iodine isolation from brine.

Porous-type ion exchange resins of porous polymer matrix have good resistance against swelling and shrinking, though their exchange capacity is lower than gel-type ion exchange resins of the same degree of crosslinkage. These are effective when highly purified effluents are needed, e.g. removal of silica to very low concentration. They are suitable for treatments of waste waters with organic compounds. PA312 and PA316 are generally used in waste water treatments, and PA308 is used for demineralization and decolonization of sugar liquors.

Ion Exchange resins with good uniformity particle size are necessary to reduce the reagents costs and spent waste waters in manufacturing pure waters. UBA100 and 120 are also used in other fields for their osmotic stability.

|                                      | SA10A* | SA11A* <sup>1</sup> | SA12A*1           | NSA100             | UBA100  | UBA120         |
|--------------------------------------|--------|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---|----------------|
| Grades                               |        |                     |                   |                    |   | (UBA122)       |
| Brand Name                           |        |                     | Di                | aion               |   |                |
| Matrix type                          |        | Gel (styren         |                   |                    | $H_2$ - N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> <sup>+</sup> |                |
| Counter Ion                          | (      | Cl⁻ for standard fo | orm, OH for catal | yst applications a | nd demineralization                                   | o <b>n</b>     |
| Total Capacity (Cl                   | >1.3   | > 0.85              |                   | >                  | 1.3   |                |
| form)                                |        |                     |                   |                    |   |                |
| (meq/ml-R)                           |        |                     |                   |                    |   |                |
| Water Retention (%)                  | 43-47  | 55-65               | 48-55             | 37-44              | 43-50   | 48-55          |
| (Cl <sup>-</sup> form)               |        |                     |                   |                    |   |                |
| Shipping Density                     | ~ 670  | ~ 685               | ~ 670             | ~ 685              | ~ 680   | ~ 675          |
| (grams/liter) (Cl <sup>-</sup> form) |        |                     |                   |                    |   |                |
| Particle Size                        |        |                     | m: 5% max         |                    | $550 \pm 50$  | $575 \pm 50$   |
| Distribution                         |        | Thru 300 μ          | m: 1% max         |                    |   | $(515 \pm 50)$ |
| Effective Size (mm)                  |        | 0.40 min -          |                   |                    |   |                |
| Uniformity Coefficient               |        | 1.6 max 1.2 max     |                   |                    |   |                |
| Whole Bead Count (%)                 |        | 90% min             |                   |                    |   |                |
| Operating Temperature                |        | 60°C                | C(OH form)        | 80°C (Cl form      | n) max  |                |

| Grades                               | PA306S         | PA308*1             | PA312*                             | PA316                 | HPA25         |  |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|--|
| Brand Name                           | Diaion         |                     |                                    |                       |               |  |
| Matrix type                          | Porous (sty    | yrene, DVB):        | R-CH <sub>2</sub> -                | $N(CH_3)_3^+$         | Highly Porous |  |
| Counter Ion                          | Cl⁻ fo         | r standard form, OF | <sup>r</sup> for catalyst applicat | ions and demineraliza | ation         |  |
| Total Capacity (Cl <sup>-</sup>      | >0.8           | >1.0                | >1.2                               | >1.3                  | >0.5          |  |
| form)                                |                |                     |                                    |                       |               |  |
| (meq/ml-R)                           |                |                     |                                    |                       |               |  |
| Water Retention (%)                  | 66-76          | 57-67               | 49-55                              | 44-50                 | 58-68         |  |
| (Cl <sup>-</sup> form)               |                |                     |                                    |                       |               |  |
| Shipping Density                     | ~ 645          | ~ 710               | ~ 675                              | ~ 670                 | ~ 680         |  |
| (grams/liter) (Cl <sup>-</sup> form) |                |                     |                                    |                       |               |  |
| Particle Size                        | 14% max>425 μm |                     | On 1180 µm: 5% ma                  |                       | On 250 µm:    |  |
| Distribution                         | 1% max<150 μm  |                     | Thru 300 µm: 1% ma                 | x                     | 5% min        |  |
| Effective Size (mm)                  | -              |                     | 0.40 min                           |                       | 0.25 min      |  |
| Uniformity Coefficient               | 1.6 max        |                     |                                    |                       |               |  |
| Whole Bead Count (%)                 | 95% min        |                     |                                    |                       |               |  |
| Operating Temperature                |                | 60°C (OH f          | orm) 80°C (C                       | l form) max           |               |  |
| Crosslinked                          | 3%             | 4%                  | 6%                                 | 8%                    | High          |  |

<sup>\*</sup> Also available as L grades where the particle size thru 425  $\mu m$  is 1% max.

<sup>1-</sup> Low-odor and low leachable anion exchange resins are available as F grade

#### More Strongly Basic Anion Exchange Resins

Type II resins have dimethylethanol ammonium groups which impart slightly lower basicity. This provides an advantage of easier regeneration than type I and slightly higher capacity.

SA20A is type II resin of standard crosslinkage. It is popularly used for water treatment with its easy regeneration. SA21A is Type II resin of low crosslinkage and is used for special applications such as purifications of pharmaceuticals and food products. UBA200 is a uniform type 2 gel anion resin for better osmotic stability.

Porous-type type II resins have better efficiency during regeneration though they have lower basicity and chemical stability than type I. PA418 is generally used in water treatment while PA408 is used to demineralize and to decolorize sugar liquors.

The Relite brands were added later to support the growing water treatment business as well as other applications. JA100, JA200, and JA400 have excellent properties for industrial application and are suitable for industrial scale demineralization applications and other various uses such as organic trap, sugar processing, etc... JA100 is a gel type I strongly basic anion resin while JA200 is a gel type II strongly basic anion resin used in water treatment operation. JA400 is a porous type I strongly basic anion resin mainly for organic removal, water treatment, sugar processing, and other special chemical process applications. Relite JA450 is a porous type I strongly basic anion resin which is suitable for removing nitrate ions from water for potable use. Relite JA800 and JA830 are a high capacity, organic fouling resistant, gel, acrylic type I strongly basic anion resin used in all types of deionization systems and chemical process applications.

| Grades                                     | SA20A*                  | SA21A  | UBA200   | PA408   | PA412*            | PA418*1       |
|--|-------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------|---------------|
| Brand Name                                 |                         |  | ]  | Diaion  |                   |               |
| Matrix type                                | G                       | el (styrene, DV  |  |   | orous (styrene, D | VB)           |
| Functionality                              |                         | R-CH <sub>2</sub> -  | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> CH | H <sub>2</sub> OH) <sup>+</sup> Cl <sup>-</sup> for sta | ındard form       |               |
| Total Capacity (Cl                         | >1.3                    | >0.8   | >1.3   | >0.9  | >1.1              | >1.3          |
| form)                                      |                         |  |  |   |                   |               |
| (meq/ml-R)                                 | 15.50                   |  | 17.70  | 71.51   | 1                 | 20.11         |
| Water Retention (%) (Cl <sup>-</sup> form) | 45-52                   | 55-65  | 45-52  | 54-64   | 46-52             | 38-44         |
| Shipping Density                           | ~ 715                   | ~ 710  | ~ 715  | ~ 720   | ~ 685             | ~ 685         |
| (grams/liter) (Cl <sup>-</sup> form)       | ~ /13                   | ~ /10  | ~ /13  | ~ 720   | ~ 063             | ~ 063         |
| Particle Size                              | On 1180 μι              | n: 5% max  | $575 \pm 50$   | 0   | n 1180 µm: 5% i   | max           |
| Distribution                               | Thru 300 μ              |  | 070 = 00   |   | hru 300 µm: 1%    |               |
| Effective Size (mm)                        | 0.40                    |  | -  |   | 0.40 min          |               |
| Uniformity Coefficient                     | 1.61                    | max  |  |   | 1.6 max           |               |
| Whole Bead Count (%)                       |                         | 90% min  |  |   | 95% min           |               |
| Operating Temperature                      |                         | 40°  | °C (OH form) -                                       | 60°C (Cl form   | n) max            |               |
| Crosslinked                                |                         | -  |  | 4%  | 6%                | 9%            |
| Grades                                     | JA100                   | JA400  | JA450  | JA800   | JA830             | JA200         |
| Brand Name                                 |                         |  |  | Relite  |                   |               |
| Matrix type                                | Gel (styrene-           | Porous (styres   | ne-DVB) Type   | Porous Acrylic-   | Gel Acrylic-      | Gel (styrene- |
|  | DVB) Type I             |  | I  | DVB Type I  | DVB Type I        | DVB) Type II  |
| Counter Ion                                |                         |  |  | standard form   |                   |               |
| Total Capacity (Cl                         | >1.2                    | > 0.8  | >0.9   | >0.8  | >1.2              | >1.2          |
| form)<br>(meq/ml-R)                        |                         |  |  |   |                   |               |
| Water Retention (%)                        | 48-54                   | 57-66  | 45-55  | 65-72   | 55-65             | 45-51         |
| (Cl <sup>-</sup> form)                     | 40-34                   | 37-00  | 45-55  | 03-72   | 33-03             | 45-51         |
| Particle Size                              |                         | On 1180 µm: 5% max   |  |   |                   |               |
| Distribution                               |                         |  |  | 0 μm: 1% max  |                   |               |
| Effective Size (mm)                        |                         |  |  | .45 min   |                   |               |
| Uniformity Coefficient                     |                         |  | 1  | .7 max  |                   |               |
| Whole Bead Count (%)                       | 90% min 95% min 90% min |  |  |   | 90% min           |               |
| Operating Temperature                      |                         | 60°C (OH form) 80°C (Cl form) max 40°C (OH form), 60°C (Cl form) max |  |   |                   |               |

<sup>\*</sup> Also available as L grades where the particle size thru 425  $\mu$ m is 1% max.

<sup>1-</sup> Low-odor and low leachable anion exchange resins are available as F grade

#### Weakly Acidic Cation Exchange Resins

WK10 grades (methacrylic type) are weak acid cation exchange resins having carboxylic acid functionalities. They have a pK value of approximately 6. WK10 has high reaction rate, and WK11 has a high totally exchange capacity. These methacrylic grades are mainly used for special applications such as purification of pharmaceuticals, foods, and organic chemicals.

WK100 and WT01S have high reaction rate and high adsorption capacity. They are mainly used for the purification of pharmaceuticals and foods. WT01S is offered in 100-300  $\mu$ m particle distribution while WK10S is a small particle size version of WK10 designed for high performance whey processing.

WK40L and WK80L are weak acid cation exchange resins with carboxylic acid functionality based on porous acrylic polymer matrix. They have a pK value of approximately 5.3. The acrylic type resins have higher total capacity than methacrylic type resins. They are mainly used for water treatment applications such as the removal of hardness ions in the presence of bicarbonate alkalinity.

The Relite brands were added later to support the growing water treatment business as well as other applications. Relite JC800 is a gel type weakly acidic cation exchange resin based on cross-linked polyacrylic matrix. It is suitable for applications such as metal recovery, waste waster treatment, etc...

| Grades                         | WK10      | WK11                                     | WK100                | WT01S                     | WK10S                     |  |
|--------------------------------|-----------|--|----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Brand Name                     |           |  | Diaion               |                           |                           |  |
| Matrix type                    |           |  | Porous - Methacrylic |                           |                           |  |
| Functionality                  |           |  | Carboxylic acid      |                           |                           |  |
| Total Capacity (meq/ml-R)      | >2.5      | >2.9                                     | >2.8                 | >3.0                      | >2.5                      |  |
| Water Retention (%)            | 53-59     | 45-52                                    | 45-55                | 45-55                     | 50-60                     |  |
| Shipping Density (grams/liter) | ~ 635     | ~ 660                                    | ~ 660                | ~ 750                     | ~ 695                     |  |
| Particle Size Distribution     |           | On 1180 μm: 5% ma:<br>Thru 300 μm: 1% ma |                      | (300-106 µm) –<br>85% min | (600-150 μm) –<br>90% min |  |
| Effective Size (mm)            |           | 0.40 min                                 |                      | 0.10 - 0.14               | 0.15 min                  |  |
| Uniformity Coefficient         |           | 1.6 max                                  |                      |                           |                           |  |
| Whole Bead Count (%)           | 95% min   |  |                      |                           |                           |  |
| Operating Temperature          | 150°C max |  |                      |                           |                           |  |
| Effective pH range             |           | _  | 5 - 14               | _                         |                           |  |

| Grades                         | WK40L      | WK80L            | JC800           |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Brand Name                     | Dia        | aion             | Relite          |
| Matrix type                    |            | Porous – Acrylic |                 |
| Functionality                  |            | Carboxylic acid  |                 |
| Total Capacity (meq/ml-R)      | >4.4       | > 4.4            | >4.0            |
| Water Retention (%)            | 41-48      | 44 -52           | 46-54           |
| Shipping Density (grams/liter) | ~ 765      | ~ 800            | -               |
| Particle Size                  |            | m: 5% max        | On 1180 µm: 5%  |
| Distribution                   | Thru 425 μ | m: 3% max        | max             |
|                                |            |                  | Thru 300 µm: 2% |
|                                |            |                  | max             |
| Effective Size (mm)            | 0.45       | min              | 0.40 min        |
| Uniformity Coefficient         | 1.6        | max              | 1.7 max         |
| Whole Bead Count (%)           | 95%        | 90% min          |                 |
| Operating Temperature          | 120°C max  |                  |                 |
| Effective pH range             |            | 4 - 14           |                 |

#### Weakly Basic Anion Exchange Resins

WA10 resin is based on gel-type acrylic polymer matrix. It has tertiary amine functionality with high regeneration efficiency. The acrylic polymer matrix provides good chemical stability and good resistance to organic fouling. WA10 is mainly used for pretreatment of starch hydrolysates, beet sugar solutions, and formaldehyde.

WA20 and WA21J do not have any neutral salt splitting capacity. They have high total exchange capacity and high regeneration efficiency. The porous styrene polymer imports high chemical stability, high mechanical strength against attrition loss, high thermal stability, and high durability against organic fouling. These resins are used for the removal of strong mineral acids in standard water treatment applications. They can also be applied in special process separations such as the treatment of organic solvents.

WA30 resin is a weak base anion exchange resin based on porous, styrene-DVB polymer matrix with dimethyl amine functionality. The high porous styrenic matrix has excellent chemical stability, mechanical and osmotic strength, high thermal stability, and durability against organic fouling. WA30 is the bench mark which all macroporous weak base exchange resin are compared with. It is used for a variety of applications, such as removal of organic substances of high molecular weight, pretreatment of raw waters containing organic foulants, deionization and decolorization of starch hydrolysates, and purification of glycerine and enzymes.

Relite JA300 is a weak base anion exchange resin based on high porous, styrene-DVB polymer matrix. JA300, like WA30, has tertiary amine functionality with high regeneration efficiency. The high porous styrenic matrix imparts excellent chemical stability, excellent mechanical and osmotic strength, high thermal stability, and excellent durability against organic fouling.

Diaion DCA11 is a lightly functionalized adsorbent resin based on a crosslinked styrene/DVB polymer matrix. Diaion DCA11 has a highly developed macroporous polymer structure with a narrow pore size distribution. The matrix is lightly functionalized with dimethylamino groups to provide some weakly basic anion exchange capacity. The styrene/DVB matrix offers hydrophobic interaction mechanisms and the amino group provides some ion exchange selectivity for improved decolorization performance. Diaion DCA11 is recommended for decolorization of natural organic aqueous solutions, such as fermentation liquids.

Diaion DCA06 is an ion exchange resin specially designed for removal of patulin, 4-hydroxy-4H-furo[3,2-c]pyran-2(6H)-one, a mycotoxin produced by several species of *Penicillium* and *Aspergillus*, that is mainly found in apple products such as apple juice and apple juice concentrate.

| Grades                                     | WA10                     | WA20                   | WA21J                                  | WA30               | JA300      |  |
|--|--------------------------|------------------------|--|--------------------|------------|--|
| Brand Name                                 |                          | Diaio                  | n                                      |                    | Relite     |  |
| Matrix type                                | Gel – Acrylic            |                        | Porous -                               | - Styrene-DVB      |            |  |
| Functionality                              | $-CONH(CH_2)_nN(CH_3)_2$ | -CH <sub>2</sub> NH(CI | $H_2CH_2NH)_nH$                        | -CH <sub>2</sub> N | $(CH_3)_2$ |  |
| Total Capacity (free base form) (meq/ml-R) | >1.2                     | >2.5                   | >2.0                                   | >1.5               | >1.5       |  |
| Water Retention (%)                        | 63-69                    | 41-47                  | 40-52                                  | 43-55              | 47-55      |  |
| Shipping Density (grams/liter)             | ~ 695                    | ~ 660                  | ~ 655                                  | ~ 635              | ~ 650      |  |
| Particle Size Distribution                 |                          |                        | : 1180 µm: 5% тах<br>ru 300 µm: 1% тах |                    |            |  |
| Effective Size (mm)                        | 0.35 min                 |                        | 0                                      | .40 min            |            |  |
| Uniformity Coefficient                     | 1.6 max 1.7 max          |                        |  |                    |            |  |
| Whole Bead Count (%)                       | 90% min 95% min          |                        |  |                    |            |  |
| Operating Temperature                      | 60°C max                 | 100°C max 80°C max     |  |                    |            |  |
| Effective pH range                         |                          |                        | 0-9                                    | _                  |            |  |

| Grades                 | DCA11   | DCA06               |  |  |  |
|------------------------|---|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Brand Name             | Diaion  |                     |  |  |  |
| Matrix type            | High Porous –   | Styrene-DVB         |  |  |  |
| Functionality          | -CH <sub>2</sub> N(   | $CH_3)_2$           |  |  |  |
| Total Capacity         | >0.3 meq/ml-resin   | > 0.1 meq/ml-resin  |  |  |  |
| Water Retention (%)    | 50-60   | 53-63               |  |  |  |
| Shipping Density       | ~ 630 grams/liter   | ~ 670 grams/liter   |  |  |  |
| Particle Size          | On 1180 μm: 5% max 7  | Thru 300 µm: 1% max |  |  |  |
| Distribution           |   |                     |  |  |  |
| Effective Size (mm)    | 0.40 min  | 0.35 min            |  |  |  |
| Uniformity Coefficient | 1.6 n   | nax                 |  |  |  |
| Whole Bead Count (%)   | 95% 1   | min                 |  |  |  |
| Operating Temperature  | 100°C max   |                     |  |  |  |
| Specific Surface Area  | $600 \text{ m}^2/\text{dry gram}$ $1400 \text{ m}^2/\text{dry g}$ |                     |  |  |  |
| Pore Volume            |   | 0.7 ml/dry gram     |  |  |  |

#### **Chelating Resins**

Iminodiacetate Type: CR11 is based on a high porous styrenic matrix, and provides rapid kinetics, high operating capacity, low swell / shrink ratio, and excellent mechanical stability. CR11 captures metal ions by chelation with its iminodiacetate functionality. CR11 has a higher selectivity than strong and weak acid cation exchange resins for divalent ions, especially transitional metal elements such as copper, Iron, etc... CR11 can capture metal ions at much lower pH than strong and weak acid resins. As CR11 has higher selectivity for divalent metal ions than monovalents, it can be used for such selective separation.

Polyamine Type: CR20 is a special chelating resin with polyamine functionality. CR20 captures metal ions by chelation with its polyamine functionality with its high porous styrene-DVB matrix. CR20 has a high selectivity to heavy metal ions. It does not absorb alkali metal and alkali earth metal ions, and therefore, it can be used for heavy metal recovery from highly concentrated alkali earth solutions.

Glucamine Type: CRB03 and CRB05 are special chelating resin with glucamine groups based on a high porous styrene-DVB matrix. It has high selectivity for borate ions. It is used for borate separation from various solutions, including brine and sea water.

Aminophosphonic Type: Relite JS020 is an amino phosphonic exchange resin based on styrene-DVB polymer matrix. It is suitable for applications such as decalcification of secondary brine in the chloralkali industry.

CHL10P, CHL20P, and CLB10P are smaller resins of the CR11, CR20, and CRB05 respectively

| Grades                 | CR11   | CR20   | CRB03  | CRB05                              |
|------------------------|--|--|--|------------------------------------|
| Brand Name             | Diaion   |  |  |                                    |
| Matrix type            | Porous – Styrene-DVB                                   |  |  |                                    |
| Functionality          | -CH <sub>2</sub> N(CH <sub>2</sub> COONa) <sub>2</sub> | -CH <sub>2</sub> NH(CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> NH) <sub>n</sub> H | -CH <sub>2</sub> N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> (CHO | H) <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> OH |
| Total Exchange         | -  | -  | >0.7   | >0.95                              |
| Capacity (meq/ml-R)    |  |  |  |                                    |
| Cu Adsorption Capacity | >0.5   | >0.4   | -  |                                    |
| (mmole/ml-R)           |  |  |  |                                    |
| Water Retention (%)    | 55-65  | 60-60  | 45-55  | 43-53                              |
| Shipping Density       | ~ 730  | ~ 635  | ~ 665  | ~ 770                              |
| (grams/liter)          |  |  |  |                                    |
| Particle Size          | On 1180 µm: 5% max                                     | On 1180 µm: 5% max   |  | On 850 µm: 10% max                 |
| Distribution           | Thru 355 µm: 2% max                                    | Thru 300 µm: 1% max  |  | Thru 300 µm: 1% max                |
| Effective Size (mm)    | 0.40 min   |  | 0.35-0.55  | 0.35 min                           |
| Uniformity Coefficient | 1.6 max  |  |  |                                    |
| Whole Bead Count (%)   | 95% min  |  |  |                                    |
| Operating Temperature  | 80°C max (H form)                                      | 100°C max (free base)  |  |                                    |
|                        | 120°C max (Na form)                                    |  |  |                                    |

| Grades                                | JS020   | CHL10P  | CHL20P       | CLB10P        |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|--------------|---------------|--|--|
| Brand Name                            | Relite  | MCI GEL   |              |               |  |  |
| Matrix type                           |   | Porous – Sty  | rene-DVB     |               |  |  |
| Functionality                         | -CH <sub>2</sub> NHCH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>3</sub> Na | Same as CR11  | Same as CR20 | Same as CRB05 |  |  |
| Total Exchange<br>Capacity (meq/ml-R) | >2.0  | >1.5  | >1.8         | >2.0          |  |  |
| Water Retention (%)                   | 60-67   | -   |              |               |  |  |
| Shipping Density (grams/liter)        | ~ 750   | -   |              |               |  |  |
| Particle Size<br>Distribution         | On 1180 μm: 5% max<br>Thru 300 μm: 1% max             | >150µm:15% max<br>63-150µm:70%min<br><63µm:20%max           |              |               |  |  |
| Effective Size (mm)                   | 0.45 min  |   | -            |               |  |  |
| Uniformity Coefficient                | 1.7 max   |   | 1.6 max      |               |  |  |
| Whole Bead Count (%)                  | 90% min   | -   |              |               |  |  |
| Operating Temperature                 | 75°C max (Na form)                                    | 80°C max (H form) 100°C max (free base) 120°C max (Na form) |              |               |  |  |

#### Ultrapure Ion Exchange Resins

Mitsubishi Chemical offers several grades of mixed resin for non-regenerable mixed bed ion exchange applications. All mixed resins are typically offered in a 1:1 stoichiometric ratio (1 equivalence of cation equilibrium capacity to 1 equivalence of anion equilibrium capacity).

Relite JM100 is a nuclear grade mixed ion exchange resin with indicator. It is a mixture of high purity and highly regenerated color indicating JC600 and JA100 in 1:1 volume ratio.

The Diaion SMNUP mixed resin is offered for critical applications which require high purity treated water. This mixed resin is prepared from component resins which have been prepared with a high degree of purity and conversion to the H/OH form. Diaion SMNUP if often supplied for applications which require nuclear grade resin.

Diaion KAM115 is a mixture OH form gel type strongly basic anion resin and H form gel type strongly acid cation resin mixed ionic exchange resin. The mixture is 1 H type to 1.5 OH type on volume basis. Diaion KAM115 is recommended for the pure-water no-regeneration type resin. KAM120 is similar to KAM115 but is a mixture of 1 H type to 2 OH type on volume basis.

SMT100L and SMT200L are manufactured to very stringent performance specifications, and prepared from component resins with the highest degree of conversion and considerations of purity. They will also provide exceptional performance relative to electrical resistivity and TOC leakage. In fact, rinse to 18 megaohm resistivity is near instantaneous, and clearly superior to conventional mixed bed resins. The performance for TOC meets or exceeds all conventional mixed bed resins. The TOC rinse down performance is maintained over 12 month's storage.

Diaion SMT200L offers remarkable performance relative to metals leakage. The cation component, SKT20L, has been prepared with low levels of metals in the resin phase (500 ppb). This improvement allows ppt metals leakage in the product water quality (actual performance is <0.1 ppt for 13 metals within 4 hrs of rinse).

| Grades                  | JM110               | KAM115       | KAM120        | SMNUP          | SMT100L         | SM      | Γ200L    |
|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|---------|----------|
| Brand Name              | Relite              | te Diaion    |               |                |                 |         |          |
| Matrix type             |                     | Gel (styre   | ne, DVB) with | h Ionic form H | I/OH            |         |          |
| Capacity (meq/ml resin) | >1.9 cation         |              |               | >1.7 catio     | on              |         |          |
|                         | >1.1 anion          |              |               | >0.9 anic      | on              |         |          |
| Water Retention (%)     | 47-54 cation        |              |               | 50-60 cati     | on              |         |          |
|                         | 46-52 anion         |              |               | 62-72 ani      | on              |         |          |
| Conversion (eq%)        |                     | >99 H form   |               |                | >99.9           | H form  |          |
|                         |                     | >90 OH form  | n             |                | >90.0           | OH forn | n        |
|                         |                     | <1.0 Cl form |               |                |                 |         |          |
| Particle Size           | On 1180 μm: 5% max  | On 1180 μ:   | m: 5% max     |                | On 1180 µm: 5%  |         |          |
| Distribution            | Thru 300 µm: 1% max | Thru 425 μ   | m: 1% max     |                | Thru 300 µm: 1% | 6 max   |          |
| Effective Size (mm)     |                     |              | 0.40 m        | in             |                 |         |          |
| Uniformity Coefficient  | 1.7 max             |              |               | 1.6 max        | (               |         |          |
| Performance             |                     |              |               |                |                 |         |          |
| Properties*             |                     |              |               |                |                 |         |          |
| Resistivity (m Ω. Cm)   | >12                 | (30 min)     |               | >15 (30        | >18 (3 hrs)     | >18.1   | (12 hrs) |
|                         |                     |              |               | min)           |                 |         |          |
| TOC (ppb)               | Mixed Resin with    |              | -             |                | <10 (3 hrs)     | <10     | (3 hrs)  |
|                         | Indicator           |              |               |                |                 |         |          |
| Metal Water Quality     |                     |              | -             |                |                 | < 0.1   | (12 hrs) |
| (ppt)                   |                     |              |               |                |                 |         |          |
| Particles (>0.05 µm/ml) |                     |              | -             |                |                 | <10     | (12 hrs) |

<sup>\*</sup>Test condition: Feed of 18.1 m  $\bigcirc$  cm to 1500ml resin packed in 50mm  $\emptyset x$  1000mmH column at SV 20. Resistivity measured by DKK: AQ-11; TOC by Anatel A-100PSE.

#### More Ultrapure Ion Exchange Resins

Diaion SKT10L is a premium grade, gel-type strong acid cation exchange resin based on a crosslinked polystyrene matrix with sulfonic acid functional groups. Diaion SKT10L is prepared in the hydrogen form with special attention to resistivity rinse up, TOC and metal leachables. Diaion SKT10L is used as the cation component for Diaion SMT100 non-regenerable mixed bed resin. This ultra-hi-purity mixed bed resin is recommended for semiconductor plant final polishing loop applications. An improved copolymerization process provides low level TOC leachables. SKT10L is remarkable for its extremely low content of ionic contaminants in the resin phase. Diaion SKT10L is recommended for critical applications requiring low metal leakage.

Diaion SAT10L is a premium grade, gel-type strong base, Type I, anion exchange resin based on a crosslinked polystyrene matrix with quaternary ammonium functional groups. Diaion SAT10L is prepared with an extremely high conversion to the hydroxide form with special attention to resistivity rinse up, TOC and metal leachables. Diaion SAT10L is used as the anion component for Diaion SMT100 non-regenerable mixed bed resin. This ultra-hi-purity mixed bed resin is recommended for semiconductor plant final polishing loop applications. SAT10L is remarkable for its extremely low content of ionic contaminants in the resin phase. The method of preparation provides TOC leakage in the ppb range.

Diaion SKT20L is an improved version of Diaion SKT10L since it has been prepared with low levels of metals in the resin phase (500 ppb). This improvement allows ppt metals leakage in the product water quality (actual performance is <0.1 ppt for 13 metals within 4 hrs of rinse). Diaion SAT20L is an improved version of Diaion SAT10L since it has been prepared with low levels of metals in the resin phase (500 ppb). This improvement allows ppt metals leakage in the product water quality (actual performance is <0.1 ppt for 13 metals within 4 hrs of rinse).

| Grades                        | SKT10L       | SAT10L        | SKT20L                  | SAT20L                  |
|-------------------------------|--------------|---------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Brand Name                    |              | Dia           | nion                    |                         |
| Matrix type                   |              | Gel (styre    | ene, DVB)               |                         |
| Counter Ion                   | >99.9 H form | >90.0 OH form | >99.9 H form            |                         |
| Total Capacity (meq/ml-R)     | >1.7         | >0.9          | >1.7                    | >1.9 Na form            |
| Water Retention (%)           | 50-60        | 55-65         | 50-60                   | 41-47 Na form           |
| Particle Size                 |              | On 1180 μ.    | m: 5% max               |                         |
| Distribution                  |              | Thru 300 μ    | m: 1% max               |                         |
| Effective Size (mm)           | 0.45 min     | 0.40 min      | 0.45 min                |                         |
| Uniformity Coefficient        |              | 1.6           | max                     |                         |
| Performance<br>Properties*    |              |               |                         |                         |
| Resistivity (m Ω. Cm)         | >12 (3 hrs)  | >15 (3 hrs)   | >16 (12 hrs)            | >18.1 (12 hrs)          |
| TOC (ppb)                     | <20 (3hrs)   | <20 (3hrs)    | <5 (12 hrs)             | <1.0 (12 hrs)           |
| Metal Content (ppb/dry resin) |              |               | Na, Ca, Fe, Zn<br><1000 | Na, Ca, Fe, Zn<br><1000 |

<sup>\*</sup> Single Bed with inlet water quality of 15m  $\Omega$  • cm resistivity at Flow Rate: SV30

#### Fractionation Resins for Industrial Chromatography

Chromatographic separation is widely industrialized in pharmaceuticals, fermentation, and food applications. Ion exchange resins of small particles with uniform particle size distribution are applied for these purposes. The smaller particles with the more uniform particle size distribution, the higher yields and purities can be obtained. These types of resins are suitable for industrial chromatography such as fructose/glucose separation...

Diaion UBK resin are prepared via monodispersed production technology, and offered with narrow particle size distributions in either sodium or calcium form. The high bead uniformity provides fractionation resins with excellent resolving power and mechanical stability. These products are often applied in simulated moving beds (SMB) equipment with 4 to 8 column design for separation of binary and ternary mixtures in both small and large scale industrial applications.

MA01SS and MA03SS are strong base anion exchange resins, gel type, based on styrene-DVB polymer matrix, manufactured with Mitsubishi Chemical most up-to-date technology. These resins are used in special application such as the biomass industry for salt retardation. These MA resin were improved significantly when the monodispersed version came out. The UMA series is a new addition to the Mitsubishi Chemical offering enabling better fractionation and improved osmotic stability.

AMP03 is a monodispersed amphoteric resin that contains both a strong basic anion exchanger and a weak acid cation exchanger on the same covalently bonded functional group. Such unusual resin is used to fractionate salts such as sodium chlorides from sodium sulfates etc...

| Grades                         | UBK510L  | UBK530  | UBK535  | UBK550  | UBK555                              |  |
|--------------------------------|--|---|---|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| Brand Name                     |  |   | Diaion  |   |                                     |  |
| Matrix type                    |  | Gel (styrene,   | DVB):   | R-SO <sub>3</sub>                                       |                                     |  |
| Counter Ion                    | Na <sup>+</sup>  | form  | Ca+ form  | Na <sup>+</sup> form                                    | Ca+ form                            |  |
| Total Capacity<br>(meq/ml-R)   | >1.2   | >   | 1.6   | >1.9  | >2.0                                |  |
| Water Retention (%)            | 61-65  | 52-56   | 48-52   | 46-50   | 42-46                               |  |
| Shipping Density (grams/liter) | ~ 780  | ~ 810   | ~ 845   | ~ 825 Na form   | ~ 865                               |  |
| Particle Size                  | L grade – 320 μm<br>K grade – 350 μm<br>G grade – 390 μm | Standard-220 μm<br>J grade – 280 μm<br>L grade – 320 μm<br>K grade – 350 μm<br>G grade – 390 μm | Standard-220 μm<br>J grade – 280 μm<br>L grade – 320 μm | Standard–220 μm<br>K grade – 350 μm<br>G grade – 390 μm | Standard-220 μm<br>K grade – 350 μm |  |
| Uniformity Coefficient         |  | 1.1 max   |   |   |                                     |  |
| Whole Bead Count (%)           |  | 90% min   |   |   |                                     |  |
| Operating Temperature          | 120°C max  |   |   |   |                                     |  |
| Crosslinked                    | 4%   | 6%  | 6%  | 8%  | 8%                                  |  |

| Grades                    | MA01SS                 | MA03SS                 | UMA130J<br>(UMA150)<br>[UMA130K] | UMA140S                                     | AMP03   |
|---------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|---|---|
| Brand Name                | Diaion                 |                        |                                  |   |   |
| Matrix type               | Gel (styrene, D'       | VB):                   | R-CH <sub>2</sub> - N(           | CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> <sup>+</sup> | R-CH <sub>2</sub> N <sup>+</sup> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> COO <sup>-</sup> |
| Counter Ion               | Cl⁻ for standard       | form                   |                                  |   |   |
| Total Capacity (meq/ml-R) | >1.3                   | > 1.5                  | >1.35                            | >1.25                                       | >0.75   |
| Water Retention (%)       | 43-47                  | 43-47                  | 43-53                            | 43-49                                       | 55-60   |
| Particle Size             | Thru 212 μm:<br>1% max | 150-250 µm:<br>85% min | 280 μm<br>(220 μm)<br>[350μm]    | 170 μm                                      | 260 μm  |
| Effective Size (mm)       | -                      | 0.15-0.25              | -                                |   | -   |
| Uniformity Coefficient    | 1.6 max                |                        | 1.1 max                          |   | 1.2 max   |
| Whole Bead Count (%)      | 90% min                |                        | 95% min                          |   |   |
| Operating Temperature     | 60°C (OH form          | ) 80°C (C              | l form) max                      |   | 60°C max  |

# **Preparative Ion Exchange Resins**

The CK grade resins are based on a crosslinked polystyrene matrix having sulfonic acid groups with a sodium counter-ion for easy substitution. With varying the crosslinking degree or the DVB content (divinyl-benzene ratio) and the bead size of these resins, one can control the efficiency and the resolution in the separation of amino-acids, carbohydrates, sugars, organic acids and amines etc... These styrenic matrices have excellent mechanical strength with wide range pH stability (1 to 14) and resistance to high temperatures (up to 120 °C operating temperature).

| Grades           | CK02A           | CK04S           | CK06S           | CK08S                       | CK10S                                  |
|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Brand Name       |                 |                 | MCI GEL         |                             |  |
| Matrix type      |                 |                 | Gel             |                             |  |
| Counter Ion      |                 |                 | Na <sup>+</sup> |                             |  |
| Total Capacity   | >0.5 meq/ml     | >0.8 meq/ml     | >1.5 meq/ml     | >1.9 meq/ml                 | >2.0 meq/ml                            |
| Crosslinked      | 2%              | 4%              | 6%              | 8%                          | 10%                                    |
| Mean size        | 20 μm           |                 | 11              | μm                          |  |
| Particle range   | 16 – 24 μm      |                 | 9 – 1           | 3 μm                        |  |
| Column Dimension | 20 x 250 mm     | 10 x 200 mm     | none            | 8 x 500 mm                  | none                                   |
| Packing size*    | 10 grams        |                 | 10, 25          | 5, 50 g                     |  |
| Typical usage    | Oligosaccharide | Oligosaccharide | Oligosaccharide | Sugars,<br>Carboxylic acids | Sugars,<br>Carboxylic &<br>Amino acids |

| Grades           | CK08Y                       | CK08P                       | CK10Y       |
|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Brand Name       |                             | MCI GEL                     |             |
| Matrix type      |                             | Gel                         |             |
| Counter Ion      |                             | Na <sup>+</sup>             |             |
| Total Capacity   | >1.9 meq/ml                 | >1.9 meq/ml                 | >2.0 meq/ml |
| Crosslinked      | 8%                          | 8%                          | 10%         |
| Mean size        | 25 µm                       | 110 µm                      | 25 µm       |
| Particle range   | 20 – 30 μm                  | 75 – 150 µm                 | 20 – 30 μm  |
| Column Dimension |                             | None                        |             |
| Packing size*    | 50, 300 g                   | 100 ml                      | 50 g        |
| Typical usage    | Sugars,<br>Carboxylic acids | Sugars,<br>Carboxylic acids | Amino Acids |

<sup>\*</sup>Larger packing sizes are available as custom packing

Note: a) The above products are available in uniform bead sizes of 220  $\mu$ m as well as bead sizes > 250  $\mu$ m for large industrial applications.

b) The above products are available in uniform bead sizes < 10  $\mu m$  which are available in bulk or HPLC columns for small analytical applications. Please request our MCI GEL catalog of these analytical resins.

#### More Preparative Ion Exchange Resins

The CA grade resins are based on a crosslinked polystyrene matrix having quaternary amine groups (trimethyl amine) with a chloride counter-ion for easy substitution. With varying the crosslinking degree or the DVB content (divinyl-benzene ratio) and the bead size of these resins, one can control the efficiency and the resolution in the separation of nucleotides, carbohydrates, sugars, carboxylic acids and anionic substances (e.g. Humic) etc... These styrenic matrices have excellent mechanical strength with wide range pH stability (1 to 14) and resistance to high temperatures (up to 60 °C operating temperature).

| Grades           | CA06S                       | CA08S                       | CA10S                       |
|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Brand Name       |                             | MCI GEL                     |                             |
| Matrix type      |                             | Gel                         |                             |
| Counter Ion      |                             | Cl <sup>-</sup>             |                             |
| Total Capacity   |                             | >1.2 meq/ml                 |                             |
| Crosslinked      | 6%                          | 8%                          | 10%                         |
| Mean size        |                             | 11 μm                       |                             |
| Particle range   |                             | 9 – 13 μm                   |                             |
| Column Dimension |                             | None                        |                             |
| Packing size*    | 10, 25, 50 g                | 10, 25, 50 g                | 10, 25, 50 g                |
| Typical usage    | Sugars, Carboxylic<br>acids | Sugars,<br>Carboxylic acids | Sugars, Carboxylic<br>acids |

| Grades           | CA08Y                    | CA08P                    | CHPA25**           |
|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| Brand Name       |                          | MCI GEL                  |                    |
| Matrix type      | G                        | el                       | Highly porous      |
| Counter Ion      |                          | Cl <sup>-</sup>          |                    |
| Total Capacity   | >1.2 meq/ml              | >1.3 meq/ml              | 0.5 meq/ml         |
| Crosslinked      | 8%                       | 8%                       | 25%                |
| Mean size        | 25 μm                    | 110                      | μm                 |
| Particle range   | 20 – 30 μm               | 75 – 1                   | 50 μm              |
| Column Dimension |                          | None                     |                    |
| Packing size*    | 50 g                     | 100 ml                   | 20 ml              |
| Typical usage    | Sugars, Carboxylic acids | Sugars, Carboxylic acids | Anionic substances |

<sup>\*</sup>Larger packing sizes are available as custom packing

Note: a) The above products are available in bead sizes  $> 150 \mu m$  for large industrial applications.

b) The above products are available in uniform bead sizes  $< 10 \, \mu m$  which are available in bulk or HPLC columns for small analytical applications. Please request our MCI GEL catalog of these analytical resins.

<sup>\*\*</sup>CHPA25 is also considered as a functionalized adsorbent with 20 m2/dry gram surface area

#### Synthetic Adsorbents

Diaion HP20 synthetic adsorbent resin is a macroporous styrenic polymeric bead type resin designed for adsorption/desorption process scale applications. Its matrix provides an aromatic non-polar surface with excellent selectivity for hydrophobic areas of molecules, including biomolecules like antibiotics via low energy van der Waal's interactions. It is remarkable for its wide pore polymeric structure which provides excellent broad spectrum adsorption characteristics. Diaion HP21 has slightly smaller pores, and slightly higher surface area than Diaion HP20.

The Sepabeads SP825 and SP850 resins provide a smaller more uniform pore size distribution and higher surface area as compared to Diaion HP20. The increase in surface area is approximately 2x traditional adsorbents, and nearly matches the surface area of activated carbon. In many applications, this means twice the working capacity for the same volume of resin. They are recommended for industrial chemical process applications, bio/pharmaceutical applications such as desalting and extraction, and waste treatment...

Sepabeads SP70, SP700, and SP710 are premium grade resins designed for the debittering of juices and related food products. These high surface area resins offer excellent kinetics and high capacity for naringin (and other bittering agents). They meet the compositional requirements for Secondary Direct Food Additives (21 CFR Section 173.65). Sepabeads SP70 and S710 are provided pre-conditioned to meet the extractive requirements on date of manufacture.

The Sepabeads SP207 resin is a macroporous chemically modified brominated styrenic polymeric type resin. The bromination of the aromatic ring provides increased hydrophobicity, and consequently, increased selectivity for hydrophobic molecules versus conventional styrene/DVB synthetic adsorbents like Diaion HP20 resin. In addition, the bromination increases the resin density which allows for settling in fermentation broths, and for usage in upflow fluidized beds.

Diaion HP2MG is a macroporous methacrylate polymeric resin. It has no aromatic character. Diaion HP2MG grades have different selectivity than the classic Diaion HP20. It is recommended for broad spectrum adsorption and desorption of small and large molecules, long chain aliphatic molecules, decolorization and desalting applications, and should be evaluated as an alternate resin matrix to the styrenic based adsorbents.

| Grades                     | HP20  | HP21               | SP825L                | SP850     | SP70  |
|----------------------------|-------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------|-------|
| Brand Name                 | D     | iaion              |                       | Sepabeads |       |
| Matrix type                |       | Н                  | ighly porous (styrene | , DVB)    |       |
| Ceph C Capacity* (g/L)     | ~ 38  | ~ 40               | ~ 80                  | ~ 85      | -     |
| Water Retention (%)        | 55-65 | 45-55              | 52-62                 | 46-52     | 55-65 |
| Shipping Density (g/L)     | ~ 680 | ~ 685              | ~ 685                 | ~ 695     | ~ 685 |
| Particle Size Distribution |       | On 250 µm: 90% min |                       |           |       |
| Effective Size (mm)        |       |                    | 0.25 min              |           |       |
| Surface Area (m2/dry-g)    | ~ 590 | ~ 640              | ~ 930                 | ~ 930     | ~ 870 |
| Pore Volume (ml/gram)      | ~ 1.3 | ~ 1.3              | ~ 1.4                 | ~ 1.1     | ~ 1.5 |
| Pore Radius (Å)            | 290   | 110                | 70                    | 45        | 70    |
| Specific gravity           | 1.01  |                    |                       |           |       |
| Swelling water to toluene  | 30%   | 30%                | 20%                   | 20%       | 24%   |
| Operating Temperature      |       |                    | 130°C max             |           |       |

| Grades                                   | SP700         | SP710            | SP207                    | HP2MG          |
|--|---------------|------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| Brand Name                               |               | Sepabead         | s                        | Diaion         |
| Matrix type                              | Highly porous | s (styrene, DVB) | (brominated styrene-DVB) | (Methacrylate) |
| Ceph C Capacity* (g/L)                   |               |                  | ~ 120                    | < 10           |
| Water Retention (%)                      | 60-70         | 60-70            | 43-53                    | 55-65          |
| Shipping Density (g/L)                   | ~ 680         | ~ 685            | ~ 790                    | ~ 720          |
| Particle Size Distribution               |               | On 250 µm: 90    | On 300 μm: 90% min       |                |
| Effective Size (mm)                      |               | 0.25 mir         | l .                      | 0.30 min       |
| Surface Area (m2/dry-g)                  | ~ 1200        | ~ 900            | ~ 600                    | ~ 570          |
| Pore Volume (ml/gram)                    | ~ 2.3         | -                | ~ 1.0                    | ~ 1.3          |
| Pore Radius (Å)                          | 90            | 90               | 110                      | 240            |
| Specific gravity                         | 1.01 1.19     |                  |                          | 1.09           |
| Reversible Swelling % (water to toluene) | 7             | -                | 20                       | 5              |
| Operating Temperature                    |               | 130°C ma         | X                        | -              |

 $\bullet$  Based on 4300 ppm feed loaded at 4 BV/hr (at 20 °C) to 50% leakage ( resin volume of 20 ml )

### Synthetic Adsorbents for Chromatography Separation

It is well known that smaller size resins are required to obtain higher purity and better recovery in chromatographic separation of pharmaceuticals. Mitsubishi Chemical offers several types of synthetic adsorbent grades in very useful particle size distribution for industrial scale chromatography.

HP20SS and SP20SS are directly polymerized, small particle size version of HP20. The wide pore polymer matrix provides excellent kinetics and capacity for small biomolecules of both preparative and process scale. They offer nice balance of pressure flow characteristics and true chromatographic fractionation and have also been successfully applied in simulated moving bed (SMB) applications for a variety of small biomolecules. They often compete with bonded silica supports for preparative and industrial applications.

SP2MGS is a small and uniform particle size version of methacrylate types Diaion HP2MG. It gives higher dynamic capacity than HP2MG and shows strong retention and unique selectivity in normal phase chromatography.

SP207SS is a small size version of modified aromatic type Sepabeads SP207. It is applied to reversed phase chromatography. The brominated polymeric matrix provides unique selectivity, full pH operating range and long operating life versus the conventional bonded silica packing materials used in preparative and industrial applications.

| Grades                 | HP20SS          | SP20SS         | SP207SS                  | SP2MGS           |
|------------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| Brand Name             | Diaion          |                | Sepabeads                |                  |
| Matrix type            | Highly porous ( | styrene, DVB)  | (brominated styrene-DVB) | (Methacrylate)   |
| Water Retention (%)    | 55-67           | 55-65          | 43-53                    | 61-69            |
| Shipping Density (g/L) | ~ 670           | ~ 660          | ~ 780                    | ~ 720            |
| Particle Size          | >150µm:15% max  | >75µm:30% max  | >150µm:15% max           | >220µm:1% max    |
| Distribution           | 63-150µm:70%min | 63-75µm:55%min | 63-150µm:70%min          | 120-160µm:85%min |
|                        | <63µm:20%max    | <63µm:15%max   | <63µm:20%max             | <90µm:1%max      |
| Surface Area (m2/dry-  | ~ 5             | 60             | ~ 590                    | ~ 520            |
| g)                     |                 |                |                          |                  |
| Pore Volume (ml/gram)  | ~ 1.2           |                | ~ 1.0                    | ~ 1.3            |
| Pore Radius (Å)        | ~ 290           |                | ~ 110                    | ~ 230            |
| Operating Temperature  |                 | 130°C max      |                          | -                |

#### Styrenic Reversed Phase Resins

The CHP grade resins are based on highly crosslinked polystyrene matrix with no functionality. With varying the pore size, the surface area, and the bead size of these resins, the chromatographer can control the efficiency and the resolution in the separation of pharmaceuticals (e.g. heterocyclic compounds), steroids, small peptides and proteins, oligonucleotides, amphoteric molecules (e.g. sulfonamides, antibiotics, nucleic bases), basic drugs (e.g. anticonvulsants), simple amines (e.g. catecholamine), and antihistamines etc... These styrenic matrices have excellent mechanical strength with wide range pH stability (1 to 14) and resistance to high temperatures (up to 120 °C operating temperature).

CHP20 grades are the preparative size for HP20. CHP50 grades are the preparative size for HP21. CHP07 grades are the preparative size for SP207. SP70Y is the preparative size of SP70 and therefore can be used in food applications.

CSP800 is used for enrichment traces of organic compounds in environmental water with high concentration ratio and high recovery, is recommended for sample preparation for mutagenicity study. CHP85/P120 and CHP87/P120 with controlled micro-pore size, in particular, have a distinctive advantage not to adsorb high molecular weight proteins but to adsorb only low molecular weight organic compounds.

| Grades           | CHP50/P10    | CHP50/P20 | CHP20P/P20 | CHP50/P30 | CHP20/P30  | SP70Y  |
|------------------|--------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|--------|
| Brand Name       |              |           | MCI        | GEL       |            |        |
| Matrix           |              |           | Styrene    | e-DVB     |            |        |
| Mean size        | 10 μm        | 20        | μm         |           | 30 µm      |        |
| Particle range   | 9 – 11 μm    | 18-2      | .2 μm      |           | 20 – 40 μm |        |
| Pore Diameter    | 25           | 50        | 450        | 250       | 450        | 150    |
| (Ang)            |              |           |            |           |            |        |
| Column Dimension | 4.6 x 150 mm |           |            | None      |            |        |
|                  | 10 x 250 mm  |           |            |           |            |        |
|                  | 20 x 150 mm  |           |            |           |            |        |
|                  | 20 x 250 mm  |           |            |           |            |        |
| Packing sizes    | 10 g, 1000 g | 25, 100,  | 25, 100,   | 25, 100,  | 25, 100,   | 1000ml |
| -                |              | 1000ml    | 1000ml     | 1000ml    |            |        |

| Grades           | CHP20/P50 dry | CHP20P/P120     | CSP800 | CHP85/P120 | CHP87/P120 |
|------------------|---------------|-----------------|--------|------------|------------|
| Brand Name       |               | MCI GEL         |        |            |            |
| Matrix           |               | Styrene-DVB     |        |            |            |
| Mean size        | 50 µm         | 120 µm          |        |            |            |
| Particle range   | 37 – 75 μm    | 75 – 150 μm     |        |            |            |
| Pore Diameter    | 450           |                 | -      | Small      | Very Small |
| (Ang)            |               |                 |        |            |            |
| Column Dimension | None          |                 |        |            |            |
| Packing sizes    | 100 gram      | .1, .5,1,10,50L | 50ml   | 100 ml     |            |

| Grades           | CHP07/P10     | CHP07/P120  |  |
|------------------|---------------|-------------|--|
| Brand Name       | MCI GEL       |             |  |
| Matrix           | Brominated St | tyrene-DVB  |  |
| Mean size        | 10 µm         | 110 µm      |  |
| Particle range   | 9 – 11 μm     | 75 – 150 µm |  |
| Pore Diameter    | 250           |             |  |
| (Ang)            |               |             |  |
| Column Dimension | 4.6 x 150 mm  | None        |  |
|                  | 10 x 250 mm   |             |  |
|                  | 20 x 150 mm   |             |  |
|                  | 20 x 250 mm   |             |  |
| Packing sizes    | 500 ml, 40 L  | 1,10,50L    |  |

Note: a) Most of the above products are available in bead sizes > 200 μm for large industrial applications. Please check the Synthetic Adsorbent section.

b) The above products are available in uniform bead sizes  $< 10 \, \mu m$  which are available in bulk or HPLC columns for small analytical applications. Please request our MCI GEL catalog of these analytical resins.

#### Methacrylic Reversed Phase Resins

The CMG grade resins are based on highly crosslinked polymeth acrylic matrix with no functionality. Polymethacrylate resins have no aromatic character, offering medium hydrophobicity (less hydrophobic than styrenic resins or octadecyl silane). They are mainly used in the separation of pharmaceuticals (e.g. polyaromatic and polyaliphatic compounds), water soluble vitamins, small peptides and proteins, oligonucleotides, simple amines (e.g. catecholamine), and agricultural chemicals etc... These methacrylic matrices have excellent mechanical strength and wide range pH stability (1 to 13), and resistance to high temperatures (up to 120 °C operating temperature). CMG grades are the preparative size for HP2MG.

The CHPOD is an unusual product as it has surface hydrophobicity as well as hydrophobic functionality. It is an Octoadecyl-alkylated aliphatic porous polymer which is less hydrophobic than the other CHP resin but more hydrophobic than the CMG grades.

| Grades           | CMG20/P10    | CMG20/P30       | CMG20/P150 | CHPOD/P30                     |
|------------------|--------------|-----------------|------------|-------------------------------|
| Brand Name       |              |                 | MCI GEL    |                               |
| Matrix           |              | Methacrylate    |            | Octadecyl-Alkylated Aliphatic |
| Mean size        | 10 µm        | 30 µm           | 10 µm      | 30 µm                         |
| Particle range   | 9 – 11 μm    | 25 – 35 μm      | 9 – 11 μm  | 25 – 35 μm                    |
| Pore Diameter    |              |                 | 250        |                               |
| (Ang)            |              |                 |            |                               |
| Column Dimension | 4.6 x 150 mm |                 | Non        | e                             |
|                  | 10 x 250 mm  |                 |            |                               |
|                  | 20 x 150 mm  |                 |            |                               |
|                  | 20 x 250 mm  |                 |            |                               |
| Packing size*    | 10 g, 1000 g | 25, 100, 1000ml | 10 g,      | 100 g                         |

Note:

- a) Most of the above products are available in bead sizes > 200  $\mu m$  for large industrial applications. Please check the Synthetic Adsorbent section.
- b) The above products are available in uniform bead sizes  $< 10 \, \mu m$  which are available in bulk or HPLC columns for small analytical applications. Please request our MCI GEL catalog of these analytical resins.

#### Bioseparation: Wide Pore Hydrophilic Cation Exchange Resins

The CQ grade resins are based on highly crosslinked polymeth acrylic matrix, which is further hydroxylated for added hydrophilicity. These matrices are functionalized with either sulfonic acid or carboxymethyl to form strong acid and weak acid cation exchangers respectively with a sodium counter ion. By varying the bead size of these resins, the chromatographer can control the efficiency and the resolution in the separation of cationic proteins, peptides, and polynucleotides (separation at a pH < PI of the target molecule). These methacrylic polymer matrices have excellent mechanical strength with wide range pH stability (1 to 13) and resistance to high temperatures (can be autoclaved at 121 °C for 20 minutes). The calibration curve for CQ grades is presented on Pg. 7 of this brochure.

MCI GEL PrepEx SP is a unique product to Mitsubishi Chemical. In addition to the hydroxylated polymethacrylic matrix of the CQ resins, PrepEx SP has an additional hydrophilic layer of glycol chain covalently bonded onto the matrix for additional hydrophilicity. PrepEx SP is remarkable for high recovery with negligible non-specific binding (which increases operating life in preparative chromatography).

Relisorb media are also based on highly crosslinked polymerthacrylic matrix, which is hydroxylated for added hydrophilicity. These matrices are functionalized with either a carboxymethyl or a sulfopropyl. These resins are used in the large scale separation of cationic proteins, peptides, and polynucleotides (separation ran at a pH < PI of the target molecule) as well as enzyme immobilization supports. These methacrylic matrices have excellent mechanical strength with wide range pH stability (1 to 13) and resistance to high temperatures (up to  $60^{\circ}$ C operating temperature). They enable an easy scale-up from the CQ series into industrial size applications.

| Grades            | CQK30S       | CQK30P          | CQK31S            | CQK31P     |  |  |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------|--|--|
| Brand Name        |              | MCI             | GEL               |            |  |  |
| Mean size         | 10 µm        | 30 µm           | 10 µm             | 30 µm      |  |  |
| Particle range    | 9 – 11 μm    | 25 – 35 μm      | 9 – 11 μm         | 25 – 35 μm |  |  |
| Functional Group  | S            | Р               | C                 | M          |  |  |
| Counter Ion       |              | Na <sup>+</sup> |                   |            |  |  |
| Functional degree | 0.3-0.5      | meq/g           | 0.2-0.4           | - meq/g    |  |  |
| Exclusion Limit   |              | Up to           | o 10 <sup>6</sup> |            |  |  |
| Pore Diameter     |              | 60              | 00                |            |  |  |
| (Ang)             |              |                 |                   |            |  |  |
| Column Dimension  | 7.5 x 75 mm  | None            | 7.5 x 75 mm       | None       |  |  |
| Packing size*     | 10, 25, 50 g | 100 ml          | 10, 25, 50 g      | 100 ml     |  |  |

| Grades                      | CM400/SS*<br>(CM400)<br>[CM405/EB]       | SP400/SS*<br>(SP400)<br>[SP405/EB] |  |
|-----------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Brand Name                  | Reli                                     | sorb                               |  |
| Particle range              | 50-150 μm<br>(75-200 μm)<br>[200-500 μm] |                                    |  |
| Functional Group            | CM                                       | SP                                 |  |
| Counter Ion                 | $\mathrm{H}^{\scriptscriptstyle +}$      | Na <sup>+</sup>                    |  |
| Total Capacity              | >0.15 meq/ml                             | >0.10 meq/ml                       |  |
| Lysozyme binding Capacity** | >30 mg/ml                                | >40 mg/ml                          |  |
| Bulk density                | ~ 800 gran                               | ns per liter                       |  |
| Specific Gravity            | >1.10 grams/ml                           |                                    |  |
| Pore Diameter (Ang)         | 400 t                                    | o 500                              |  |

<sup>\*</sup>Resins available in packed SPE columns called ReliChrom. 5 ml each x 100mm deep.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Feed solution: 8 g/L lysozyme in 20mM sodium acetate buffer, PH 5; flow rate = 150 cm/hr

#### Bioseparation: Wide Pore Hydrophilic Anion Exchange Resins

The CQ grade resins are based on highly crosslinked polymethacrylic matrix, which is further hydroxylated for added hydrophilicity. These matrices are functionalized with either a quaternary amine (trimethyl amine) or a diethyl-aminoethyl to form strong basic and weak basic anion exchangers respectively with a chloride counter ion. By varying the bead size of these resins, the chromatographer can control the efficiency and the resolution in the separation of anionic proteins, peptides, and polynucleotides (separation ran at a pH > PI of the target molecule). These methacrylic matrices have excellent mechanical strength with wide range pH stability (1 to 13) and resistance to high temperatures (up to  $60^{\circ}$ C operating temperature). The calibration curve for CQ grades is presented on Pg. 7 of this brochure.

The FP grade resins are based on highly crosslinked polymethacrylic matrix, which is hydroxylated for added hydrophilicity. These matrices are functionalized with either a diethyl-amino, or hexyldiamine to form weak basic anion exchangers. These resins are used in the large scale separation of anionic proteins, peptides, and polynucleotides (separation ran at a pH > PI of the target molecule) as well as enzyme immobilization supports. These methacrylic matrices have excellent mechanical strength with wide range pH stability (1 to 13) and resistance to high temperatures (up to 60°C operating temperature). FP-DA13 is a unique product to Mitsubishi Chemical. The diethylamine (DEA) functionality is a secondary amine base group which provides increased capacity towards target molecules. FP-HA13 is a unique product to Mitsubishi Chemical. The diaminohexyl functionality is a polyamine (2 amine) branches with both secondary and primary amine sites. This will increase capacity towards anionic target molecules.

Relisorb media are also based on highly crosslinked polymerthacrylic matrix, which is hydroxylated for added hydrophilicity. These matrices are functionalized with either a tertiary amine or quaternary amine. They are used in similar fashion to the FP grade series.

| Grades            | CQA35S        | CQA35P                  | CQA31S        | CQA31P                  | FP-DA13       |
|-------------------|---------------|-------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| Brand Name        |               | MCI                     | GEL           |                         | Sepabeads     |
| Mean size         | 10 µm         | 30 µm                   | 10 µm         | 30 µm                   | 120 µm        |
| Particle range    | 9 – 11 μm     | 25 – 35 μm              | 9 – 11 μm     | 25 – 35 μm              | 100– 150 μm   |
| Functional Group  | QA            | QA                      | DEAE          | DEAE                    | Diethyl amine |
| Counter Ion       | C             | 11 <sup>-</sup>         |               | Free Base               |               |
| Functional degree | 0.3-0.5 meq/g |                         | 0.5-0.7 meq/g |                         | 1.90 meq/ml   |
| Capacity BSA      |               |                         |               |                         | 15-20 mg/ml   |
| Exclusion Limit   |               |                         | Up to $10^6$  |                         |               |
| Pore Diameter     |               |                         | 600           |                         |               |
| (Ang)             |               |                         |               |                         |               |
| Column            | 7.5 x 75 mm   | None                    | 7.5 x 75 mm   | None                    |               |
| Dimension         |               |                         |               |                         |               |
| Packing size*     | 10, 25, 50 g  | 25, 50, 100,<br>1000 ml | 10, 25, 50 g  | 25, 50, 100,<br>1000 ml | 500 ml, 40 L  |

| Grades              | FP-HA13                 | DA400/SS*<br>(DA400)<br>[DA405/EB]       | QA400/SS*<br>(QA400)<br>[QA405/EB] |
|---------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| Brand Name          | Sepabeads               | Reli                                     | sorb                               |
| Mean size           | 120 µm                  | -  | -                                  |
| Particle range      | 100 – 150 μm            | 50-150 μm<br>(75-200 μm)<br>[200-500 μm] |                                    |
| Functional Group    | hexyldiamine            | Diethyl amine                            | QA                                 |
| Counter Ion         | Free Base               | Free Base                                | Cl⁻                                |
| Functional degree   | 2.05 meq/ml             | >0.3 n                                   | neq/ml                             |
| Capacity BSA        | 25-30 mg/ml             | >30 mg/ml                                | -                                  |
| Exclusion Limit     | Up to $10^6$            |  | -                                  |
| Pore Diameter (Ang) | 1000                    | 400 to 500                               |                                    |
| Packing size*       | 500 ml, 40 L            | various                                  | various                            |
| Bulk density        | - ~ 800 grams per liter |  | ns per liter                       |
| Specific Gravity    | -                       | >1.10 g                                  | rams/ml                            |

<sup>\*</sup>Resins available in packed SPE columns called ReliChrom. 5 ml each x 100mm deep.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Feed solution: 10 g/L BSA in 20 mM TRIS-HCl buffer, pH 7; flow rate = 150 cm/hr

#### Bioseparation: Wide Pore HIC Resins

The CQ grade resins are based on highly crosslinked polymethacrylic matrix which is hydroxylated for added hydrophillicity. These matrices are functionalized with either butyl, ether, or phenyl groups. By varying the bead size of these resins, the chromatographer can control the efficiency and the resolution in the separation of proteins, peptides, and polynucleotides (hydrophobicity decreases from phenyl to butyl to ether). These methacrylic matrices have excellent mechanical strength with wide range pH stability (1 to 13) and resistance to high temperatures (up to 60°C operating temperature). The calibration curve for CQ grades is presented on Pg. 7 of this brochure.

Relisorb media are also based on highly crosslinked polymerthacrylic matrix, which is hydroxylated for added hydrophilicity. These matrices are functionalized with either a butyl, phenyl, or octadecyl. These resins are used in the large scale separation of proteins, peptides, and polynucleotides as well as enzyme immobilization supports. These methacrylic matrices have excellent mechanical strength with wide range pH stability (1 to 13) and resistance to high temperatures (up to 60°C operating temperature). They enable an easy scale-up from the CQ series into industrial size applications.

| Grades            | CQH3BS       | СОНЗВР                      | CQH3PS       | СQН3РР     | CQH3ES       |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| Brand Name        |              |                             | MCI GEL      |            |              |
| Mean size         | 10 µm        | 30 µm                       | 10 µm        | 30 µm      | 10 µm        |
| Particle range    | 9 – 11 μm    | 25 – 35 μm                  | 9 – 11 μm    | 25 – 35 μm | 9 – 11 μm    |
| Functional Group  | Bu           | Butyl Phe                   |              |            | Ether        |
| Functional degree |              |                             | Proprietary  |            |              |
| Exclusion Limit   |              |                             | Up to $10^6$ |            |              |
| Pore Diameter     |              |                             | 600          |            |              |
| (Ang)             |              |                             |              |            |              |
| Column Dimension  | 7.5 x 75 mm  | 7.5 x 75 mm None 7.5 x 75 m |              |            | 7.5 x 75 mm  |
| Packing size*     | 10, 25, 50 g | 100 ml                      | 10, 25, 50 g | 100 ml     | 10, 25, 50 g |

| Grades                              | BU400/SS*<br>(BU400)<br>[BU405/EB]       | PH400/SS*<br>(PH400)<br>[PH405/EB] | OD400/SS*<br>(OD400)<br>[OD405/EB] |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Brand Name                          |  | Relisorb                           |                                    |  |  |
| Particle range                      | 50-150 μm<br>(75-200 μm)<br>[200-500 μm] |                                    |                                    |  |  |
| Functional Group                    | Butyl                                    | Octadecyl                          |                                    |  |  |
| Counter Ion                         | -  |                                    |                                    |  |  |
| Capacity<br>Bovine serum<br>Albumin | >30 mg/ml >20 mg/ml                      |                                    |                                    |  |  |
| Bulk density                        | ~ 800 grams per liter                    |                                    |                                    |  |  |
| Specific Gravity                    | >1.10 grams/ml                           |                                    |                                    |  |  |
| Pore Diameter (Ang)                 | 400 to 500                               |                                    |                                    |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup>Resins available in packed SPE columns called ReliChrom. 5 ml each x 100mm deep.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Feed solution: 10 g/L BSA in 20 mM phosphate buffer, pH 7; + 2M ammonium sulfate; flow rate = 150 cm/hr

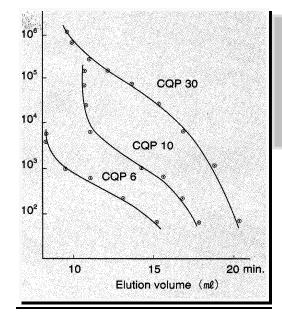
# Bioseparation: Hydrophilic Aqueous Gel Filtration Resins

The CQ grade resins are based on highly crosslinked polymethacrylic matrix, which is further hydroxylated for added hydrophilicity. These matrices are not functionalized, and have no interfering ionic interaction to achieve maximum separation by size exclusion. By varying the bead size and pore size of these resins, the chromatographer can control the efficiency and the resolution in the separation of proteins, peptides, lipids, and polynucleotides. These methacrylic matrices have excellent mechanical strength with wide range pH stability (1 to 13) and resistance to high temperatures (these resins can be autoclaved at 121°C for 20 minutes). The calibration curve for MCI GEL CQP grades is presented below.

| Grades              | CQP06       | CQP10        | CQP30 | CQP30P       | FP-HG13      |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------|-------|--------------|--------------|
| Brand Name          |             | MCI          | GEL   |              | Sepabeads    |
| Mean size           |             | 10 µm        |       | 30 µm        | 120 μm       |
| Particle range      |             | 9 – 11 μm    |       | 25 – 35 μm   | 100 – 150 μm |
| Functional Group    |             | Diol         |       |              |              |
| Counter Ion         |             | None         |       |              |              |
| Exclusion Limit     | Up to 1,000 | Up to 10,000 |       | Up to $10^6$ |              |
| Pore Diameter (Ang) | 120 200     |              |       | 600          |              |
| Column<br>Dimension | 7.5 x 75 mm |              |       | 1            | None         |
| Packing size*       |             | 10, 25, 50 g |       | 100 ml       | 500 ml, 40 L |

<sup>\*</sup>Larger packing sizes are available as custom packing

Molecular Weight



#### Conditions

Column : MCI GEL CQP06, CQP10, CQP30

4.5mm IDx600mmL

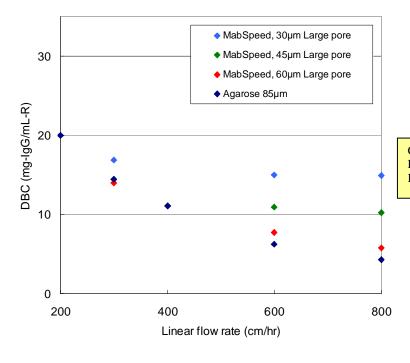
 $\begin{array}{lll} Eluent: & H_2O \\ Flow Rate: & 1.0 \text{ ml/min} \\ Column temp: & ambient \\ Detection: & RI \end{array}$ 

Sample: PEG 100µl injection

# Bioseparation: MabSpeed TM: New high throughput Antibody Affinity Media

- Suitable for large scale operation
- No limitation of flow rate and bed height
- Rigid, spherical and totally porous polymer matrix
- Excellent particle size uniformity
- Stable for cycle operation
- Flexible for particle size and porosity

| Grades                              | MabSpeed                                     |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Brand Name                          | MCI GEL                                      |
| Matrix                              | Methacrylate                                 |
| Mean size                           | 30 μm<br>45 μm<br>60 μm                      |
| Functional Group                    | r-Protein A                                  |
| Dynamic Binding<br>Capacity for igG | > 30 g/L at 100 cm/h<br>> 20 g/L at 600 cm/h |
| Exclusion Limit                     | Up to $10^6$                                 |
| Pore Diameter (Ang)                 | 1000   |
| Operating Linear<br>Velocity        | ~ 1,000 cm/h                                 |



Column: 5 I.D. x 127mm MabSpeed. DBC of mouse IgG at 10% breakthrough. Buffer: PBS, pH 7.4

# Other Resins: Enzyme Carrier Resins

Relizyme and Sepabeads EC media are based on highly crosslinked polymethacrylic matrix. These matrices are functionalized with various groups to allow for covalent or hydrophobic bonding to occur. These resins are used as enzyme immobilization supports. These methacrylic matrices have excellent mechanical strength with wide range pH stability (1 to 13) and resistance to high temperatures (up to 60°C operating temperature). Immobilized proteases, inulases, lipases, amidases are already available commercially. Assistance is also available to recommend or perform custom immobilization or screening.

| Grades                                       | EP403<br>[ECEP]                                       | HFA403<br>[ECHFA]             | EA403<br>[ECEA] | HA403<br>[ECHA] | HG403<br>[ECHG] |  |
|--|---|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Brand Name                                   | Relizyme<br>[Sepabeads]                               |                               |                 |                 |                 |  |
| Matrix                                       | Methacrylate  |                               |                 |                 |                 |  |
| Functional Group                             | Epoxy   | Epoxy on a hydrophilic spacer | Ethylamine      | Hexylamine      | Diol            |  |
| Functional Group<br>Density (µmole/g<br>wet) | >30<br>[>100]   | >40<br>[>75]                  | >500<br>[>600]  | >500<br>[>700]  | -               |  |
| Particle range                               | 100-300 μm for S grades<br>200 to 500 μm for M grades |                               |                 |                 |                 |  |
| Pore Diameter (Ang)                          | 400 to 600<br>[100 to 200]                            |                               |                 |                 |                 |  |
| Immobilization<br>Technique                  | Covalent  |                               |                 |                 |                 |  |

| Grades                                       | BU403<br>[ECBU]                                       | OD403<br>[ECOD] |  |  |
|--|---|-----------------|--|--|
| Brand Name                                   | Relizyme<br>[Sepabeads]                               |                 |  |  |
| Matrix                                       | Methacrylate  |                 |  |  |
| Functional Group                             | Butyl   | Octadecyl       |  |  |
| Functional Group<br>Density (µmole/g<br>wet) | -   | -               |  |  |
| Particle range                               | 100-300 μm for S grades<br>200 to 500 μm for M grades |                 |  |  |
| Pore Diameter (Ang)                          | 400 to 600<br>[100 to 200]                            |                 |  |  |
| Immobilization<br>Technique                  | Hydrophobic   |                 |  |  |

Note: The products above are also available as part of a screening kit.

#### Other Resins: Ligand Adsorption for Affinity Chromatography

Relisorb media are based on highly crosslinked polymethacrylic matrix. These matrices are functionalized with various groups to allow for covalent or ionic bonding to occur. These resins are used to immobilize ligands for affinity chromatography. It is based on the specific adsorption of a molecule to a ligand or macromolecule. Many biological molecules can be purified on the basis of specific interaction between their chemical or biological structure and a suitable affinity ligand. Typical molecular pairs are antigens and antibodies, enzymes and coenzymes, and sugars with lectins. Affinity Chromatography media have ligands that are bonded via a spacer arm to the packing material. A specific biological molecule is then reversibly adsorbed to the immobilized ligand. The ReliSorb resins for Affinity Chromatography permit this action. Relisorb IDA400, for example, is suitable for His-tag proteins.

Relisorb products are also available as prepacked columns for easy screening. Such columns are available under the name brand of Relichrom.

| Grades                                       | IDA400/SS<br>(IDA400)<br>[IDA405/EB]     | HG400/SS<br>(HG400)<br>[HG405/EB] | EP400/SS<br>(EP400)<br>[EP405/EB] | SA400/SS<br>(SA400)<br>[SA405/EB]] | LA400/SS<br>(LA400)<br>[LA405/EB]] |  |  |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Brand Name                                   | Relisorb                                 |                                   |                                   |                                    |                                    |  |  |
| Matrix                                       | Methacrylate                             |                                   |                                   |                                    |                                    |  |  |
| Functional Group                             | Iminodiacetic                            | Diol                              | Epoxy                             | Ethyl Amine                        | Hexyl Amine                        |  |  |
| Ion Exchange Capacity*                       | >100 µmole/ml<br>Ni <sup>2+</sup> resin  |                                   | -                                 |                                    |                                    |  |  |
| Dynamic Binding<br>Capacity for<br>Papaine** | >10 mg/ml<br>resin                       |                                   | -                                 |                                    |                                    |  |  |
| Particle range                               | 50-150 μm<br>(75-200 μm)<br>[200-500 μm] |                                   |                                   |                                    |                                    |  |  |
| Pore Diameter (Ang)                          | 400 to 600                               |                                   |                                   |                                    |                                    |  |  |
| Bulk density                                 | ~ 800 grams per liter                    |                                   |                                   |                                    |                                    |  |  |
| Specific Gravity                             | >1.10 grams/ml                           |                                   |                                   |                                    |                                    |  |  |
| Immobilization<br>Technique                  | Ionic (e.g. Ni as<br>His-tag site)       | Cova                              | lent                              | Covalent                           | or Ionic                           |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup>  $Ni^{2+}$  ionic form is applied only for the Relichrom prepacked columns; different ionic forms are also available upon request \*\* 20 grams/liter Papaine crude extract in 20 mM Phosphate buffer, pH 7.2 + NaCl 200 mM; flow rate = 150 cm/hr

## Remarks in handling Ion Exchange Resins

#### Handling:

Wear suitable personal protective equipments to prevent exposure to eyes and skin, and handle ion exchange resins at well-ventilated places from the windward. Eye-washing facilities should be set nearby. When contacted with eyes, rinse eyes with much water and consult a doctor. When swallowed, drink a lot of water and consult a doctor depending on symptoms. Spilt ion exchange resins should be collected and the floors should be cleaned, lest they may be slippery. Separate from high temperature machinery and materials, fireworks, flames, and avoid contacts and/or mixing with oxidizing materials

Sufficient care must be taken not to contact with oxidizing agents, e.g. nitric acid, since ion exchange resins may degrade or even explode when contacted with them.

#### Storage:

Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated, and dark places. Close tightly to prevent contamination and solvent vaporization. Separate from oxidizing materials.

Ion exchange resins deteriorate fast at high temperatures and containing water may freeze and break the beads at temperatures below freezing.

#### Disposal:

Disposal of unused ion exchange resins should be done by reclamation and/or incineration according to the instructions at the notice of handling and storage. Incineration should be implemented by incinerators that have proper facilities to treat Sox, NOx, CO, and other gases. The used ion exchange resins that adsorb heavy metals must be disposed subject to the direction of the wastes disposal and public clean laws.

#### Preparation before use:

After filling brand new ion exchange resins into towers, backwashing and conditionings are recommended in order to eliminate the remaining elution impurities.

The backwashing and conditioning conditions vary depending on the designs and the reagents that can be applied.

There are two ways in conditioning: one is reciprocal washings with dilute acid water, e.g. 2N-HCl, and with dilute alkali water, e.g. 1N-NaOH, and the other is reciprocal flows of regenerating reagents and rinse water. The conditioning method and the number of such repetition are decided on the required quality of the treated water and other factors.

Consult the designer/engineer of your packed columns before the actual operations.

#### **CONTACT INFORMATION**

Please do not hesitate to contact us when in need of samples, pricing, MSDS as well as technical information and guidance.

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