USER MANUAL OF JUSTOCK CLUB SPEC ESC

[DECLARATION]

Thanks for purchasing our Electronic Speed Controller (ESC). High power system for RC model can be very dangerous, so please read this manual carefully. In that we have no control over the correct use, installation, application, or maintenance of our products, no liability shall be assumed nor accepted for any damages, losses or costs resulting from the use of the product. Any claims arising from the operating, failure of malfunctioning etc. will be denied. We assume no liability for personal injury, consequential damages resulting from our product or our workmanship. As far as is legally permitted, the obligation to compensation is limited to the invoice amount of the affected product.

[FEATURES]

- Smart and small. *
- Drivers sensored and sensorless motors.
- The most advanced competition firmware with perfect control feeling.
- Timing is permanently set to zero degree (unchangeable). With the identical racing motor, each driver has the same power system to have a real just stock racing.
- User programmable.
 - 3 running modes (Forward mode, Forward/Reverse mode, Rock Crawler mode)
 - 4 steps of maximum reverse force adjustment.
 - Proportional ABS brake function with 4 steps of maximum brake force adjustment, 8 steps of drag-brake force adjustment and 4 steps of initial brake force adjustment.
 - 9 start modes (Also called "Punch") from "very soft (Level 1)" to "very aggressive (Level 9)".
 - Multiple protection features: Low voltage cut-off protection / Over-heat protection / Throttle signal loss protection / Motor blocked protection.
- Firmware updatable, but always with zero timing.
- Budget friendly. The cheap price makes a CLUB racing more popular and easier.

[SPECIFICATIONS]

Model		JUSTOCK CLUB SPEC		
Cont./ Burst Current		45A/260A		
Suitable Car		1/10, 1/12 on-road & off-road CLUB competition and normal training		
Suitable Motor		Sensored and sensorless brushless motors		
Motor	4-6cells NiMH or 2S Lipo	≥8.5T (1/10 on-road), ≥11.5T (1/10 off-road)		
Turns	8-9cells NiMH or 3S Lipo	≥13.5T (1/10 on-road), ≥17.5T (1/10 off-road)		
Resistance		0.0006 ohm		
Battery		4-9 cells NiMH or 2-3 cells Lipo		
BEC Output		6V@2A, Built-in BEC (Switching mode DC-DC regulator)		
Dimension		33mm(L) * 28mm(W) * 31.5mm(H) (Cooling fan included)		
Weight		59g (Cooling fan NOT included)		
Cooling Fan Working Voltage		5V@0.16A (The fan gets its power supply from the built-in BEC)		

[BEGIN TO USE THE NEW ESC]

1. Connect the ESC, motor, receiver, battery and servo correctly.

a) Sensored brushless motor wiring

When using brushless motor with Hall Sensor, it is necessary to connect the sensor cable to the "SENSOR" socket on the ESC, and ESC can automatically identify the motor type (sensored or sensorless) by detecting the signal coming from the SENSOR socket.

WARNING! For sensored brushless motor, the #A, #B, #C wires of the ESC MUST be connected with the motor wire #A, #B, #C respectively. Do not change the wires sequence optionally!

Servo plugged into Red power wire steering ch. (#1) (battery positive) Black power wire battery negative) Receiver. Input TH channe (Ch. 2) ensor wire Orange power wire (motor phase 'C') Yellow power wire (motor phase 'B') Blue power wire (motor phase 'A')

b) Sensorless brushless motor wiring

When using brushless motor without Hall Sensor, the #A, #B, #C wires of the ESC can be connected with the motor

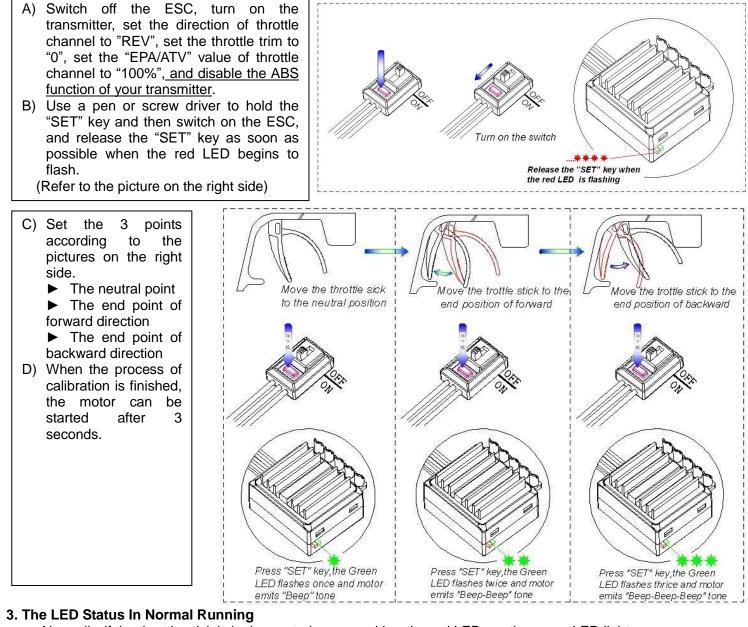
wires freely (without any order). If the motor runs in the opposite direction, please swap any two wire connections. Note: For SENSORLESS motor, you can also set the throttle channel of your transmitter to the "Reverse" direction, and then the motor will run oppositely. And please calibrate the throttle range again after changing the direction of throttle channel. Please keep in mind that this method is ONLY available for SENSORLESS motor.

2. Throttle Range Setting (Throttle Range Calibration)

In order to make the ESC fit the throttle range, you must calibrate it when you begin to use a new ESC, or a new transmitter, or change the settings such as the neutral position of the throttle stick, ATV or EPA parameters, etc. Otherwise the ESC cannot work properly.

There are 3 points need to be set, they are the "Top point of forward", the "Top point of backward" and the "Neutral point". The following pictures show how to set the throttle range with a **Futaba**[™] transmitter.

- function of your transmitter.
 - "SET" key and then switch on the ESC, and release the "SET" key as soon as possible when the red LED begins to flash.



- Normally, if the throttle stick is in the neutral range, neither the red LED nor the green LED lights.
- The green LED lights when the throttle stick is moved to the top point of the forward zone.

[ALERT TONES]

1. Input voltage abnormal alert tone: The ESC begins to check the input voltage when power on, if the voltage is out of the normal range, such an alert tone will be heard: "beep-beep-, beep-beep-, beep-beep-" (There is 1 second interval between every "beep-beep-" tone).

2. Throttle signal abnormal alert tone: When the ESC can't detect the normal throttle signal, such an alert tone will be heard: "beep-, beep-, beep-" (There is 2 seconds interval between every "beep-" tone).

Ver: HW-09-JST-20110904 Page 1 of 3

The red LED lights when the car is running forward or backward and it will flash quickly when the car is braking.

USER MANUAL OF JUSTOCK CLUB SPEC ESC

TROUBLE SHOOTING		
Trouble	Possible Reason	Solution
After power on, motor doesn't work, no sound is emitted	The connections of battery pack are not correct The switch is damaged	Check the power connections, replace the connectors or switch
After never on motor een't work but		Check the veltage of the better real
After power on, motor can't work, but emits "beep-beep-, beep-beep-" alert tone. (Every "beep-beep-" has a time interval of 1 second)	or too low	Check the voltage of the battery pack
After power on, the red LED lights, but motor cannot run	Throttle signal is abnormal	Check the transmitter and the receiver, and check the signal wire connection of your ESC
The motor runs in the opposite direction	the ESC and the motor need to be changed	 Swap any two wire connections between the ESC and the motor. (Note: This method is ONLY available for SENSORLESS motor) Please don't use the ESC for this special
The motor stops running while in	this ESC	chassis The red LED flashes means Low voltag
working state		protection, please replace the battery pack The green LED flashes means Over-hea protection, please wait for some minutes t cool the ESC
When accelerating quickly, the motor stops or trembles	1) The battery has a bad discharge performance	1) Use a better battery
		Use lower KV motor or change the gea rate or set the "Start Mode" more softly
	the ESC detects abnormal signal from the sensor, so it changes to	
	sensorless mode automatically	 The Hall sensors in the motor ar damaged, please change the motor
The motor trembles but cannot start smoothly	1) The connctions are not A-A, B-B and C-C	1) Check the connections
	2) The ESC is damaged	2)Contact the dealer for after-sales service

[PROGRAM THE ESC]

1. Programmable Items List (The italics texts in the form are the default settings)

Programmable	Programmable Value								
Items	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Basic Items	Basic Items								
1. Running Mode	Forward with Brake	Forward/Reverse with Brake	Foward/Reverse (For Rock Crawler)						
2.Drag Brake Force	0%	5%	10%	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%	
3.Low Voltage Cut-Off Threshold	Non-Protection	2.6V/Cell	2.8V/Cell	3.0V /Cell	3.2V /Cell	3.4V /Cell			
4.Start Mode(Punch)	Level1	Level2	Level3	Level4	Level5	Level6	Level7	Level8	Level9
Advanced Items									
5.Max Brake Force	25%	50%	75%	100%					
6.Max Reverse Force	25%	50%	75%	100%					
7.Initial Brake Force	= Drag Brake Force	0%	20%	40%					
8.Neutral Range	6% (Narrow)	9% (Normal)	12% (Wide)						
9.Timing	ming Permanently set to 0 degree, unchangeable								
10.Over-heat Protection	Enable	Disable							

2. Explanation For Each Programmable Item

2.1. Running Mode: With "Forward with Brake" mode, the car can go forward and brake, but cannot go backward, this

mode is suitable for competition; "Forward/Reverse with Brake" mode provides backward function, which is suitable for daily training.

Note: "Forward/Reverse with Brake" mode uses "Double-click" method to make the car go backward. When you move the throttle stick from forward zone to backward zone for the first time (The 1st "click"), the ESC begins to brake the motor, the motor speeds down but it is still running, not completely stopped, so the backward action is NOT happened immediately. When the throttle stick is moved to the backward zone again (The 2nd "click"), if the motor speed is slowed down to zero (i.e. stopped), the backward action will happen. The "Double-Click" method can prevent mistakenly reversing action when the brake function is frequently used in steering. By the way, in the process of braking or reversing, if the throttle stick is moved to forward zone, the motor will run forward at once.

"Forward/Reverse" mode uses "Single-click" method to make the car go backward. When you move the throttle stick from forward zone to backward zone, the car will go backward immediately. This mode is usually used for the Rock Crawler.

- 2.2. Drag Brake Force: Set the amount of drag brake applied at neutral throttle to simulate the slight braking effect of a neutral brushed motor while coasting.
- 2.3. Low Voltage Cut-Off: The function mainly prevents the lithium battery pack from over discharging. The ESC detects the battery's voltage at any time, if the voltage is lower than the threshold for 2 seconds, the output power will be reduced 70%, after 10 seconds the output power will be completely shut off and the red LED flashes in such a way: " \cancel{x} - \cancel{x} -, \cancel{x} - \cancel{x} -, \cancel{x} - \cancel{x} -.". Please stop your car at the track side as soon as possible to avoid obstructing other racing cars. For STOCK motors, the 3.4V/Cell cut-off threshold is suggested. Please note that the cutoff threshold is basically calculated for each LITHIUM (Lipo) battery cell, so for NiMH battery packs, if the voltage of the whole NiMH battery pack is higher than 9.0V, it will be considered as a 3 cells lithium battery pack; If it is lower than 9.0V, it will be considered as a 2 cells lithium battery pack. For example, a NiMH battery pack is 8.0V, and the threshold is set to 2.6V/Cell, so it will be considered as a 2 cells lithium battery pack, and the low-voltage cut-off threshold for this NiMH battery pack is 2.6*2=5.2V. There are 6 preset options for this programmable item. You can customize the cutoff threshold by using an advanced LCD Program Box (Optional equipment) to trim it with a step of 0.1V, so it will be suitable for all kinds of batteries (NiMH, NiCd, Li-ion, Lipo, LFP, etc).
- 2.4. Start Mode (Also called "Punch"): Select from "Level1" to "Level9" as your like, Level1 has a very soft start effect, while level9 has a very aggressive start effect. From Level1 to Level9, the start force is increasing. If you choose "Level7" to "Level9", you must use good quality battery with powerful discharge ability, otherwise you cannot get the burst start effect as you want. If the motor cannot run smoothly (the motor is trembling), it may caused by the weak discharge ability of the battery pack, please choose a better battery or increase the gear rate.
- 2.5. Maximum Brake Force: The ESC provides proportional brake function. The brake force is related to the position of the throttle stick. Maximum brake force refers to the force when the throttle stick is located at the top point of the backward zone. A very large brake force can shorten the brake time, but it may damage the gears.
- 2.6. Maximum Reverse Force: Sets how much power will be applied in the reverse direction. Different value makes different reverse speed.
- 2.7. Initial Brake Force: It is also called "minimum brake force", and it refers to the force when the throttle stick is located at the initial position of the backward zone. The default value is equal to the drag brake force, so the brake effect can be very smoothly.
- 2.8. Throttle Neutral Range: Please refer to the following picture to adjust the neutral range as your like.
- 2.9. **Timing:** The "timing" item is disabled for JUSTOCK CLUB SPEC ESC. It is permanently set to 0 degree.
- 2.10. Over-Heat Protection: If the function is activated, the output power will be cut-off

when the temperature of the ESC or the internal temperature of the sensored brushless motor is up to a factory-preset value for 5 seconds. When the protection happens, the Green LED will flash. **When the ESC is over-heat:** The Green LED flashes as " \updownarrow -, \bigstar -, \checkmark -" (Single flash). **When the motor is over-heat:** The Green LED flashes as " \Diamond - \Diamond -, \diamond - \diamond -, \diamond - \diamond -, "(Double flash). Note: The motor over-heat protection function is only available for the sensored brushless motor made by the same manufacturer of the ESC. For motors made by other manufacturers, this function maybe not available or the

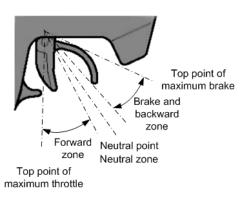
Ver: HW-09-JST-20110904 Page 2 of 3

Top point of maximum throttle

Forward zone

Neutral zone Neutral poin

Brake and backward zone



Top point of maximum brake

USER MANUAL OF JUSTOCK CLUB SPEC ESC

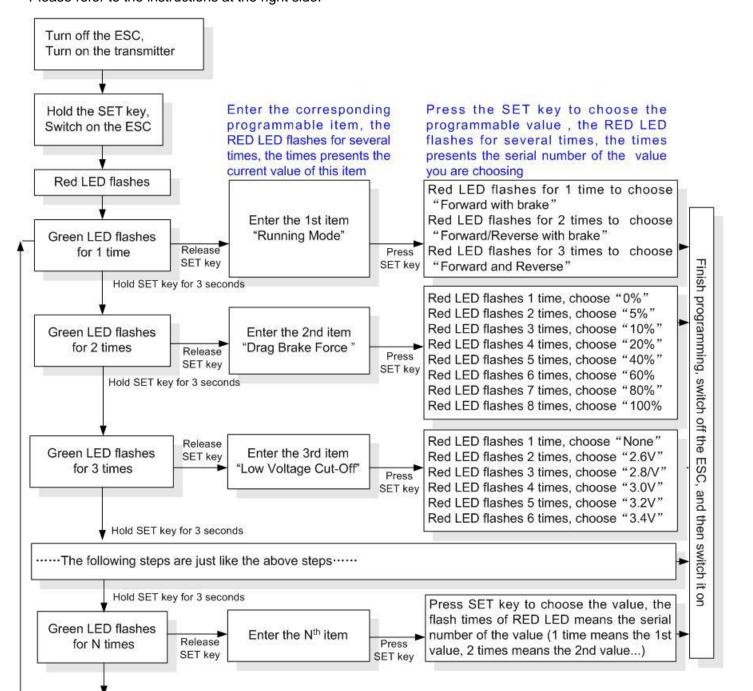
protection point doesn't match the design of the ESC, please disable the over-heat protection function in such a case.

3. Reset All Items To Default Values

At any time when the throttle is located in neutral zone (except in the throttle calibration or parameters program process), hold the "SET" key for over 3 seconds, the red LED and green LED will flash at the same time, which means each programmable item has be reset to its default value.

[PROGRAM THE ESC]

- 1. Program the ESC with LED program box (Optional equipment) Please refer to the user manual of LED program box.
- 2. Program the ESC with advanced LCD program box (Optional equipment) Please refer to the user manual of LCD program box.
- 3. Program the ESC with the SET button on the ESC Please refer to the instructions at the right side.



If the "N" is bigger than the number "5", we use a long time flash and long "Beep---" tone to represent "5", so it is easy to identify the items of the big number. For example, if the LED flashes as the following: "A long time flash + a short time flash" (Motor sounds "Beep---Beep") = the No. 6 item "A long time flash + 2 short time flash" (Motor sounds "Beep---BeepBeep") = the No. 7 item "A long time flash + 3 short time flash" (Motor sounds "Beep---BeepBeepBeep") = the No. 8 item And so on.

[POWER SYSTEM SUGGESTION]						
Motor Turn	Motor KV	Gear Ratio (1/10 On-Road)	Gear Ratio (1/10 Off-Road)	Main Applications		
8.5T	4000KV	5.57.5	7.59.0	STOCK Racing/ Drift (China)		
10.5T	3300KV	5.06.5	6.58.0	STOCK (ROAR SPEC) Racing / Drift /M cars		
11.5T	3000KV	4.56.0	6.08.0	STOCK Racing(Asia)		
13.5T	2500KV	4.05.5	5.5—7.5	SUPPER STOCK Racing (Europe & US)		
17.5T	1900KV	3.55.5	5.0—7.0	STOCK Racing (Europe & US)		
21.5T	1600KV	3.55.5	4.06.0	ROAR SPEC Racing (Europe & US)		

Note:

The above Gear Ratio refers to 1/10 scale car when using 2S Lipo battery.

Note:

In the program process, the motor will emit "Beep" tone at the same time when the LED is flashing.

Ver: HW-09-JST-20110904 Page 3 of 3